**(1)** 

Define a structure to represent the information of a term:-

• the cof. of the term.

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- The power of the term.
- The value of the variable.
- The name of the variable.

Define a structure to represent the information of a polynomial equation:-

- The number of the terms in the equation.
- The terms themselves.

Write a program to do the followings:

- Read the information of (N) equations.
- Ask the user about a specific variable's name, and then do partial differentiation for all equations for the selected variable.
- Ask the user about a specific power and a specific variable's name, and then find all equations, which include the selected variable with the selected power. After that display the result of evaluation of those equations.

```
#include <iostream>
#include <stdio.h>
using namespace std;
struct Term
       int cof;
       int power;
       int val;
       char name;
};
struct PolyEq
       int num;
       Term* T;
};
void main()
       int N,sp,eval,f;
       char sv;
       PolyEq* P;
       cout << "Enter N" << endl;</pre>
       cin >> N;
       P = new PolyEq[N];
       for (int i = 0; i < N; i++)</pre>
              cin >> P[i].num;
              P[i].T = new Term[P[i].num];
              for (int k = 0; k < P[i].num; k++)</pre>
```

```
{
                     cin >> P[i].T[k].cof;
                     cin >> P[i].T[k].power;
                     cin >> P[i].T[k].val;
                     cin >> P[i].T[k].name;
              }
       }
       cout << "Enter specific variable name" << endl;</pre>
       cin >> sv;
       for (int i = 0; i < N; i++)</pre>
              for (int k = 0; k < P[i].num; k++)</pre>
                     if (P[i].T[k].name == sv)
                            P[i].T[k].cof *= P[i].T[k].power;
                            P[i].T[k].power == 1;
                     }
              }
       }
       cout << "Enter specific power" << endl;</pre>
       cin >> sp;
       cout << "Enter specific variable name" << endl;</pre>
       cin >> sv;
       eval = 0;
       for (int i = 0; i < N; i++)</pre>
              eval = 0;
              for (int k = 0; k < P[i].num; k++)</pre>
                     if (P[i].T[k].name == sv \&\& P[i].T[k].power == sp)
                     {
                            f = P[i].T[k].val;
                            for (int z = 0; z <= P[i].T[k].power; z++)</pre>
                            {
                                    P[i].T[k].val *= f;
                            P[i].T[k].val *= P[i].T[k].cof;
                            eval += P[i].T[k].val;
                     }
              }
              cout << eval << endl;</pre>
       }
}
```

**(2)** 

Declare a structure "Mail" that carries the followings:

- The Name of the sender.
- The Date.
- The message's Text.

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- The risk of virus attachment with the mail. The risk (0 : 100 %).
- The Name of the destination.

Declare another structure "*Inbox*" that carries the followings:

- Number of mails in the inbox.
- The mails themselves.

Write a program to do the followings:

- Read (N) inboxes from the user.
- Ask the user to enter a range of risk (say: 15 %: 35%), and then display all messages within this range in all inboxes.
- Ask the user to select a specific inbox (selection by index), and then display how many mails that has risk > 50 %, form this inbox.

```
#include <iostream>
#include <stdio.h>
using namespace std;
struct Mail
{
       char ns[100];
       int date;
       char mt[200];
       int risk;
       char nd[100];
};
struct Inbox
{
       int num;
       Mail* M;
};
void main()
{
       int N, s, e, in;
       Inbox* I;
       cout << "Enter no.of inboxes" << endl;</pre>
       cin >> N;
       I = new Inbox[N];
       cout << "Enter values" << endl;</pre>
       for (int i = 0; i < N; i++)</pre>
              cin >> I[i].num;
```

```
I[i].M = new Mail[I[i].num];
              for (int k = 0; k < I[i].num; k++)</pre>
                      gets_s(I[i].M[k].ns);
                      cin >> I[i].M[k].date;
                      gets_s(I[i].M[k].mt);
                      cin >> I[i].M[k].risk;
                      gets_s(I[i].M[k].nd);
              }
       }
       cout << "Enter range of risk" << endl;</pre>
       cin >> s >> e;
       for (int i = 0; i < N; i++)</pre>
              for (int k = 0; k < I[i].num; k++)</pre>
                      if (I[i].M[k].risk >= s && I[i].M[k].risk <= e)</pre>
                             cout << I[i].M[k].mt << endl;</pre>
              }
       }
       int ct = 0;
       cout << "Enter inbox" << endl;</pre>
       cin >> in;
       for (int k = 0; k < I[in].num; k++)</pre>
              if (I[in].M[k].risk > 50)
              {
                      ct++;
              }
       }
       cout << ct << endl;</pre>
}
```

- (3) Declare a Chicken structure as the following:
  - Gender of the chicken (male or female).
  - Age of the chicken.

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• Flu status (yes or no).

Declare another structure as the following:

- Number of chickens in the farm.
- The chickens themselves.
- City of the farm.

Write a program to do the following:

- Read information for (N) farms.
- Ask the user to select a city's name, and then display how many farms in this city.
- Ask the user to select a farm (by index value), and display the percentage of diseases chickens in this farm.

```
#include <iostream>
#include <stdio.h>
using namespace std;
struct Chicken
{
       char gender;
       int age;
       char IsFlu;
};
struct Farm
       int num;
       Chicken *c;
       char city[200];
};
void main()
       int N, ct=0, inf;
       Farm* f;
       char un[200];
       cout << "Enter no.of farms" << endl;</pre>
       cin >> N;
       f = new Farm[N];
       cout << "Enter information" << endl;</pre>
       for (int i = 0; i < N; i++)
             cin >> f[i].num;
             f[i].c = new Chicken[f[i].num];
              for (int k = 0; k < f[i].num; k++)</pre>
                     cin >> f[i].c[k].gender;
                     cin >> f[i].c[k].age;
```

```
cin >> f[i].c[k].IsFlu;
              }
              gets_s(f[i].city);
       }
       cout << "Enter city's name" << endl;</pre>
       gets_s(un);
       int check;
       for (int i = 0; i < N; i++)</pre>
              check = 0;
              for (int r = 0; un[r] != '\0'; r++)
                     if (f[i].city[r] != un[r])
                            check++;
                     }
              }
              if (check == 0)
              {
                     ct++;
              }
       }
       cout << ct << endl;</pre>
       ct = 0;
       cout << "Enter farm index" << endl;</pre>
       cin >> inf;
       for (int i = 0; i < f[inf].num; i++)</pre>
              if (f[inf].c[i].IsFlu == 'y')
              {
                     ct++;
              }
       }
       cout << (ct / f[inf].num)*100 << endl;</pre>
}
```

- (4) Declare a structure to represent a DryCleaningProcess as the followings:
  - The Tag of the clothes. (it is a small paper tags on a shirt collar, is used to identify your clothes).
  - Type of the cloth's piece. (shirt, coat, dress, ..etc.).
  - The price of the piece.

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The date of the process (month:day) only.

Declare another structure that represents a DryCleaningShop as the followings:

- The Shop's name.
- Number of processes in the shop.
- The processes themselves.

Write a program to do the followings:

- Read information for (N) shops.
- Ask the user to select a shop by index, and a date then display how many processes that did in this day.
- Ask the user to select a shop by index, and display the month that gain the maximum income.

```
#include <iostream>
#include <stdio.h>
using namespace std;
struct DryCleaningProcess
      char tag[200];
      char cp[200];
      int pr;
      int mon;
      int day;
};
struct DryCleaningShop
      char name[200];
      int num;
      DryCleaningProcess* P;
};
void main()
{
      int N, in, m, d, ct;
      DryCleaningShop* Sh;
      cout << "Number of shops" << endl;</pre>
      cin >> N;
      Sh = new DryCleaningShop[N];
      for (int i = 0; i < N; i++)</pre>
             gets_s(Sh[i].name);
```

```
cin >> Sh[i].num;
       Sh[i].P = new DryCleaningProcess[i];
      for (int k = 0; k < Sh[i].num; k++)</pre>
              gets_s(Sh[i].P[k].tag);
              gets_s(Sh[i].P[k].cp);
              cin >> Sh[i].P[k].pr;
              cin >> Sh[i].P[k].mon;
              cin >> Sh[i].P[k].day;
      }
}
ct = 0;
cout << "Select shop" << endl;</pre>
cin >> in;
cout << "Enter date" << endl;</pre>
cout << "Month: " << endl;</pre>
cin >> m;
cout << "Day: " << endl;
cin >> d;
for (int k = 0; k < Sh[in].num; k++)</pre>
       if (Sh[in].P[k].day == d && Sh[in].P[k].mon == m)
       {
              ct++;
       }
}
cout << ct << endl;
int max = -99999;
int tot = 0;
int mpos;
cout << "Select shop" << endl;</pre>
cin >> in;
ct = 1;
for (; ; )
      if (ct == 13)
       {
              break;
      }
      for (int k = 0; k < Sh[in].num; k++)</pre>
              if (Sh[in].P[k].mon == ct)
              {
                     tot+ = Sh[in].P[k].pr;
              }
      }
       if (tot > max)
              max = tot;
              mpos = ct;
```

```
}
    ct++;
}
cout << "Month: " << mpos << endl;
}</pre>
```

(5) World Day Power-off: it is a day that most of big cities in the world are trying to power-off the lights to safe the electricity.

Declare a **Building** structure that include the following data:

- o Type of the building (hotel, house, governmental ..etc.)
- o Duration of the power-off (in minutes).

Declare a **City** structure that include the following data:

- o City' name.
- o Number of buildings in the city.
- o buildings themselves.

Write a program to do the followings:

- Read the information for (N) cities.
- Ask the user to select a city and Display the ratio of its power off e.g.

# of buildings in the city: # of power-off building in the city: 20 So the ratio is: 0.50

ask the user to select a city, and then display the type of the building who powered-off with the longest duration.

```
#include <iostream>
#include <stdio.h>
using namespace std;
struct Building
      char type[200];
      int min;
};
struct City
      char name[200];
      int num;
      Building* b;
};
void main()
      int N;
      City* c;
      char uc[200];
      cout << "Number of cities" << endl;</pre>
      cin >> N;
```

```
c = new City[N];
for (int i = 0; i < N; i++)</pre>
       cout << "enter name" << endl;</pre>
       gets_s(c[i].name);
       cout << "enter no.of buildings" << endl;</pre>
       cin >> c[i].num;
       c[i].b = new Building[c[i].num];
       cout << "enter details" << endl;</pre>
       for (int k = 0; k < c[i].num; k++)</pre>
              cout << "type" << endl;</pre>
              gets_s(c[i].b[k].type);
              cin >> c[i].b[k].min;
       }
}
cout << "Enter city" << endl;</pre>
gets_s(uc);
int check, ratio=0,tot=0;
for (int i = 0; i < N; i++)</pre>
       check = 0;
       for (int r = 0; uc[r] != '\0'; r++)
              if (c[i].name[r] != uc[r])
                      check++;
              }
       }
       if (check == 0)
              for (int k = 0; k < c[i].num; k++)</pre>
                     tot += c[i].b[k].min;
              }
              ratio = tot / c[i].num;
       }
}
cout << "Ratio:" << ratio << endl;</pre>
cout << "Enter city" << endl;</pre>
gets_s(uc);
int max = -999999;
char maxp[200];
for (int i = 0; i < N; i++)</pre>
       max = -999999;
       check = 0;
       for (int \dot{r} = 0; uc[r] != '\0'; r++)
       {
```

}

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```
if (c[i].name[r] != uc[r])
                       check++;
               }
       }
       if (check == 0)
               for (int k = 0; k < c[i].num; k++)</pre>
                    if (c[i].b[k].min > max)
                      max = c[i].b[k].min;
for (int z = 0; c[i].b[k].type[z] != '\0'; z++)
                                      maxp[z] = c[i].b[k].type[z];
                       }
                    }
               }
       }
cout << maxp << endl;</pre>
```