## C++ And Linux

# Fixed Startup Codes&Compiling&Executing

```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
int main(int argc,char *arg[])
{

#### g++ <file.cpp> <-o> <desired output name>
#### <./><output name><variables>
```

### **Pointers**

## Sample Code

```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
int main(int argc,char *arg[])
{
    int *p;
    int a=atoi(arg[1]);
    p=new int(a);
    for(int i=0;i<a;i++)
    {
        cout<<"Pointer Dinamik bellek ile dizi
"<<endl<<"*"<<*p<<endl<"""<<p>endl<<"""<>p++;
    }
    return 0;
}
```

## Controlling And Ruling Errors (Try-Catch)

```
<try>
{
      Protected events
      <throw> "Throw message";
<catch><(<const>< char*> <name>)>
      <cout><name>
}
```

### Sample Code

```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
int main(int argc,char *arg[])
      int *p;
      int size=atoi(arg[1]);
      p=new int(size);
      cout<<"Causing some errors for pointers..."<<endl;</pre>
      cout<<"Causing overflow"<<endl;</pre>
                    throw "Size cannot be over 5";
             try
             for(int i=0;i \le (size+1);i++)
                    throw"Overflowed!";
             catch(const char* msg)
                    cout<<endl<<"------Exception-----"<<endl;
                    cerr<<msg<<endl;
      catch(const char* msg)
             cout<<endl<<"-----"<<endl;
```

```
cerr<<msg<<endl;
}
</pre>
```

**Note:**For throwing options its also possible that giving a variable type like integer char double etc. Which can be shown like:

```
<throw><value>;
catch(<type> <name>)
<cout><name>
```

## Vector Usage

Vectors are same as dynamic arrays with ability to resize automatically

```
<vector><<type>><name>
<name>< . ><begin()>
                            //Points the beginning of the vector
<name>< . ><end()>
                            //Points the end of the vector
<name>< . ><push_back()> //Adds element to the end of the vector
<name>< . ><pop_back()> //Pops the last element of the vector
<name>< . ><size()>
                            //Returns the size of the vector
<name>< . ><resize(<int>)> //Resizes the vector for more or less space
<name>< . ><at(<int>)>
                            //Return the element value at desired location
<name>< . ><assign(<how many times><value>)>
                                                        //Assigns an element replacing all others
                                                 //İnserts an element before the specified position
<name>< . ><insert(<int position> , <value> )>
                                          //Removes an item from specified position
<name>< . ><erase(<int position>)>
<name>< . ><clear()>
                                   //Removes all items in the vector
<name>< . ><swap(<target vector>)> //Target vector must be the same type size can be different
<name>< . ><emplace(<position>,<value>)>
                                                 //Adds new item to a specified location
<name>< . ><erase(<int position>)>
                                          //Erases specified item
```

#### Sample Code

#### AYBERK ERDEM - C++ And LINUX -

```
cout<<endl<<"Max size : | "<<test.max_size()<<" | Current size: | "<<test.size()<<endl;</pre>
test.resize((test.size()-1));
cout<<endl<<"After resize without values size : |"<<test.size()<<" |"<<endl;</pre>
printer(test,test.size());
cout<<"Assigning 4 replacing old items"<<endl;</pre>
test.assign(1,4);
printer(test,test.size());
cout<<"Assigning 5 replacing old items"<<endl;
test.assign(1,5);
printer(test,test.size());
cout<<"size of the vector : "<<test.size()<<endl;</pre>
cout<<"Inserting to beginning value :-1"<<endl;</pre>
test.insert(test.begin(),-1);
cout<<"Expected output: -1 5..."<<endl<<endl;</pre>
printer(test,test.size());
cout<<"clearing all items"<<endl;</pre>
test.clear();
cout<<"After clearing the size : "<<test.size()<<endl;</pre>
printer(test,test.size());
test.emplace(test.begin(),4);
test.emplace(test.begin(),3);
printer(test,test.size());
cout<<"Erasing an item from marked location"<<endl;</pre>
test.erase(test.end()-1);
printer(test,test.size());
```