
Programming Assignment I

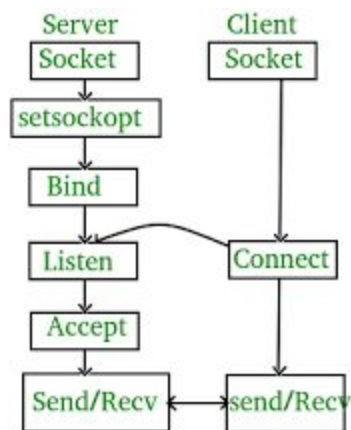
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OVERVIEW

In this assignment, it's required to use sockets to implement a simple web client

that communicates with a web server using a restricted subset of HTTP.



Multi-threaded Web Server

PSEUDOCODE

while true: do

- Listen for connections

- Accept new connection from incoming client and delegate it to worker thread/process

- Parse HTTP/1.1 request and determine the command (GET or POST)

- Determine if target file exists (in case of GET) and return error otherwise

- Transmit contents of file (reads from the file and writes on the socket) (in case of GET)

Wait for new requests (persistent connection)

Close if connection timed out

end while

ORGANIZATION

ServerManager.h

It's a simple header file for the server side to behave as an interface for the functionalities provided by the server. As shown below, the header file contains two simple functions with one import to another utility header file.

serverManager.cpp

It includes the implementation of the functions mentioned above. It has some system calls as

Handling Closing Connections

To handle the persistent connections, the server will not close the client connection after serving the request and leave it open, the server will close the client connection if TIMEOUT exceeded from the last request received from that client, we handled that TIMEOUT value to be dynamic by make it inversely proportional with the number of active client connections in the server.

$\text{TIMEOUT} = (\text{MAX_CONNECTION_LIMIT} / \text{Active Clients}) * \text{MINIMUM_TIMEOUT}$

MAX_CONNECTION_LIMIT we assume it to be 20

MINIMUM_TIMEOUT we assume it to be 2 seconds

my_server.cpp

The to-be-called main of the server side.

POST HANDLING

When server receives POST request it sends OK response to the client after that the client starts to send file while server receiving it. In general server or client receives data in chunks and make sure to only reads the size of the sent data on more and no less.

The receiving function is built on top of socket function `recv` with flag `MSG_PEEK` that means don't remove the received data from socket. putting it inside a while loop to handle the case that we couldn't read all data.

GET HANDLING

When server receives GET it directly responds with the required file if exists and responds with 404 if the file doesn't exists.

In case of pipelining , Server receiver all GET requests from client once and responds once the it will be the responsibility of the client to receive the response in appropriate Manner.

Client

PSEUDOCODE

Create a TCP connection with the server

while more operations exist do

- Send next requests to the server

- Receives data from the server (in case of GET) or sends data (in case of POST)

end while

Close the connection

ORGANIZATION

clientManager.h

As shown above, it's a header file doing as the server header file does. It has an enumeration to categorize the requests. Also, it has a struct data structure to keep information about the command, read from the input file.

clientManager.cpp

It contains the implementation of the previous header file, and it has some system calls too to handle socket connection, receiving, sending and closing.

my_client.cpp

The to-be-called main of the client side.

GET HANDLING

Client first establishes a connection with the server for all the following requests.

Client will read all the consecutive GET requests and send them all to the server not waiting for the response to send them, then it will receive all their response and write the contents into the files.

if there is a POST request, client will send it immediately to the server then wait for the OK response to send the file to the server.

In receiving the data content in response we receive the file on several chunks to handle large files to fit into the memory.

Also while receiving the file we handled to read the file content only to avoid the intersection between the different data files by using MSG_PEEK flag supported in recv system call and also using Content-Length header in the response.

POST HANDLING

Client first establishes a connection with the server for all the following requests.

if there is a POST request, client will send it immediately to the server then wait for the OK response to send the file to the server, if the client doesn't receive from server the OK response for 5 seconds it will ignore the post request, otherwise the client will send the file data to the server.

Parser

SENDER . H

It only has the function above which is responsible for sending a request from some the host/client to the server side.

This sendRequest function will redirect the request to the correct sending function according to the request type (GET/POST).

SENDER.C

It implements the mentioned function through some other utility functions. The figure below shows those functions:

There's no need to note that many file-related system calls are used in that file, such as `ftell()`, `fseek()`, and `rewind()` .

RECEIVER . H

Again, it has the interface to be implemented by any side receiving an attachment.

The figure of that interface is shown below:

RECEIVER . C

It implements the functions mentioned before. It's worthy to say that `Regex` is used to categorize the request type.

Also to receive all the data files correctly, we use `MSG_PEEK` flags supported in

recv system call to return the socket pointer to recv from the correct start position, this is controlled by using Content-Length header in the response.