



# ***Next JS Presentation Class Assignment***

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# TOC

*Overview Next JS*

*page.tsx file*

*layout.tsx file*

*Link tag, Usage and Purpose*

*Nested pages*

*Components and their usage*

*Application of CSS in Next.js*

*Tailwind CSS*

*Difference between Tailwind CSS and Standard CSS*



# Overview

## **Next.js**

*Next.js is an advanced, open-source web development framework or library built on the JavaScript library React. It makes it easier to create modern web programs by providing features like server-side rendering, Typescript compatibility, and built-in routing.*



# *Understanding page.tsx*

**Definition:** *page.tsx* is a file in Next.js used to define a web page. Each *page.tsx* corresponds to a URL path and renders a page in the Next.js app, and it is necessary to name our file as *page.tsx* (while using TypeScript otherwise *page.jsx*) which we need to show on our website.

**Example:** A *page.tsx* in a folder named *services* defines the page */services*.



# Understanding layout.tsx

**Definition:** *layout.tsx* provides a layout component that covers around other components, establishing a good structure across all pages.

**Usage:** For creating same elements like headers, footers, or sidebars which are to be shown on every page.

**Example:** Having or placing a *layout.tsx* in the root of the app directory covers the entire app, while having or placing it inside a folder, like */about*, applies it only to pages within that folder only.



# Link Tag In Next JS

**Definition:** `<Link />` is a component in Next.js for navigating or moving between pages without refreshing.

**Purpose:** Provides Better Performance from Anchor tag, Pre loads the linked pages for better and lag-free navigation.

**Benefits:** Better performance, skips loading and provides a good user experience.



# Nested Pages in Next.js

**Explanation:** Nested pages are structured in folders to represent different pages or URL segments, In other words nested pages are page folder inside a page folder.

**Example:**

`app/progress/page.tsx`

`app/progress/quarter_1/page.tsx`

**Benefits:** Organizes files and creates a clean URL structure, and helps us avoid confusion.



# Components In Next JS

**Definition:** Components are reusable pieces of UI in Next.js (and React) applications, Just like Functions in TypeScript are reusable code.

**Purpose:** Break down the UI into smaller, manageable, and maintainable parts, which can be use wherever we want in our page.

**Example:** Header, Footer, or Button components or Aside section can be used across multiple pages.

## **Benefits:**

1. Code Reusability
2. Easier Maintenance
3. Improved Readability





# Applying CSS in Next.js

**CSS in Next.js:** *There are several ways to style components.*

- **Global CSS:** *Define in the app directory.*
- **Module CSS:** *Use CSS modules for scoped styles, e.g., `Header.module.css` for header only.*



# *What is Tailwind CSS?*

**Definition:** *Tailwind CSS is a CSS framework that uses predefined classes to apply styles directly in the HTML which are understood by the browser.*

**Example:**

```
<button class="bg-blue-500 text-white py-2 px-4">
```

Click me

```
</button>
```

**Purpose:** *Speeds up styling by avoiding writing custom CSS for each component and directly applicable on html.*



# *Differences Between Tailwind CSS and Standard CSS*

## *Standard CSS:*

- *Requires custom classes and selectors.*
- *Styles are applied in CSS files.*
- **Example:** `.button { background-color: blue; }`

## *Tailwind CSS:*

- *Uses utility classes directly in TSX or JSX.*
- *Faster and simple.*
- **Example:** `class="bg-blue-500 text-white py-2 px-4"`

# *Thanks*

*Please Feel Free To Give Feedback On My Work*

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