# Facility Location Problem with Python Implementation

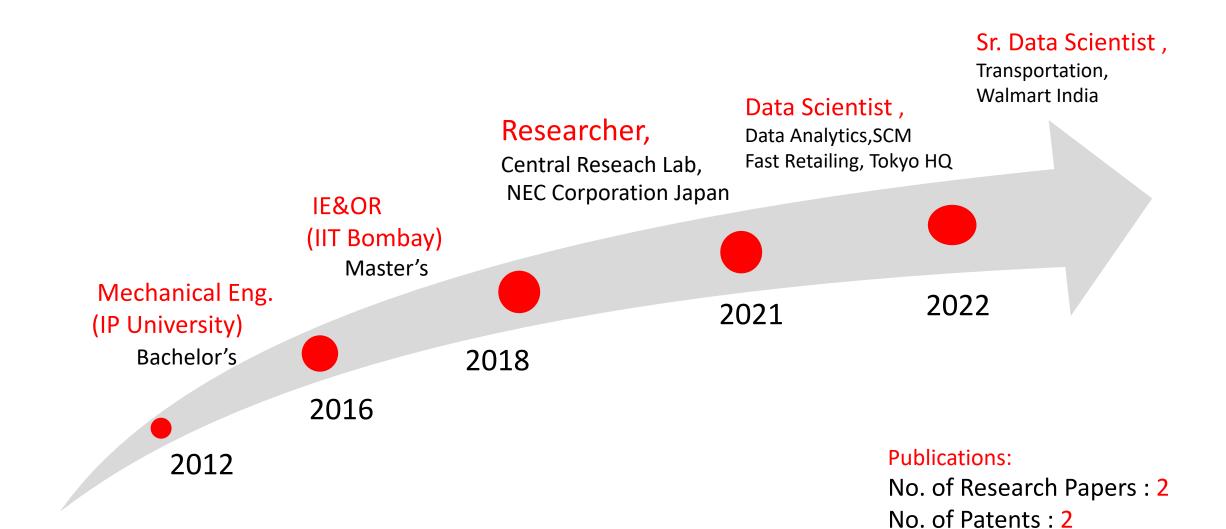
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#### **Career Overview**

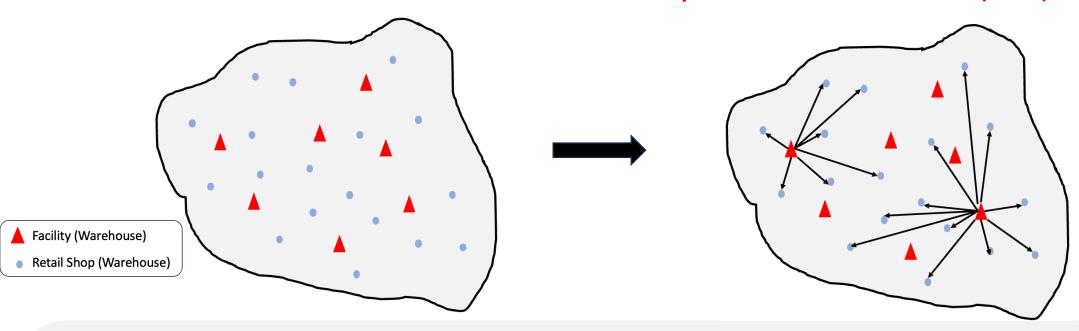


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## Introduction – Facility Location Problem (FLP)



#### Given

- Set of Retail Shops (with estimated Demands)
- Candidate Warehouse Locations with their capacity
- > Transportation cost and Warehouse setup Cost

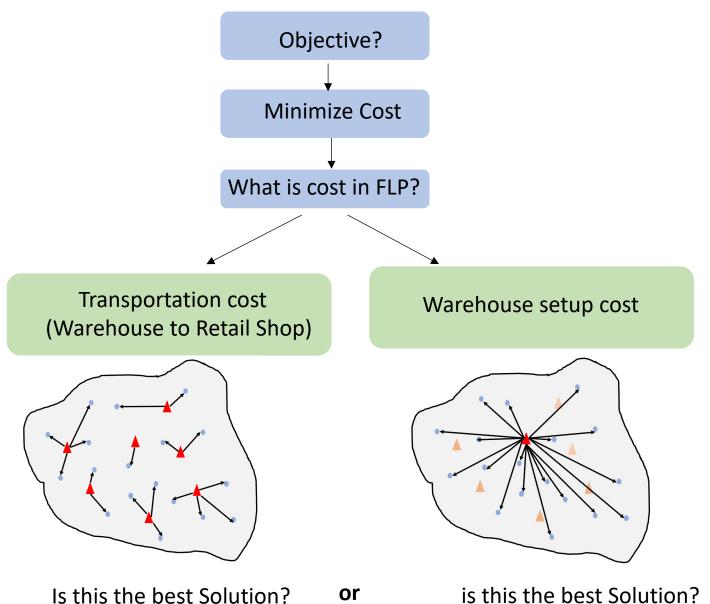
#### Objective

Choose the best among candidate Warehouses such that all

- > Demand at each Retail shop is fulfilled
- > Total cost is minimized

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# How FLP is Optimization Problem?



Is this the best Solution? Prepared by : Aayush Aggarwal (aggarwal1294@gmail.com)

#### **Mathematical Formulation**

#### Data

- let I be the set of facilities and J be set of stores.
- $C_{i,j}$  is the transportation cost per unit from Facility i  $\epsilon$  I to Store j  $\epsilon$  J.
- $F_i$  is the fixed cost for setting up facility i  $\epsilon$  I.
- $D_j$  be the demand at store j  $\epsilon$  J.
- $A_i$  be the capacity of facility i  $\epsilon$  I.

#### Decision variable

- $x_i$  is binary variable which is 1 if facility i is open, otherwise 0.
- $y_{i,j}$  is binary variable which is 1 if jth store demand is fulfilled by facilty i, otherwise 0.

#### **Mathematical Formulation**

Warehouse Setup Cost Transportation Cost 
$$Minimize(\sum_{i \in I} F_i.x_i + \sum_{i \in I, j \in J} C_{i,j}.D_j.y_{i,j})$$

$$\sum_i y_{i,j} = 1 \quad orall j \epsilon J$$
 — Demand constraints

$$\sum_{j} D_{j}.y_{i,j} \leq A_{i} \quad orall i \epsilon I$$
 — Capacity Constraints

$$y_{i,j} \leq x_i \quad orall i \epsilon I$$
 Decision variable activation constraints

$$\sum_i y_{i,j} \leq M.x_i \quad orall i \epsilon I$$
 Decision variable activation constraints

# **Python Implementation**

Problem 1

Stores <b>j</b>	1	2	3		
Demand <b>D</b> <sub>j</sub>	270	250	160		
Facility <b>i</b>		C <sub>i,j</sub>		Fi	A <sub>i</sub>
1	4	5	6	1200	1000
2	6	4	3	800	1000

### Mathematical Modeling in Python

#### What do we need Model implementation?

- 1. A package to write LP Model (PuLP, Pyomo, docplex ..)
- 2. A Solver for LP Model (CPLEX, CBC, SCIP. ..)

#### Flow of Implementation

- 1. Define Data
- 2. Define Decision Variable
- 3. Write Constraints
- 4. Write objective function
- 5. Solve Model using solver
- 6. Display results

# **Python Implementation**

Problem 2: E-commerce Inventory Placement

#### WH10\_Region100\_data



# of WH = 10 # of Regions = 100

	Unnamed: 0	WH ID	Region ID	Cost	Demand	WH Cap	WH Setup Cost
0	0	502	5098	7.0760000000000000	1	935	1000
1	1	502	5126	7.07600000000000000	9	935	1000
2	2	502	5133	7.0760000000000000	1	935	1000
3	3	502	5135	7.07600000000000000	3	935	1000
4	4	502	5138	4.385	2	935	1000
5	5	502	5166	3.603741935483870	31	935	1000
6	6	502	5244	6.30333	2	935	1000
7	7	502	5246	6.30333	1	935	1000
8	8	502	5255	6.30333	4	935	1000
9	9	502	5269	4.347856666666670	66	935	1000
10	10	502	5272	4.790521785714290	28	935	1000
11	11	502	5280	6.89933	7	935	1000
12	12	502	5299	3 998665	4	935	1000

#### Challenges in Real World Problem

#### 1. Problem Size

- > Divide the problem into subproblems
- > Use Heuristics to solve some part of the problem
- 2. Cost function (unknown/non-linear)
  - > Simplify non-linear cost function to linear function.
- 3. Additional Business constraints (shipping Capacities/service Levels)
  - Understand additional constraints and either solve them in preprocessing / postprocessing or modify formulation

# Thank you