#### **Newcomers** (*Math*)



# **Questions**

- 1. What is the sum of the numbers between 1 and 20 inclusive? (using formula)
- 2. What is the sum of this sequence: {4, 10, 16, 22, 28, 34, 40}? (using formula)
- 3. What is the sum of this geometric series: 1 3 9 27 81 243 729? (using formula)
- 4. Compute the permutation and combination where n = 5 and r = 3?
- 5. What is the output of this code?

a.

```
#include<iostream>
#include <cmath>
using namespace std;
int main() {
   cout << log(2.7182818) << ' ' << log10(100) << ' ' << log2(8) << endl;
   return 0;
}</pre>
```

b.

```
#include<iostream>
#include <cmath>
using namespace std;
int main() {
   cout << pow(4, 3) << ' ' << sqrt(16) << ' ' << cbrt(64) << endl;
   return 0;
}</pre>
```

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C.

```
#include<iostream>
#include <cmath>
using namespace std;
int main()
{
    cout << round(3.467) << ' ' << round(3.567) <<endl ;
    cout<< floor(3.567) << ' ' << ceil(3.467);
    return 0;
}</pre>
```

6. How to distribute the modulus in these calculations?

```
a) (2 + 8 + 20) \% 7
```

7. What are the results of these calculations?

```
a. 5 & 7
```

- 8. Write a c++ program that can determine that the number is prime or not and print all divisors of this number.
- 9. What is the angle of 60 degrees in radians?
- 10. What is the angle 3.142 radian in degrees?

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11. Write the output of the following:

```
#include<iostream>
#include <cmath>
using namespace std;
int main()
{
    double PI=acos(-1);
    cout<<sin(PI / 2)<<' '<<cos(PI / 2)<<' '<<asin(1)<<' '<<acos(0)<<' '<<atan(1);
    return 0;
}</pre>
```

- Note: PI/2 = 1.5708, PI/4 = 0.785398
- What do you notice?
- 12. What is the area of a triangle with sides 3, 4, 6? Give the result and write code to do that.
- 13. Prove that the given sides can or can't make a triangle?
  - a) 3 4 8
  - b) 5610
- 14. Find the slope of the line connecting the two points: a(0, 0), b(2, 2), Find the distance between a,b, and Find the midpoint.
- 15. Given points in space and a circle. Determine the relative position of the point (i.e. in the circle, on the boundary or outside the circle).

The center of the circle = (1, 3), radius = 2, Points:

- a) (1, 4)
- b) (5, 7)
- c) (3,3)

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- 16. What is the greatest common divisor and least common multiple of 36,42?
- 17. Given a main circle and a set of circles in the format {Center, Radius}. Determine if each circle in the set doesn't intersect in a point externally, intersects in two points with the main circle, intersects in a point internally, or if it is inside the main circle or if they are concentric (have the same center). Main Circle =  $\{(0,0),4\}$ , Circles:
  - 1) (10, 7), 2
  - 2) (0, 7), 3
  - 3) (5,0),3
  - 4) (2, 0), 2
  - 5) (1,1),2
  - 6) (0,0),3

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# Answers

1. 
$$sum = \frac{firstNumber + lastNumber}{2} \times numberOfNumber = \frac{1+20}{2} \times 20 = 2$$

2. 
$$sum = \frac{firstNumber + lastNumber}{2} \times numberOfNumber = \frac{4+40}{2} \times 7 = 1$$

3.sum = 
$$firstNum \times \frac{base^{numberOfnumbers} - 1}{base - 1} = 1 \times \frac{3^7 - 1}{3 - 1} = 10$$

4. 
$$nPr(5, 3) = 5! / (5 - 3)! = 5 * 4 * 3 * 2 * 1 / (2 * 1) = 60$$
  
 $nCr(5, 3) = 5! / (3! * (5 - 3)!) = 5 * 4 * 3 * 2 * 1 / ((3 * 2 * 1) * (2 * 1)) = 10$ 

5.

- a) 123
- b) 64 4 4
- c) 3 4 3 4

6.

a) 
$$((2 \% 7 + 8 \% 7) \% 7 + 20 \% 7) \% 7 = 2$$

c) 
$$(((2 \% 7) * (8 \% 7))\%7 * (20 \% 7))\%7 = 5$$

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- 7. a) 5
  - b) 7
  - c) 2
- 8. <a href="https://ideone.com/MivyRV">https://ideone.com/MivyRV</a>
- 9. 60 degrees = 60 \* PI / 180 = PI / 3 radians
- 10. 3.142 radians = PI \* 180 / PI = 180 degrees
- 11. 1 0 1.5708 1.5708 0.785398I notice that sin(asin(1))=sin(PI/2)And atan(1)=PI/4 radian =45 degree.
- 12. Heron's rule states that  $A = \sqrt{s(s-a)(s-b)(s-c)}$ , such that  $s = \frac{a+b+c}{2}$ . so  $A = \sqrt{6.5*(6.5-3)*(6.5-4)*(6.5-6)} = 5.33268$
- 13. a) is a triangle.
  - b) is not a triangle.
  - This is because the sum of the two smallest sides should be greater than the other side.

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14. Slope = 
$$(y2 - y1)/(x2 - x1) = (2 - 0)/(2 - 0) = 1$$

Distance = 
$$\sqrt{(y2 - y1) * (y2 - y1) + (x2 - x1) * (x2 - x1))}$$
  
= 2 \*  $\sqrt{2}$   
Midpoint =  $((x1 + x2) / 2, (y1 + y2) / 2) = (1, 1)$ 

- 15. Distance between the center and the point < Radius : in the circle
  - Distance between the center and the point = Radius : on the boundary of the circle
  - Distance between the center and the point > Radius : outside the circle
- 16. since 36%6 = 0 and 42%6 = 0 and there is no greater number satisfying the same conditions then gcd(36, 42) = 6, and since lcm(x, y) = x \* y / gcd(x, y) then lcm(36, 42) = 36 \* 42 / 6 = 242.
- 17. R1 = Radius of the main circle, R2 = Radius of the circles in the set By comparing the distance between the centers and the the sum of two radius:
  - 1. Doesn't intersect: distance > R1 + R2
  - 2. Intersect in one point externally: distance = R1 + R2
  - 3. Intersect in two points: R1 R2 < distance < R1 + R2
  - 4. Intersect in one point internally: distance = R1 R2
  - 5. Inside the main circle: 0 < distance < R1 R2

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6. Concentric:

distance = 0

