## HW3

- Reading: pp. 47–58.
- pp. 78–82: 1,2,5,20.
- Suppose  $\{x_n\}$  is a bounded numerical sequence of real numbers. Let  $\widetilde{X}$  denote the set of its subsequential limits. Is it true that  $\widetilde{X}$  is a closed set?
- Does the following limit exist? If yes, find it.

$$\lim_{n\to\infty}\frac{n+(-1)^n}{n-(-1)^n}.$$

• Does the following limit exist? If yes, find it.

$$\lim_{n\to\infty} \left(\frac{1}{2} + \ldots + \frac{1}{2^n}\right) .$$

- $\bullet$  Does the following limit exist? If yes, find it.
  - (a) If you are not in honors program, do this problem:

$$\lim_{n\to\infty}\frac{n\sin(n!)}{n^2+1}\,,$$

(as usual, n! denotes n factorial.)

(b) If you are in honors program, do this problem:

$$\lim_{n\to\infty} x_n$$

where

$$x_n = \sqrt{7 + \sqrt{7 + \dots + \sqrt{7}}}$$

and in that expression n roots are taken.