



BEHIND THE SMILE: THE MYSTERIES OF ORAL CANCER

Ist Mock Capstone Presentation

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STATEMENT OF PROBLEM

Oral cancer is one of the types of cancer that has been increasing among the population recently. Its ranking rose from 16th in 2022 to the 13th most common cancer worldwide in 2025.

Unfortunately, there are still groups of people who are unaware of its symptoms, incidence rate, and causes, etc.

- [Oral health](#)
- [Mouth and oral cancer statistics | World Cancer Research Fund](#)

THE AIM

The aim of this project is to analyze oral cancer from different aspects to provide **actionable insights for Dentists and public health awareness campaigns** and **improve screening strategies and the Public Health Strategies and Policies.**

AUDIENCES



DENTISTS



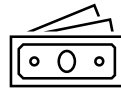
PUBLIC HEALTH OFFICIALS



RESEARCHERS



ORGANIZERS OF
AWARENESS CAMPAIGNS



POLICYMAKERS

DATA OVERVIEW

The dataset ([Oral Cancer Prediction Dataset](#)) is based on real-world oral cancer statistics, aligning with global health reports.

Patients information

{ Country – Age - Gender }

Risk factors

{ Tobacco Use - Alcohol Consumption - HPV Infection - Betel Quid Use - Chronic Sun Exposure - Poor Oral Hygiene - Diet (Fruits & Vegetables Intake) - Family History of Cancer - Compromised Immune System }

Symptoms

{ Oral Lesions - Unexplained Bleeding - Difficulty Swallowing - White or Red Patches in Mouth }

Diagnosis

{ Tumor Size (cm) - Cancer Stage - Early Diagnosis - Oral Cancer (Diagnosis) }

Treatment, survival rate and economic burden

{ Treatment Type - Survival Rate (5-Year, %) - Cost of Treatment (USD) - Economic Burden (Lost Workdays per Year) }

EXPLORATORY DATA ANALYSIS (EDA)

80,000 +
Patients

17
Countries

15 - 101
Patients age

Both
Gender

4
Cancer
stages

6
Tumor Size
(cm)

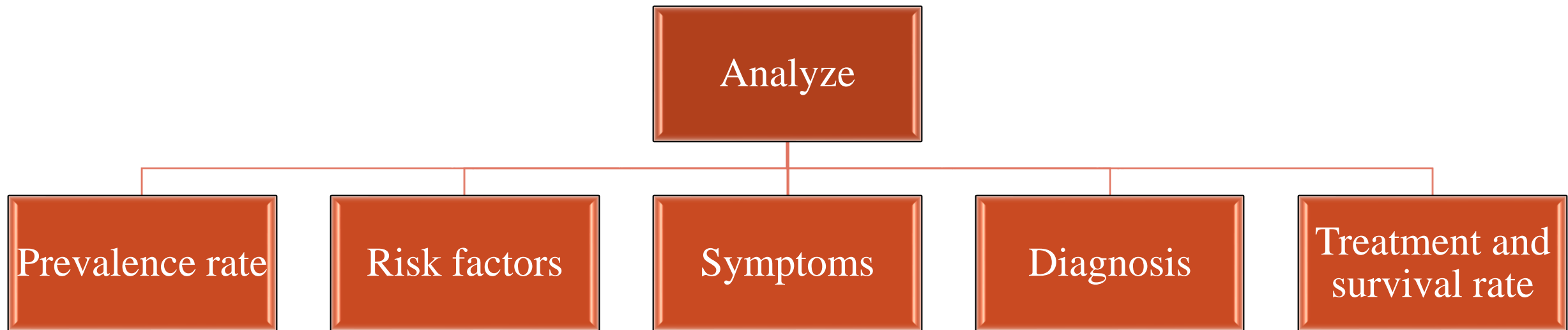
Cancered +
non-cancered
patients

4
Types of
treatment

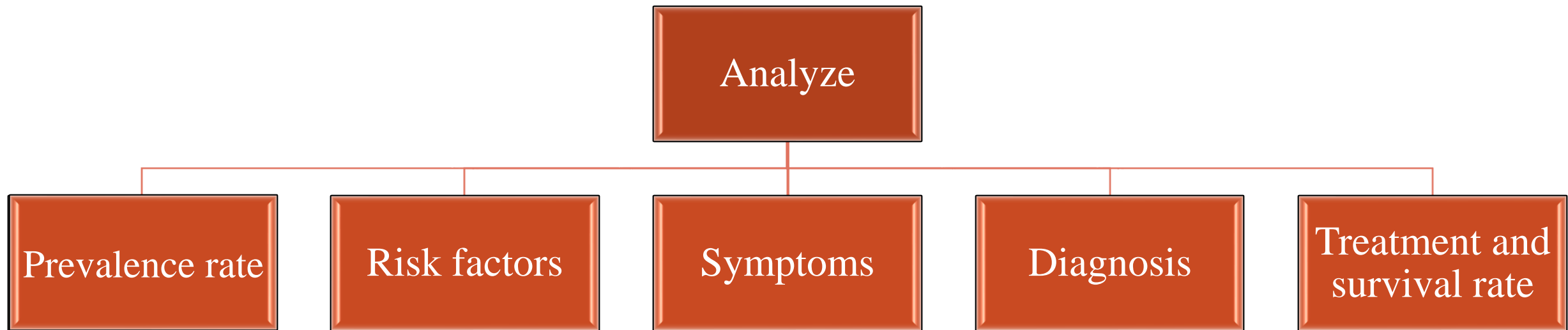
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missing data

Data sources: World Health Organization (WHO) – GLOBOCAN Reports National Cancer Institute (NCI) – Cancer Data Oral Cancer Foundation – Risk Factors & Statistics Academic Research Papers & Studies on Oral Cancer Epidemiology Country-Specific Cancer Registries & Public Health Reports

APPROACHES



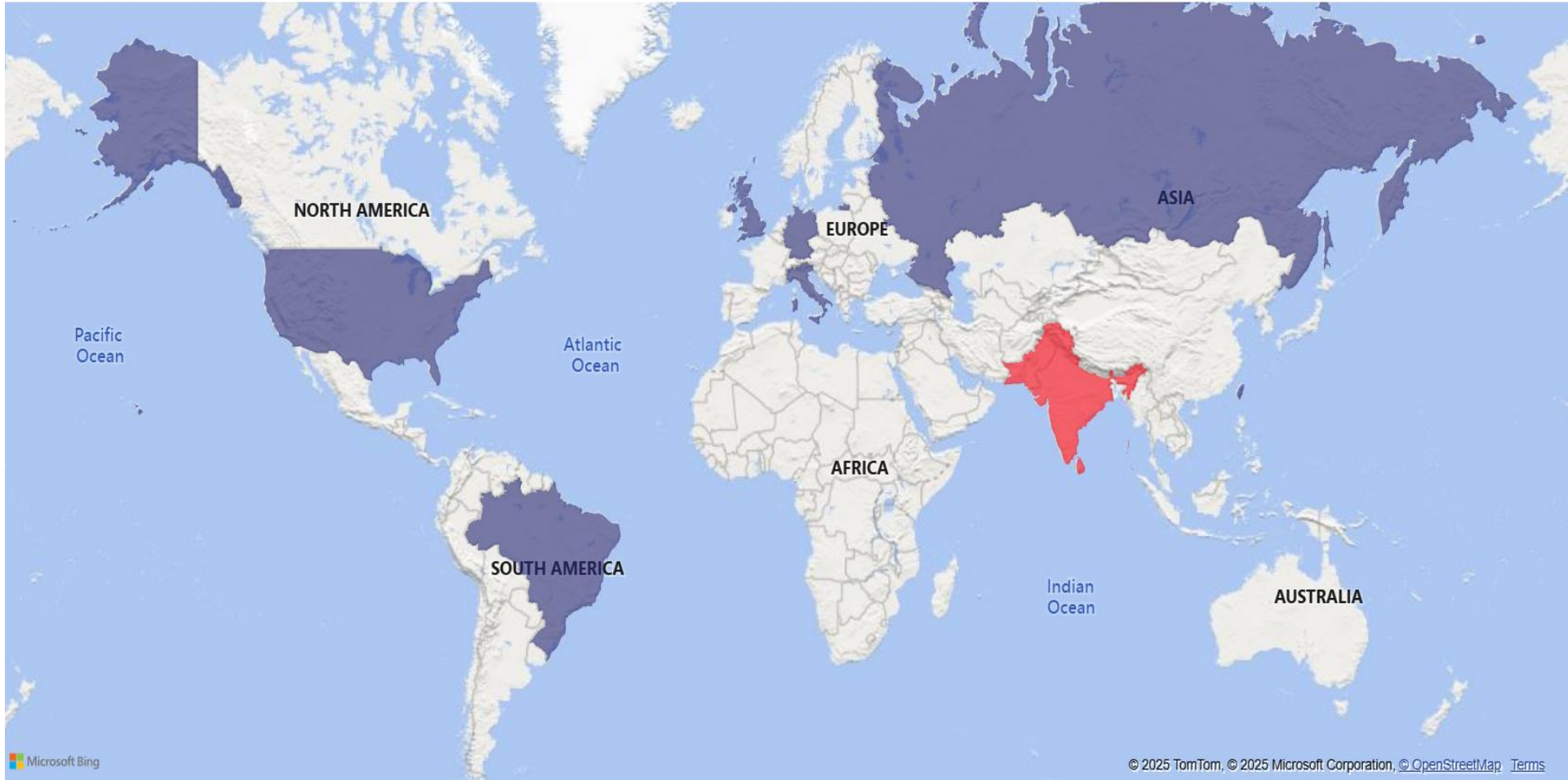
APPROACHES



Prevalence rate

Which countries are the most affected by cancer?

For High-risk Populations



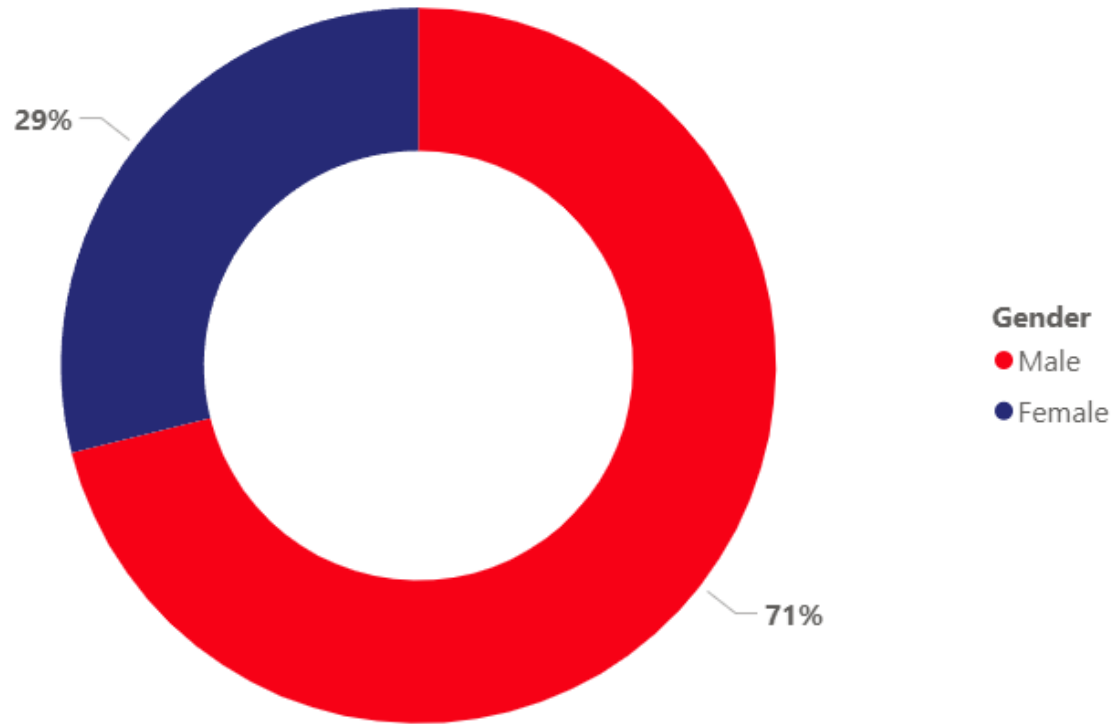
TOP 3 COUNTRIES
PAKISTAN
INDIA
SRI LANKA

Prevalence rate

Which gender are the most affected by cancer?

For Biological & Behavioral Risk Factors
For Public Health Strategy and Screening Programs

Male > Female

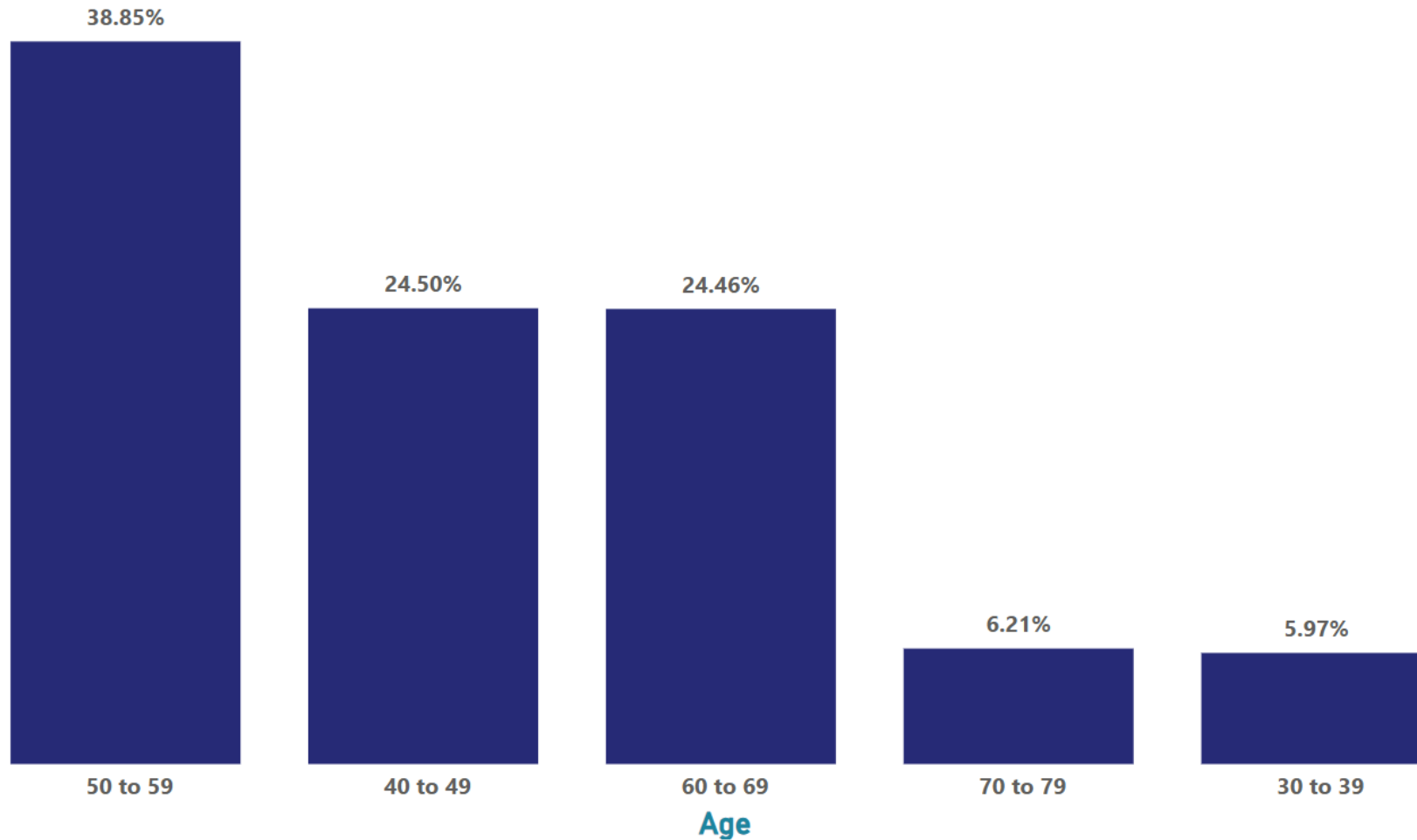


Prevalence rate

Top 5 most affected ages?

For Biological & Behavioral Risk Factors
For Public Health Strategy and Screening Programs
For Personal Care (Reinforces the behavior of the person)

Fifties top the list

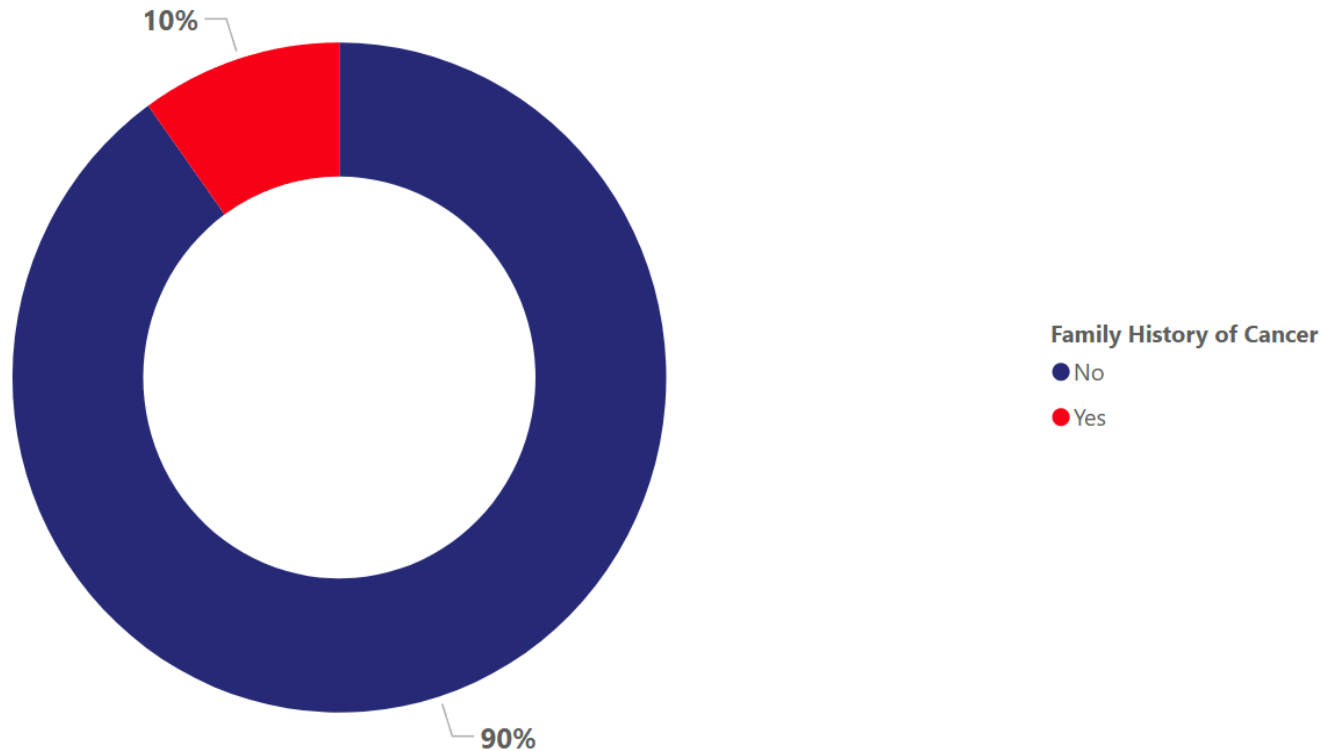


Prevalence rate

Are the family cancer history increase incidence rate?

For Public Health Strategy and Screening Programs.
For Personal Care (Reinforces the behavior of the person)

10% of family cancer history



Risk factors

Is there relation between HPV and oral cancer?

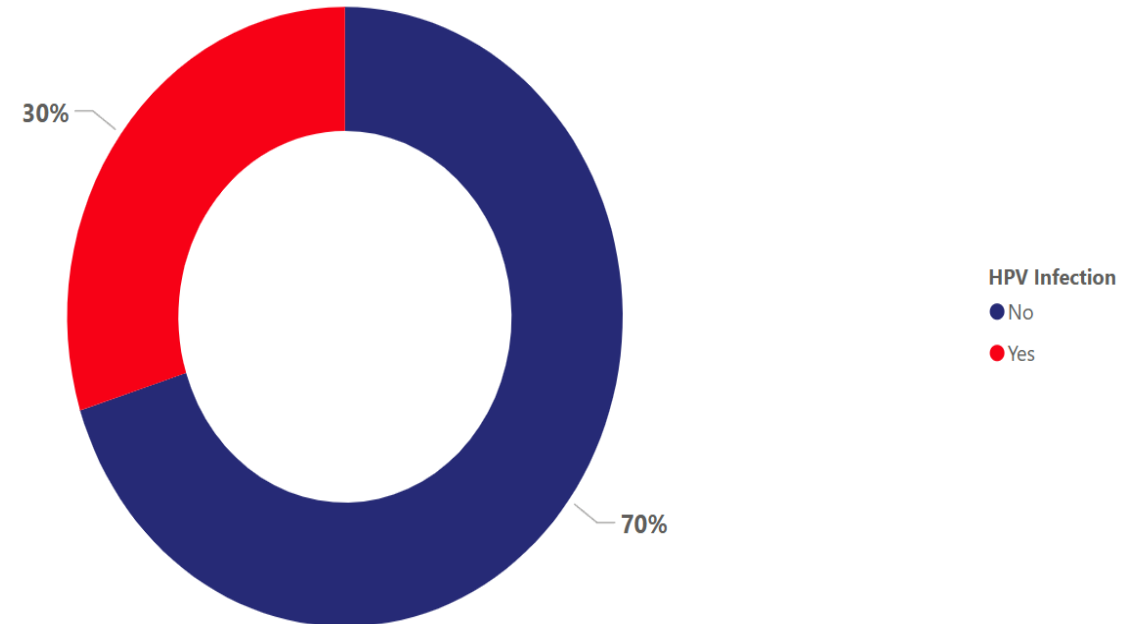
- Confirms that oral cancer is HPV-Driven.
- Prevention and vaccination.

Human papillomavirus (HPV) is a common **sexually transmitted infection**. HPV can affect the skin, genital area, mouth and throat. In some people, this can cause **oral cancer**.



Carcinoma tongue
on lateral border and ventral surface

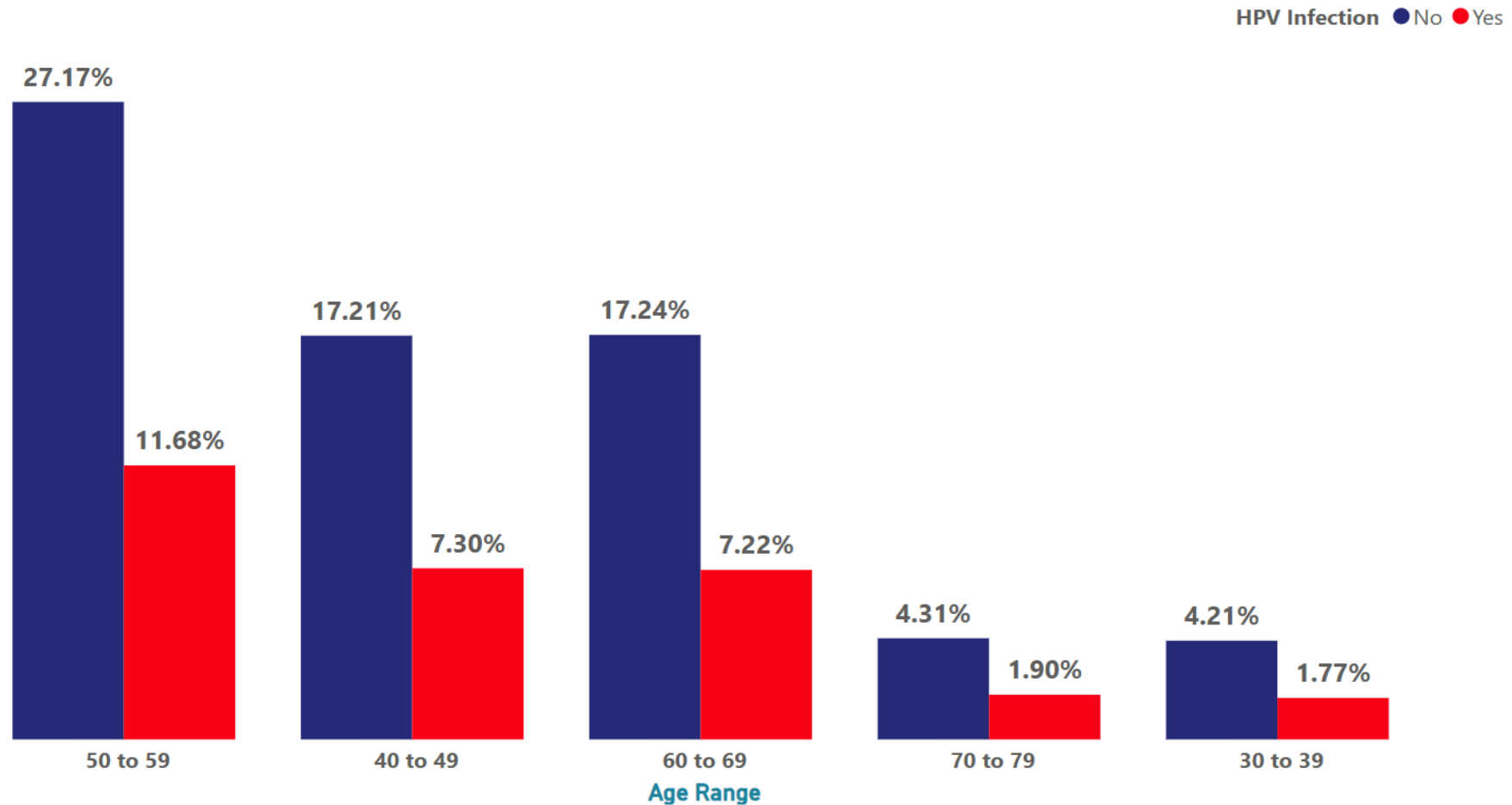
30% HPV Patients



- [Human papillomavirus and cancer](#)
- [Oral human papillomavirus infection](#)

HPV X Age

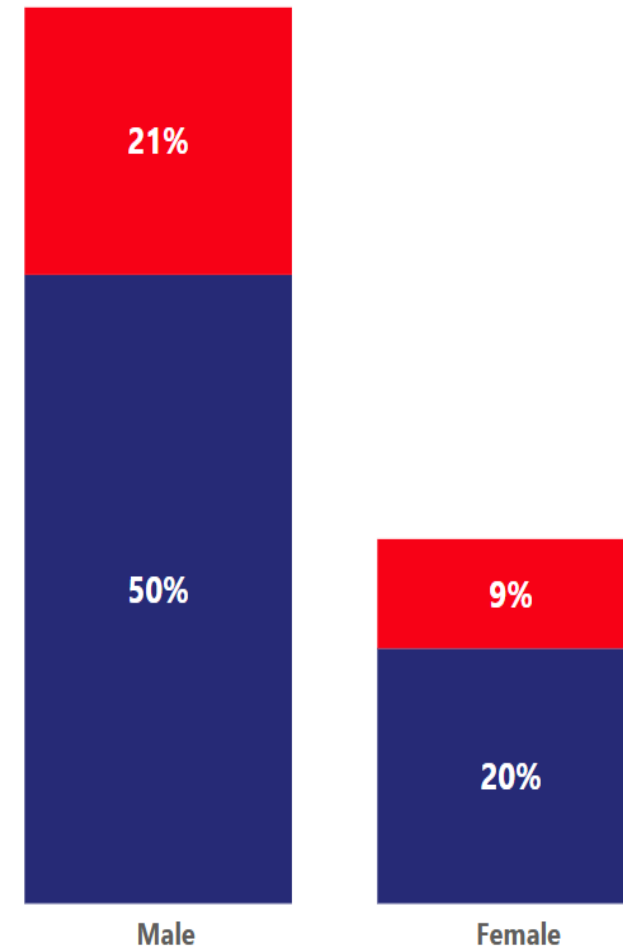
12% of HPV-Driven oral cancer patients in fifties



HPV X Gender

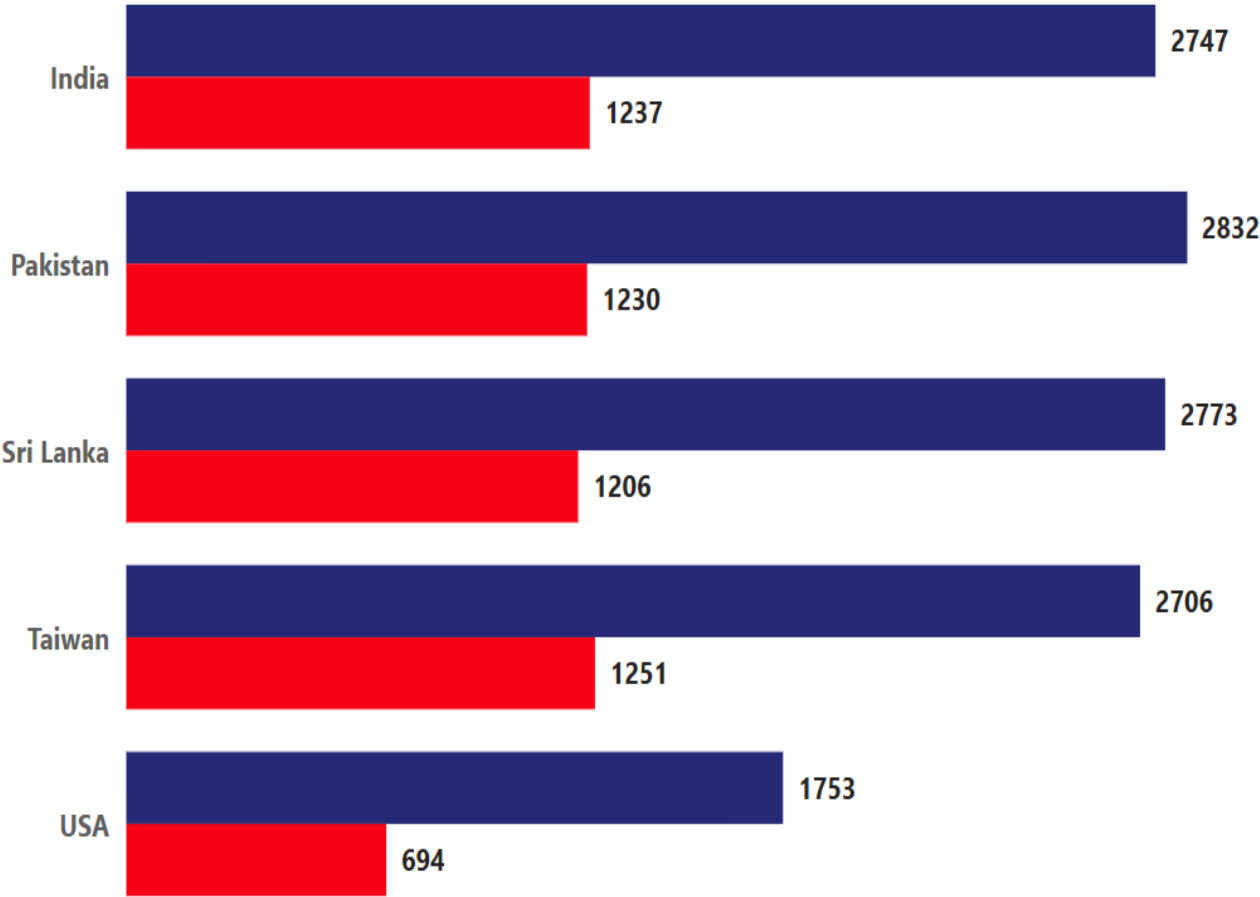
HPV Infection ● No ● Yes

*21% of HPV-Driven cancer patients **Male***



HPV X Countries

HPV Infection ● No ● Yes



India on the top

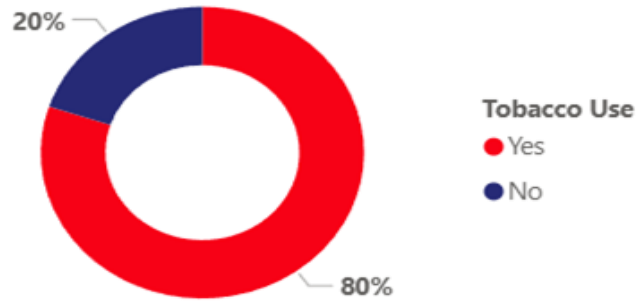
Total Cancer Patients

Risk factors

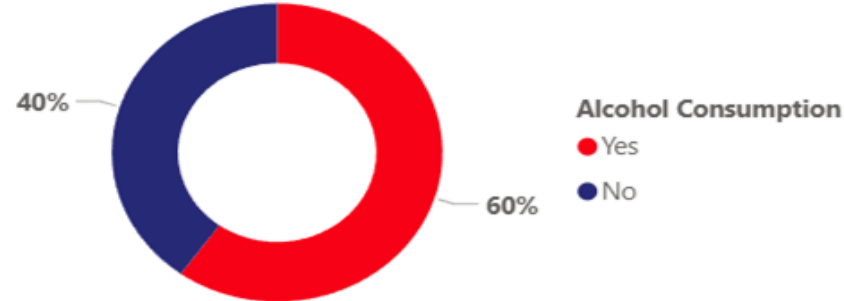
Did the habits and daily routine assume the occurrence of the oral cancer?

Rank the most dangerous habits
Regional and cultural risk patterns
For Public Health Strategy and Screening Programs

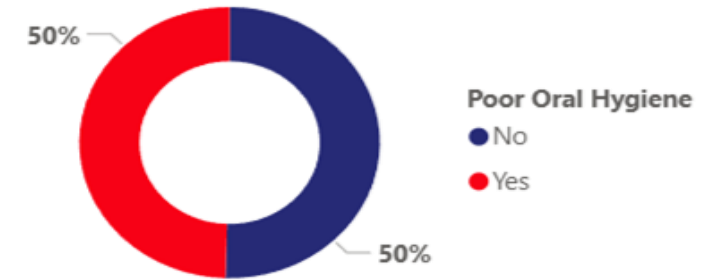
Smoking X OC



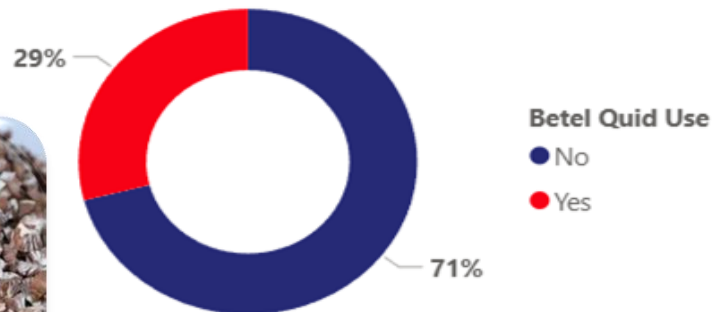
Alcohol Consumption X OC



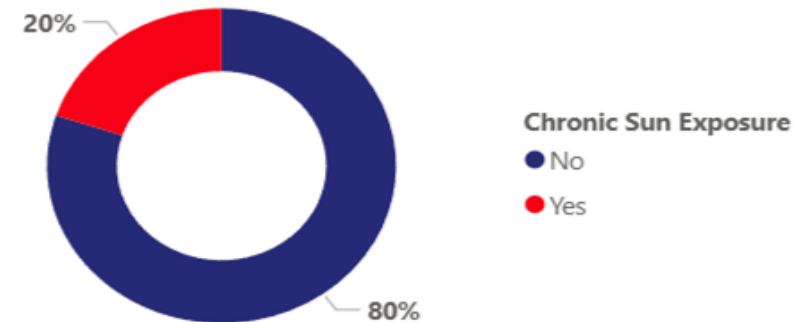
Poor Oral Hygiene X OC



Betel nut chewing X OC



Chronic Sun Exposure X OC

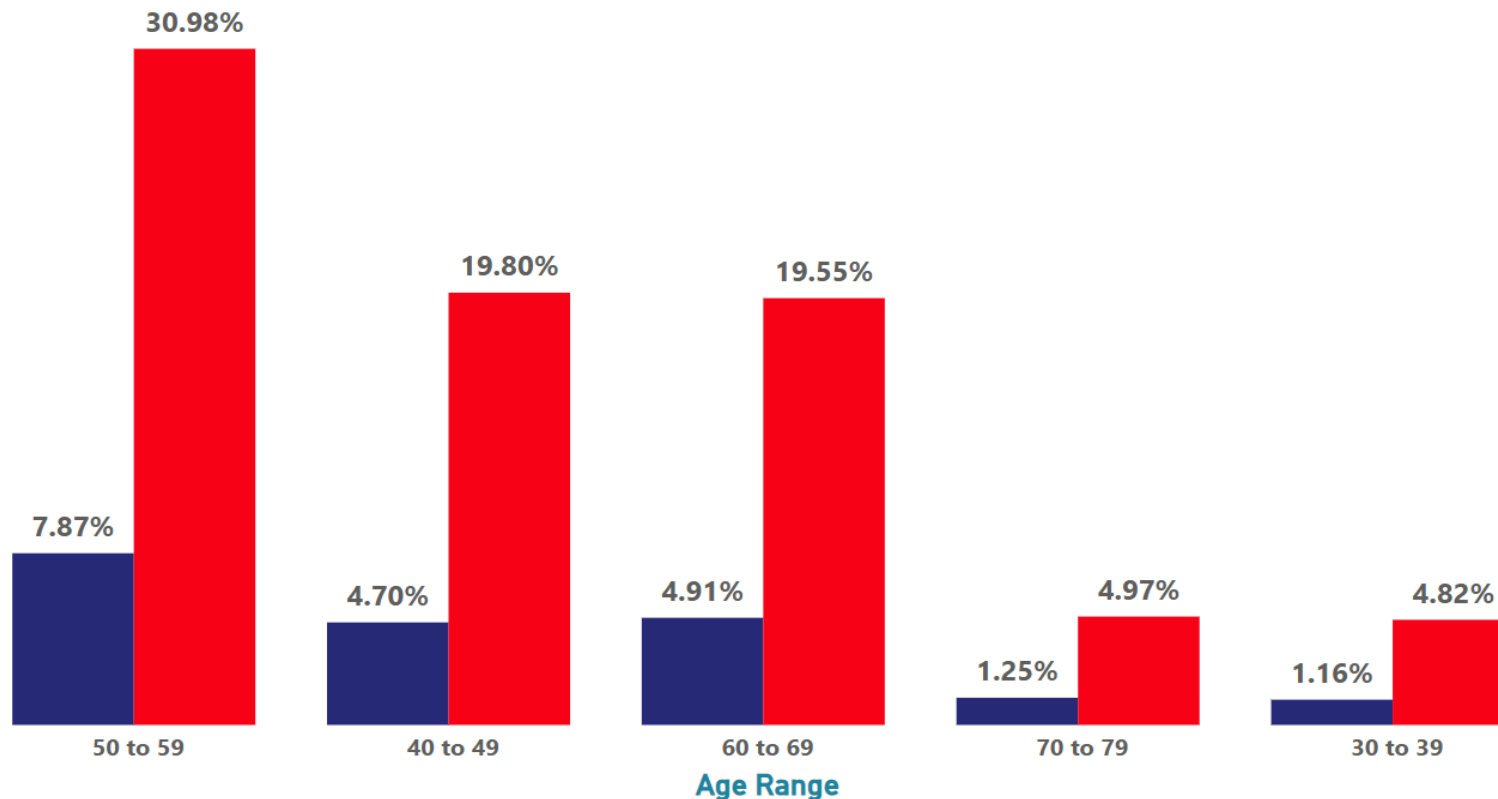


A. Smoking



31% of Oral Cancer patients are Smoker over the age of fifty

Tobacco Use ● No ● Yes

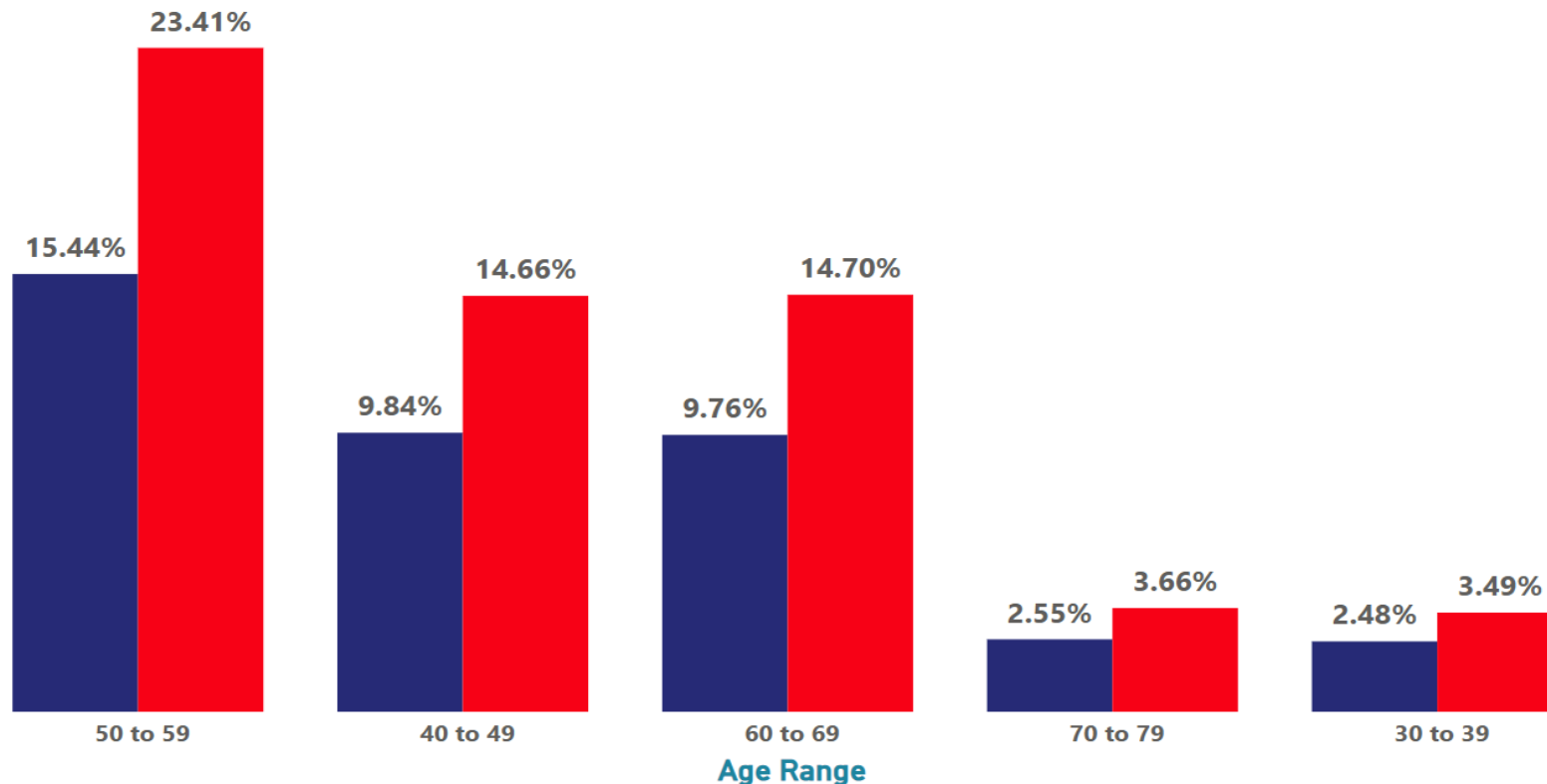


B. Alcoholism



*23% of Oral Cancer patients are
Alcoholic over the age of fifty*

Alcohol Consumption ● No ● Yes



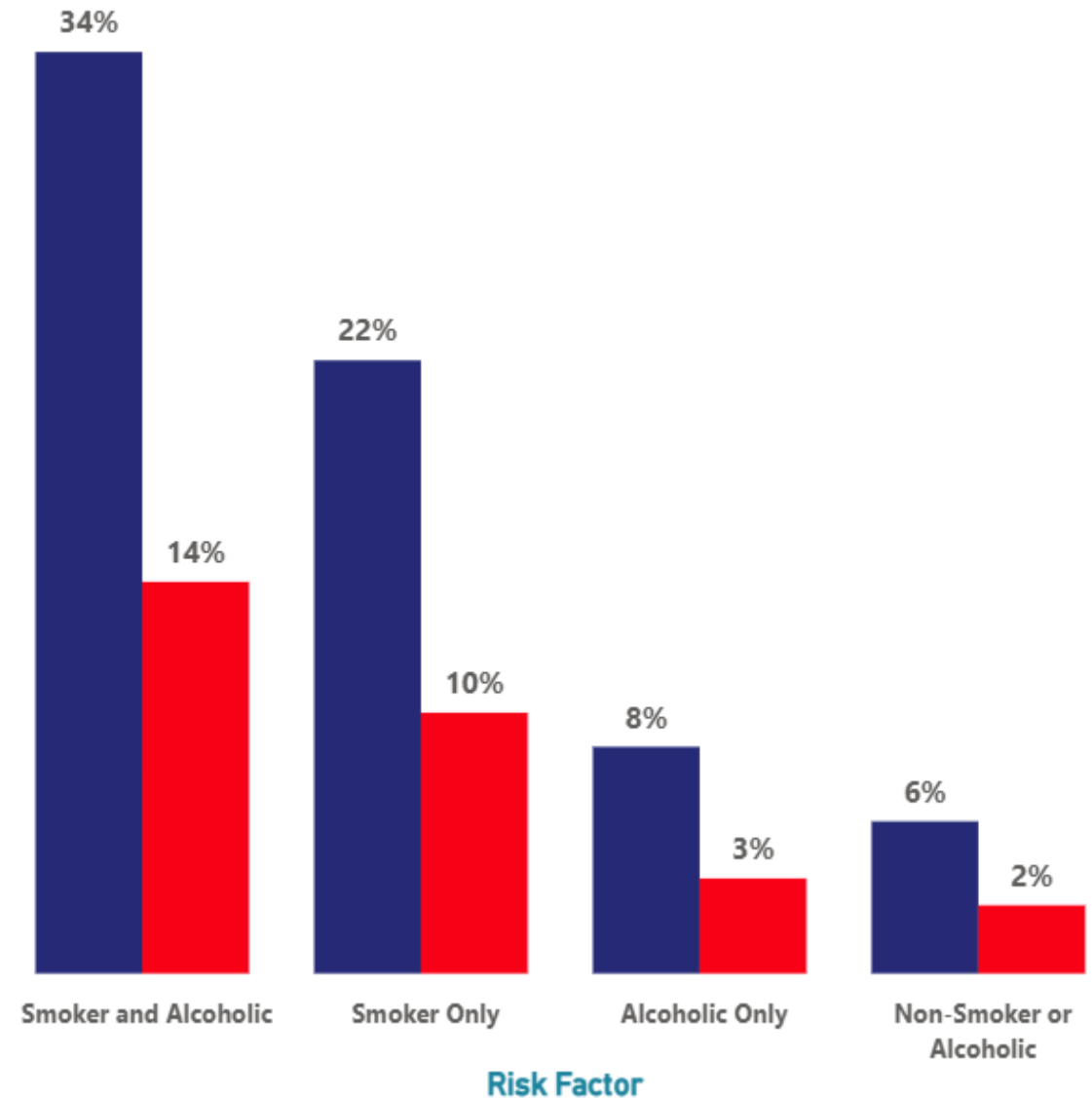
C. Combined Risk



*14% Oral Cancer in HPV
+ Smoker + Alcoholic
Patients*

Risk Factor and HPV Infection

HPV Infection ● No ● Yes



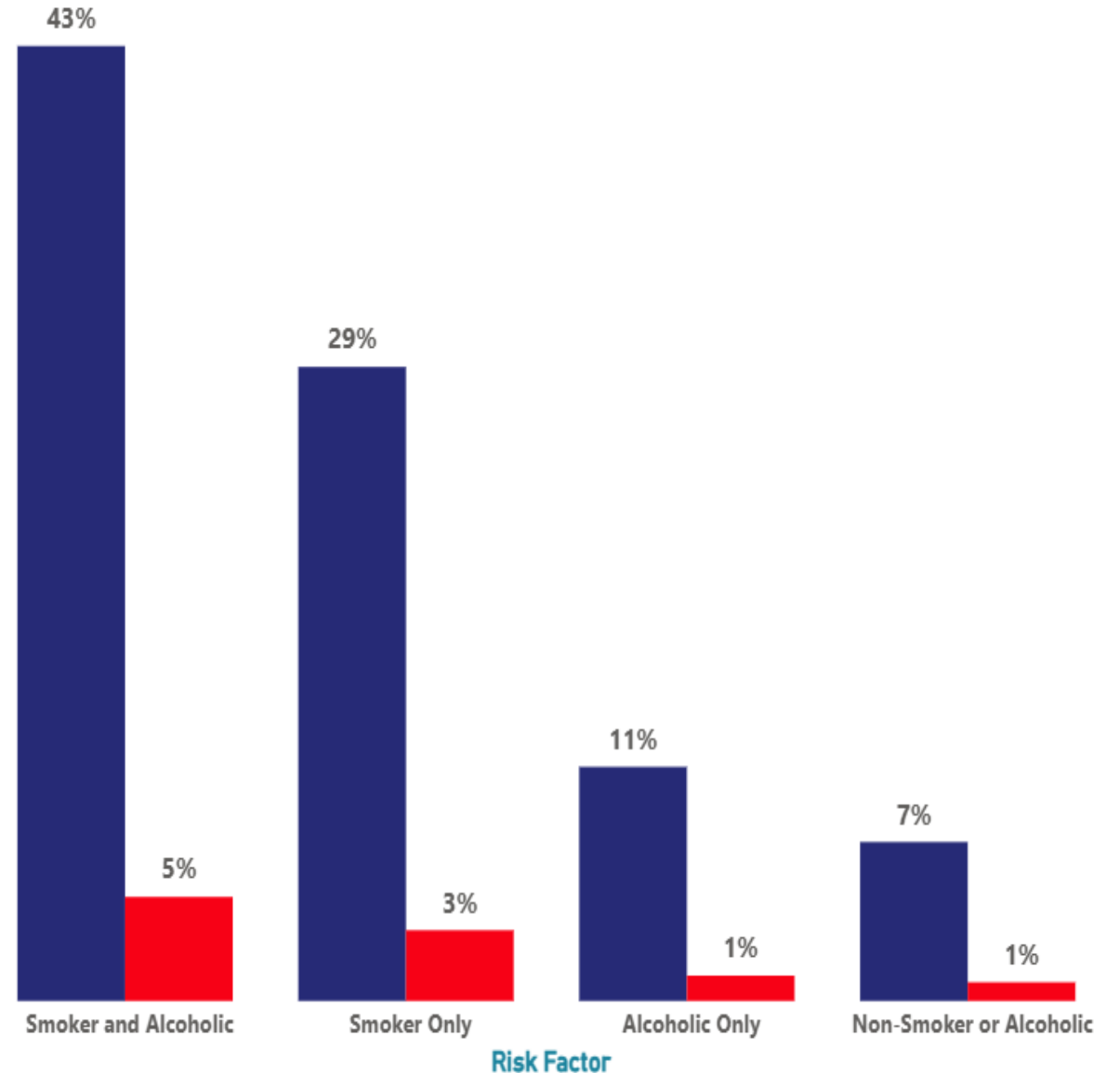
C. Combined Risk

Risk Factor and Family History of Cancer

Family History of Cancer ● No ● Yes



5% Oral Cancer in Cancer History + Smoker + Alcoholic Patients



Confirm



Smoking



Alcoholism



Oral Cancer

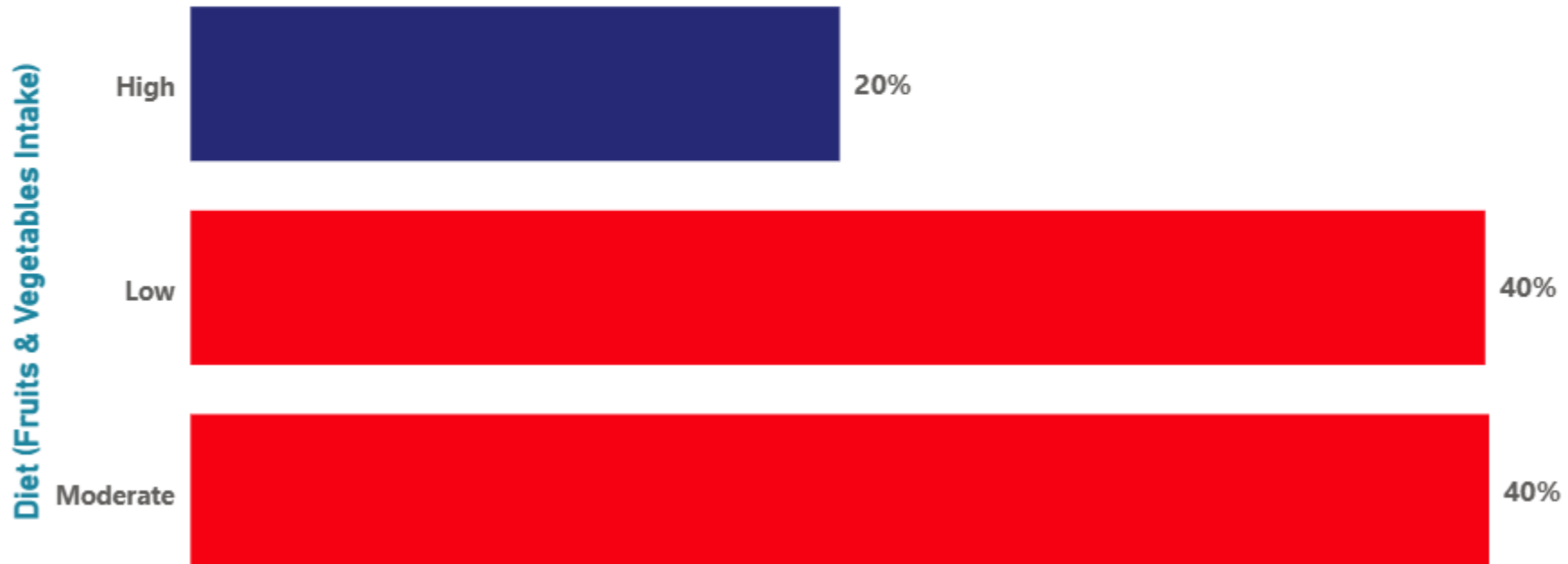
Risk factors

Did the diet decrease the occurrence of oral cancer?

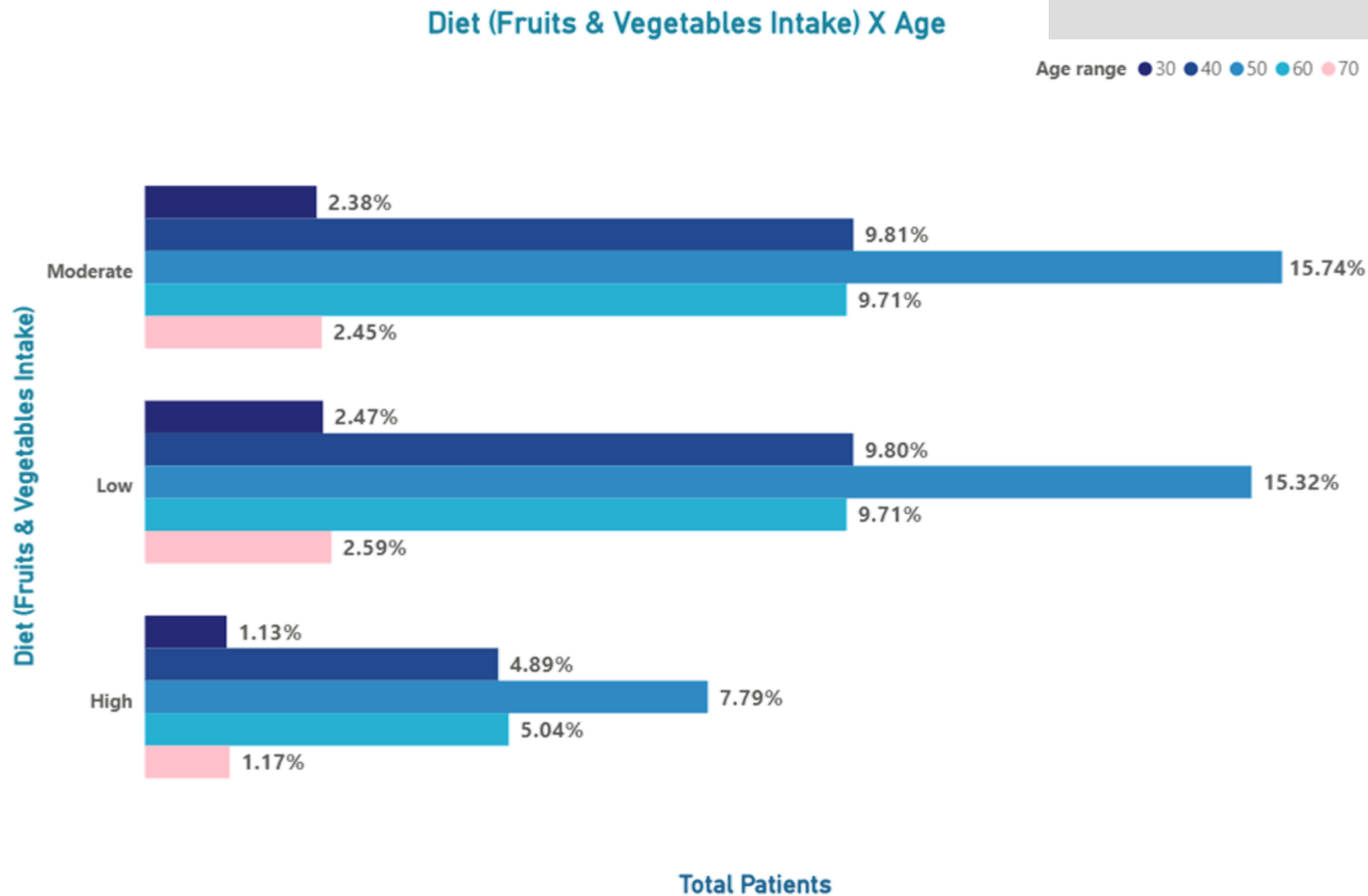
Diet as a source of protective compounds
Public health recommendations
Economic considerations

Oral Cancer < High Intake

Diet (Fruits & Vegetables Intake) and Oral Cancer



Risk factors





THANK YOU