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In [1]: import numpy
        # initializing matrices
        x = numpy.array([[1, 2], [3, 4]])
y = numpy.array([[5, 6], [7, 8]])
        print("Given matrix:")
        print(x)
        # using multiply() to multiply matrices element wise
        print ("The element wise multiplication of matrix is : ")
        print (numpy.multiply(x,y))
        # using dot() to multiply matrices
        print ("The product of matrices is : ")
        print (numpy.dot(x,y))
        # using "T" to transpose the matrix
        print ("The transpose of given matrix is : ")
        print (x.T)
        # using "trace" to find trace of the matrix
        print ("The trace of given matrix is : ")
        print (x.trace())
        #Rank of matrix
        print(numpy.linalg.matrix_rank(x))
        #Determinant of matrix
        print(numpy.linalg.det(x))
        #Inverse of matrix
        print(numpy.linalg.inv(x))
        #Eigen values of matrix
        print(numpy.linalg.eig(x))
        Given matrix:
        [[1 2]
         [3 4]]
        The element wise multiplication of matrix is :
        [[ 5 12]
         [21 32]]
        The product of matrices is :
        [[19 22]
         [43 50]]
        The transpose of given matrix is :
        [[1 3]
         [2 4]]
        The trace of given matrix is :
        2
        -2.00000000000000004
        [[-2. 1.]
         [ 1.5 -0.5]]
        (array([-0.37228132, 5.37228132]), array([[-0.82456484, -0.41597356], [ 0.56576746, -0.90937671]]))
In [2]: import numpy as py
        a=py.array([[2,4,5],[1,2,3],[4,3,2]])
        u,d,vt=py.linalg.svd(a)
        ar=(u@py.diag(d)@vt)
        print(u)
        print(d)
        print(vt)
        print(ar)
        [[-0.73374256 -0.43980292 -0.5178757 ]
         [-0.40369546 -0.33087851 0.85296506]
         [-0.54649047 0.83492083 0.06523321]]
        [9.00547772 2.61847489 0.21203855]
        [ 0.36854847 -0.80114235  0.47153257]]
        [[2. 4. 5.]
         [1. 2. 3.]
         [4. 3. 2.]]
In [ ]:
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