LC-3 Reference -- CS 350: Computer Org & Assembler Lang Pgmg (v. 2015-03-26) (You can bring this sheet to Quiz 2 & the Final Exam)

OPCODES SORTED BY MNEMONIC

OPCODES SORTED BY OPCODE NBR

0р	He	x Bin	Arguments	Hex	Bin	0р	Arguments
ADD	1	0001	Dst Src1 0 00 Src2	0	0000	BR	NZP PCoffset9
ADD	1	0001	Dst Src1 1 Immed5	0	0000	NOP	000 00 (BR w/000 mask)
AND	5	0101	Dst Src1 0 00 Src2	1	0001	ADD	Dst Src1 0 00 Src2
AND	5	0101	Dst Src1 1 Immed5	1	0001	ADD	Dst Src1 1 Immed5
BR	0	0000	NZP PCoffset9	2	0010	LD	Dst PCoffset9
err	D	1101	(unused opcode)	3	0011	ST	Src PCoffset9
JMP	C	1100	000 Base 000000	4	0100	JSR	1 PCoffset11
JSR	4	0100	1 PCoffset11	4	0100	JSRR	000 Base 000000
JSRR	4	0100	000 Base 000000	5	0101	AND	Dst Src1 0 00 Src2
LD	2	0010	Dst PCoffset9	5	0101	AND	Dst Src1 1 Immed5
LDI	Α	1010	Dst PCoffset9	6	0110	LDR	Dst Base Offset6
LDR	6	0110	Dst Base Offset6	7	0111	STR	Src Base Offset6
LEA	Е	1110	Dst PCoffset9	8	1000	RTI	0000 0000 0000
NOP	0	1110	000 00 (BR w/000 mask)	9	1001	NOT	Dst Src1 111111
NOT	9	1001	Dst Src1 111111	Α	1010	LDI	Dst PCoffset9
RET	C	1100	000 111 000000 (JMP R7)	В	1011	STI	Src PCoffset9
RTI	8	1000	0000 0000 0000	C	1100	JMP	000 Base 00000
ST	3	0011	Src PCoffset9	C	1100	RET	000 111 000000 (JMP R7)
STI	В	1011	Src PCoffset9	D	1101	err	(unused opcode)
STR	7	0111	Src Base Offset6	Ε	1110	LEA	Dst PCoffset9
TRAP	F	1111	0000 TrapVec8	F	1111	TRAP	0000 TrapVec8
Trap	ap Vectors (Note: TRAP, JSR, JSRR modify R7)						
v20		тс	Boad chanacton from kouhoa	~d 4.	a+a D/	257 (3]. closm DA[1E 0]

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x20 - GETC Read character from keyboard into R0[7..0]; clear R0[15..8].
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x22 - PUTS Print string of ASCII chars starting at location pointed to by R0 (one char per location; stop at word = x0000).

Like x20 but prints a prompt on the screen first. x23 - IN

x24 - PUTSP Like x22 but each location contains two characters; the one at 7..0 is printed first then the one at 15..8. Stop at x0000.

x25 - HALT Halt execution.

Assembler Directives (below, n can be in decimal or hex)

```
______
           Load program starting at address n (typically hex constant)
.ORIG n
.FILL n Allocate 1 word of memory initialized to n
.FILL label Allocate 1 word of memory initialized to address of label
            Allocate n words of memory initialized to 0. (Like n .FILL 0's)
.BLKW n
.STRINGZ "str" Allocate M+1 words for M characters and terminal null
.END
            Last line of assembler program
```

ASCII: Space = 32 = x20; Newline = 10 = xA; '0'= 48 = x30; 'A'= 65 = x41; 'a'= 97 = x61Multiples of 16: 32 48 64 80 96 112 128 144 160 176 192 208 224 240 256

Print character in R0[7..0]. x21 - OUT