Bangladesh University of Business and Technology



Lab no: 2

Course Name : Computer Graphics Lab

Course Code : CSE 342

Submitted By:

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Intake: 44

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Submission Date: 19/01/2023

Lab No: 02

<u>Lab Task Name:</u> Mid-Point Line Drawing Algorithm

Objective:

In computer graphics, a line drawing algorithm is an algorithm for approximating a line segment on discrete graphical media, such as pixel-based displays and printers. On such media, line drawing requires an approximation (in nontrivial cases). Basic algorithms rasterize lines in one color.

Algorithm:

```
int dx = X2 - X1;
  int dy = Y2 - Y1;
  if(dy \le dx) //m \le 0
  {
     int d = dy - (dx/2);
     int x = X1, y = Y1;
     cout << x << "," << y
<< ''\n'';
     while (x < X2)
       x++;
       if (d < 0)
          d = d + dy;
       else
          d = d+(dy - dx);
          y++;
       cout << x << ","
<< y << ''\n'';
  }
  else if(dx < dy) //m>1
     int d = dx - (dy/2);
```

```
int x = X1, y = Y1;
    cout << x << '','' << y
<< ''\n'';
    while (y < Y2)
       y++;
       if (d < 0)
         d = d + dx;
       else
         d = d + (dx - dy);
         x++;
       cout << x << ","
<< y << ''\n'';
  }
Program:
#include<bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
#include<stdio.h>
#include <GL/gl.h>
#include <GL/glut.h>
int X1 = 2, Y1 = 2, X2 = 8,
Y2 = 5;
void midPoint(void)
  glClear
(GL_COLOR_BUFFER_B
IT);
  glEnd();
  glColor3f (0.0, 1.0, 0.0);
  glBegin(GL_POINTS);
```

```
int dx = X2 - X1;
  int dy = Y2 - Y1;
  if(dy \le dx) //m \le 0
     int d = dy - (dx/2);
     int x = X1, y = Y1;
     cout << x << "," << y
<< "\n";
     while (x < X2)
       x++;
       if (d < 0)
          d = d + dy;
       else
          d = d + (dy - dx);
          y++;
       cout << x << "," <<
y \ll "\n";
  }
  else if(dx < dy) //m>1
     int d = dx - (dy/2);
     int x = X1, y = Y1;
     cout << x << "," << y
<< "\n";
     while (y < Y2)
       y++;
       if (d < 0)
```

```
d = d + dx;
       else
         d = d+(dx - dy);
          X++;
       cout << x << "," <<
y \ll "n";
  glEnd();
  glFlush ();
}
void init (void)
  glClearColor (0.0, 0.0,
0.0, 0.0);
glMatrixMode(GL_PROJE
CTION);
  glLoadIdentity();
  glOrtho(0.0, 1.0, 0.0,
1.0, -1.0, 1.0);
}
int main(int argc, char**
argv)
  glutInit(&argc, argv);
  glut In it Display Mode \\
(GLUT_SINGLE |
GLUT_RGB);
  glutInitWindowSize
(500, 500);
  glutInitWindowPosition
(100, 100);
  glutCreateWindow
("hello");
```

```
init ();
glutDisplayFunc(midPoint)
;
  glutMainLoop();
  return 0;
}
```

Input & Output:

```
EndPoints (2,2) & (8,5)
2,2
3,3
4,3
5,4
6,4
7,5
8,5
```