```
1. given x, y, z, penalty.
2. update x so that it is feasible for bounds and any linear constraints.
3. evaluate f, c, g, J and compute norm c, max infeas bar, merit
4. iterate = 0, make sure blow-up is not signified
5. BEGIN (main loop)
6. compute residuals C RES 1, C RES u, A RES 1, A RES u, X RES 1, X RES u.
7. IF iterate = 0 then check optimal goto 9.
8. if x k has moved then
       if sqp used
           if ~bfgs
               then compute J^ya from sqp
          end
          compute At ya from sqp and then check optimal
          update primal vl, dual vl, comp vl and Y if necessary
      end
      if ~bfgs
           compute Jty from cauchy
      end
      compute Aty from cauchy and then check optimal
      update primal vl, dual vl, comp vl and Y if necessary
   else
      if sap computed
          compute Jty and Aty and then check optimal
          update primal vl, dual vl, comp vl and Y if necessary
      end
      compute Aty and Jty from cauchy and then check optimal
      update primal vl, dual vl, comp vl and Y if necessary
9. If optimal or iterate = max iterate, go to 13.
10. check subproblem optimal based on point accepted in 8, which is same as in nlp%Y
11. determine whether to increase penalty parameter (if blowup, subproblem optimal, other?)
12. evaluate merit function if penalty parameter has changed
13. print : iterate, primal vl, dual vl, comp vl, penalty parameter, merit)
14. if optimal or iterate = max iterate, EXIT
15. iterate = iterate + 1
16. IF BFGS then update B(s, f or s c, gradLx, gradLxnew, B) note: make sure update knows
   when it is first iterate so that it can handle first iterate.
17. compute predictor step/mults
18. Evaluate H possibly at Cauchy mults.
19. compute cauchy step/mults and model decrease
20. possibly compute sqp step/sqp mults and model decrease at full step
21. IF sqp not computed OR sqp computed but not good then eval. fnew, cnew at Cauchy pt.
   ELSE evaluate fnew, cnew at sqp step.
22. IF blow-up, then signify.
23. compute ratio
24. print: (on separate line) everything to do with predictor, cauchy, and sqp: TR
25. IF "blow up" then decrease trust-region
   ELSE if success, then
   1. update trust-region
```

- 2. compute gradLx(g,J,Y) where Y corresponds to whether cauchy or sqp step was used
- 3. x < x (depends on weather SQP was used), c < x cnew, f < x new, norm x < x norm x < x
- 4. update merit
- 5. evaluate g <- gnew, J <- Jnew
 6. compute gradLxnext(g,J,Y) where is same Y from 24.2.

ELSE failure, then update trust-region.

26. END (main loop)