

# Healthcare Clinic Network

Supervisor: Elhosein Ahmed





## Team Members

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- Hazem Ahmed
- Mohamed Khaled
- Mostafa Mahmoud
- Youssef Said
- Seif Samer



# Overview

- Healthcare clinic with different groups of users
  - Admins
  - Staff (Doctors, Nurses)
  - Guests (Visitors in waiting rooms)
- Data segregation importance for information privacy
- Network stability and security to ensure no delays/failures

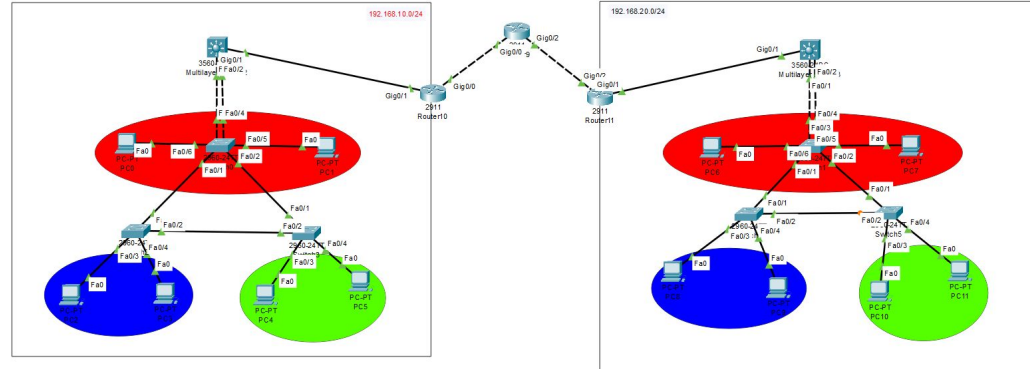
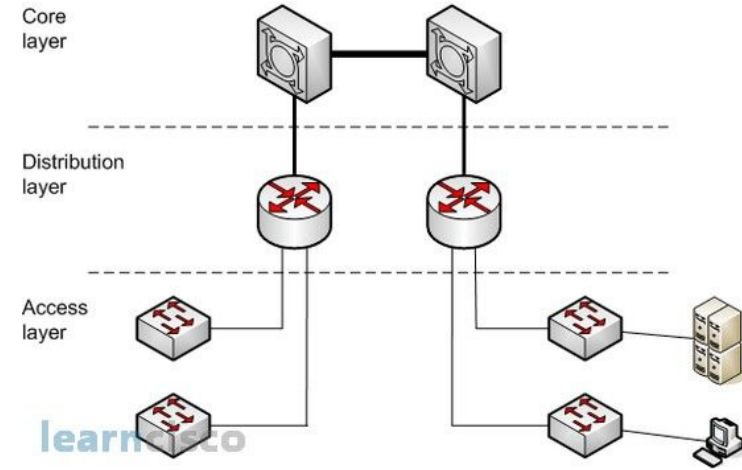


# Project Features

- CCNA:
  - Inter VLAN
  - DHCP
  - Routing
  - Port Channel
  - PVST
- FortiGate:
  - Objects
  - Firewall Policies
  - Web Filtering
  - Antivirus
  - Application Control
  - IPS
  - DNS Filter

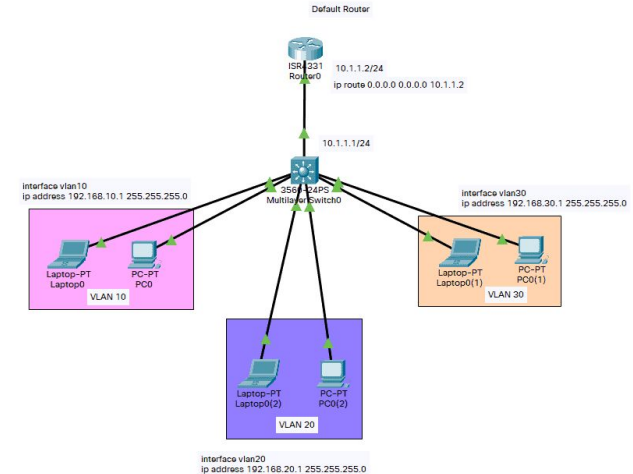
# Network Design

- Dual-Branch Clinic connected through a routed WAN backbone
- Each branch has a multilayer distribution switch
- Access switches serve multiple end devices
- Inter-VLAN routing at the distribution layer
- inter-site routing via the central routers



# Inter VLAN

- Allows devices in different VLANs to communicate by routing traffic between segmented networks.
- Implemented using either a Layer 3 switch (SVIs) or a router-on-a-stick configuration.
- Enhances security and network organization by keeping VLANs isolated while still enabling controlled communication.



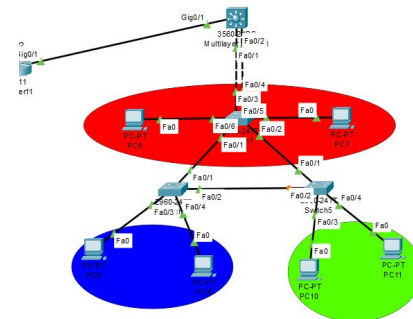


# Inter VLAN Implementation

- 3 VLANs: 20 (Admins) - 21 (Staff) - 22 (Guests)
- Multilayer Switch (MLS) serves as the central router-on-a-stick, with SVIs defining default gateways
- All SVIs are configured "no shutdown" for immediate activation

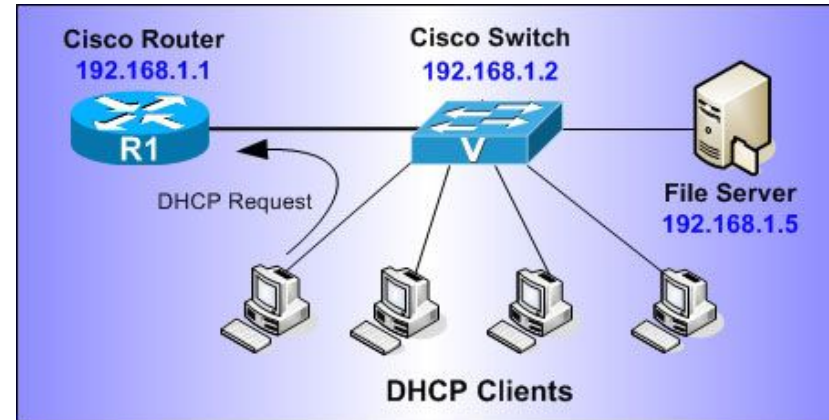
```
! VLANs
vlan 20
    name VLAN20_RIGHT
vlan 21
    name VLAN21_RIGHT
vlan 22
    name VLAN22_RIGHT

! SVIs (Gateways)
interface vlan 20
    ip address 192.168.20.1 255.255.255.0
    no shutdown
interface vlan 21
    ip address 192.168.21.1 255.255.255.0
    no shutdown
interface vlan 22
    ip address 192.168.22.1 255.255.255.0
    no shutdown
```



# DHCP

- Automatically assigns IP addresses and network configuration to devices, reducing manual setup.
- Uses the DORA process (Discover, Offer, Request, Acknowledge) to provide clients with leases.
- Can be implemented on routers, servers, or switches, supporting options like default gateway and DNS distribution.







# DHCP Implementation

- Excluded IPs that shouldn't be given out to end devices
- Each VLAN has independent pool with network address, default-router, and dns-server defined
- Successful IP request on each end device

! DHCP for VLAN20/21/22

```
ip dhcp excluded-address 192.168.20.1 192.168.20.20
```

```
ip dhcp excluded-address 192.168.21.1 192.168.21.20
```

```
ip dhcp excluded-address 192.168.22.1 192.168.22.20
```

```
ip dhcp pool VLAN20_POOL
```

```
network 192.168.20.0 255.255.255.0
```

```
default-router 192.168.20.1
```

```
dns-server 8.8.8.8
```

```
ip dhcp pool VLAN21_POOL
```

```
network 192.168.21.0 255.255.255.0
```

```
default-router 192.168.21.1
```

```
dns-server 8.8.8.8
```

```
ip dhcp pool VLAN22_POOL
```

```
network 192.168.22.0 255.255.255.0
```

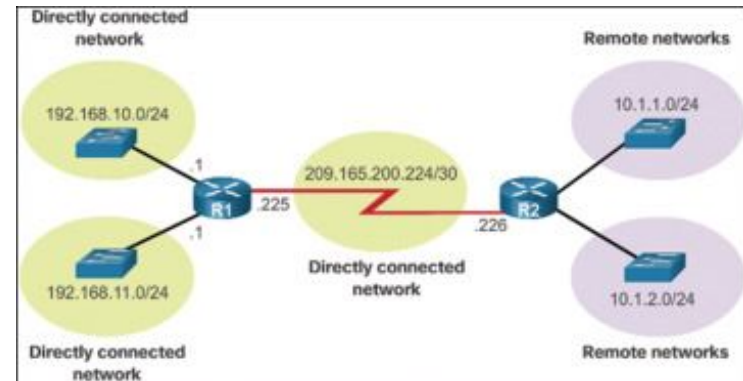
```
default-router 192.168.22.1
```

```
dns-server 8.8.8.8
```

```
PC10> ip dhcp  
DDORA IP 192.168.21.21/24 GW 192.168.21.1  
  
PC10>  
PC10> █
```

# Routing

- Directs packets between different networks by selecting the best path based on routing tables.
- Can be configured manually with static routes or automatically using dynamic protocols like OSPF, EIGRP, and RIP.
- Ensures efficient, scalable communication across multi-network environments by adapting to topology changes.



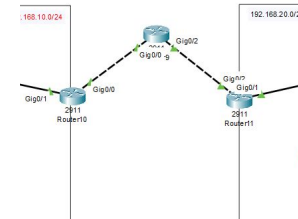
# Routing Implementation

- Static routes between both sites for low overhead
- Routers have defined ip address ranges and destination address for them
- default route (0.0.0.0/0) moves all outbound traffic through gateway

```
interface f0/0
  description Link to R1
  ip address 10.0.13.2 255.255.255.252
  no shutdown

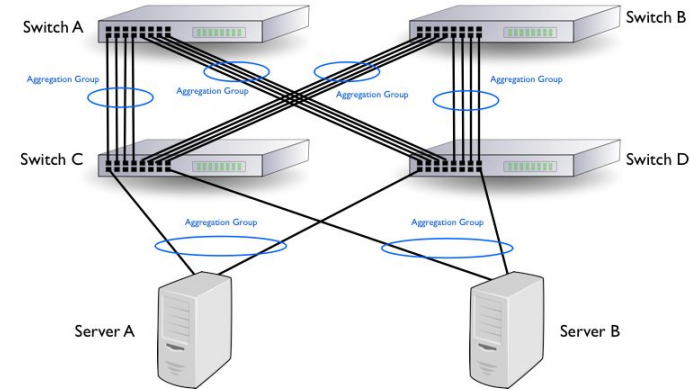
interface f1/0
  description Link to Forti port3
  ip address 10.0.3.1 255.255.255.252
  no shutdown

ip route 192.168.10.0 255.255.255.0 10.0.13.1
ip route 192.168.11.0 255.255.255.0 10.0.13.1
ip route 192.168.12.0 255.255.255.0 10.0.13.1
ip route 192.168.20.0 255.255.255.0 10.0.3.2
ip route 192.168.21.0 255.255.255.0 10.0.3.2
ip route 192.168.22.0 255.255.255.0 10.0.3.2
ip route 0.0.0.0 0.0.0.0 10.0.3.2
```



# Port Channel

- Combines multiple physical links into a single logical link to increase bandwidth and provide redundancy.
- Supports load balancing and failover, ensuring traffic continues if one link fails.
- Commonly used between switches, routers, and servers for optimized throughput and link aggregation.



# Port Channel Implementation

- Both MLS and SW1 interfaces are configured as trunks, allowing multiple VLANs to pass between switches.
- Interfaces are bundled using “channel-group 1 mode active” to form a LACP EtherChannel, increasing bandwidth and providing redundancy.
- no shutdown enables the links

(MLS)

! Trunks to SW1

interface range e0/0 - 1

description Uplinks to SW1

switchport mode trunk

switchport trunk allowed ~~vlan~~ 20,21,22

channel-group 1 mode active

no shutdown

(SW1)

! Trunks to MLS1

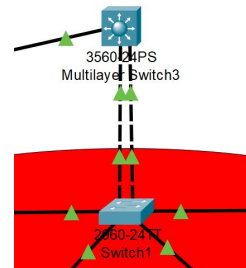
interface range e0/0 - 1

switchport mode trunk

switchport trunk allowed ~~vlan~~ 20,21,22

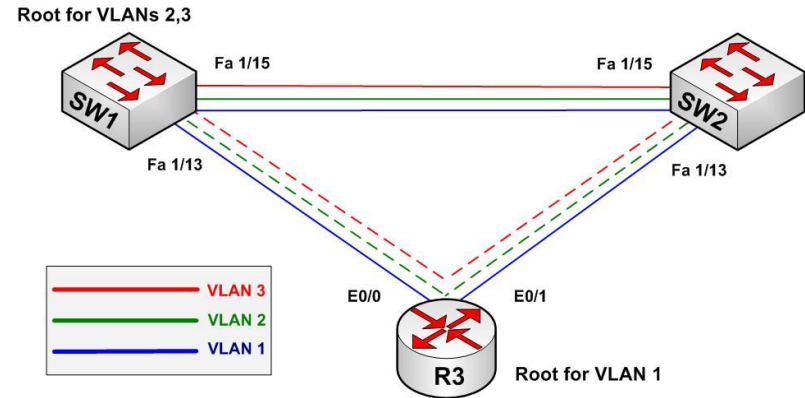
channel-group 1 mode active

no shutdown



# PVST

- VLAN-specific spanning trees: Creates a separate STP instance for each VLAN, allowing optimized path selection per VLAN.
- Redundancy & loop prevention: Prevents network loops while providing backup paths if the primary link fails.
- Better load balancing: Different VLANs can use different root bridges, distributing traffic more efficiently across links.

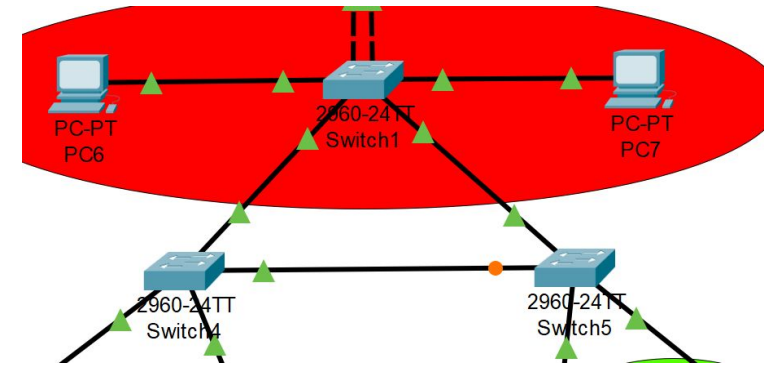


# PVST Implementation

- Each of the three VLANs operates its own independent Spanning Tree instance.
- The administration's switch (SW1) is configured as the root bridge for all VLANs.
- Centralizing the root bridge on SW1 ensures predictable path selection and reduces network loops.

! PVST (SW1)

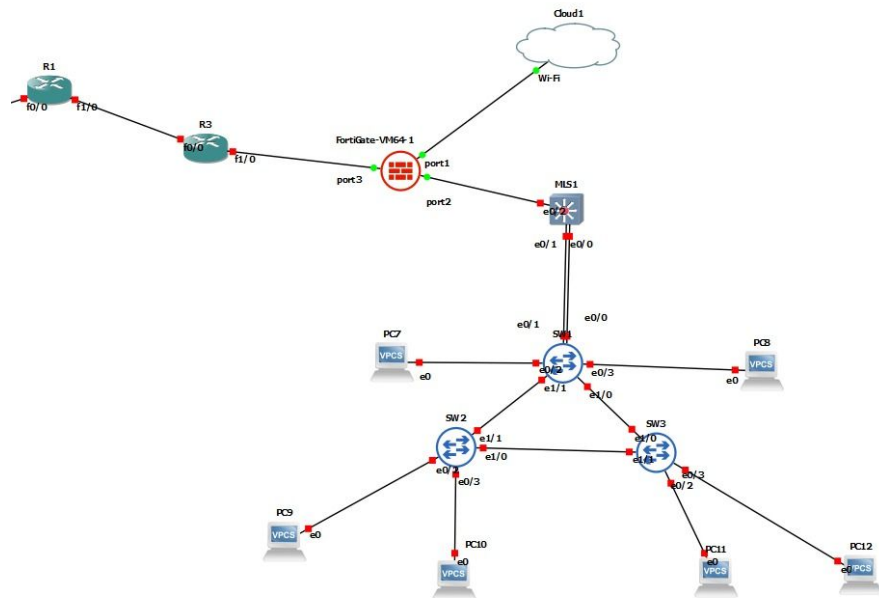
spanning-tree vlan 20 root primary  
spanning-tree vlan 21 root primary  
spanning-tree vlan 22 root primary  
spanning-tree vlan 1 root primary





# FortiGate Integration

Interfaces	Role	IP Address
port1	WAN	192.168.107.128/24
port2	LAN	10.0.3.1/24
port3	WAN	10.0.4.1/24





# FortiGate Interfaces & Static Routes

FortiGate VM64 Project

Dashboard

Security Fabric

Network

Interfaces

DNS

Packet Capture

SD-WAN Zones

SD-WAN Rules

Performance SLA

Static Routes

Policy Routes

RIP

OSPF

BGP

Multicast

System

Policy & Objects

Security Profiles

VPN

User & Authentication

Log & Report

FortiGate VM64

Create New Edit Delete Search

Name	Type	Members	IPv4netmask	Administrative Access	DHCP Clients	DHCP Ranges	Ref
002.3rd Aggregate	002.3rd Aggregate		Dedicated to FortiSwitch	PING Security Fabric Connection		169.254.1.2-169.254.1.254	2
fortlink	Physical Interface						
MLS_Conn (port2)	Physical Interface		10.0.4.1/255.255.255.252	PING HTTPS SSH			11
port1	Physical Interface		192.168.107.128/255.255.255.0	PING HTTPS SSH HTTP			4
port4	Physical Interface		2.2.2.1/255.255.255.252	PING			0
port5	Physical Interface		0.0.0.0/0.0.0.0				0
port6	Physical Interface		0.0.0.0/0.0.0.0				0
port7	Physical Interface		0.0.0.0/0.0.0.0				0
port8	Physical Interface		0.0.0.0/0.0.0.0				0
port9	Physical Interface		0.0.0.0/0.0.0.0				0
port10	Physical Interface		0.0.0.0/0.0.0.0				0
Router_conn (port3)	Physical Interface		10.0.3.2/255.255.255.252	PING HTTPS SSH			5

FortiGate VM64 Project

Dashboard

Security Fabric

Network

Interfaces

DNS

Packet Capture

SD-WAN Zones

SD-WAN Rules

Performance SLA

Static Routes

Policy Routes

Static Routes

Create New Edit Clone Delete Search

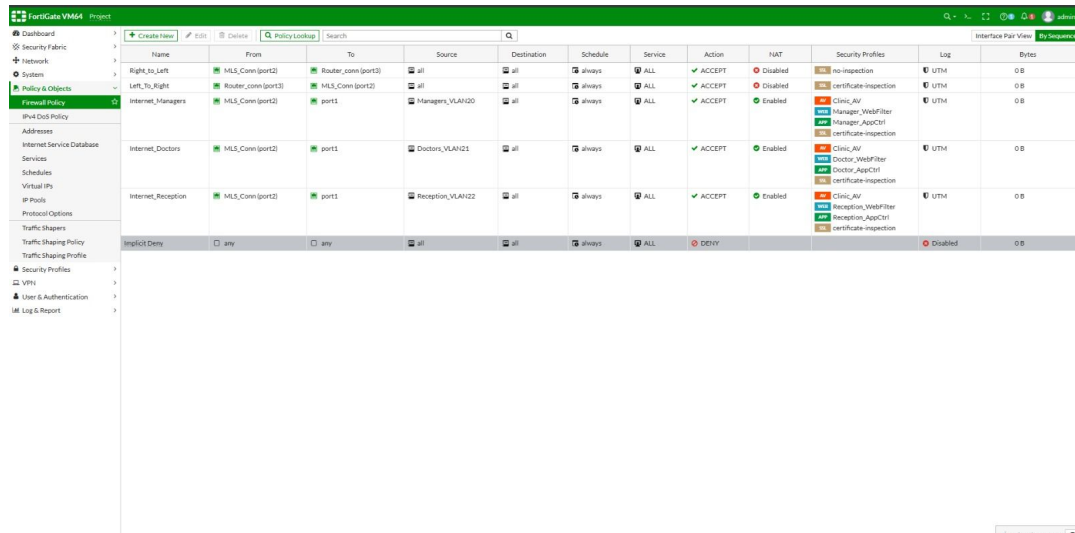
Destination	Gateway IP	Interface	Status	Comments
192.168.10.0/24	10.0.3.1	Router_conn (port3)	Enabled	
192.168.11.0/24	10.0.3.1	Router_conn (port3)	Enabled	
192.168.12.0/24	10.0.3.1	Router_conn (port3)	Enabled	
192.168.30.0/24	10.0.4.2	MLS_Conn (port2)	Enabled	
192.168.31.0/24	10.0.4.2	MLS_Conn (port2)	Enabled	
192.168.22.0/24	10.0.4.2	MLS_Conn (port2)	Enabled	
0.0.0.0/0	192.168.107.2	port1	Enabled	



# Firewall Policies

## Firewall Policies

- Admins -> Internet
  - (low restriction)
- Doctors -> Internet
  - (Medium filtering)
- Reception -> Internet
  - (Strict filtering)



The screenshot shows the FortiGate VM64 Firewall Policy configuration interface. The left sidebar contains a navigation menu with options like Dashboard, Security Fabric, Network, System, Policy & Objects, and various configuration sections. The main area displays a table of firewall policies. The table has columns for Name, From, To, Source, Destination, Schedule, Service, Action, HAT, Security Profiles, Log, and Bytes. The policies listed are: Right\_To\_Left, Left\_To\_Right, Internet\_Managers, Internet\_Doctors, Internet\_Reception, and Implicit Deny. Each policy row shows its configuration details, including source and destination interfaces, schedules, services, actions, and associated security profiles.

Name	From	To	Source	Destination	Schedule	Service	Action	HAT	Security Profiles	Log	Bytes
Right_To_Left	ML3_Core[port2]	Router_Core[port3]	all	all	always	ALL	ACCEPT	Disabled	no-inspection	UTM	0.0
Left_To_Right	Router_Core[port3]	ML3_Core[port2]	all	all	always	ALL	ACCEPT	Disabled	certificate-inspection	UTM	0.0
Internet_Managers	ML3_Core[port2]	port1	Managers_VLAN120	all	always	ALL	ACCEPT	Enabled	Clinic_Ap, Manager_VwebFilter, Manager_AppCtrl, certificate-inspection	UTM	0.0
Internet_Doctors	ML3_Core[port2]	port1	Doctors_VLAN121	all	always	ALL	ACCEPT	Enabled	Clinic_Ap, Doctor_VwebFilter, Doctor_AppCtrl, certificate-inspection	UTM	0.0
Internet_Reception	ML3_Core[port2]	port1	Reception_VLAN122	all	always	ALL	ACCEPT	Enabled	Clinic_Ap, Reception_VwebFilter, Reception_AppCtrl, certificate-inspection	UTM	0.0
Implicit Deny	any	any	all	all	always	ALL	DENY			Disabled	0.0

# Firewall Policies

Admins

FortiGate VM64 Project

Edit Policy

Name: Internet\_Managers

Incoming Interface: MLS\_Conn (port2)

Outgoing Interface: port1

Source: Managers\_VLAN20

Destination: all

Schedule: always

Service: ALL

Action: ☒ ACCEPT ☐ DENY

Inspection Mode: ☒ Flow-based ☐ Proxy-based

Firewall / Network Options

NAT: ☒ Use Outgoing Interface Address ☐ Use Dynamic IP Pool

IP Pool Configuration: Preserve Source Port ☐

Protocol Options: ☒ default

Security Profiles

AntiVirus: ☒ Clinic\_AV

Web Filter: ☒ Manager\_WebFilter

DNS Filter: ☒ clinic

Application Control: ☒ Manager\_AppCtrl

IPS: ☒ Clinic

File Filter: ☐

SSL Inspection: ☒ certificate-inspection

Logging Options

Log Allowed Traffic: ☒ Security Events All Sessions

Generate Log when Session Starts: ☐

Capture Packets: ☐

Comments: Write a comment... 0/1023

Enable this policy: ☒

Staff

FortiGate VM64 Project

Edit Policy

Name: Internet\_Doctors

Incoming Interface: MLS\_Conn (port2)

Outgoing Interface: port1

Source: Doctors\_VLAN21

Destination: all

Schedule: always

Service: ALL

Action: ☒ ACCEPT ☐ DENY

Inspection Mode: ☒ Flow-based ☐ Proxy-based

Firewall / Network Options

NAT: ☒ Use Outgoing Interface Address ☐ Use Dynamic IP Pool

IP Pool Configuration: Preserve Source Port ☐

Protocol Options: ☒ default

Security Profiles

AntiVirus: ☒ Clinic\_AV

Web Filter: ☒ Doctor\_WebFilter

DNS Filter: ☒ clinic

Application Control: ☒ Doctor\_AppCtrl

IPS: ☒ Clinic

File Filter: ☐

SSL Inspection: ☒ certificate-inspection

Logging Options

Log Allowed Traffic: ☒ Security Events All Sessions

Generate Log when Session Starts: ☐

Capture Packets: ☐

Comments: Write a comment... 0/1023

Enable this policy: ☒

Guests

FortiGate VM64 Project

Edit Policy

Name: Internet\_Reception

Incoming Interface: MLS\_Conn (port2)

Outgoing Interface: port1

Source: Reception\_VLAN22

Destination: all

Schedule: always

Service: ALL

Action: ☒ ACCEPT ☐ DENY

Inspection Mode: ☒ Flow-based ☐ Proxy-based

Firewall / Network Options

NAT: ☒ Use Outgoing Interface Address ☐ Use Dynamic IP Pool

IP Pool Configuration: Preserve Source Port ☐

Protocol Options: ☒ default

Security Profiles

AntiVirus: ☒ Clinic\_AV

Web Filter: ☒ Reception\_WebFilter

DNS Filter: ☒ clinic

Application Control: ☒ Reception\_AppCtrl

IPS: ☒ Clinic

File Filter: ☐

SSL Inspection: ☒ certificate-inspection

Logging Options

Log Allowed Traffic: ☒ Security Events All Sessions

Generate Log when Session Starts: ☐

Capture Packets: ☐

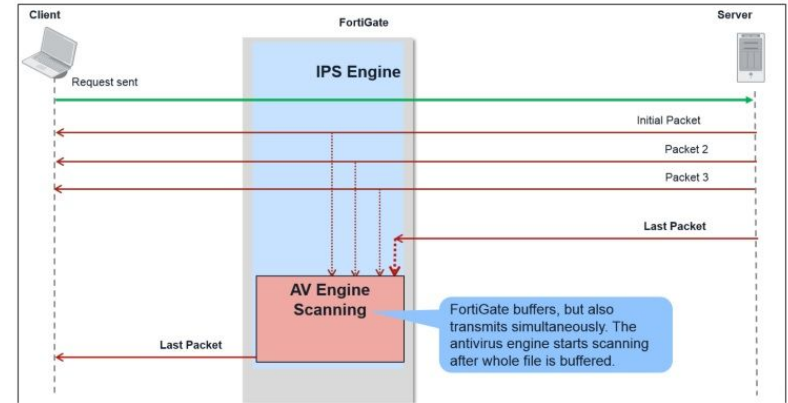
Comments: Write a comment... 0/1023

Enable this policy: ☒



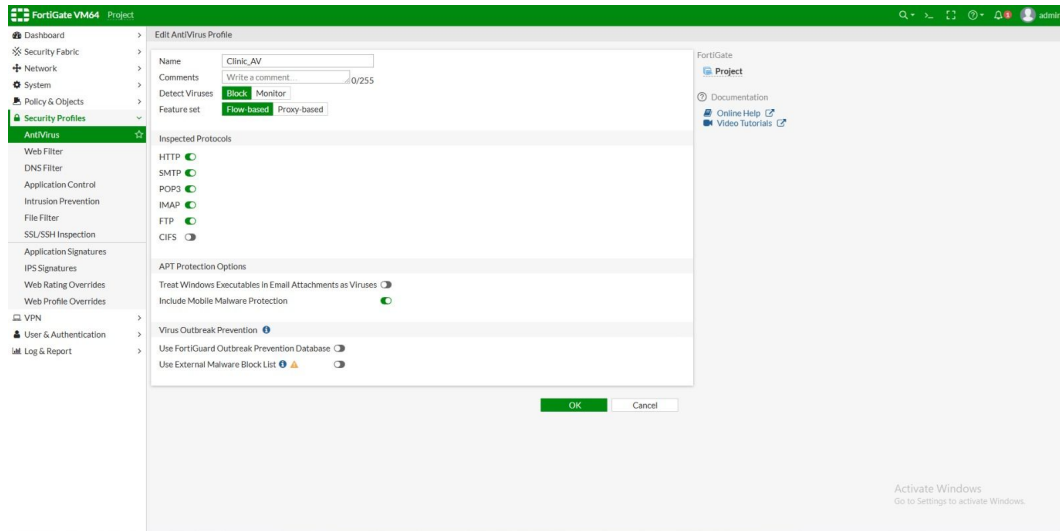
# Antivirus

- Provides real-time malware detection by scanning files, web traffic, and email content passing through the firewall.
- Uses signature-based, heuristic, and AI-driven analysis to detect known and emerging threats.
- Supports both flow-based and proxy-based inspection modes to balance performance and security needs.



# Antivirus Implementation

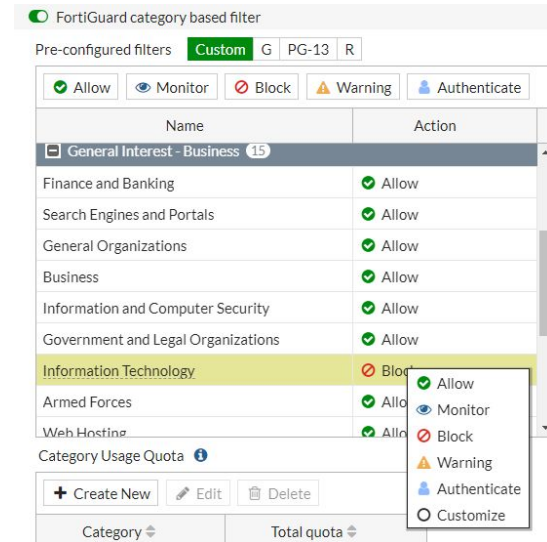
- Malware Detection Mode
  - Block: prevents infected files from passing through the firewall.
- Flow-Based Scanning
  - Inspects traffic in real time with minimal latency.





# Web Filtering

- Controls and monitors user access to websites based on categories, reputation, or custom URL rules.
- Uses FortiGuard Web Filtering database for real-time categorization and threat intelligence.
- Provides granular controls such as allow/block/exempt, quotas, and user/group-based policies.
- Generates detailed logs and reports to track browsing behavior and security events.



# Web Filtering

FortiGate VM64 Project

Dashboard Security Fabric Network System Policy & Objects Security Profiles AntiVirus Web Filter DNS Filter Application Control Intrusion Prevention File Filter SSL/SSH Inspection Application Signatures IPS Signatures Web Rating Overrides Web Profile Overrides VPN User & Authentication Log & Report

+ Create New Edit Clone Delete Search

Name	Comments	Ref.
WEB Doctor_WebFilter		1
WEB Manager_WebFilter		1
WEB Reception_WebFilter		1
WEB default	Default web filtering.	0
WEB monitor-all	Monitor and log all visited URLs, flow-based.	0
WEB wifi-default	Default configuration for offloading WiFi traffic.	1

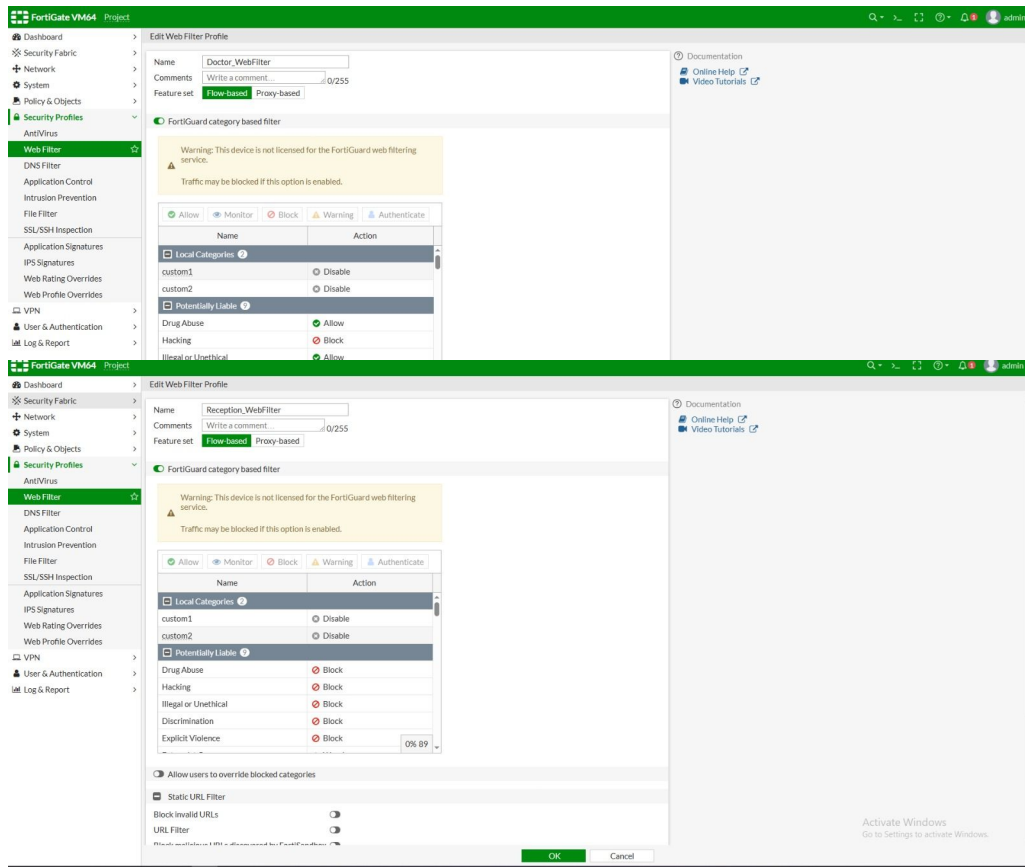
Activate Windows  
Go to Settings to activate Windows.

6



# Web Filtering

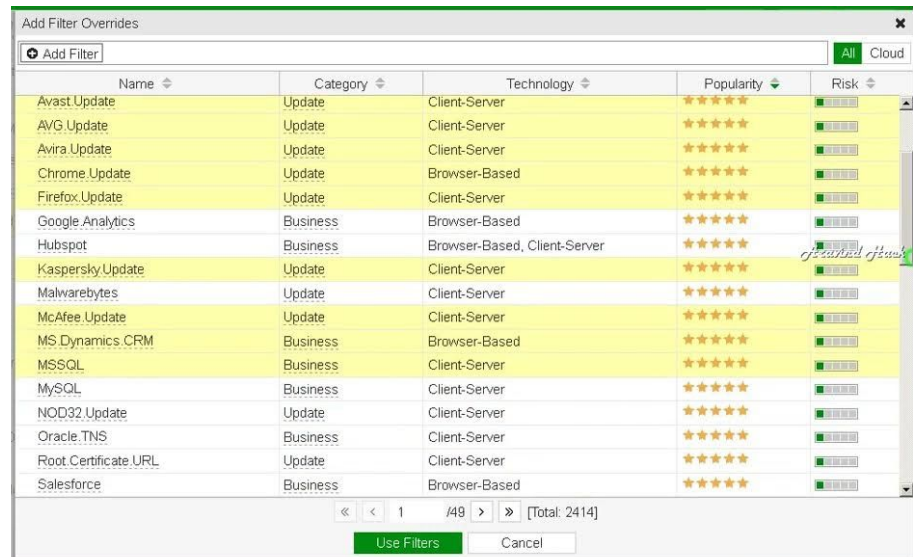
- Profiles based on group
  - Doctors have medium filtering (can view drug-related content for example but not hacking)
  - Waiting room more strict (anything potentially liable blocked for example)





# Application Control

- Identifies and controls applications running on the network, even with non-standard ports or encryption.
- Uses a large, continuously updated signature database from FortiGuard to detect thousands of applications.
- Allows administrators to allow, block, throttle, or monitor specific applications or application categories.

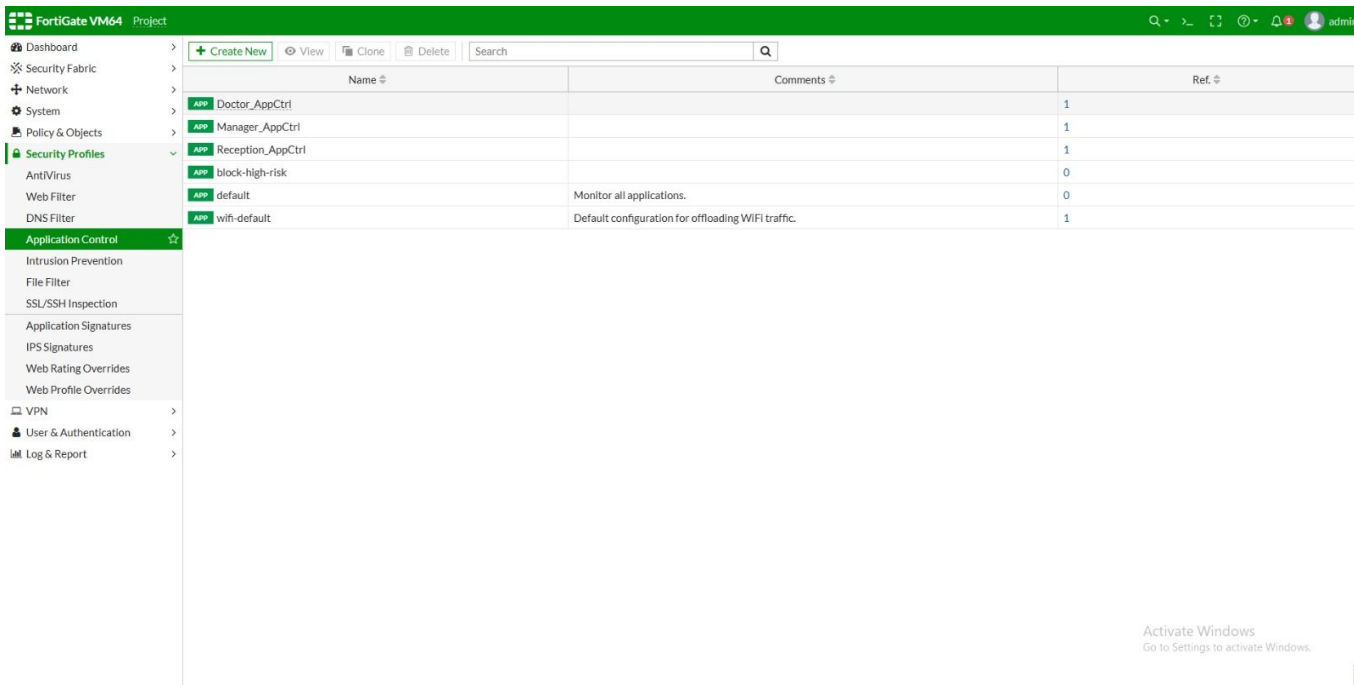


The screenshot displays the 'Add Filter Overrides' window in a FortiGuard interface. It features a table with columns for Name, Category, Technology, Popularity, and Risk. The table lists various applications and their associated details. At the bottom, there are navigation controls including a 'Use Filters' button and a 'Cancel' button.

Name	Category	Technology	Popularity	Risk
Avast.Update	Update	Client-Server	★★★★★	Low
AVG.Update	Update	Client-Server	★★★★★	Low
Avira.Update	Update	Client-Server	★★★★★	Low
Chrome.Update	Update	Browser-Based	★★★★★	Low
Firefox.Update	Update	Client-Server	★★★★★	Low
Google.Analytics	Business	Browser-Based	★★★★★	Low
Hubspot	Business	Browser-Based, Client-Server	★★★★★	Low
Kaspersky.Update	Update	Client-Server	★★★★★	Low
Malwarebytes	Update	Client-Server	★★★★★	Low
McAfee.Update	Update	Client-Server	★★★★★	Low
MS.Dynamics.CRM	Business	Browser-Based	★★★★★	Low
MSSQL	Business	Client-Server	★★★★★	Low
MySQL	Business	Client-Server	★★★★★	Low
NOD32.Update	Update	Client-Server	★★★★★	Low
Oracle.TNS	Business	Client-Server	★★★★★	Low
Root.Certificate.URL	Update	Client-Server	★★★★★	Low
Salesforce	Business	Browser-Based	★★★★★	Low

Navigation: << 1 /49 >> [Total: 2414]  
Buttons: Use Filters, Cancel

# Application Control



FortiGate VM64 Project

Dashboard > + Create New View Clone Delete Search

Security Fabric >

Network >

System >

Policy & Objects >

Security Profiles >

- Antivirus
- Web Filter
- DNS Filter
- Application Control** ☆
- Intrusion Prevention
- File Filter
- SSL/SSH Inspection
- Application Signatures
- IPS Signatures
- Web Rating Overrides
- Web Profile Overrides

VPN >

User & Authentication >

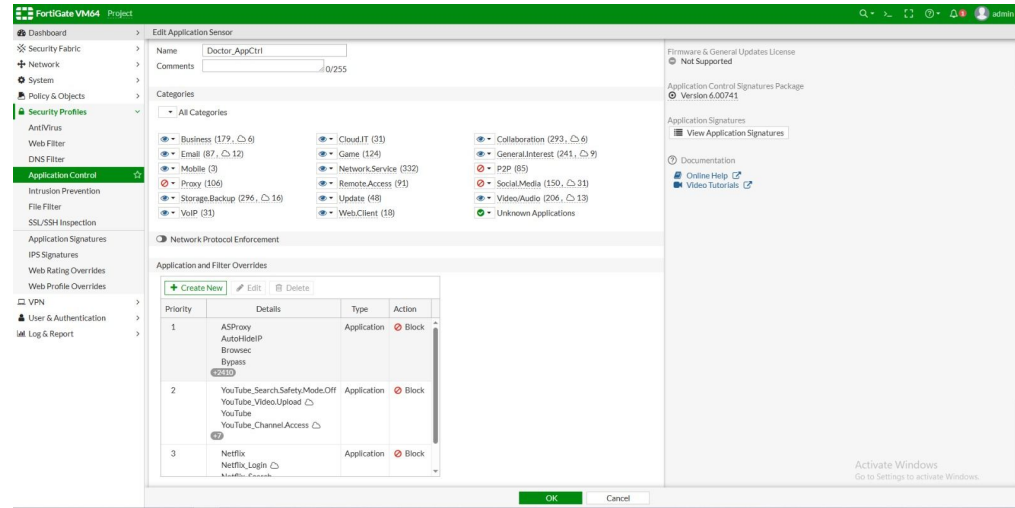
Log & Report >

Name	Comments	Ref.
APP Doctor_AppCtrl		1
APP Manager_AppCtrl		1
APP Reception_AppCtrl		1
APP block-high-risk		0
APP default	Monitor all applications.	0
APP wifi-default	Default configuration for offloading WIFI traffic.	1

Activate Windows  
Go to Settings to activate Windows.

# Application Control

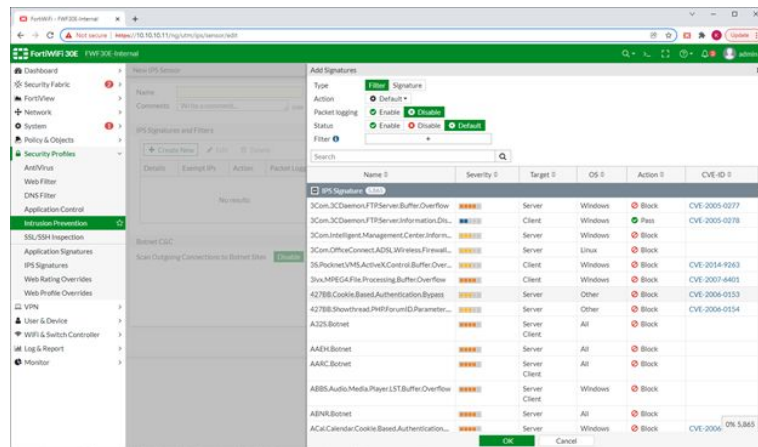
- Control who accesses what to avoid abuse of network
- Limit non-essential applications for staff—e.g., doctors cannot access Netflix during shifts.
- Restrict high-bandwidth applications for guests to maintain network performance.





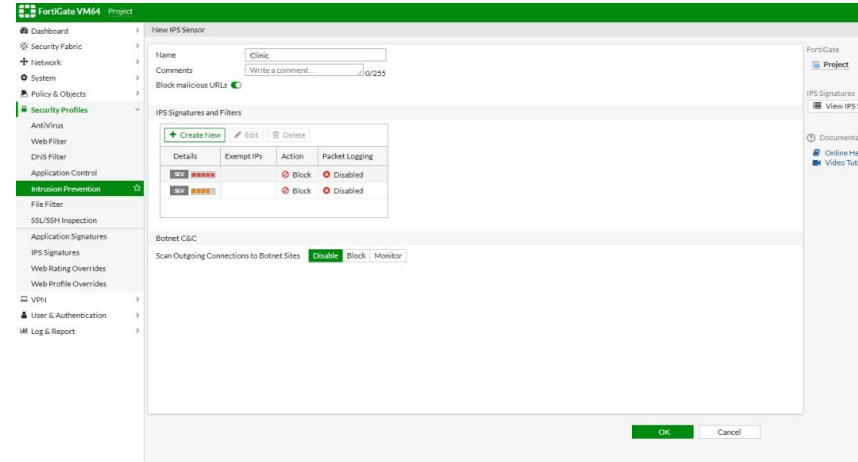
# IPS

- Detects and blocks network attacks by inspecting traffic for malicious patterns and exploits.
- Uses FortiGuard signature updates to identify known and emerging vulnerabilities.
- Protects systems from threats like buffer overflows, port scans, evasion attempts, and protocol violations.



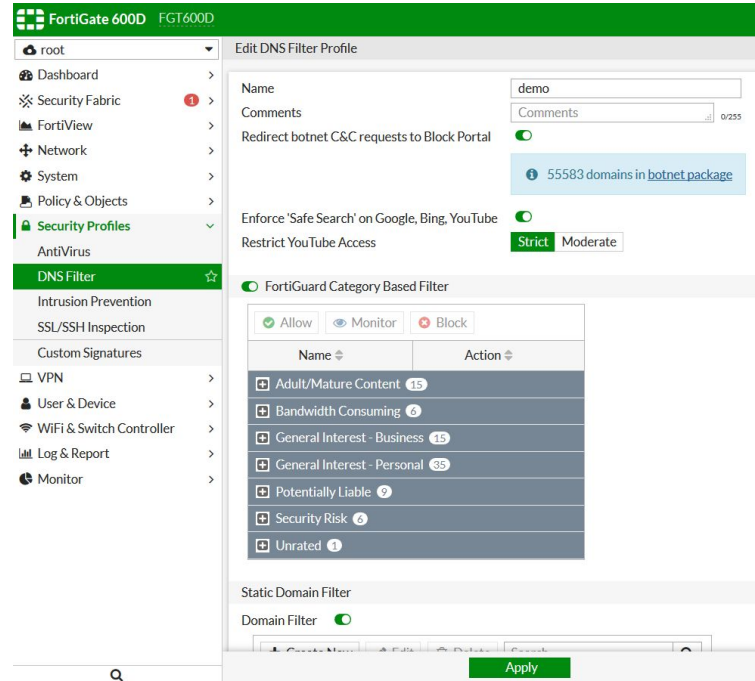
# IPS Implementation

- Implemented an IPS sensor to actively monitor and protect the clinic's network.
- Automatically block signatures classified as highly critical to prevent severe security incidents.
- Block access to known malicious URLs to reduce exposure to web-based threats.



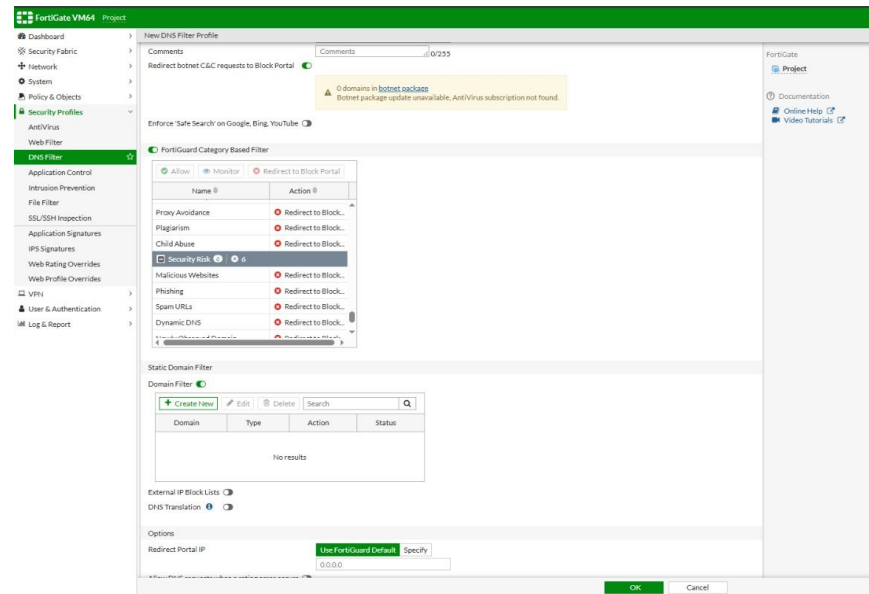
# DNS Filtering

- Blocks malicious or unwanted domains at the DNS lookup stage, before any web connection is made.
- Uses FortiGuard DNS intelligence to stop phishing, botnet, and malware-related domains.
- DNS Filtering blocks threats earlier at the domain-lookup level with lower overhead than Web Filtering which inspects full web traffic.



# DNS Filtering

- Enabled filtering to control access based on website categories.
- Block sites that present security risks, contain inappropriate content, etc.





# Expected Outcomes

## Antivirus



### High Security Alert

You are not permitted to download the file "windows.exe" because it is infected with the virus "FSA/RISK\_MEDIUM".

URL	<a href="https://filegen.fortinet.com/v1/sandbox-file?file_name=windows.exe&amp;s=ftnt">https://filegen.fortinet.com/v1/sandbox-file?file_name=windows.exe&amp;s=ftnt</a>
Quarantined File Name	b0693ac0.windows.exe
Reference URL	<a href="http://www.fortinet.com/ve?vn=FSA%2FRISK_MEDIUM">http://www.fortinet.com/ve?vn=FSA%2FRISK_MEDIUM</a>

## Web Filtering

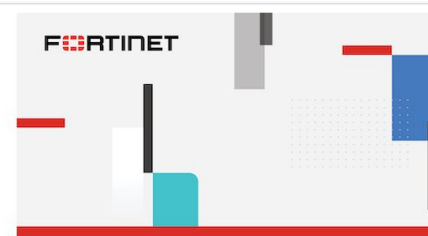


### Web Page Blocked

An error occurred while trying to rate the website using the webfiltering service.

Web Filter Service Error N/A

## Application Control



### FortiGate Application Control

#### Application Blocked

You have attempted to use an application that violates your Internet usage policy.

Application	Windows.NT.6.3.Web.Surfing
Category	Web.Client
URL	<a href="http://nhl.com/">http://nhl.com/</a>
Policy	645f5f78-57db-51ee-9b3a-ea49bd1203ab





# Project Achievements

- Scalability
  - Inter-VLAN design supports adding departments and subnets easily.
  - Port Channels increase uplink capacity as traffic grows.
  - FortiGate objects simplify scaling security policies.
- Centralized Manageability
  - DHCP automates IP assignment across all VLANs.
  - PVST improves L2 control and speeds up troubleshooting.
  - FortiGate policies centralize all firewall and security management.
- High Availability & Redundancy
  - PVST maintains loop-free L2 operation with optimized paths.
  - Port Channels keep traffic running even if a link fails.



# Project Achievements

- Security Enhancement
  - Firewall policies segment traffic and enforce access control.
  - Web Filtering, Antivirus, and App Control protect against malicious sites, malware, risky apps, and exploits.
  - Inter-VLAN segmentation reduces lateral movement.



# Project Beneficiaries

- Network Administrators / IT Team
  - Easier management, faster troubleshooting, better visibility, and reduced manual workload.
- Security Operations Personnel
  - Stronger threat prevention, clearer logs, and more centralized policy control.
- End Users (Employees/Students/Staff)
  - Faster network performance, safer browsing, and fewer outages or disruptions.
- Organization / Management
  - Improved security posture, reduced risk, better compliance, and long-term scalability.
- Business Services / Applications
  - Benefit from stable routing, reliable connectivity, and less downtime caused by network issues.



## What We Learned

- Network design
- Routing & switching
- Firewall & security policy management
- Troubleshooting & monitoring
- Real world infrastructure skills
- Documentation & presentation