

Aya Fouda

202002609  
Assignment 4

Date:

(1)

Q1  
 $\min_{x,y} f(x,y) = 4xy$  subject to  $h(x,y) = \frac{x^2}{9} + \frac{y^2}{16} = 1$

$$L(x,y,\lambda) = 4xy - \lambda \left[ \frac{1}{9}x^2 + \frac{1}{16}y^2 - 1 \right]$$

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial x} = 4y - \frac{2}{9}x\lambda \Rightarrow 4y = \frac{2}{9}x\lambda \rightarrow [1]$$

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial y} = 4x - \frac{2}{16}y\lambda \Rightarrow 4x = \frac{2}{16}y\lambda \rightarrow [2]$$

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial \lambda} = \frac{x^2}{9} + \frac{y^2}{16} - 1 \rightarrow [3]$$

from 1:  $\lambda = \frac{18y}{x}$

from 2:-

$$4x = \frac{2y}{16} \left( \frac{18y}{x} \right) \Rightarrow x^2 = \frac{9}{16}y^2$$

from 3

$$\frac{1}{9} \left[ \frac{9}{16}y^2 \right] + \frac{y^2}{16} = 1$$

$$\frac{y^2}{16} + \frac{y^2}{16} = 1 \quad y^2 = 8 \quad y = \pm 2\sqrt{2}$$

$$x^2 = \left( \frac{9}{16}y^2 \right) = \frac{9}{16} \times 8 = \frac{9}{2} \quad x = \pm \frac{3\sqrt{2}}{2}$$

Point  $\left[ \frac{3\sqrt{2}}{2}, 2\sqrt{2} \right], \left[ -\frac{3\sqrt{2}}{2}, 2\sqrt{2} \right], \left[ \frac{3\sqrt{2}}{2}, -2\sqrt{2} \right], \left[ -\frac{3\sqrt{2}}{2}, -2\sqrt{2} \right]$

$$f\left(\frac{3\sqrt{2}}{2}, 2\sqrt{2}\right) = 4xy = 24$$



Subject

Date.

$$\min_{x,y} f(x,y) = x^2 + y^2 + 2x - 2y + 1 \quad \text{subject to } h(x,y) = x^2 + y^2 = 2$$

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial x} = 2x - 2 - 2x\lambda \Rightarrow 2x + 2x\lambda = 2$$

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial y} = y - 2 = 0 \Rightarrow y = 2$$

$$2y[1-y] = 2 \rightarrow ②$$

$$\frac{z}{y} = x^2 + y^2 - 2 = 0 \rightarrow (3)$$

by subs  $y = -x$  from (3)  $x^2 + (1-x)^2 - 2 = 0$

$$\frac{2x^2}{2} = 1 \quad \sqrt{2x^2} = \sqrt{1}$$

$$g = -x \quad (x, y) = (-1, 1), (1, -1) \quad x = \pm 1$$

$$f(-1, 1) = -1 \quad f(1, -1) = 7$$

Q3

$$x^2 + y^2 + z^2 - \lambda (xyz - 4)$$

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial x} = 2x - \lambda yz \rightarrow (1) \quad 2x = \lambda yz$$

$$\lambda = \frac{2x}{yz} \rightarrow (1)$$

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial y} = 2y - \lambda xz \rightarrow (2) \quad 2y = \lambda xz$$

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial z} = 2z - \lambda xy \rightarrow (3)$$

$$2z = \lambda xy$$

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial \lambda} = xyz - 4 \rightarrow (4)$$

$$2y = \frac{2x}{yz} \cdot xz = \frac{2x^2}{1} \quad \frac{2y^2}{z} = \frac{2x^2}{\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$y^2 = x^2$$

$$y = x$$

$$2z = \frac{2x}{y^2} \cdot xy$$

$$zx^2 = z^2 \quad x^2 = z^2 \quad x = z$$

$$\frac{2z}{1} = \frac{2x^2}{z}$$

$$\text{Point } F\left(\frac{2}{3}, \frac{2}{3}, \frac{2}{3}\right) = 6\sqrt{2}$$

$$F\left(-\frac{2}{3}, -\frac{2}{3}, \frac{2}{3}\right) = 6\sqrt{2}$$

$$F\left(-\frac{2}{3}, \frac{2}{3}, -\frac{2}{3}\right) = 6\sqrt{2}$$

$$F\left(\frac{2}{3}, -\frac{2}{3}, -\frac{2}{3}\right) = 6\sqrt{2}$$



Q8 min  $f(x,y) = xy + y^2 - 2$  subject to  $h(x,y) = y^2 + z^2 - 1$   
 $x, y$

$$xy - y^2 - \lambda_1(xy - 1) - \lambda_2(y^2 + z^2 - 1)$$

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial x} = y(\lambda + 1) \rightarrow \textcircled{1}$$

$$y(\lambda + 1) = 0$$

$$\boxed{\lambda = -1}$$

$$\lambda_2 y = -1$$

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial y} = x + 2\lambda_2 y + x + 2 \rightarrow \textcircled{2}$$

$$2\lambda_2 y = -2$$

$$\boxed{\lambda_2 = -\frac{1}{y}}$$

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial z} = 2\lambda_2 z + y \rightarrow \textcircled{3} \quad -2\lambda_2 z = y$$

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial \lambda_1} = xy - 1 \rightarrow \textcircled{4} \quad xy = 1 \quad \frac{2z}{y} z = y$$

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial \lambda_2} = y^2 + z^2 - 1 \rightarrow \textcircled{5}$$

Subject: .....

Date: / /

Point

$$f\left(\sqrt{2}, \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}, \frac{-\sqrt{2}}{2}\right) = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$f\left(\sqrt{2}, \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}, \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}\right) = \frac{3}{2}$$

$$f\left(-\sqrt{2}, \frac{-\sqrt{2}}{2}, \frac{-\sqrt{2}}{2}\right) = \frac{3}{2}$$

$$f\left(-\sqrt{2}, \frac{-\sqrt{2}}{2}, \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}\right) = \frac{1}{2}$$