# Report Day: 6.2

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# 1. JSX (JavaScript XML)

**JSX** is a syntax used in React that lets you write **HTML-like code inside JavaScript**.

### Why use JSX?

- Makes code easier to read.
- Looks similar to HTML, so it's easy to understand.
- React uses JSX to describe how the UI should look.

const element = <h1>Hello, World!</h1>;

Even though it looks like HTML, it's actually JavaScript behind the scenes.

## 2. Functional Components

A **component** is like a building block in React. It represents a part of the webpage (e.g., a button, header, card).

There are two types of components:

- Functional Components (simple and preferred)
- Class Components (older method, less used now)

```
function Welcome() {
  return <h2>Welcome to my website</h2>;
}
```

### **Props (Properties)**

**Props** are used to **send data from one component to another**.

- Props are like function arguments.
- They make components **reusable** with different data.

```
Example:
function App() {
  return <Greeting name="Ayesha" />;
}
function Greeting(props) {
  return <h2>Hello, {props.name}!</h2>;
}
```

```
function Greeting(props) {
  return <h2>Hello, {props.name}!</h2>;
}
```

#### **Conclusion:**

In React, the most basic building blocks are **functional components**. These are simple JavaScript functions that return JSX, which is a special syntax used to describe what the UI should look like. Functional components help us divide our interface into reusable, manageable parts. For example, we can create a Header, Footer, or Button as separate components. Functional components are easy to write, clean, and are now the recommended way to build components in modern React.

