```
public class Testing {
       public static void main(String[] args) {
       int [] originalHL = new int[1000000];
       int [] originalLH = new int[1000000];
       int [] random = new int[1000000];
       int [] extra = new int[1000000];
       int mil=1000000;
       long start;
       long end;
       for(int i = 0;i<originalLH.length;i++){
              originalLH[i]=i+1;
       for(int i = 0;i<originalHL.length;i++){
              originalHL[i]=mil;
              mil--;
       System. arraycopy (original LH, 0, extra, 0, extra.length);
  int index = 0;
  while (index < 1000000) {
     int x = (int) (Math.random() * 1000000);
     if (extra[x]!=0) {
       random[index] = extra[x];
       extra[x] = 0;
       index++;
   * This is for sorting 100 elements using the Bubble Sort
  int[] bubble100LH = new int[100];
  int[] bubble 100HL = new int[100];
  int[] bubble100R = new int[100];
  System.arraycopy(originalLH, 0, bubble100LH, 0, bubble100LH.length);
  start = System.nanoTime();
  Sorts.bubbleSort(bubble100LH);
  end = System.nanoTime() - start;
  System.out.println("bubble100LH time: " + end);
  System.arraycopy(originalHL, 0, bubble100HL, 0, bubble100HL.length);
  start = System.nanoTime();
  Sorts.bubbleSort(bubble100HL);
```

```
end = System.nanoTime() - start;
System.out.println("bubble100HL time: " + end);
System.arraycopy(random, 0, bubble100R, 0, bubble100R.length);
start = System.nanoTime();
Sorts.bubbleSort(bubble100R);
end = System.nanoTime() - start;
System.out.println("bubble100R time: " + end + "\n");
* This is for sorting 100 elements using the insertion Sort
int[] insertion100LH = new int[100];
int[] insertion100HL = new int[100];
int[] insertion 100R = new int[100];
System.arraycopy(originalLH, 0, insertion100LH, 0, insertion100LH.length);
start = System.nanoTime();
Sorts.insertionSort(insertion100LH);
end = System.nanoTime() - start;
System.out.println("insertion100LH time: " + end);
System.arraycopy(originalHL, 0, insertion100HL, 0, insertion100HL.length);
start = System.nanoTime();
Sorts.insertionSort(insertion100HL);
end = System.nanoTime() - start;
System.out.println("insertion100HL time: " + end);
System. arraycopy (random, 0, insertion 100R, 0, insertion 100R. length);
start = System.nanoTime();
Sorts.insertionSort(insertion100R);
end = System.nanoTime() - start;
System.out.println("insertion100R time: " + end + "\n");
* This is for sorting 100 elements using the Selection Sort
int[] selection100LH = new int[100];
int[] selection100HL = new int[100];
int[] selection 100R = new int[100];
System.arraycopy(originalLH, 0, selection100LH, 0, selection100LH.length);
start = System.nanoTime();
Sorts.selectionSort(selection100LH);
end = System.nanoTime() - start;
System.out.println("selection100LH time: " + end);
```

```
System.arraycopy(originalHL, 0, selection100HL, 0, selection100HL.length);
start = System.nanoTime();
Sorts.selectionSort(selection100HL);
end = System.nanoTime() - start;
System.out.println("selection100HL time: " + end);
System. arraycopy (random, 0, selection 100R, 0, selection 100R. length);
start = System.nanoTime();
Sorts.selectionSort(selection100R);
end = System.nanoTime() - start;
System.out.println("selection100R time: " + end + "\n");
/*
* This is for sorting 100 elements using the heap Sort
int[] heap100LH = new int[100];
int[] heap100HL = new int[100];
int[] heap100R = new int[100];
System.arraycopy(originalLH, 0, heap100LH, 0, heap100LH.length);
start = System.nanoTime();
Sorts. HeapSort(heap100LH, heap100LH.length-1);
end = System.nanoTime() - start;
System.out.println("heap100LH time: " + end);
System. arraycopy (original HL, 0, heap 100 HL, 0, bubble 100 HL. length);
start = System.nanoTime();
Sorts. HeapSort(heap100HL,heap100HL.length-1);
end = System.nanoTime() - start;
System.out.println("heap100HL time: " + end);
System. arraycopy (random, 0, heap100R, 0, heap100R.length);
start = System.nanoTime();
Sorts. HeapSort(heap100R,heap100R.length-1);
end = System.nanoTime() - start;
System.out.println("heap100R time: " + end + "\n");
* This is for sorting 100 elements using the quick Sort
int[] quick100LH = new int[100];
int[] quick100HL = new int[100];
int[] quick100R = new int[100];
System. arraycopy (original LH, 0, quick 100 LH, 0, quick 100 LH. length);
```

```
start = System.nanoTime();
Sorts. QuickSort(quick100LH,0,quick100LH.length-1);
end = System.nanoTime() - start;
System.out.println("quick100LH time: " + end);
System. arraycopy (original HL, 0, quick 100 HL, 0, quick 100 HL. length);
start = System.nanoTime();
Sorts. QuickSort(quick100HL,0,quick100HL.length-1);
end = System.nanoTime() - start;
System.out.println("quick100HL time: " + end);
System. arraycopy (random, 0, quick 100R, 0, quick 100R. length);
start = System.nanoTime();
Sorts. QuickSort(quick100R,0,quick100R.length-1);
end = System.nanoTime() - start;
System.out.println("quick100R time: " + end + "\n");
* This is for sorting 100 elements using the Merge Sort
int[] merge 100LH = new int[100];
int[] merge100HL = new int[100];
int[] merge100R = new int[100];
System.arraycopy(originalLH, 0, merge100LH, 0, merge100LH.length);
start = System.nanoTime();
Sorts. Merge Sort (merge 100 LH, 0, merge 100 LH. length-1);
end = System.nanoTime() - start;
System.out.println("merge100LH time: " + end);
System.arraycopy(originalHL, 0, merge100HL, 0, merge100HL.length);
start = System.nanoTime();
Sorts. Merge Sort (merge 100 HL, 0, merge 100 HL. length-1);
end = System.nanoTime() - start;
System.out.println("merge100HL time: " + end);
System. arraycopy (random, 0, merge 100R, 0, merge 100R.length);
start = System.nanoTime();
Sorts.MergeSort(merge100R,0,merge100R.length-1);
end = System.nanoTime() - start;
System.out.println("merge100R time: " + end + "\n");
```

```
* This is for sorting 1000 elements using the Bubble Sort
int[] bubble1000LH = new int[1000];
int[] bubble1000HL = new int[1000];
int[] bubble1000R = new int[1000];
System. arraycopy (original LH, 0, bubble 1000 LH, 0, bubble 1000 LH. length);
start = System.nanoTime();
Sorts.bubbleSort(bubble1000LH);
end = System.nanoTime() - start;
System.out.println("bubble1000LH time: " + end);
System.arraycopy(originalHL, 0, bubble1000HL, 0, bubble1000HL.length);
start = System.nanoTime();
Sorts.bubbleSort(bubble1000HL);
end = System.nanoTime() - start;
System.out.println("bubble1000HL time: " + end);
System. arraycopy (random, 0, bubble 1000R, 0, bubble 1000R. length);
start = System.nanoTime();
Sorts.bubbleSort(bubble1000R);
end = System.nanoTime() - start;
System.out.println("bubble1000R time: " + end + "\n");
* This is for sorting 1000 elements using the insertion Sort
int[] insertion1000LH = new int[1000];
int[] insertion1000HL = new int[1000];
int[] insertion 1000R = new int[1000];
System.arraycopy(originalLH, 0, insertion1000LH, 0, insertion1000LH.length);
start = System.nanoTime();
Sorts.insertionSort(insertion1000LH);
end = System.nanoTime() - start;
System.out.println("insertion1000LH time: " + end);
System.arraycopy(originalHL, 0, insertion1000HL, 0, insertion1000HL.length);
start = System.nanoTime();
Sorts.insertionSort(insertion1000HL);
end = System.nanoTime() - start;
System.out.println("insertion1000HL time: " + end);
System.arraycopy(random, 0, insertion1000R, 0, insertion1000R.length);
start = System.nanoTime();
Sorts.insertionSort(insertion1000R);
```

```
end = System.nanoTime() - start;
System.out.println("insertion1000R time: " + end + "\n");
* This is for sorting 1000 elements using the Selection Sort
int[] selection 1000 LH = new int[1000];
int[] selection1000HL = new int[1000];
int[] selection 1000R = new int[1000];
System.arraycopy(originalLH, 0, selection1000LH, 0, selection1000LH.length);
start = System.nanoTime();
Sorts.selectionSort(selection1000LH);
end = System.nanoTime() - start;
System.out.println("selection1000LH time: " + end);
System. arraycopy (original HL, 0, selection 1000 HL, 0, selection 1000 HL.length);
start = System.nanoTime();
Sorts.selectionSort(selection1000HL);
end = System.nanoTime() - start;
System.out.println("selection1000HL time: " + end);
System. arraycopy (random, 0, selection 1000R, 0, selection 1000R. length);
start = System.nanoTime();
Sorts.selectionSort(selection1000R);
end = System.nanoTime() - start;
System.out.println("selection1000R time: " + end + "\n");
* This is for sorting 1000 elements using the heap Sort
int[] heap1000LH = new int[1000];
int[] heap1000HL = new int[1000];
int[] heap1000R = new int[1000];
System. arraycopy (original LH, 0, heap 1000 LH, 0, heap 1000 LH. length);
start = System.nanoTime();
Sorts. HeapSort(heap1000LH, heap1000LH.length-1);
end = System.nanoTime() - start;
System.out.println("heap1000LH time: " + end);
System.arraycopy(originalHL, 0, heap1000HL, 0, bubble1000HL.length);
start = System.nanoTime();
Sorts. HeapSort(heap1000HL,heap1000HL.length-1);
end = System.nanoTime() - start;
System.out.println("heap1000HL time: " + end);
```

```
System.arraycopy(random, 0, heap1000R, 0, heap1000R.length);
start = System.nanoTime();
Sorts. HeapSort(heap1000R, heap1000R.length-1);
end = System.nanoTime() - start;
System.out.println("heap1000R time: " + end + "\n");
* This is for sorting 1000 elements using the quick Sort
int[] quick1000LH = new int[1000];
int[] quick1000HL = new int[1000];
int[] quick1000R = new int[1000];
System.arraycopy(originalLH, 0, quick1000LH, 0, quick1000LH.length);
start = System.nanoTime();
Sorts. QuickSort(quick1000LH,0,quick1000LH.length-1);
end = System.nanoTime() - start;
System.out.println("quick1000LH time: " + end);
System.arraycopy(originalHL, 0, quick1000HL, 0, quick1000HL.length);
start = System.nanoTime();
Sorts. QuickSort(quick1000HL,0,quick1000HL.length-1);
end = System.nanoTime() - start;
System.out.println("quick1000HL time: " + end);
System. arraycopy (random, 0, quick 1000R, 0, quick 1000R. length);
start = System.nanoTime();
Sorts. QuickSort(quick1000R, 0, quick1000R.length-1);
end = System.nanoTime() - start;
System.out.println("quick1000R time: " + end + "\n");
* This is for sorting 1000 elements using the Merge Sort
int[] merge1000LH = new int[1000];
int[] merge1000HL = new int[1000];
int[] merge1000R = new int[1000];
System.arraycopy(originalLH, 0, merge1000LH, 0, merge1000LH.length);
start = System.nanoTime();
Sorts. Merge Sort (merge 1000 LH, 0, merge 1000 LH. length-1);
end = System.nanoTime() - start;
System.out.println("merge1000LH time: " + end);
System.arraycopy(originalHL, 0, merge1000HL, 0, merge1000HL.length);
start = System.nanoTime();
```

```
Sorts. MergeSort(merge1000HL,0,merge1000HL.length-1);
end = System.nanoTime() - start;
System.out.println("merge1000HL time: " + end);
System. arraycopy (random, 0, merge 1000R, 0, merge 1000R.length);
start = System.nanoTime();
Sorts. MergeSort(merge1000R,0,merge1000R.length-1);
end = System.nanoTime() - start;
System.out.println("merge1000R time: " + end + "\n");
* This is for sorting 10000 elements using the Bubble Sort
int[] bubble10000LH = new int[10000];
int[] bubble10000HL = new int[10000];
int[] bubble10000R = new int[10000];
System.arraycopy(originalLH, 0, bubble10000LH, 0, bubble10000LH.length);
start = System.nanoTime();
Sorts.bubbleSort(bubble10000LH);
end = System.nanoTime() - start;
System.out.println("bubble10000LH time: " + end);
System. arraycopy (original HL, 0, bubble 10000 HL, 0, bubble 10000 HL.length);
start = System.nanoTime();
Sorts.bubbleSort(bubble10000HL);
end = System.nanoTime() - start;
System.out.println("bubble10000HL time: " + end);
System. arraycopy (random, 0, bubble 10000R, 0, bubble 10000R. length);
start = System.nanoTime();
Sorts.bubbleSort(bubble10000R);
end = System.nanoTime() - start;
System.out.println("bubble10000R time: " + end + "\n");
* This is for sorting 10000 elements using the insertion Sort
int[] insertion10000LH = new int[10000];
int[] insertion10000HL = new int[10000];
int[] insertion10000R = new int[10000];
System.arraycopy(originalLH, 0, insertion10000LH, 0, insertion10000LH.length);
start = System.nanoTime();
Sorts.insertionSort(insertion10000LH);
end = System.nanoTime() - start;
```

```
System.out.println("insertion100000LH time: " + end);
System.arraycopy(originalHL, 0, insertion10000HL, 0, insertion10000HL.length);
start = System.nanoTime();
Sorts.insertionSort(insertion10000HL);
end = System.nanoTime() - start;
System.out.println("insertion10000HL time: " + end);
System. arraycopy (random, 0, insertion 10000R, 0, insertion 10000R.length);
start = System.nanoTime();
Sorts.insertionSort(insertion10000R);
end = System.nanoTime() - start;
System.out.println("insertion10000R time: " + end + "\n");
* This is for sorting 10000 elements using the Selection Sort
int[] selection10000LH = new int[10000];
int[] selection10000HL = new int[10000];
int[] selection10000R = new int[10000];
System.arraycopy(originalLH, 0, selection10000LH, 0, selection10000LH.length);
start = System.nanoTime();
Sorts.selectionSort(selection10000LH);
end = System.nanoTime() - start;
System.out.println("selection10000LH time: " + end);
System. arraycopy (original HL, 0, selection 10000 HL, 0, selection 10000 HL, length);
start = System.nanoTime();
Sorts.selectionSort(selection10000HL);
end = System.nanoTime() - start;
System.out.println("selection10000HL time: " + end);
System.arraycopy(random, 0, selection10000R, 0, selection10000R.length);
start = System.nanoTime();
Sorts.selectionSort(selection10000R);
end = System.nanoTime() - start;
System.out.println("selection100R time: " + end + "\n");
/*
* This is for sorting 10000 elements using the heap Sort
int[] heap10000LH = new int[10000];
int[] heap10000HL = new int[10000];
int[] heap10000R = new int[10000];
```

```
System. arraycopy (original LH, 0, heap 10000 LH, 0, heap 10000 LH. length);
start = System.nanoTime();
Sorts. HeapSort(heap10000LH, heap10000LH.length-1);
end = System.nanoTime() - start;
System.out.println("heap10000LH time: " + end);
System. arraycopy (original HL, 0, heap 10000 HL, 0, heap 10000 HL.length);
start = System.nanoTime();
Sorts. HeapSort(heap10000HL,heap10000HL.length-1);
end = System.nanoTime() - start;
System.out.println("heap10000HL time: " + end);
System. arraycopy (random, 0, heap10000R, 0, heap10000R.length);
start = System.nanoTime();
Sorts. HeapSort(heap10000R, heap10000R.length-1);
end = System.nanoTime() - start;
System.out.println("heap10000R time: " + end + "\n");
* This is for sorting 10000 elements using the quick Sort
int[] quick10000LH = new int[10000];
int[] quick10000HL = new int[10000];
int[] quick10000R = new int[10000];
System.arraycopy(originalLH, 0, quick10000LH, 0, quick10000LH.length);
start = System.nanoTime();
Sorts. QuickSort(quick10000LH,0,quick10000LH.length-1);
end = System.nanoTime() - start;
System.out.println("quick10000LH time: " + end);
System. arraycopy (original HL, 0, quick 10000 HL, 0, quick 10000 HL, length);
start = System.nanoTime();
Sorts. QuickSort(quick10000HL,0,quick10000HL.length-1);
end = System.nanoTime() - start;
System.out.println("quick10000HL time: " + end);
System.arraycopy(random, 0, quick10000R, 0, quick10000R.length);
start = System.nanoTime();
Sorts. OuickSort(quick10000R, 0, quick10000R.length-1);
end = System.nanoTime() - start;
System.out.println("quick10000R time: " + end + "\n");
* This is for sorting 10000 elements using the Merge Sort
```

```
int[] merge10000LH = new int[10000];
int[] merge10000HL = new int[10000];
int[] merge10000R = new int[10000];
System.arraycopy(originalLH, 0, merge10000LH, 0, merge10000LH.length);
start = System.nanoTime();
Sorts. Merge Sort (merge 10000LH, 0, merge 10000LH.length-1);
end = System.nanoTime() - start;
System.out.println("merge10000LH time: " + end);
System.arraycopy(originalHL, 0, merge10000HL, 0, merge10000HL.length);
start = System.nanoTime();
Sorts. Merge Sort (merge 10000 HL, 0, merge 10000 HL. length-1);
end = System.nanoTime() - start;
System.out.println("merge10000HL time: " + end);
System. arraycopy (random, 0, merge 10000R, 0, merge 10000R.length);
start = System.nanoTime();
Sorts. MergeSort(merge10000R,0,merge10000R.length-1);
end = System.nanoTime() - start;
System.out.println("merge10000R time: " + end + "\n");
* This is for sorting 10000 elements using the Bubble Sort
int[] bubble100000LH = new int[100000];
int[] bubble100000HL = new int[100000];
int[] bubble100000R = new int[100000];
System.arraycopy(originalLH, 0, bubble100000LH, 0, bubble10000LH.length);
start = System.nanoTime();
Sorts.bubbleSort(bubble100000LH);
end = System.nanoTime() - start;
System.out.println("bubble100000LH time: " + end);
System.arraycopy(originalHL, 0, bubble100000HL, 0, bubble100000HL.length);
start = System.nanoTime();
Sorts.bubbleSort(bubble100000HL);
end = System.nanoTime() - start;
System.out.println("bubble100000HL time: " + end);
System.arraycopy(random, 0, bubble100000R, 0, bubble100000R.length);
start = System.nanoTime();
Sorts.bubbleSort(bubble100000R);
```

```
end = System.nanoTime() - start;
System.out.println("bubble100000R time: " + end + "\n");
* This is for sorting 100000 elements using the insertion Sort
int[] insertion100000LH = new int[100000];
int[] insertion100000HL = new int[100000];
int[] insertion100000R = new int[100000];
System.arraycopy(originalLH, 0, insertion100000LH, 0, insertion100000LH.length);
start = System.nanoTime();
Sorts.insertionSort(insertion100000LH);
end = System.nanoTime() - start;
System.out.println("insertion100000LH time: " + end);
System.arraycopy(originalHL, 0, insertion100000HL, 0, insertion100000HL.length);
start = System.nanoTime();
Sorts.insertionSort(insertion100000HL);
end = System.nanoTime() - start;
System.out.println("insertion100000HL time: " + end);
System.arraycopy(random, 0, insertion100000R, 0, insertion100000R.length);
start = System.nanoTime();
Sorts.insertionSort(insertion100000R);
end = System.nanoTime() - start;
System.out.println("insertion100000R time: " + end + "\n");
* This is for sorting 100000 elements using the Selection Sort
int[] selection100000LH = new int[100000];
int[] selection100000HL = new int[100000];
int[] selection100000R = new int[100000];
System.arraycopy(originalLH, 0, selection100000LH, 0, selection100000LH.length);
start = System.nanoTime();
Sorts.selectionSort(selection100000LH);
end = System.nanoTime() - start;
System.out.println("selection100000LH time: " + end);
System.arraycopy(originalHL, 0, selection100000HL, 0, selection100000HL.length);
start = System.nanoTime();
Sorts.selectionSort(selection100000HL);
end = System.nanoTime() - start;
System.out.println("selection100000HL time: " + end);
```

```
System. arraycopy (random, 0, selection 100000R, 0, selection 100000R.length);
start = System.nanoTime();
Sorts.selectionSort(selection100000R);
end = System.nanoTime() - start;
System.out.println("selection100000R time: " + end + "\n");
/*
* This is for sorting 100000 elements using the heap Sort
int[] heap100000LH = new int[100000];
int[] heap100000HL = new int[100000];
int[] heap100000R = new int[100000];
System.arraycopy(originalLH, 0, heap100000LH, 0, heap100000LH.length);
start = System.nanoTime();
Sorts. HeapSort(heap100000LH, heap100000LH.length-1);
end = System.nanoTime() - start;
System.out.println("heap100000LH time: " + end);
System.arraycopy(originalHL, 0, heap100000HL, 0, heap100000HL.length);
start = System.nanoTime();
Sorts. HeapSort(heap100000HL,heap100000HL.length-1);
end = System.nanoTime() - start;
System.out.println("heap100000HL time: " + end);
System. arraycopy (random, 0, heap100000R, 0, heap100000R.length);
start = System.nanoTime();
Sorts. HeapSort(heap100000R, heap100000R.length-1);
end = System.nanoTime() - start;
System.out.println("heap100000R time: " + end + "\n");
* This is for sorting 100000 elements using the Merge Sort
int[] merge100000LH = new int[100000];
int[] merge100000HL = new int[100000];
int[] merge100000R = new int[100000];
System.arraycopy(originalLH, 0, merge100000LH, 0, merge100000LH.length);
start = System.nanoTime();
Sorts. Merge Sort (merge 100000 LH, 0, merge 100000 LH. length-1);
end = System.nanoTime() - start;
System.out.println("merge100000LH time: " + end);
System.arraycopy(originalHL, 0, merge100000HL, 0, merge100000HL.length);
```

```
start = System.nanoTime();
Sorts. Merge Sort (merge 100000 HL, 0, merge 100000 HL.length-1);
end = System.nanoTime() - start;
System.out.println("merge100000HL time: " + end);
System.arraycopy(random, 0, merge100000R, 0, merge100000R.length);
start = System.nanoTime();
Sorts. MergeSort(merge100000R,0,merge100000R.length-1);
end = System.nanoTime() - start;
System.out.println("merge100000R time: " + end + "\n");
* This is for sorting 100000 elements using the quick Sort
int[] quick100000LH = new int[100000];
int[] quick100000HL = new int[100000];
int[] quick100000R = new int[100000];
System.arraycopy(originalLH, 0, quick100000LH, 0, quick100000LH.length);
start = System.nanoTime();
Sorts. QuickSort(quick100000LH,0,quick100000LH.length-1);
end = System.nanoTime() - start;
System.out.println("quick100000LH time: " + end);
System.arraycopy(originalHL, 0, quick100000HL, 0, quick100000HL.length);
start = System.nanoTime();
Sorts. QuickSort(quick100000HL,0,quick100000HL.length-1);
end = System.nanoTime() - start;
System.out.println("quick100000HL time: " + end);
System.arraycopy(random, 0, quick100000R, 0, quick100000R.length);
start = System.nanoTime();
Sorts. QuickSort(quick100000R,0,quick100000R.length-1);
end = System.nanoTime() - start;
System.out.println("quick100000R time: " + end + "\n");
* This is for sorting 1000000 elements using the Bubble Sort
int[] bubble1000000LH = new int[1000000];
int[] bubble1000000HL = new int[1000000];
int[] bubble1000000R = new int[1000000];
System.arraycopy(originalLH, 0, bubble1000000LH, 0, bubble1000000LH.length);
start = System.nanoTime();
```

```
Sorts.bubbleSort(bubble1000000LH);
end = System.nanoTime() - start;
System.out.println("bubble1000000LH time: " + end);
System.arraycopy(originalHL, 0, bubble1000000HL, 0, bubble1000000HL.length);
start = System.nanoTime();
Sorts.bubbleSort(bubble1000000HL);
end = System.nanoTime() - start;
System.out.println("bubble1000000HL time: " + end);
System. arraycopy (random, 0, bubble 1000000R, 0, bubble 1000000R.length);
start = System.nanoTime();
Sorts.bubbleSort(bubble1000000R);
end = System.nanoTime() - start;
System.out.println("bubble1000000R time: " + end + "\n");
/*
* This is for sorting 1000000 elements using the insertion Sort
int[] insertion1000000LH = new int[1000000];
int[] insertion1000000HL = new int[1000000];
int[] insertion1000000R = new int[1000000];
System. arraycopy (original LH, 0, insertion 1000000 LH, 0, insertion 1000000 LH. length);
start = System.nanoTime();
Sorts.insertionSort(insertion1000000LH);
end = System.nanoTime() - start;
System.out.println("insertion10000000LH time: " + end);
System. arraycopy (original HL, 0, insertion 1000000 HL, 0, insertion 1000000 HL, length);
start = System.nanoTime();
Sorts.insertionSort(insertion1000000HL);
end = System.nanoTime() - start;
System.out.println("insertion1000000HL time: " + end);
System. arraycopy (random, 0, insertion 1000000R, 0, insertion 1000000R.length);
start = System.nanoTime();
Sorts.insertionSort(insertion1000000R);
end = System.nanoTime() - start;
System.out.println("insertion1000000R time: " + end + "\n");
* This is for sorting 1000000 elements using the Selection Sort
int[] selection1000000LH = new int[1000000];
int[] selection1000000HL = new int[1000000];
```

```
int[] selection1000000R = new int[1000000];
System.arraycopy(originalLH, 0, selection1000000LH, 0, selection1000000LH.length);
start = System.nanoTime();
Sorts.selectionSort(selection1000000LH);
end = System.nanoTime() - start;
System.out.println("selection1000000LH time: " + end);
System. arraycopy (original HL, 0, selection 1000000 HL, 0, selection 1000000 HL, length);
start = System.nanoTime();
Sorts.selectionSort(selection1000000HL);
end = System.nanoTime() - start;
System.out.println("selection1000000HL time: " + end);
System.arraycopy(random, 0, selection1000000R, 0, selection1000000R.length);
start = System.nanoTime();
Sorts.selectionSort(selection1000000R);
end = System.nanoTime() - start;
System.out.println("selection1000000R time: " + end + "\n");
* This is for sorting 1000000 elements using the heap Sort
int[] heap1000000LH = new int[1000000];
int[] heap1000000HL = new int[1000000];
int[] heap 1000000R = new int[1000000];
System.arraycopy(originalLH, 0, heap1000000LH, 0, heap1000000LH.length);
start = System.nanoTime();
Sorts. HeapSort(heap1000000LH,heap1000000LH.length-1);
end = System.nanoTime() - start;
System.out.println("heap1000000LH time: " + end);
System.arraycopy(originalHL, 0, heap1000000HL, 0, heap1000000HL.length);
start = System.nanoTime();
Sorts. HeapSort(heap1000000HL,heap1000000HL.length-1);
end = System.nanoTime() - start;
System.out.println("heap1000000HL time: " + end);
System.arraycopy(random, 0, heap1000000R, 0, heap1000000R.length);
start = System.nanoTime();
Sorts. HeapSort(heap1000000R,heap1000000R.length-1);
end = System.nanoTime() - start;
System.out.println("heap1000000R time: " + end + "\n");
/*
```

```
* This is for sorting 1000000 elements using the quick Sort
int[] quick1000000LH = new int[1000000];
int[] quick1000000HL = new int[1000000];
int[] quick1000000R = new int[1000000];
System.arraycopy(originalLH, 0, quick1000000LH, 0, quick1000000LH.length);
start = System.nanoTime();
Sorts. QuickSort(quick1000000LH,0,quick1000000LH.length-1);
end = System.nanoTime() - start;
System.out.println("quick1000000LH time: " + end);
System.arraycopy(originalHL, 0, quick1000000HL, 0, quick1000000HL.length);
start = System.nanoTime();
Sorts. QuickSort(quick1000000HL,0,quick1000000HL.length-1);
end = System.nanoTime() - start;
System.out.println("quick1000000HL time: " + end);
System.arraycopy(random, 0, quick1000000R, 0, quick1000000R.length);
start = System.nanoTime();
Sorts. QuickSort(quick1000000R,0,quick1000000R.length-1);
end = System.nanoTime() - start;
System.out.println("quick1000000R time: " + end + "\n");
* This is for sorting 100000 elements using the Merge Sort
int[] merge1000000LH = new int[1000000];
int[] merge1000000HL = new int[1000000];
int[] merge1000000R = new int[1000000];
System. arraycopy (original LH, 0, merge 1000000 LH, 0, merge 1000000 LH. length);
start = System.nanoTime();
Sorts. Merge Sort (merge 1000000LH, 0, merge 1000000LH.length-1);
end = System.nanoTime() - start;
System.out.println("merge1000000LH time: " + end);
System.arraycopy(originalHL, 0, merge1000000HL, 0, merge1000000HL.length);
start = System.nanoTime();
Sorts. MergeSort (merge1000000HL, 0, merge1000000HL.length-1);
end = System.nanoTime() - start;
System.out.println("merge1000000HL time: " + end);
System.arraycopy(random, 0, merge1000000R, 0, merge1000000R.length);
start = System.nanoTime();
Sorts. Merge Sort (merge 1000000R, 0, merge 1000000R. length-1);
```

```
end = System.nanoTime() - start;
  System.out.println("merge1000000R time: " + end + "\n");
}
public class Sorts {
        public static int[] bubbleSort(int[] arr) {
               int val:
               //bubble sort starts from the end of list and moves towards the front
               for (int i = 0; i < arr.length - 1; i++) {
                        for (int j = arr.length - 1; j > i; j--) {
                               //exchanges A[j] and A[j-1]
                                if (arr[j-1] > arr[j]) {
                                       val = arr[j - 1];
                                       arr[i - 1] = arr[i];
                                       arr[j] = val;
                                }
                        }
                return arr;
        }
        public static void insertionSort(int[]arr){
               for(int j= 0;j<arr.length;j++){</pre>
               int key =arr[i];
               int i = j-1;
                while(i \ge 0 \&\& arr[i] \ge key){
                        arr[i+1] = arr[i];
                        i=i-1;
                arr[i+1]=key;
         * This is a selection sort that sorts an array from smallest to largest
        * @param A is the array being sorted
```

```
public static void selectionSort(int[] A) {
        for (int j = 0; j \le A.length - 2; j++) {
               int smallest = A[i];
               int index = j;
               //goes through the list to obtain the smallest value
               for (int i = j + 1; i \le A.length - 1; i++) {
                       if (A[i] < smallest) {
                               smallest = A[i];
                               index = i;
                       }
               //swapping of value occurs
               int temp = A[index];
               A[index] = A[i];
               A[i] = temp;
}
 * This is a Merge Sort that sorts an array from smallest to largest
* @param A is the array to be sorted
* @param p is the initial position of the array
* @param r is the terminal position of the array
public static void MergeSort(int[] A, int p, int r) {
       // if p > r... returns -- it's the base case for this recursion
       if (p < r) {
               // casting the flooring to be an integer
               int q = ((int) Math.floor((p + r) / 2));
               MergeSort(A, p, q);
               MergeSort(A, q + 1, r);
               Merge(A, p, q, r);
}
// The Merge Sort uses this method as part of its recurrence calls.
// This method sorts the two divided arrays from smallest to biggest all
// into one new array.
private static void Merge(int[] A, int p, int q, int r) {
        int n1 = q - p + 1;
        int n2 = r - q;
        int[] L = new int[n1];
        int[]R = new int[n2];
```

```
for (int i = 1; i \le n1; i++) {
        // i-1 because we're using i to talk about the position... position
       // in java starts at 0
        L[i-1] = A[p+i-1];
}
for (int j = 1; j \le n2; j++) {
        // j-1 because we're using j to talk about the position... position
       // in java starts at 0
        R[j-1] = A[q+j];
}
int i = 1;
int j = 1;
for (int k = p; k \le r; k++) {
        * This handles how the author does it where he puts infinity at the
        * end of the arrays to know when it's at the end of that array...
        * i'm doing the same thing but in a different way
        if ((i - 1) >= L.length) {
               A[k] = R[j - 1];
               i = i + 1;
        }
       // Handles when it reaches the end of the array for array R
        else if ((j-1) \ge R.length) {
               A[k] = L[i - 1];
               i = i + 1;
        }
        /**
        * Both arrays are sorted into smallest to largest at this point...
        * combines the 2 arrays into one sorted array by comparing each
        * values of the arrays one by one
        else if (L[i - 1] \le R[j - 1]) {
               A[k] = L[i - 1];
               i = i + 1;
        }
        else {
               A[k] = R[j - 1];
               i = i + 1;
```

```
}
       }
* This is a Heap Sort that sorts an array from smallest to largest
* @param A is the array to be sorted
* @param n is the terminal position of the array
public static void HeapSort(int[] A, int n) {
       // Keep in mind that BuildMaxHeap is not in for-loop so it is only
       // called once.
       BuildMaxHeap(A, n);
       for (int i = n; i >= 1; i--) {
               int temp = A[0];
               A[0] = A[i];
               A[i] = temp;
               MaxHeapify(A, 0, i - 1);
}
* This code is used for the HeapSort, it is only ran once in the beginning
* to build the MaxHeap tree
private static void BuildMaxHeap(int[] A, int n) {
       for (int i = (int) Math.floor((n - 1) / 2); i >= 0; i--) {
               MaxHeapify(A, i, n);
}
// This code is used by the HeapSort
private static void MaxHeapify(int[] A, int i, int n) {
       // L = position left of the parent (remember that the tree starts at
       // position 1 for java)
       int L = (2 * i) + 1;
       // R = position right of the parent
       int R = (2 * i) + 2;
       int largest;
       // If the left child is larger than the parent...
       if ((L \le n) & (A[L] > A[i]))  {
               largest = L;
        } else {
               largest = i;
```

```
}
       // If the right child is larger than the left child and parent...
       if ((R \le n) \&\& (A[R] > A[largest])) {
               largest = R;
       // If the parent had at least one children that was larger, run
       if (largest != i) {
               int temp = A[i];
               A[i] = A[largest];
               A[largest] = temp;
               MaxHeapify(A, largest, n);
}
/**
* @param A Takes in an array A which will be sorted
* @param p pivot position where the sorted value will be placed
* @param r value which will be sorted
public static void QuickSort(int[] A, int p, int r) {
       if (p < r) {
               int q = Partition(A, p, r);
               QuickSort(A, p, q - 1);
               QuickSort(A, q + 1, r);
       }
}
/**
* @param A Takes in an array A which will be sorted
* @param p pivot position where the sorted value will be placed
* @param r value which will be sorted
* @return an Array where r is sorted in its proper postition
public static int Partition(int[] A, int p, int r) {
       int x = A[r];
       int i = p - 1;
       for (int j = p; j < r; j++) {
               // Goes into this statement if number stored in A[j] is less then x
               if (A[j] \le x)
                      // exchanging values
                       i = i+1;
                       int temp = A[i];
```

```
A[i] = A[j];
A[j] = temp;
}

// exchanges A[i+1] with A[j] --- places pivot in sorted order.
int temp2 = A[i+1];
A[i+1] = A[r];
A[r] = temp2;
return i + 1;
}
```