

Week 3

Fri.

1.14.

1.14.1. 不正确.

$$\text{由公式 } T_{\text{CPU}} = \text{CPI} \times \text{IC} \times \frac{1}{f_{\text{clk}}}$$

$$\text{对 } P_1: T_{\text{CPU}} = 3.125 \times 10^{-4} \text{ s}$$

$$P_2: T_{\text{CPU}} = 2.5 \times 10^{-4} \text{ s}$$

故拥有低时钟频率的  $P_2$  总线性乱更高

1.14.2.

$$T_{\text{CPU1}} = 3.125 \times 10^{-4} \text{ (上题)}$$

$$\text{IC}'_2 = T_{\text{CPU1}} \times f_{\text{clk}} / \text{CPI} = 1.25 \times 10^6 \text{ 条指令}$$

1.14.3.

$$\text{MIPS} = \frac{\text{程序指令条数}}{\text{程序执行时间} \times 10^6}$$

$$\text{MIPS}_1 = 3200 \text{ 百万条/s}$$

$$\text{MIPS}_2 = 4000 \text{ 百万条/s}$$

故此题中不能反映出用 MIPS 比较性能的错误

1.14.4.

$$\text{由 MFLOPS 公式及 } T_{\text{CPU}} = \sum_i \text{CPI}_i \times \text{IC}_i \times \frac{1}{f_{\text{clk}}}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{MFLOPS}_1 &= (10^6 \times 40\%) / (10^6 \times (0.5 \times 0.75 + 0.4 \times 1 + 0.1 \times 1.5) \times \frac{1}{3 \times 10^9} \times 10^6) \\ &= 1297 \text{ 百万条/s} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{MFLOPS}_2 &= (3 \times 10^6 \times 40\%) / (3 \times 10^6 \times (0.4 \times 1.25 + 0.4 \times 0.7 + 0.2 \times 1.25) \times \frac{1}{3 \times 10^9} \times 10^6) \\ &\approx 1165 \text{ 百万条/s} \end{aligned}$$

$$1.14.5. \quad \text{MIPS} = \frac{\text{指令数}}{\text{时间} \times 10^6}$$

$$T_{\text{CPU}} = \sum_i \text{CPI}_i \times \text{IC}_i \times \frac{1}{f_{\text{CLK}}}$$

$$\therefore \text{MIPS}_1 = \frac{10^6}{10^6 \times (50\% \times 0.75 + 40\% \times 1 + 10\% \times 1.5) \times \frac{1}{3 \times 10^9} \times 10^6}$$

$$\approx 3243 \text{ 百万条/s}$$

$$\text{MIPS}_2 = \frac{3 \times 10^6}{3 \times 10^6 \times (40\% \times 1.25 + 40\% \times 0.7 + 20\% \times 1.25) \times \frac{1}{3 \times 10^9} \times 10^6}$$

$$\approx 2913 \text{ 百万条/s}$$

$$1.14.6. \quad T_{\text{CPU}} = \sum_i \text{CPI}_i \times \text{IC}_i \times \frac{1}{f_{\text{CLK}}}$$

$$\text{故 } T_{\text{CPU}1} = 3.083 \times 10^{-4} \text{ s}$$

$$T_{\text{CPU}2} = 1.030 \times 10^{-3} \text{ s}$$

可见用性能作比较, 程序b更优

而用MFLOPS和MIPS 则, 程序a更优

1.16

$$1.16.1. \quad T_a = \sum T_{a_i} = (20 + 80 + 10 + 70 + 5) \text{ ms} = 185 \text{ ms}$$

$$T_b = (4 + 14 + 2 + 12 + 2) \text{ ms} = 34 \text{ ms}$$

若改进, 则时间减少量为:

$$\Delta T_a = 15\% (20 + 10 + 5) \text{ ms} = 5.25 \text{ ms}$$

$$\Delta T_b = 15\% (4 + 2 + 2) \text{ ms} = 1.2 \text{ ms}$$

$$1.16.2. \quad \Delta T_a = 10\% \times 80 \text{ ms} = 8 \text{ ms}$$

$$\Delta T_b = 10\% \times 14 \text{ ms} = 1.4 \text{ ms}$$

$$1.16.3. \quad \Delta T_a = 10\% \times 70 \text{ ms} = 7 \text{ ms}$$

$$\Delta T_b = 10\% \times 12 \text{ ms} = 1.2 \text{ ms}$$

1.16.4. 计算时间为例程时间和

有下表:

处理器数	2	4	8	16	32	64
计算时间/ms	176	96	49	30	14	6.5
计算时间比:		0.545	0.510	0.612	0.467	0.464
通信时间/ms	11	13	17	22	23	26
通信时间比		1.18	1.31	1.29	1.05	1.13



$$1.16.5. \quad T_{4,128} = \sqrt[5]{\frac{96}{176} \times \frac{49}{96} \times \frac{30}{49} \times \frac{14}{30} \times \frac{6.5}{14}} \times T_{4,64} \\ \approx 3.36 \text{ ms}$$

$$T_{2,128} = \sqrt[5]{\frac{13}{11} \times \frac{17}{13} \times \frac{22}{17} \times \frac{23}{22} \times \frac{26}{23}} \times T_{2,64} \\ \approx 30.89 \text{ ms}$$

$$1.16.6. \quad T_{4,1} \approx \sqrt{\frac{176}{6.5}} \times T_{4,2} \approx 340.43 \text{ ms}$$

$$T_{2,1} \approx \sqrt{\frac{11}{26}} \times T_{2,2} \approx 9.26 \text{ ms}$$