

## Task 3

## **Database Triggers Lab**

1. Create trigger to audit the user updates in the employees for only salary column

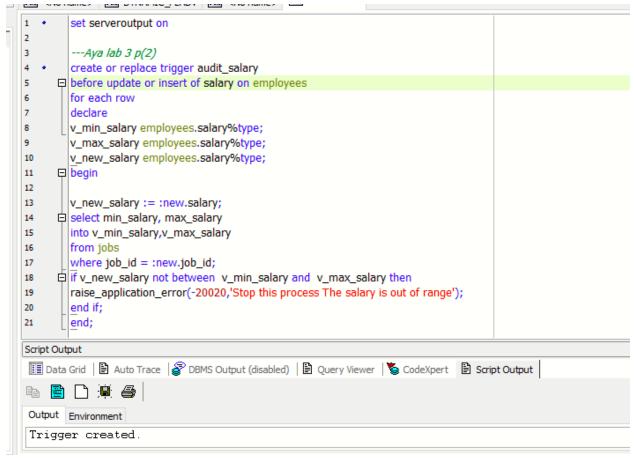
Create new Table emp\_audit

With columns

employee\_id number(4), user\_name varchar2(100), upd\_time date , old\_sal number(8, 2) , new\_sal number(8, 2)

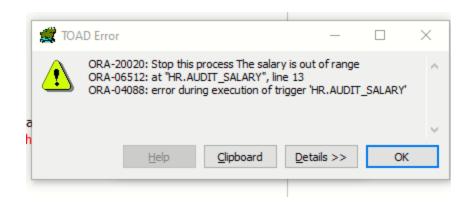
```
set serveroutput on
    ---Aya lab 3 p(1)
▶ □ CREATE TABLE emp_audit
 白(
    employee_id number(4), user_name varchar2(100), upd_time date, old_sal number(8, 2), new_sal number(8, 2)
 1
           set serveroutput on
  2
  3
           ---Aya lab 3 p(1)
  4
  5
  6
           create or replace trigger emp_audit_trig
  7
           after update of salary on employees
  8
           for each row
  9
  10
        insert into emp_audit (employee_id , user_name, upd_time, old_sal, new_sal)
           values (:old.employee_id, user, sysdate, :old.salary,:new.salary);
  13
           end;
  14
  Script Output
  Data Grid | Auto Trace | DBMS Output (disabled) | Query Viewer | Second CodeXpert
  Output Environment
   Trigger created
```

2. The rows in the JOBS table store a minimum and maximum salary allowed for different JOB\_ID values. You are asked to write code to ensure that employees' salaries fall in the range allowed for their job type.



Example update employees set salary = 55000

where employee\_id=105;



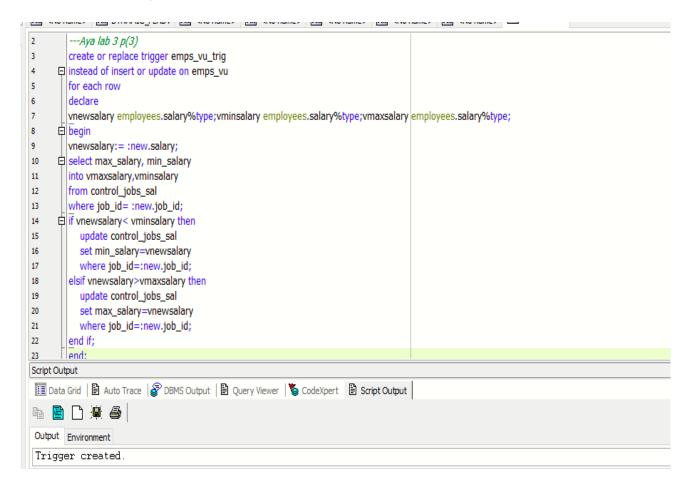
3. Create instead of trigger on view "emps\_vu" to update control\_jobs\_sal table and store Min/Max Salary for the jobs after each insert / update on the view.[change jobs scale]

Use this code for the view

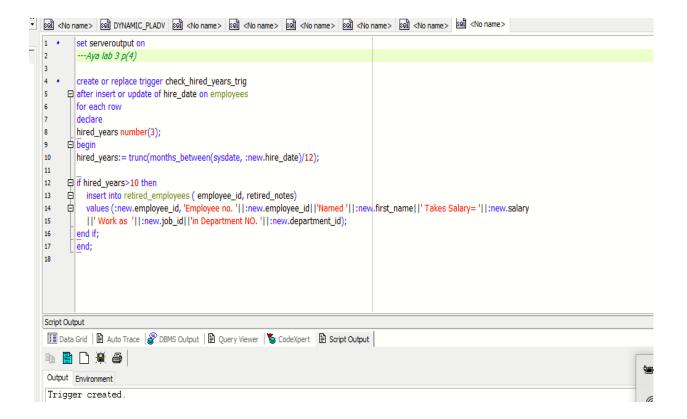
```
create or replace view emps_vu
as select * from employees;

create table

create table control_jobs_sal
as select job_id, max_salary, min_salary
from jobs;
```



4. Create trigger on employees table that run upon insert, or update of hire\_date and check if the hired years extends 10 years; insert employee data to retired\_employees table (emp\_id, retired\_notes) columns only as the previous lab



5. Insert new country in countries table; insert 2 locations in the previous country; insert 2 departments in the previous locations; insert 2 employees in the previous departments
Using insert statements

Then create trigger to cascade delete the created country;

```
set serveroutput on
  --- Aya lab 3 p(5)
□ INSERT INTO COUNTRIES(COUNTRY_ID, COUNTRY_NAME)
 VALUES('YE', 'YEMEN');
□ INSERT INTO COUNTRIES(COUNTRY_ID, COUNTRY_NAME)
VALUES('SU','SUDAN');
insert into locations (location_id, city, country_id )
VALUES (3500, 'SANAA', 'YE' );
□ INSERT INTO LOCATIONS (LOCATION_ID, CITY, COUNTRY_ID )
VALUES (3600, 'KHARTOM', 'SU');
ID INSERT INTO DEPARTMENTS (DEPARTMENT_ID, DEPARTMENT_NAME, LOCATION_ID)
VALUES (800, 'HEALTHCARE', 3500);
DINSERT INTO DEPARTMENTS (DEPARTMENT_ID, DEPARTMENT_NAME, LOCATION_ID)
VALUES (810, 'MINING', 3600 );
| INSERT INTO EMPLOYEES(EMPLOYEE_ID, LAST_NAME, EMAIL, HIRE_DATE, JOB_ID, DEPARTMENT_ID
VALUES (208, 'ADAM', 'AD@GMAIL.COM', to_date('05/01/2012', 'dd/mm/yyyy'), 'IT_PROG', 800);
VALUES (209, 'HOSSAM', 'HOS@GMAIL.COM', to_date('22/10/2009', 'dd/mm/yyyy'), 'FI_MGR', 810);
          SET SERVEROUTPUT ON
```

```
2
       ---Aya lab 3 p(5)
3
       CREATE OR REPLACE TRIGGER DELETE_COUNTRY_CASCADE
     ☐ BEFORE DELETE ON COUNTRIES
       FOR EACH ROW
       BEGIN
6
       DELETE FROM EMPLOYEES
8
       WHERE DEPARTMENT ID IN
9
       (SELECT DEPARTMENT_ID FROM DEPARTMENTS where LOCATION_ID IN
10
11
      (SELECT LOCATION_ID FROM LOCATIONS WHERE COUNTRY_ID =: OLD.COUNTRY_ID);
12
     DELETE FROM DEPARTMENTS
13
     where LOCATION_ID in (SELECT LOCATION_ID FROM LOCATIONS WHERE COUNTRY_ID =: OLD.COUNTRY_ID);
     DELETE FROM LOCATIONS
14
      WHERE COUNTRY ID= :OLD.COUNTRY ID;
15
16
       END;
17
       SELECT * FROM COUNTRIES:
       DELETE FROM COUNTRIES WHERE COUNTRY_ID='YE';
18
19
      DELETE FROM COUNTRIES WHERE COUNTRY_ID='SU';
20
     ☐ SELECT * FROM COUNTRIES;
```

