



Searching and Sorting Class - 3

Special class

$\rightarrow i/p \rightarrow$

Divisor = 2

dividend = 10

Divisor
=

Dividend

Quotient

Product

A diagram illustrating long division. A horizontal line with a bracket above it represents the division bar. Inside the bar, 'D' (Dividend) is written above '10'. Below the bar, '2' (Divisor) is written. An arrow points from the dividend '10' down to the divisor '2'. Another arrow points from the divisor '2' right to the quotient '5' (written below the bar). A final arrow points from the quotient '5' down to the remainder '0' (written below the bar).

$$2 * 5 + 0 = 10$$

Reminder

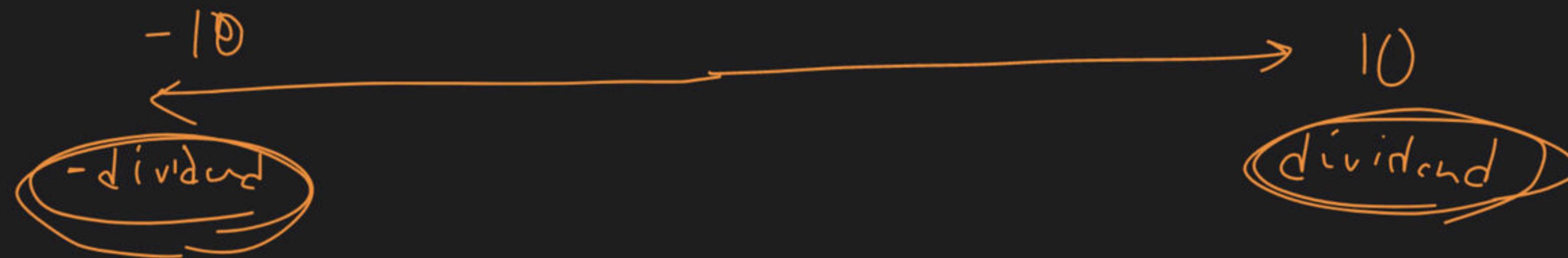
divisor * Quotient + Remainder = Dividend

dividend = 10

divisor = 2

=

$$\begin{array}{r} 10 \\ \hline -1 \end{array}$$



dividend = 10 , divisor ≤ 2

Quotient \rightarrow mid

ans
~~10~~

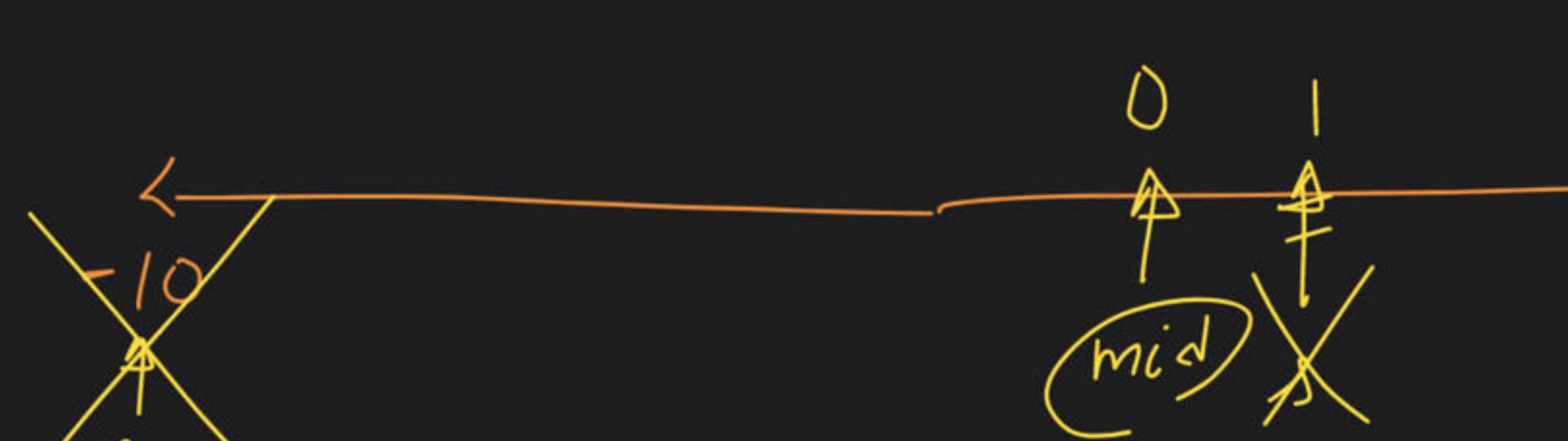
~~10~~
5

mid \rightarrow 0

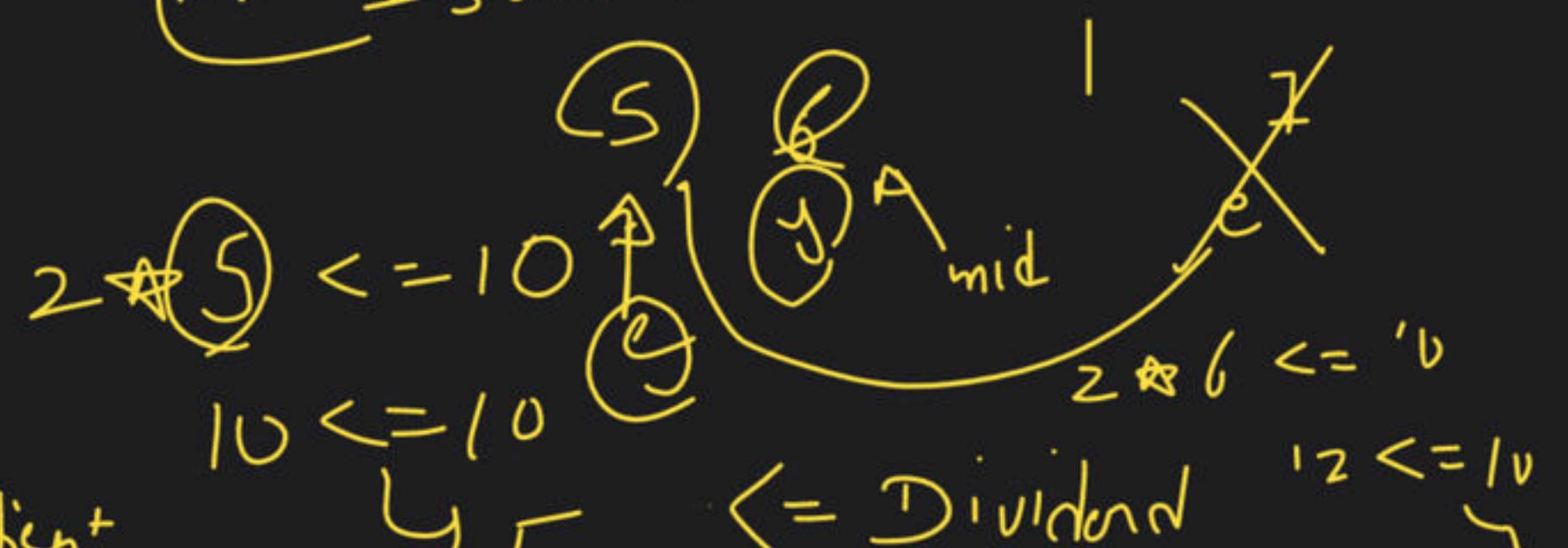
divisor * Quotient

$2 * 0 \leq 10$ dividend

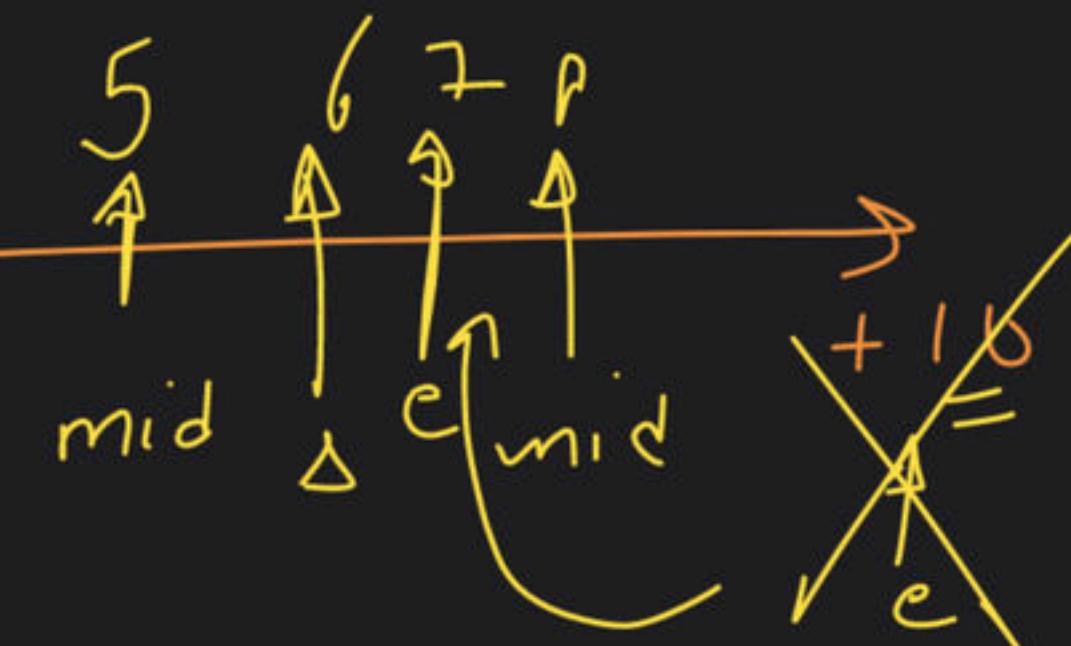
$0 \leq \text{mid}$
 $\rightarrow 0$



1 > e swt



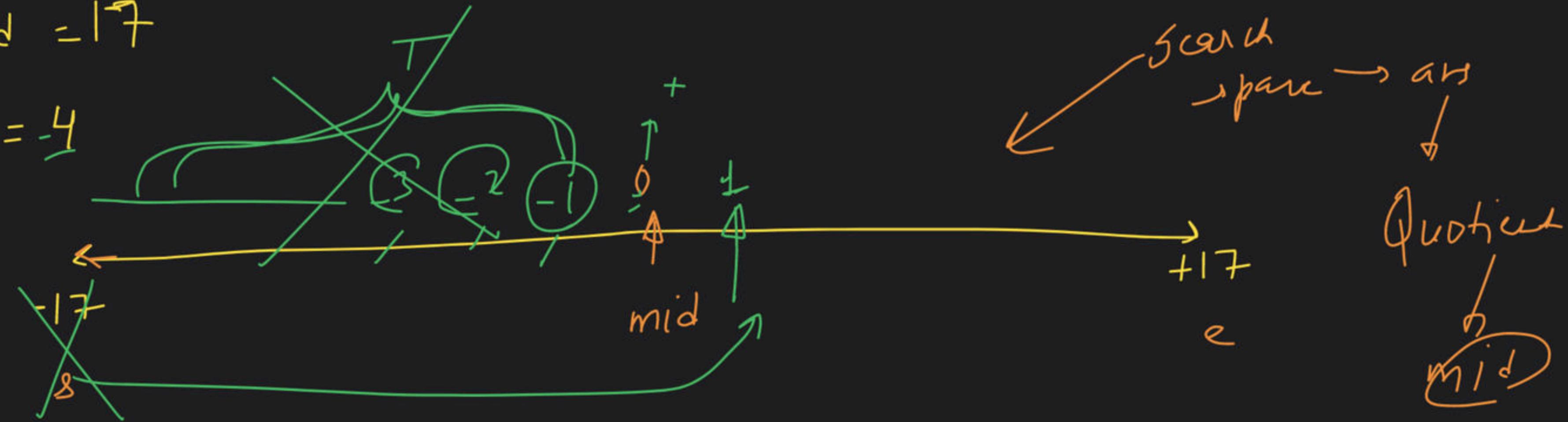
$2 * 8 \leq 10$
 $16 \leq 10$
 $\rightarrow F$



$x + y = \text{dividend}$
 $x + y \neq \text{dividend}$
 $n = \text{dividend}$
 $y = \text{dividend}$
 $n \leq \text{dividend}$
 $x < \text{dividend}$

dividend = 17

divisor = 4



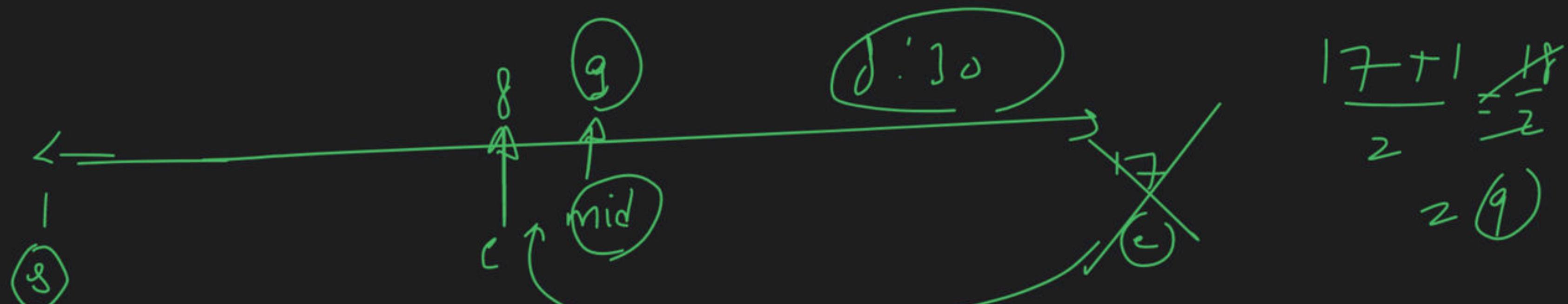
ans
↓
0

$$\text{divisor} \star \text{Quotient} + \cancel{\text{rem}} = \text{dividend}$$

$$\text{divisor} \star \text{Quotient} \leq \text{dividend}$$

$$4 \star 0 \leq 17$$

$$Q \leq 17 \rightarrow (T)$$

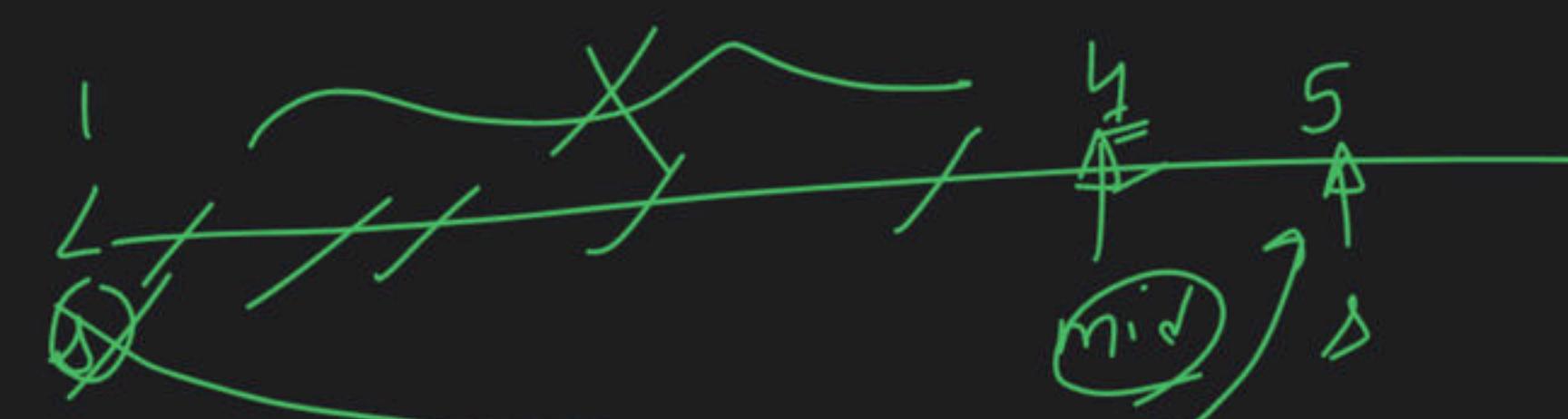


$$y * 9 \leq 17$$

$$36 \leq 17$$

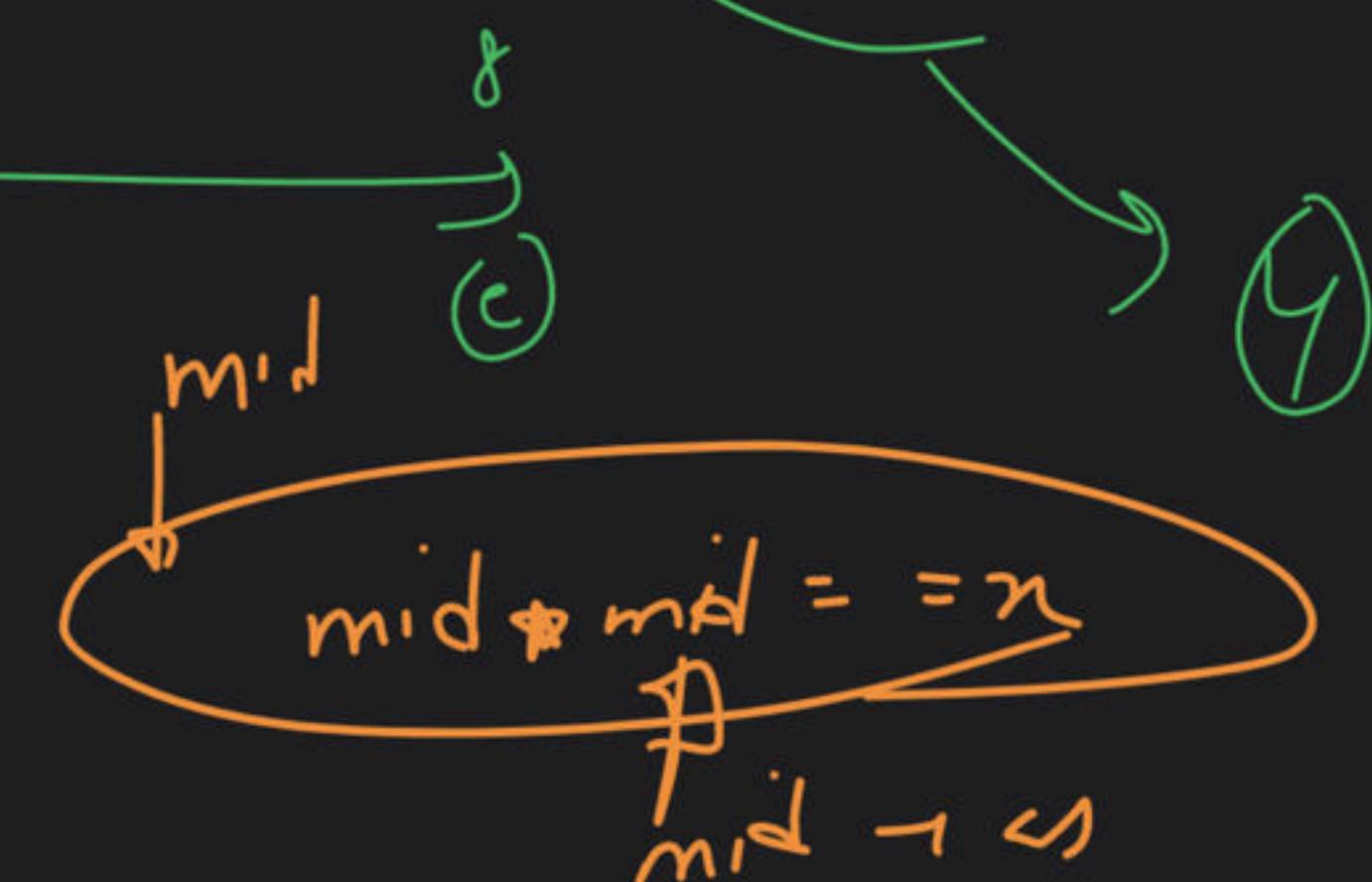
$\rightarrow F \rightarrow 14t$

$$\frac{17}{y}$$



$$y * y \leq 17$$

$16 \leq 17 \rightarrow T$

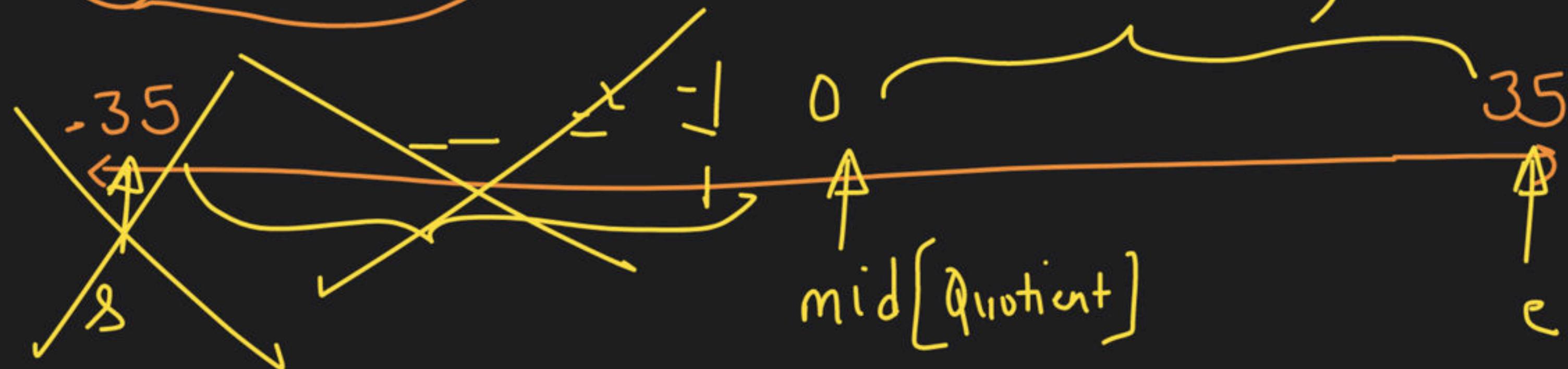


dividend = 35

divisor = 4

divisor * Quotient + ~~Remainder~~ = dividend

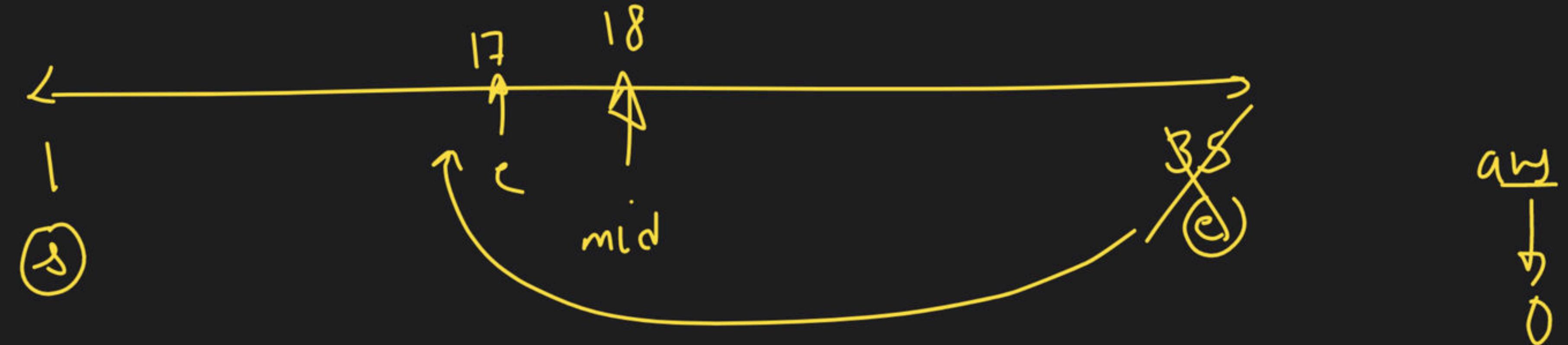
divisor * Quotient <= dividend



$$4 \star 0 = 0 = 35$$

$$0 < 35$$

$$s = mid + 1$$



$$4 \star 18 = 72 = 35$$

$$72 \text{ } \textcircled{Q} 35$$

left



$$4 \star 9 = 36 = 35$$

\rightarrow left $c = mid - 1$



$$4 * 4 = 16 = 35^{\circ}$$

$\leftarrow \rightarrow$ $s \leftarrow c$

$n \leftarrow$

$$j = mid + 1$$





$$4 * 6 = 24 = \overline{35}$$

↗ \rightarrow \leftarrow
 ↘ \rightarrow \leftarrow
 ↙ \rightarrow \leftarrow

↗ \rightarrow \leftarrow
 ↘ \rightarrow \leftarrow
 ↙ \rightarrow \leftarrow

↗ \rightarrow \leftarrow
 ↘ \rightarrow \leftarrow
 ↙ \rightarrow \leftarrow

ans
↓
6

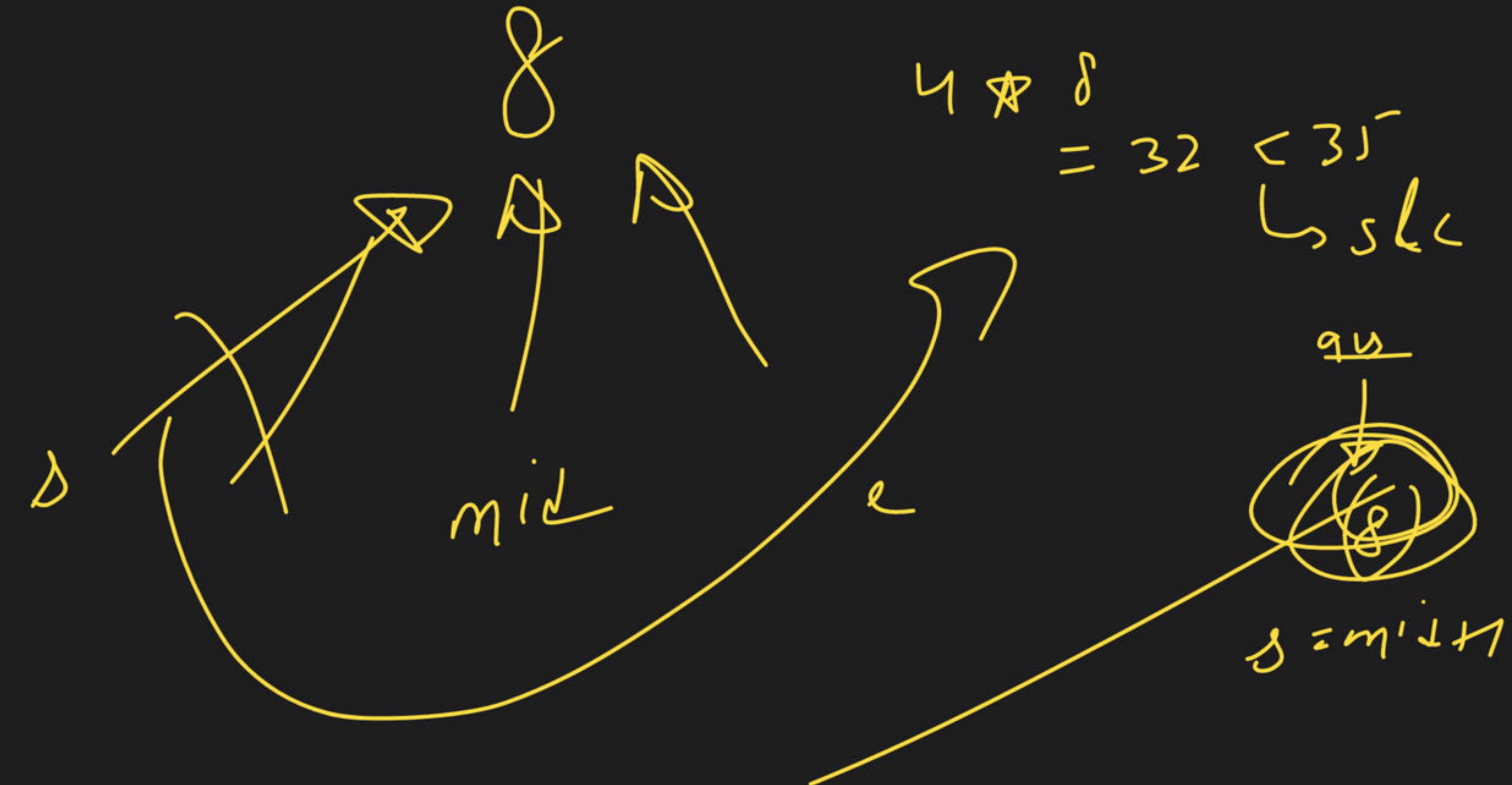


$$y \star f = 28 \text{ } \textcircled{B5^-}$$

↳ s & c

↳ $\lambda = \text{mid} + 1$

ans
↓
f



e
↓
f



$\delta > c$ → STOP

$$\begin{array}{r} 4 \\ \sqrt{35} \\ \hline 32 \\ \hline 3 \end{array}$$

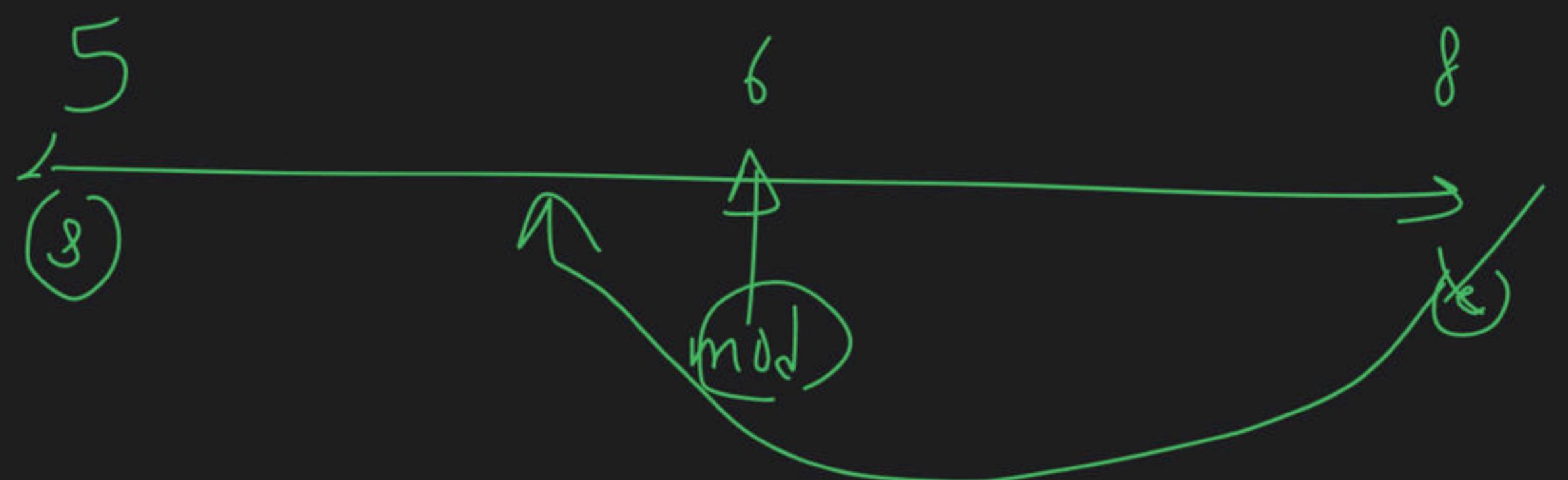
A handwritten division problem. The divisor is 4, the dividend is 35, and the quotient is 8. A curved arrow points from the circled '8' to the word 'STOP' above it. Another curved arrow points from the circled '8' to the remainder '3'.

$$4 \sqrt{35}$$

$$\frac{35}{4} = 8\overline{75}$$

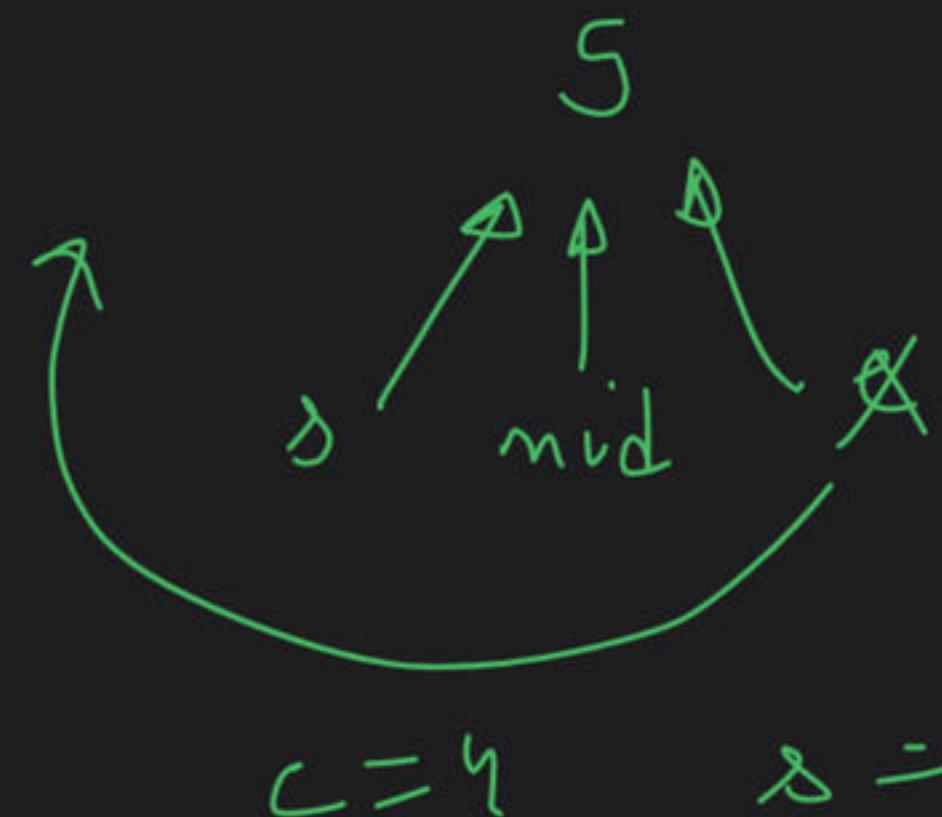
Start

Link



$$4 * 6 \leq 17$$

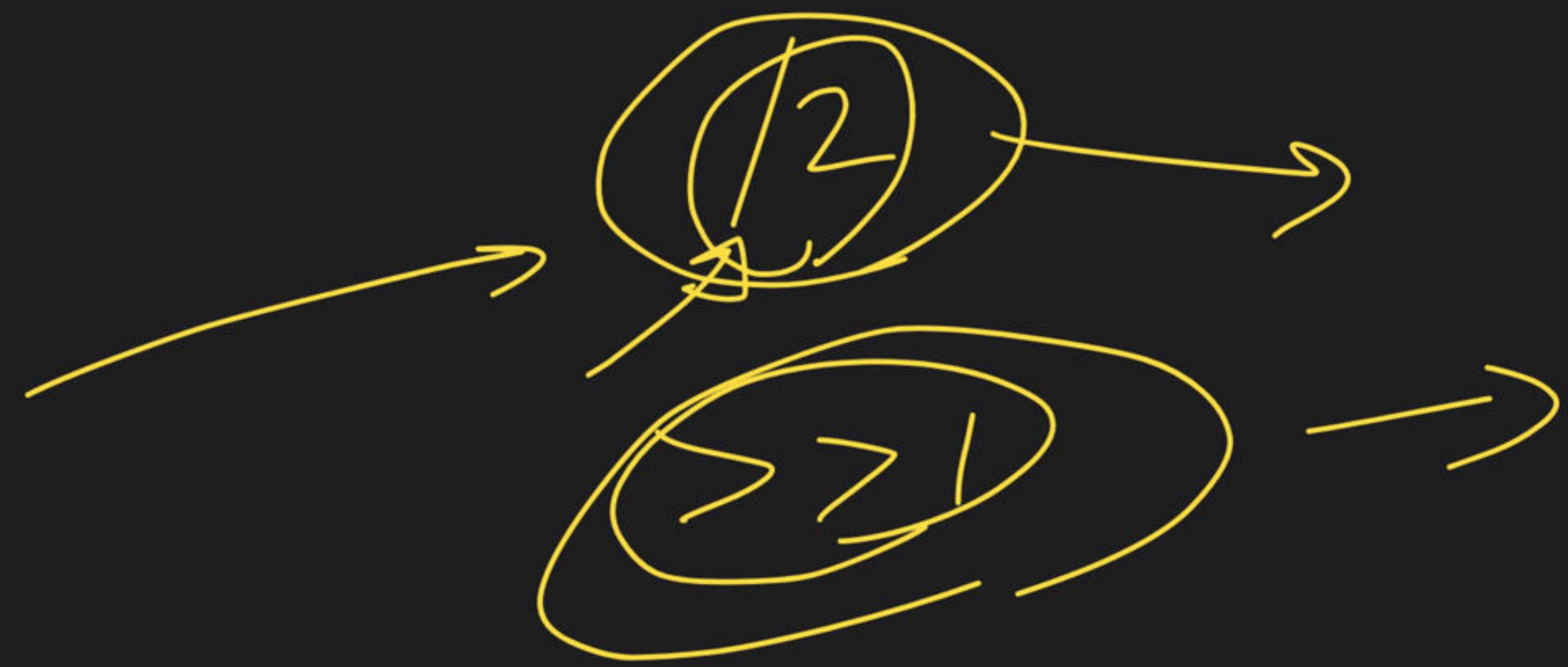
$$\frac{20}{4} \leq 17 \rightarrow \text{False}$$



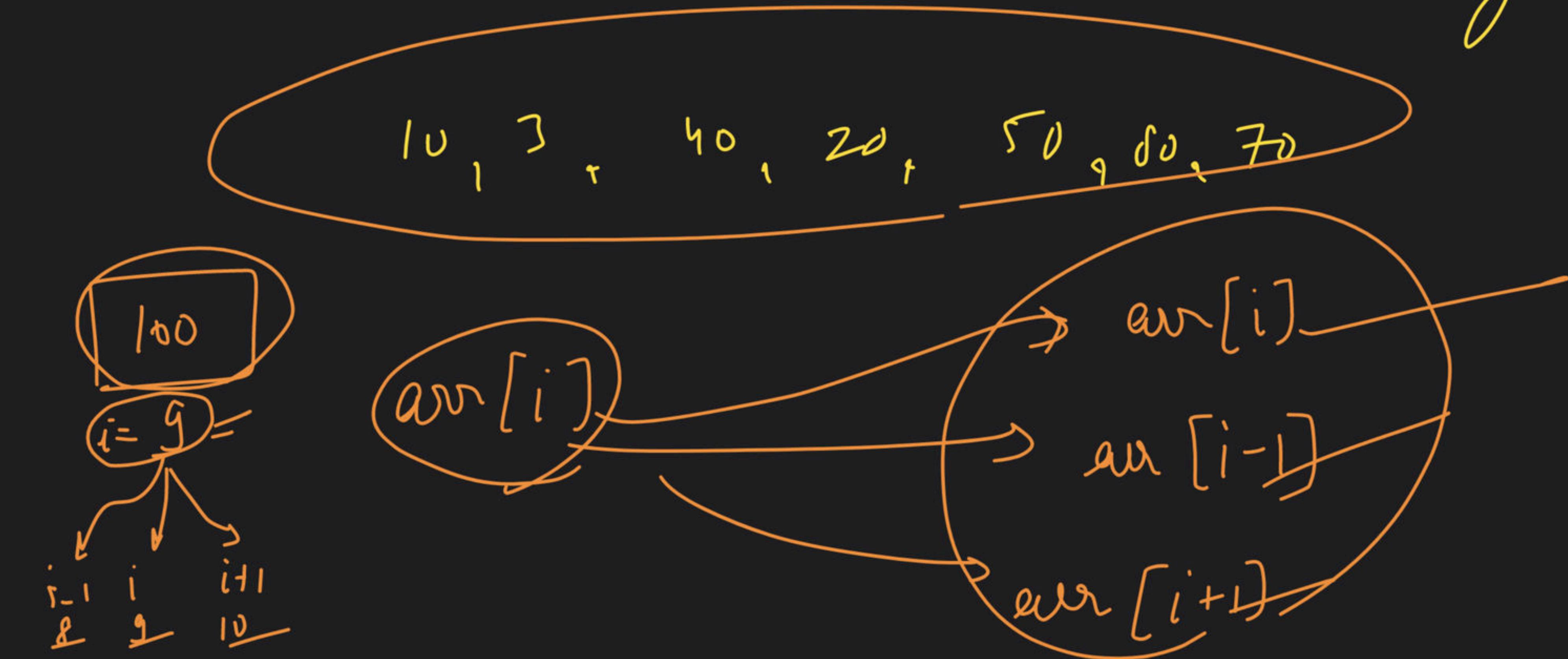
$$4 * 5 \leq 17$$

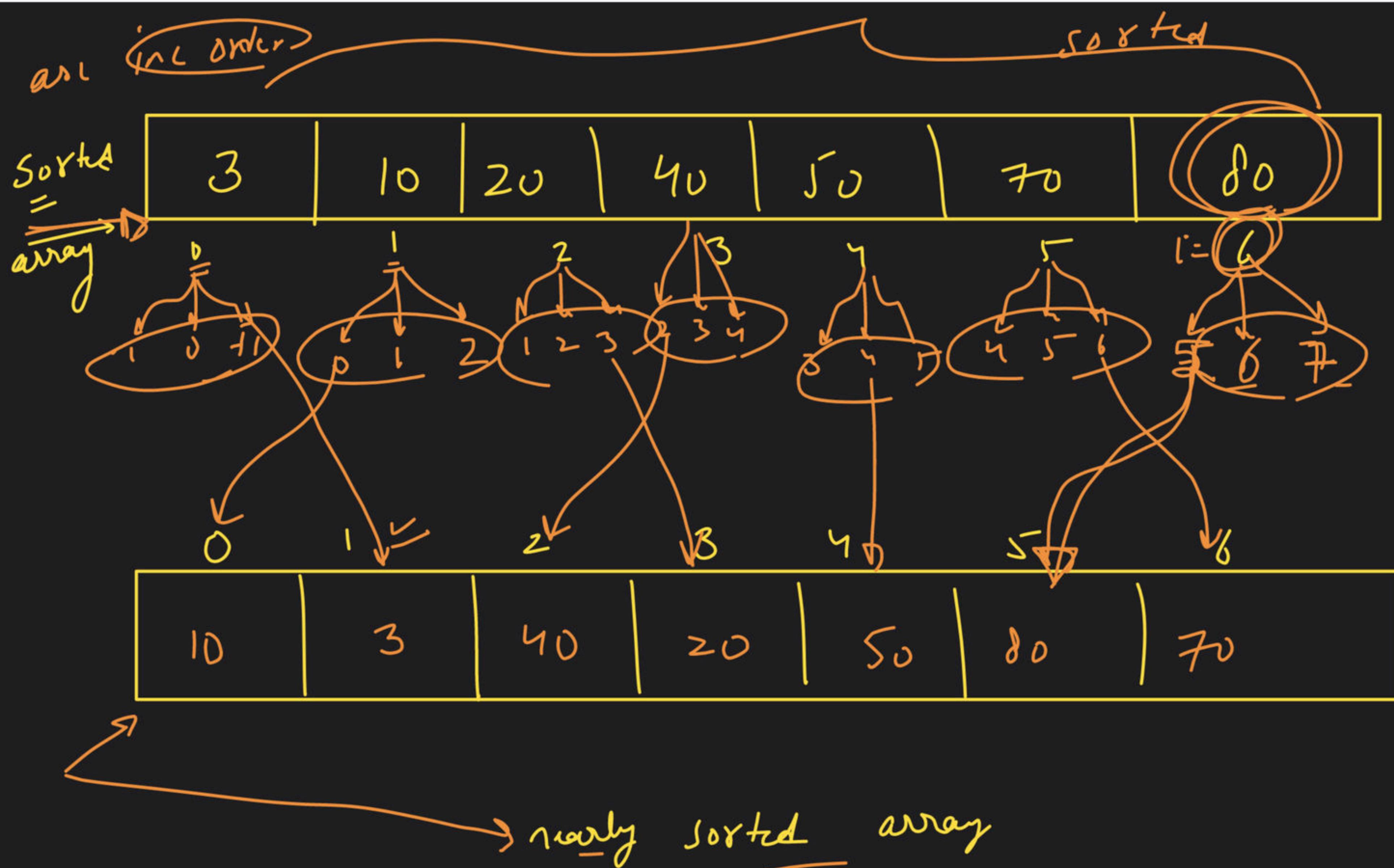
$$20 < 17 \rightarrow \text{False} \rightarrow \text{Break}$$

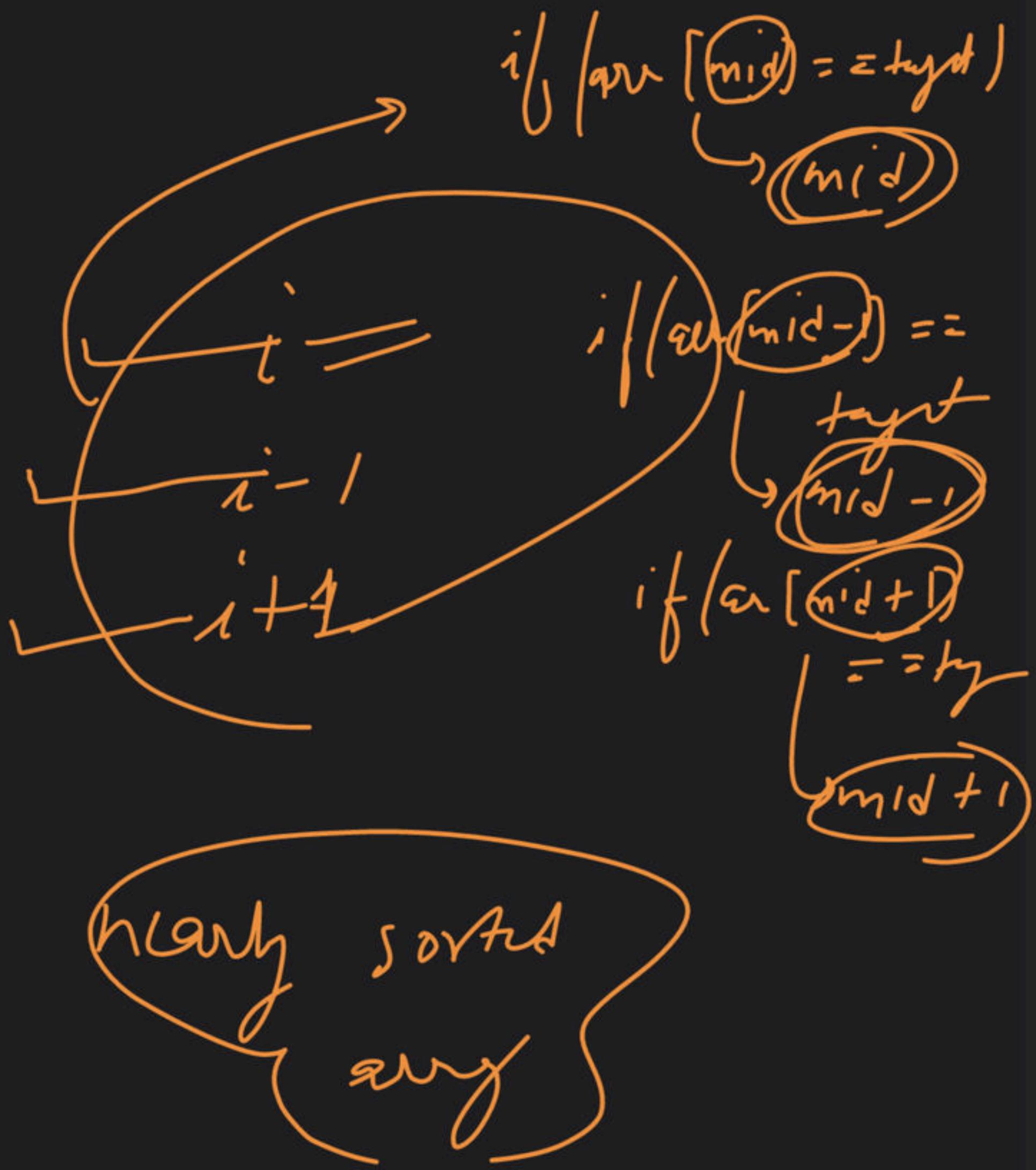
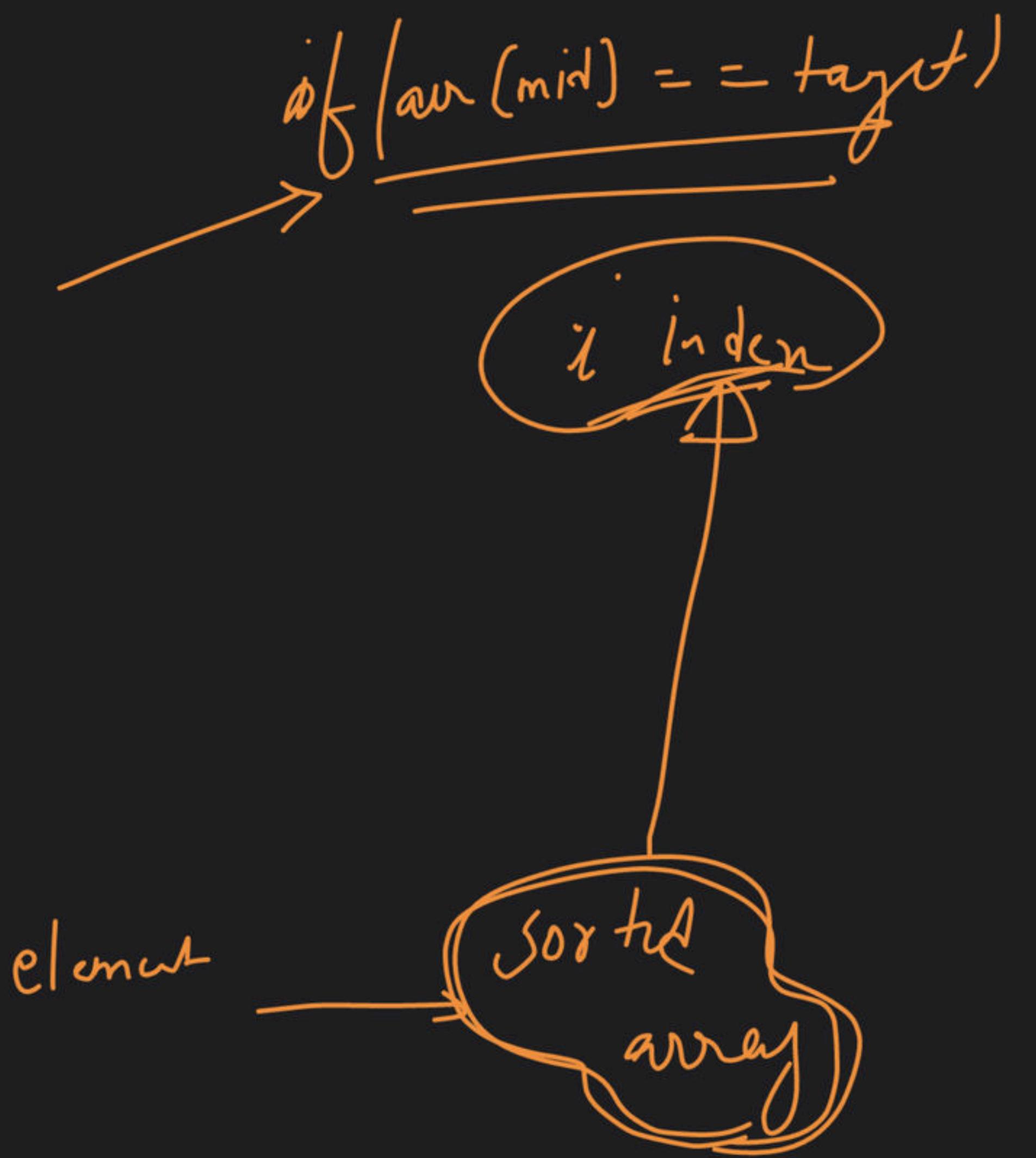
$s = 4 \quad s = 5 \rightarrow s > c \rightarrow \text{Break}$

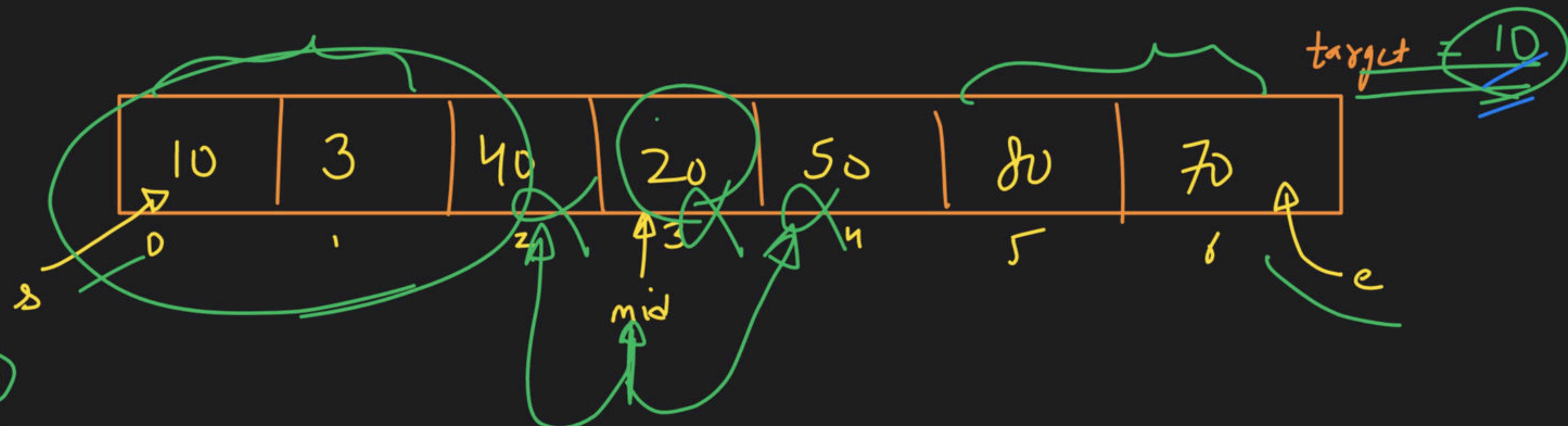


→ Search in a nearly / almost sorted array

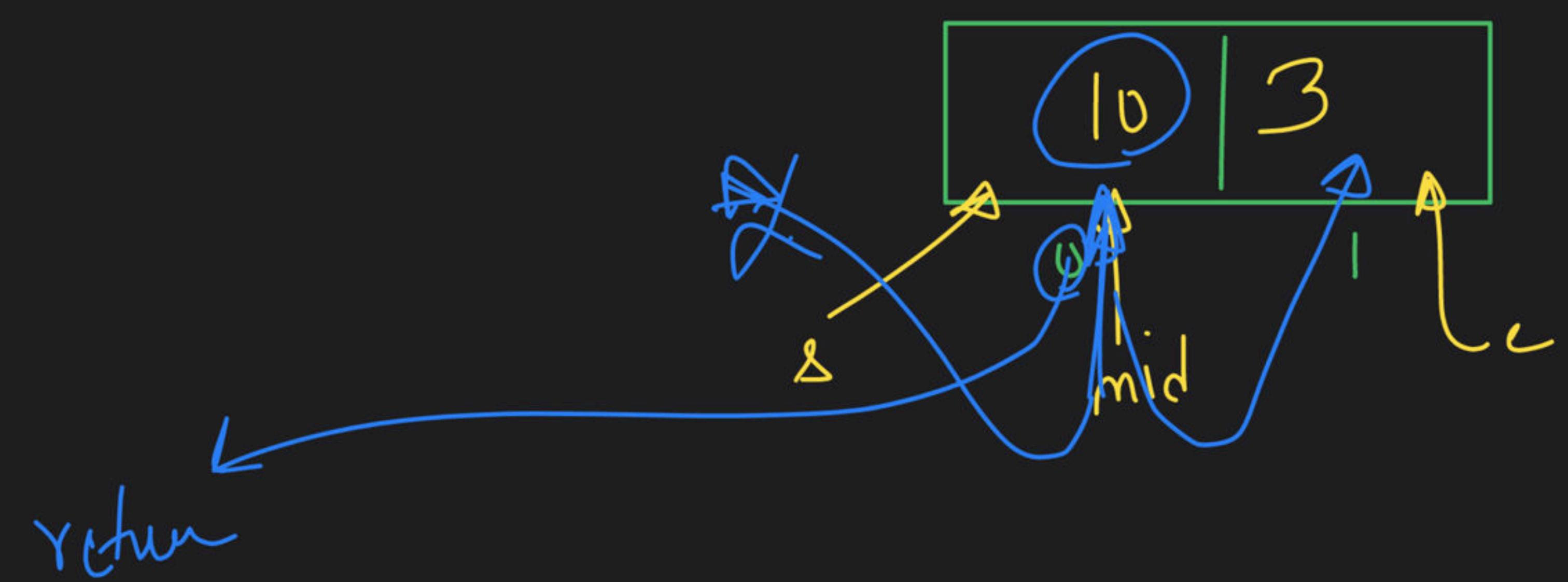




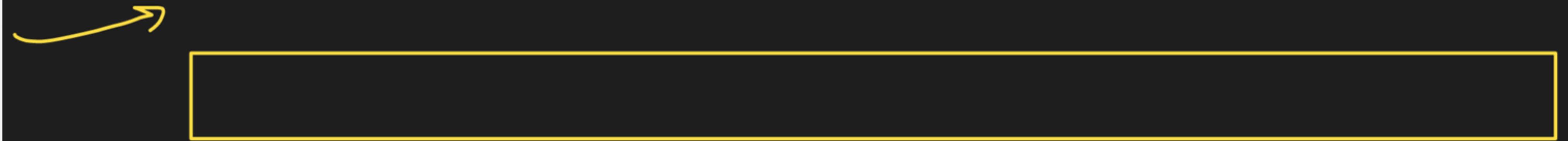


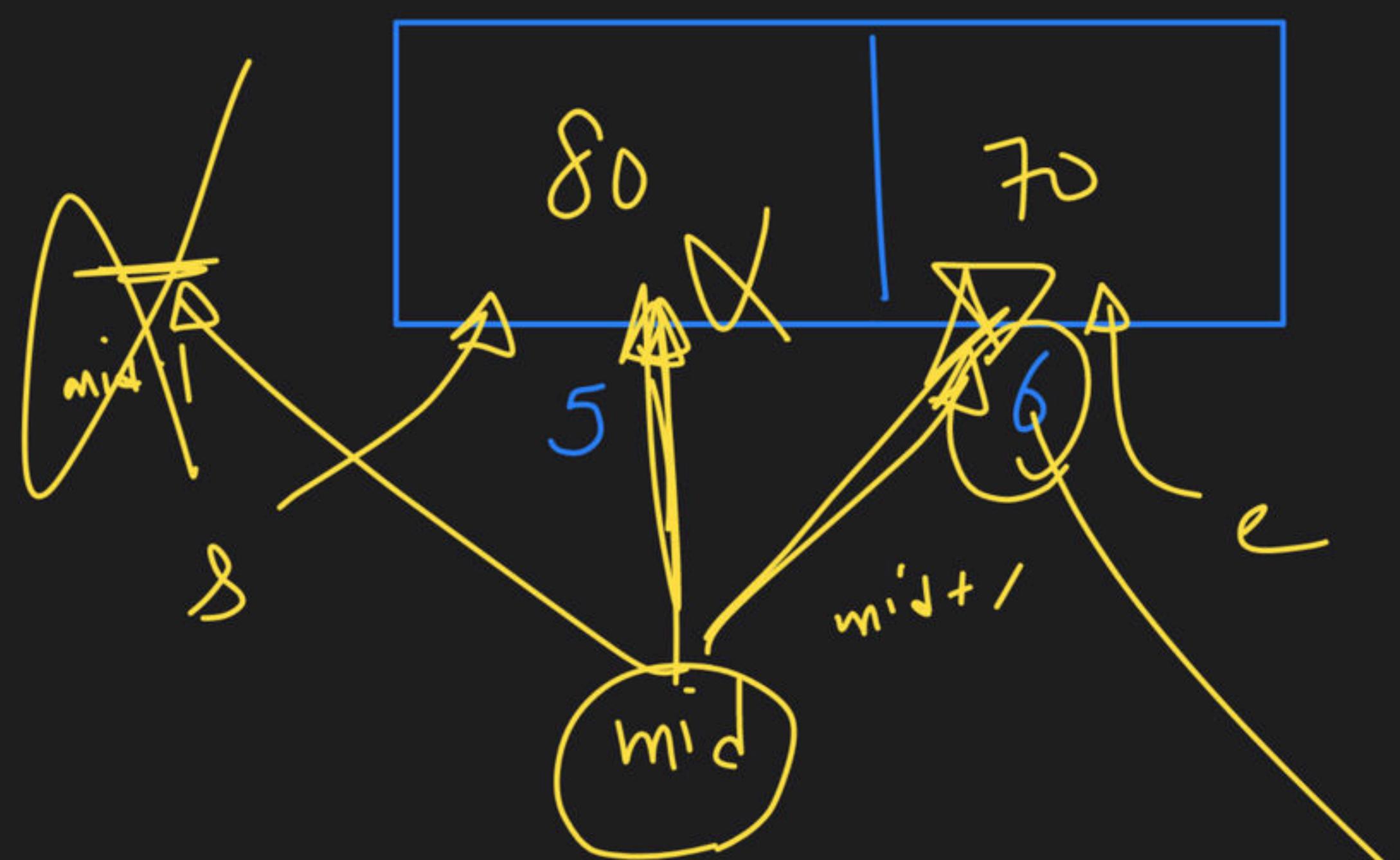


$s = 0$
 $e = 6$
 $mid = 3$



return





$\alpha = 5^\circ$
 $c = 1$
 $mid = 5^\circ$
 γ_{turn}

Sorted



nearly
sorted

sorted array :-



→ Odd occurring element :- $\text{Sort}() \rightarrow O(n \log n)$

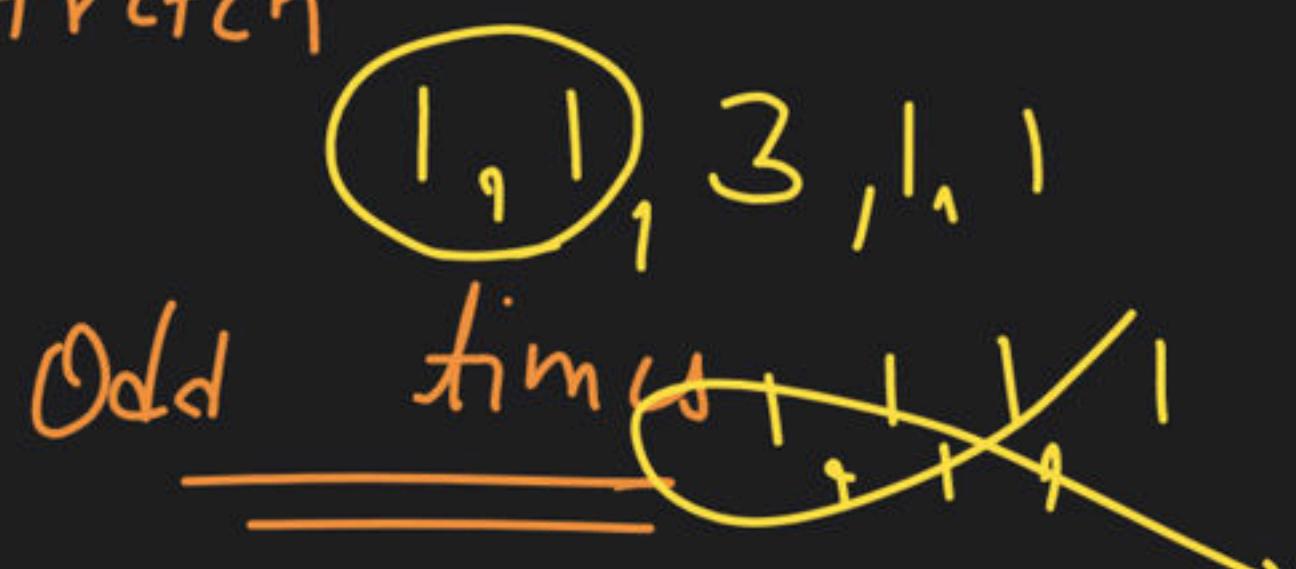
(A) all element occurs even number of times except one

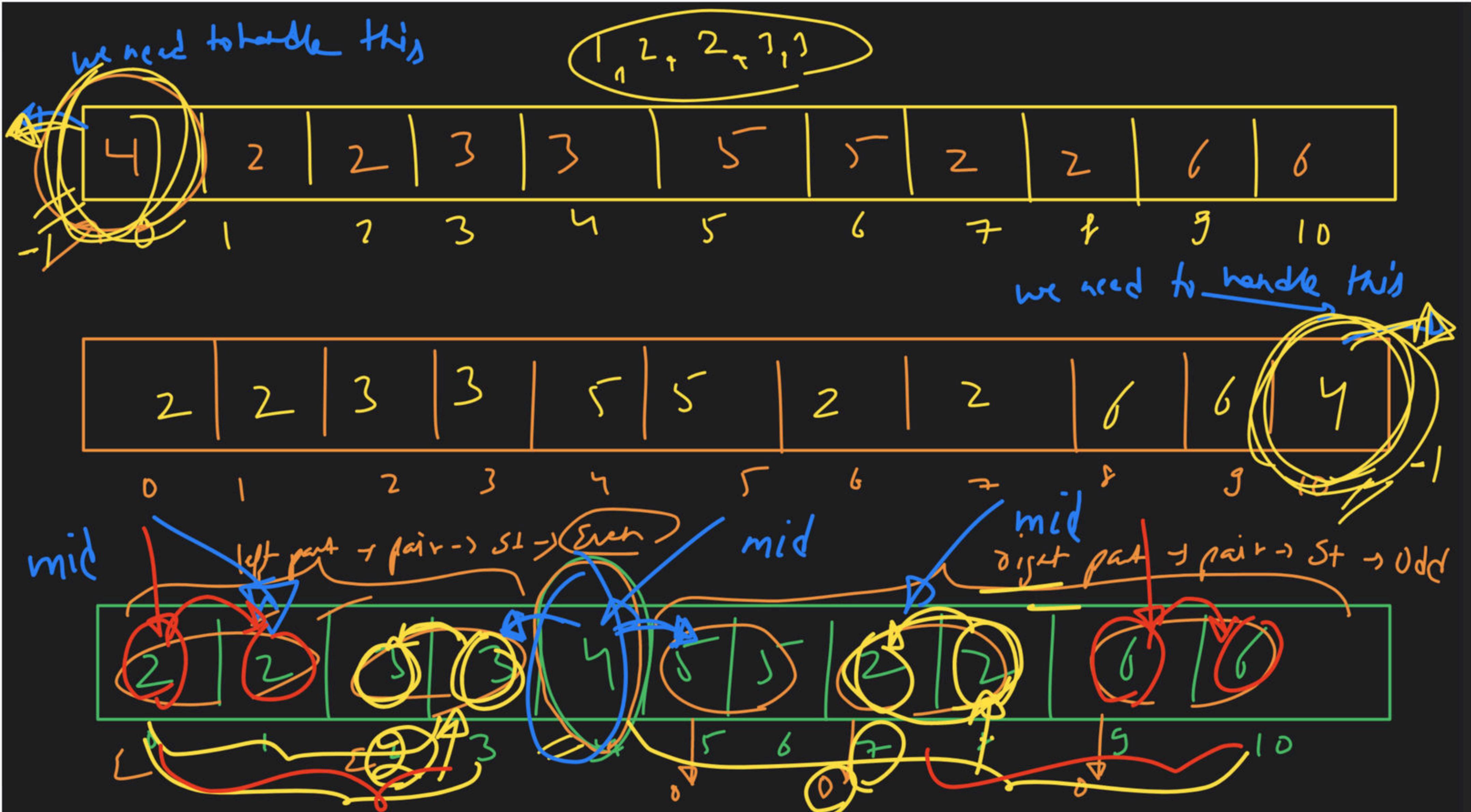
(B) element repeats itself in pairs

(C) no pair repeats itself, no number can occur more

than 2 times in a single stretch

(d) find element that occur





int curValue = arr[mid]

int

leftValue = -1

if (mid - 1 >= 0)

leftValue = arr[mid - 1]

int

rightValue = -1

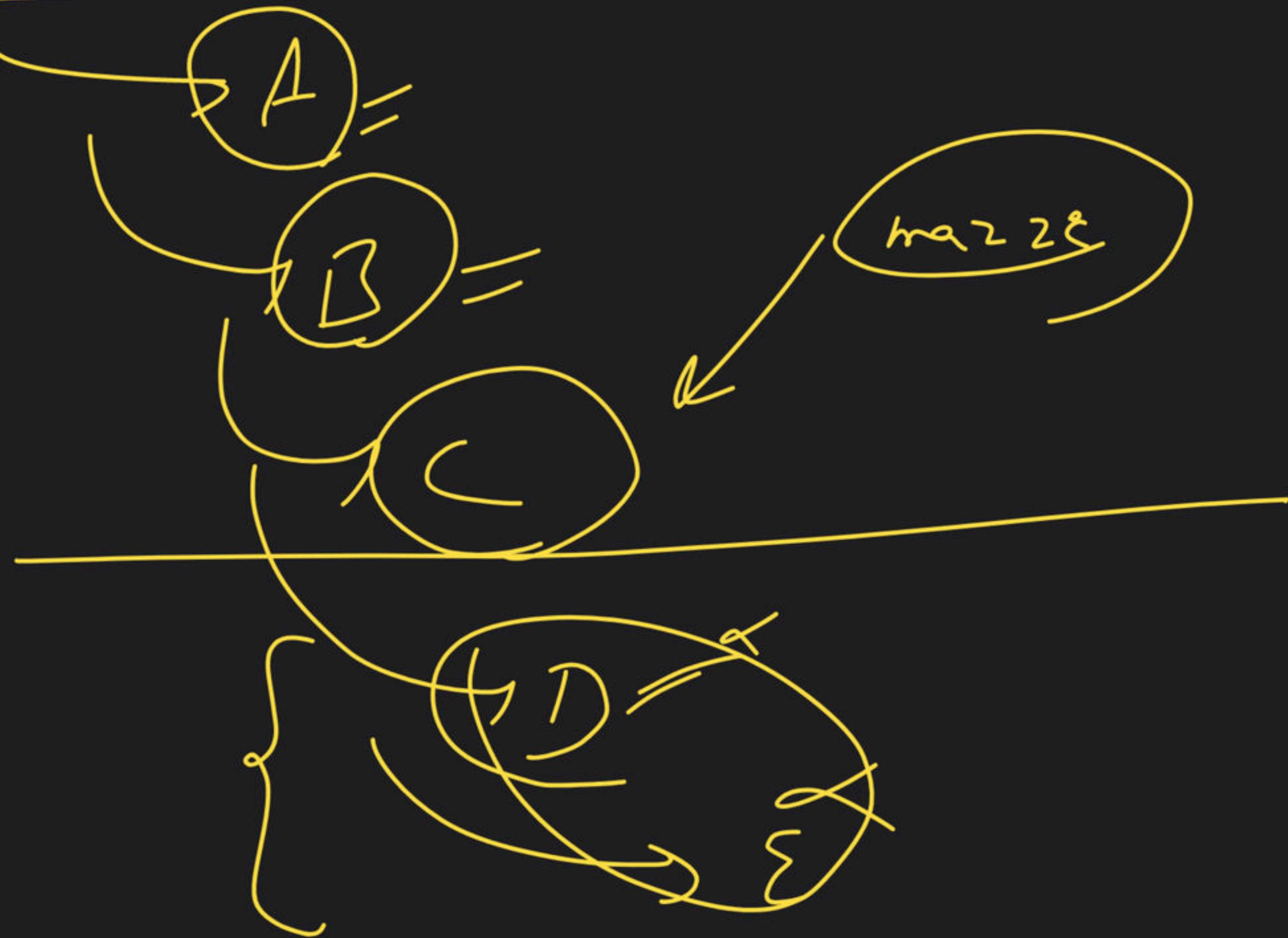
if (mid + 1 < n)

rightValue = arr[mid + 1]

Instructor

H/W

Sorting Algorithm



One min

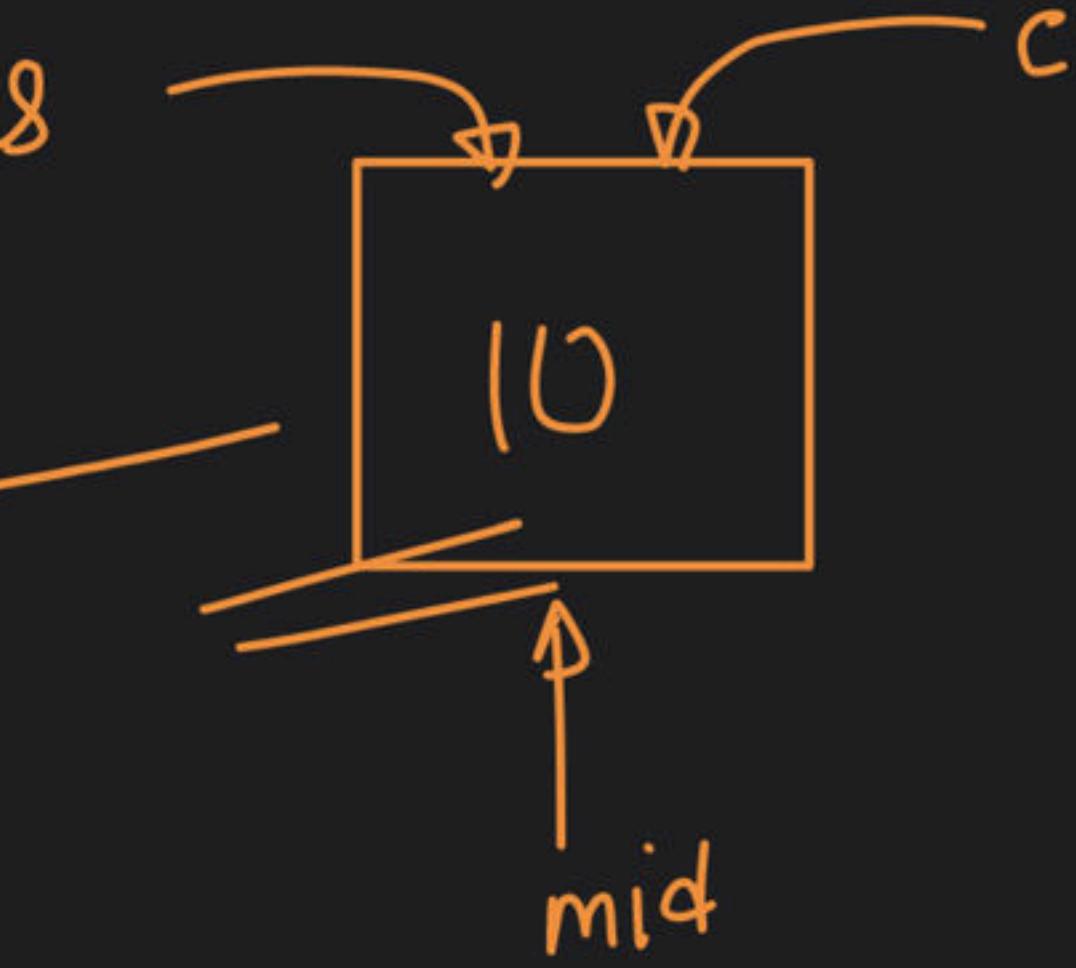
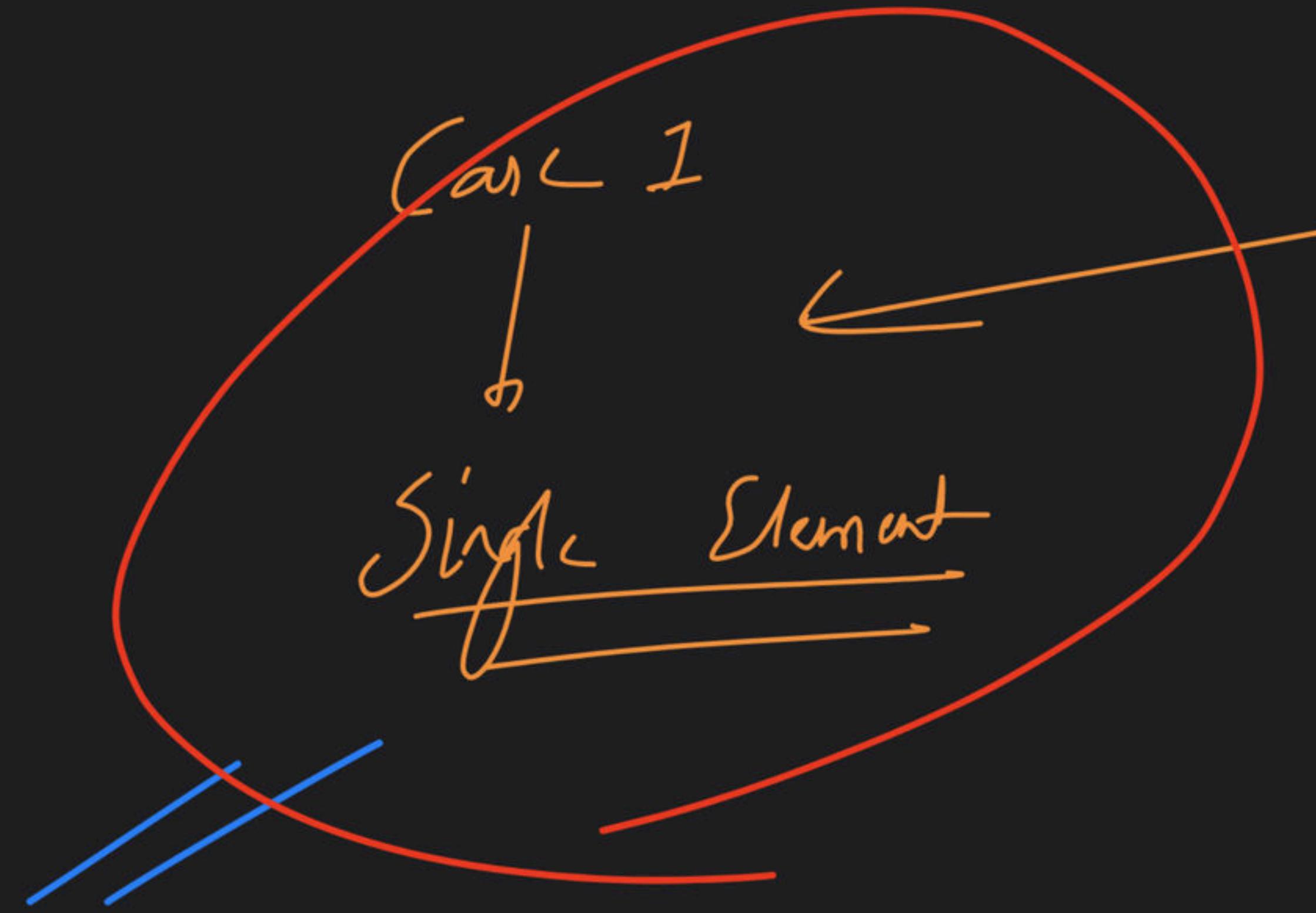
B-S

Mega Subsidy

B-S

Sgrt →
div

Hyw





Case III

left side \rightarrow duplicate

if $(\cancel{\text{arr}}[\cancel{\text{mid}} - 1] \overset{\text{left value}}{=} \cancel{\text{arr}}[\cancel{\text{mid}}])$

start $\bar{\text{index}} = \text{mid} - 1$

\rightarrow odd \rightarrow right part \rightarrow move left
 $\downarrow c = \text{mid} - 1$

Even \rightarrow left part \rightarrow more right
 $\downarrow s = \text{mid} + 1$

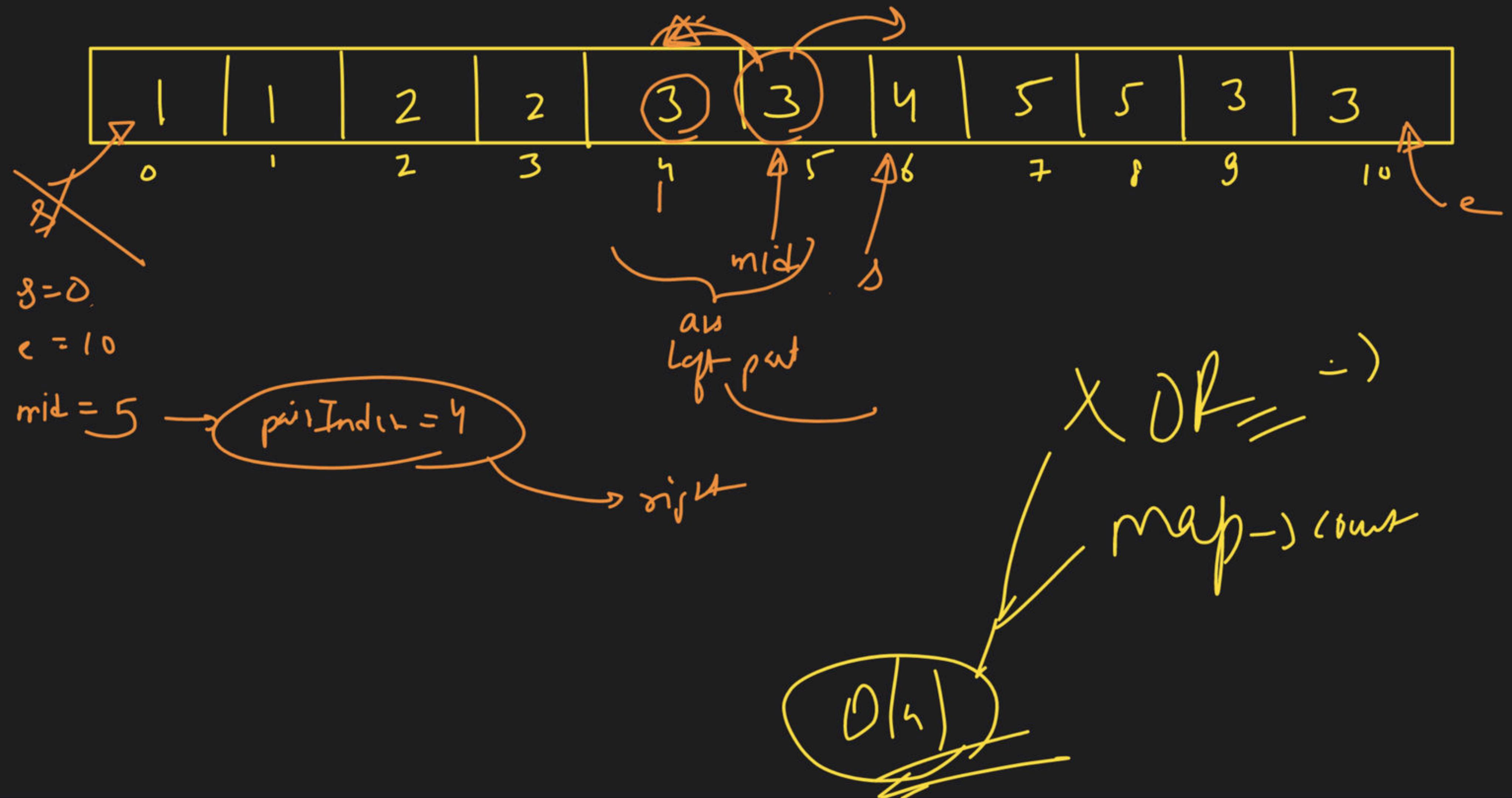
Case IV \rightarrow right \rightarrow duplicate

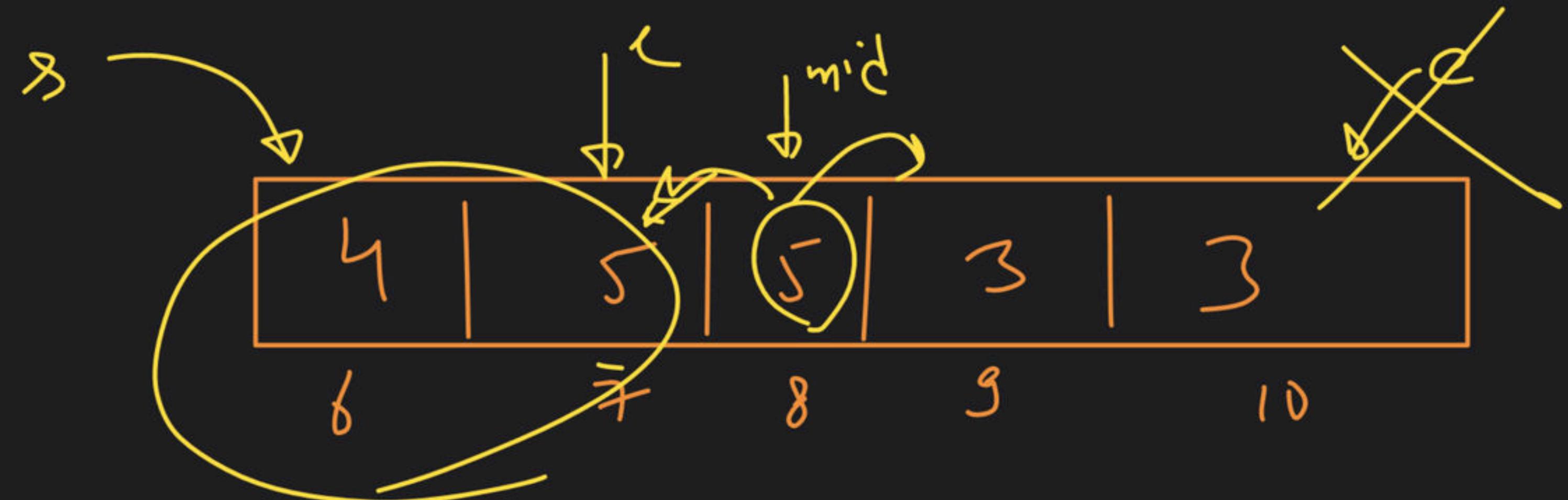
if (~~arr[mid] == arr[mid + 1]~~)

 starty Index \rightarrow mid

 odd \rightarrow R.P \rightarrow move left

 even \rightarrow left part \rightarrow move right





$$s = 6$$

$$c = 10$$

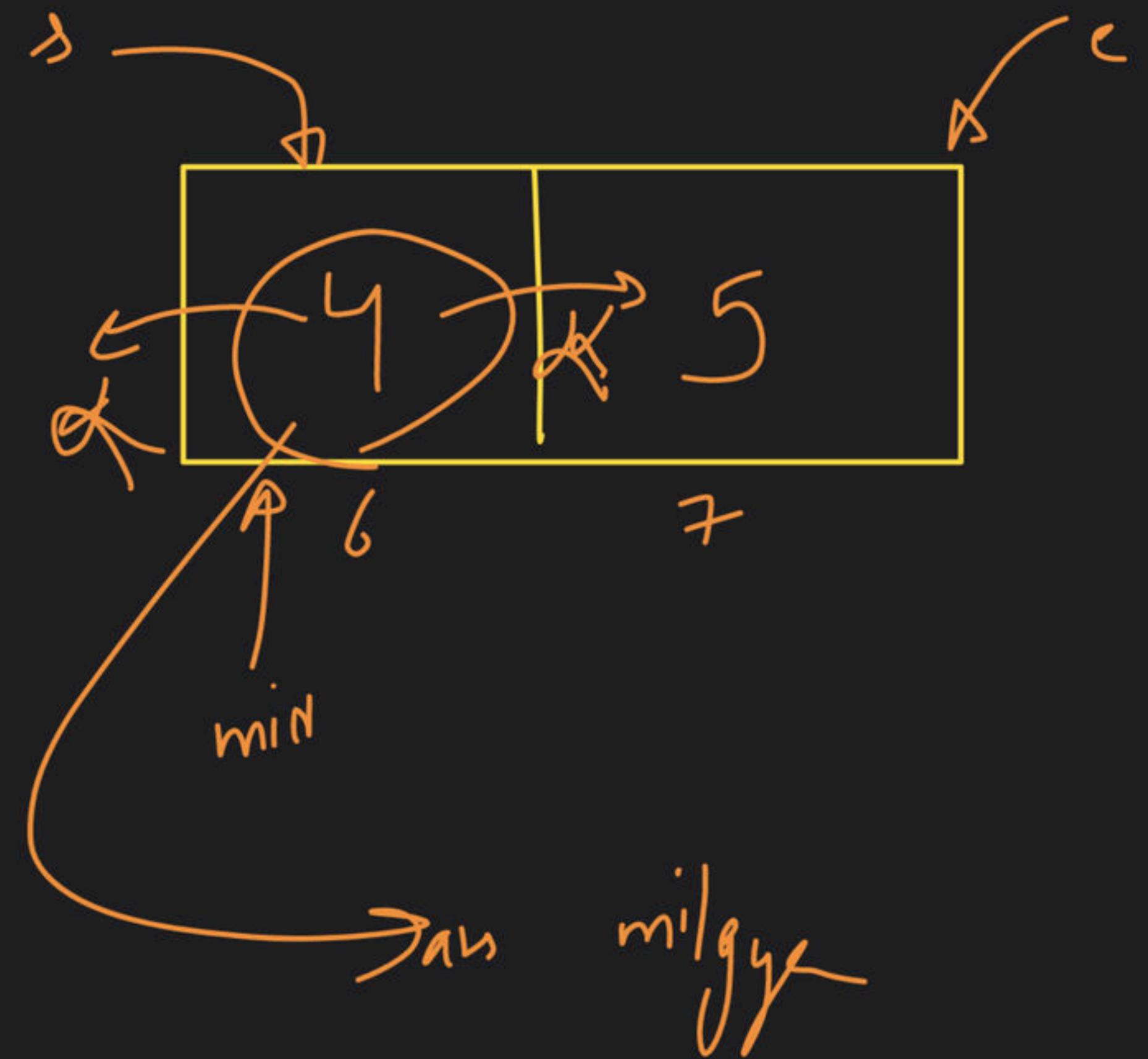
$mid = 8 \rightarrow$ ~~pairIndex = 7~~ \rightarrow down \rightarrow Right part

\curvearrowleft left

$s = 6$

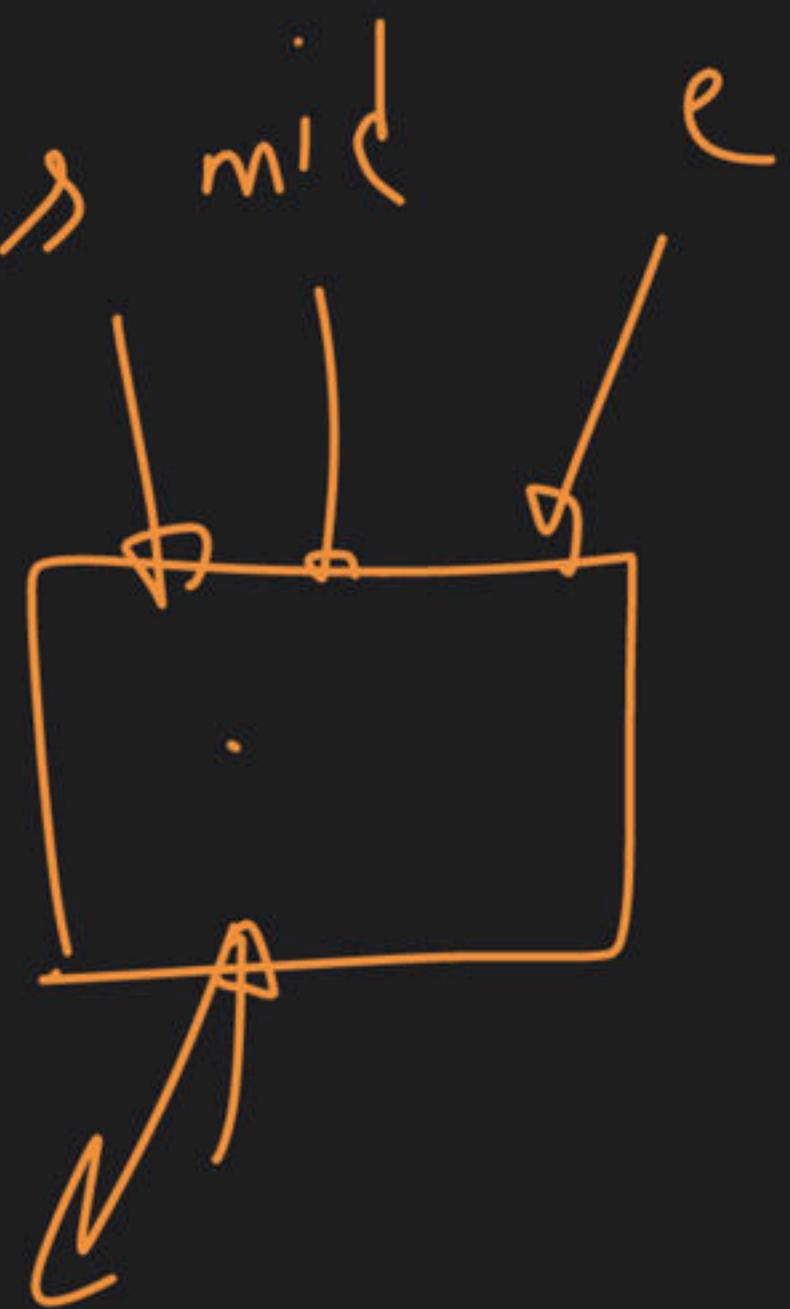
$e = 7$

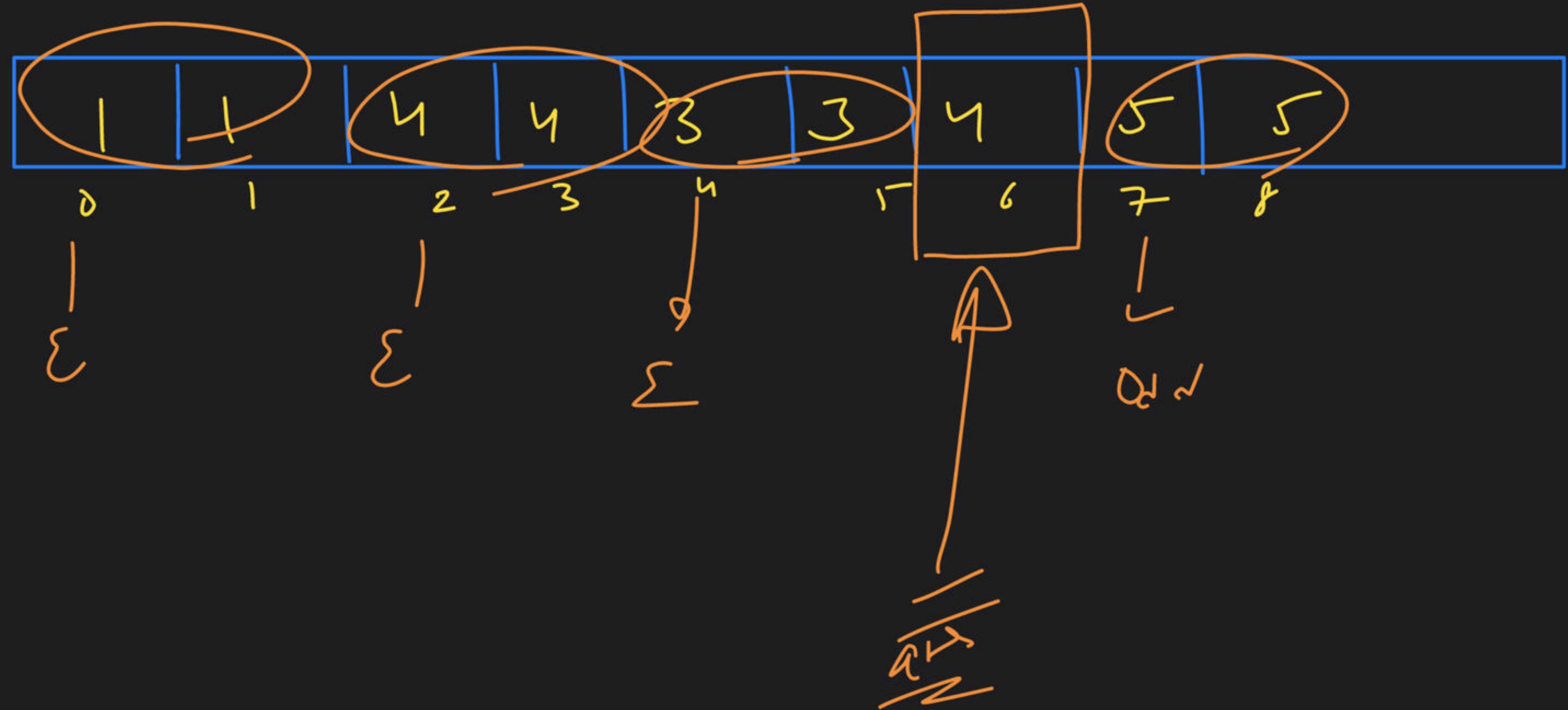
$\text{mid} = 6$

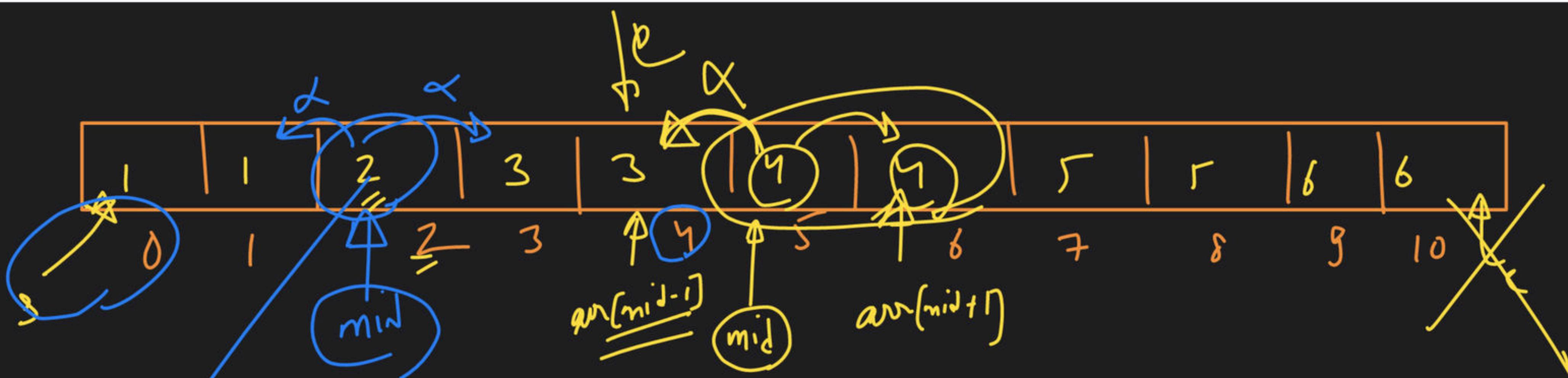


mid
arr

ans
z







$mid \rightarrow 5$ index

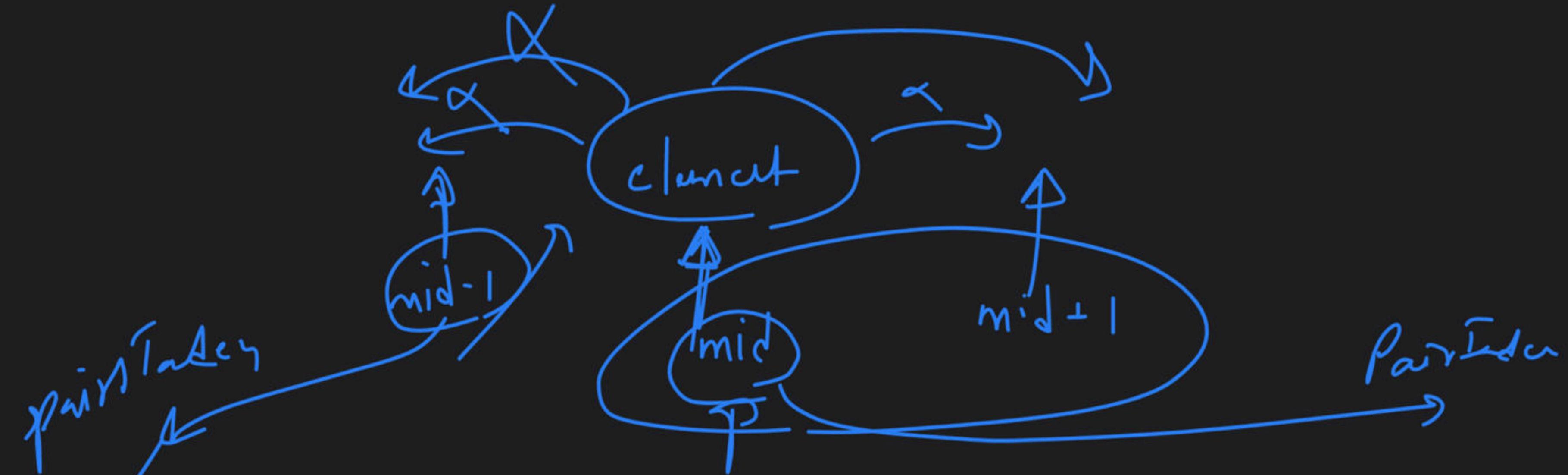
$clust = 4$

AB

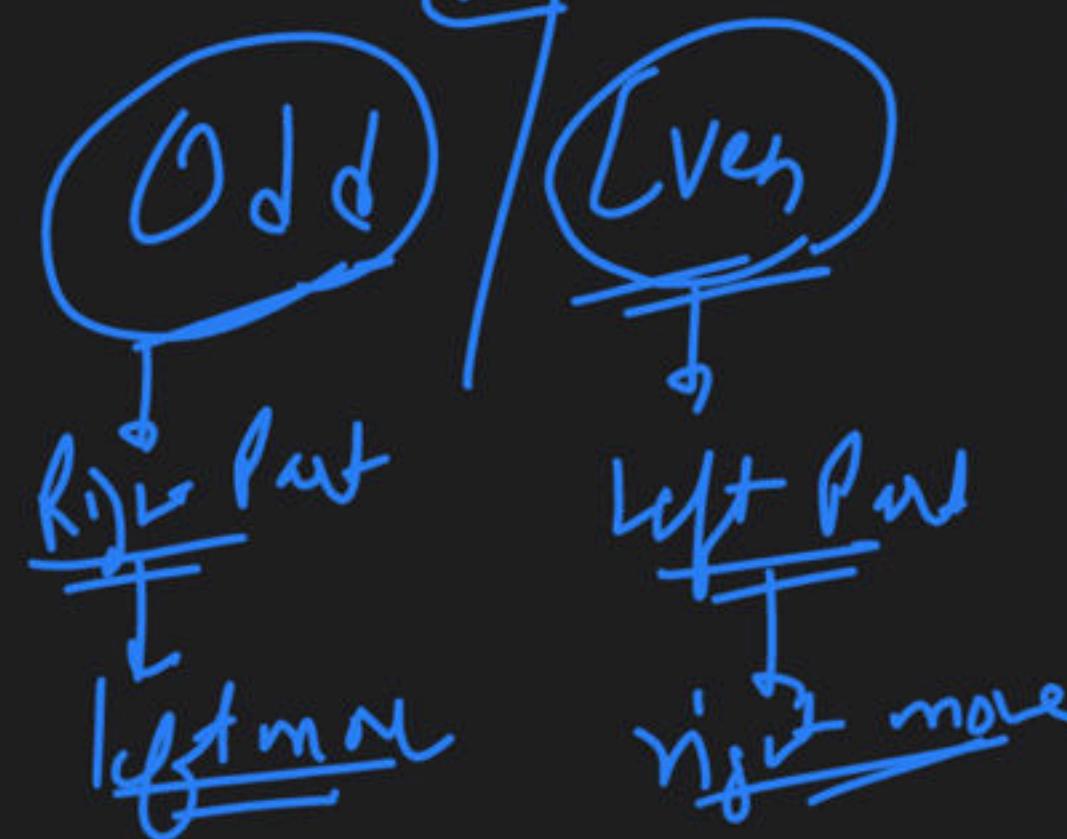


left

odd \rightarrow Right Part

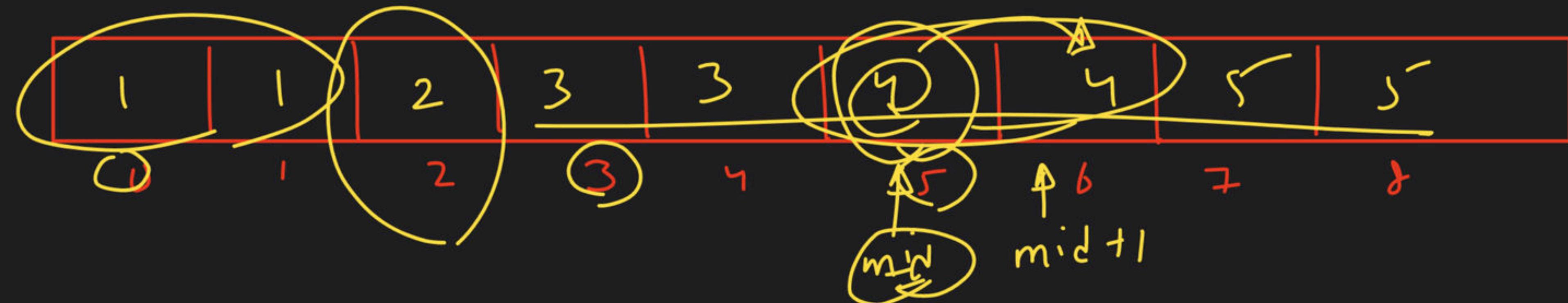


(A) $\rightarrow \alpha \alpha \rightarrow T_u \text{ hi as h}$



(B) $\rightarrow \text{left duplicat} \rightarrow \text{ar}[mid] = \text{ar}[mid - 1] \rightarrow \text{Pair found}$

(C) $\rightarrow \text{right duplicat} \rightarrow \text{ar}[mid] = \text{ar}[mid + 1]$



Case IV \rightarrow right duplicate

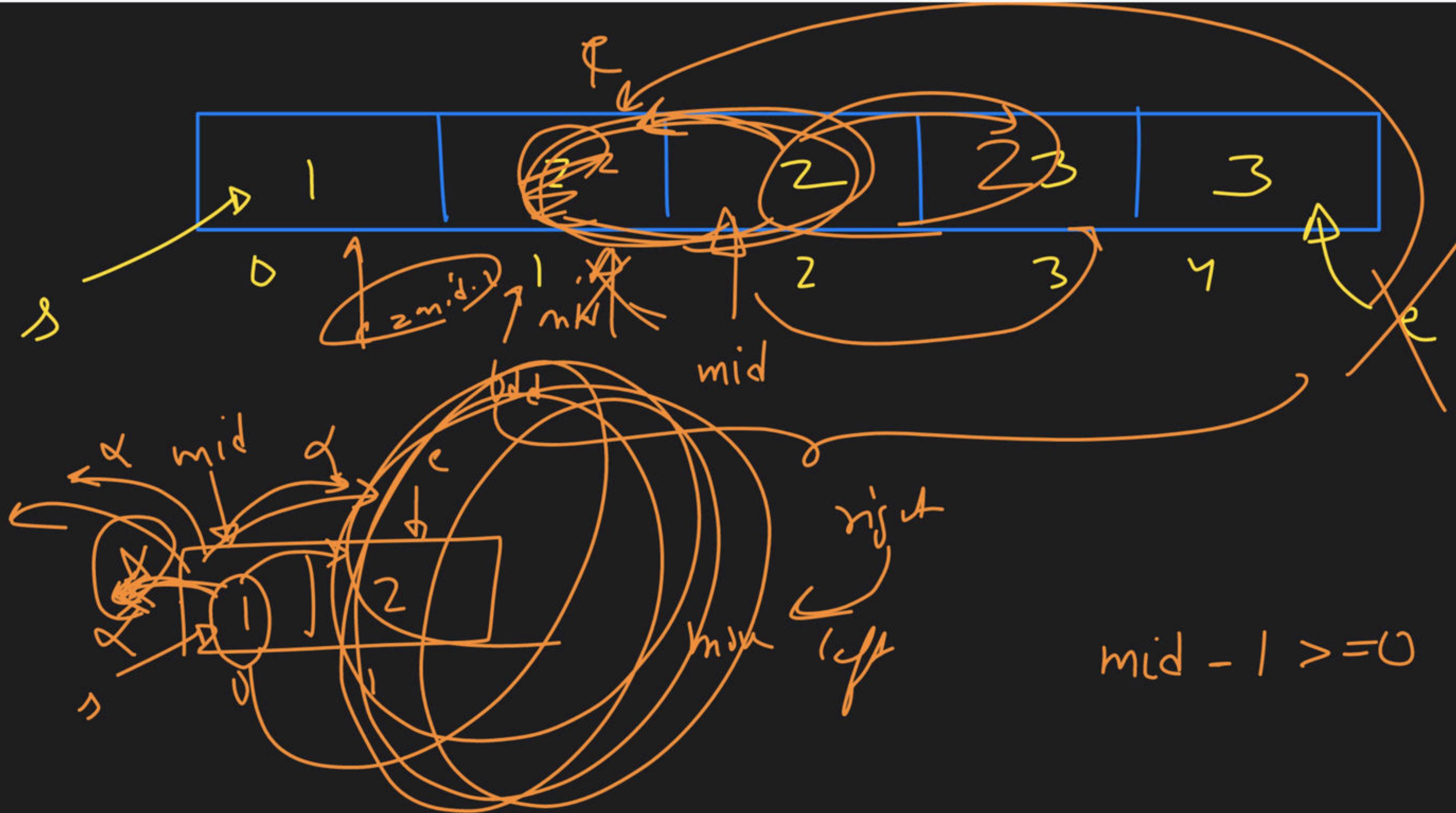
if ($arr[mid] == arr[mid+1]$)

$\hookrightarrow pairStartIndex = mid$

\rightarrow Odd $\rightarrow R.P \xrightarrow{\text{move left}} c = mid - 1$



\hookrightarrow Even $\rightarrow L.P \xrightarrow[\text{right}]{\text{move}} s = mid + 1$



$\text{arr}[\text{mid} - 1]$

