IPM and Gatekeeping



What is IPM & IPM Navigator

- Using the Stage Gate Process as roadmap for driving innovation and other projects
- The process follows the IPM (Innovation Process Management) funnel model that consists of six different phases
- At the end of each phase a decision gate must be passed
- The IT tool that supports IPM is IPM Navigator



IPM is **common process** that enables us to work cohesively in the same "project language" across brands, categories, functions and geographies

IPM creates transparency and speed as it involves all functions from the start of a project IPM acts as a checklist by prompting all the critical project requirements

The IPM FUNNEL_PHASE-GATE STRUCTURE

The IPM Funnel is a **decision framework** – once activities are

completed, the project can propose

passage to next via a Gate Decision

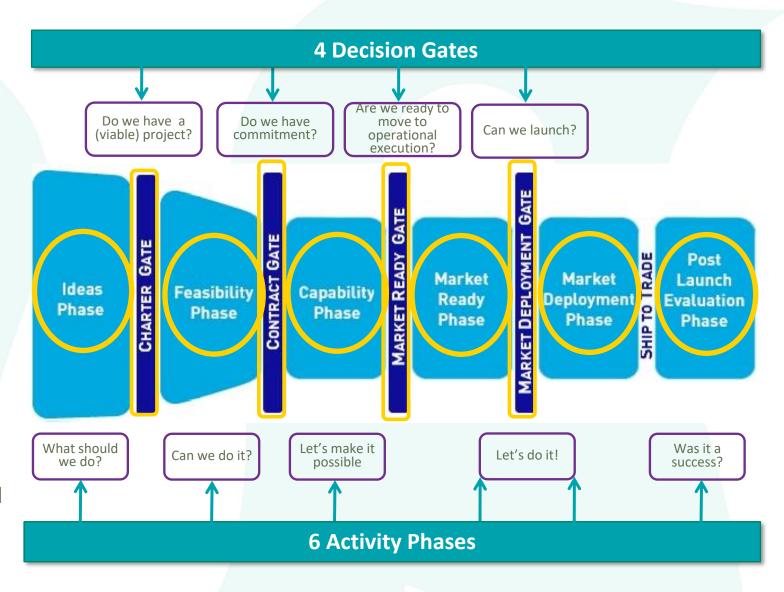
Structure designed to avoid doing too detailed work before the potential is clear.

Reducing risks Increasing clarity of the opportunities

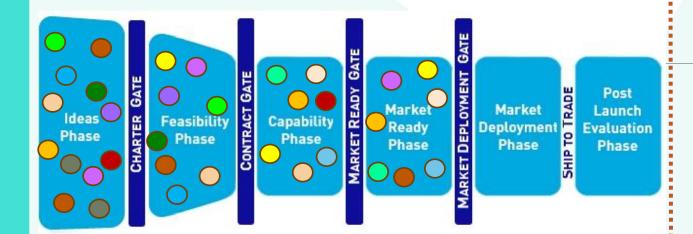
As a project progresses through the funnel the **level of knowledge and detail increases.**

Avoid rework
But need to ensure that inputs are early

Specific activities need to be assessed or completed in each phase at set timing (Functional Excellence in IPM)



Funnel ≠ tunnel



The funnel is designed to allow the strongest ideas to proceed the weaker ideas to be stopped before too much resource is invested

Gate meetings



The formal reviews of projects proposing passage through a gate

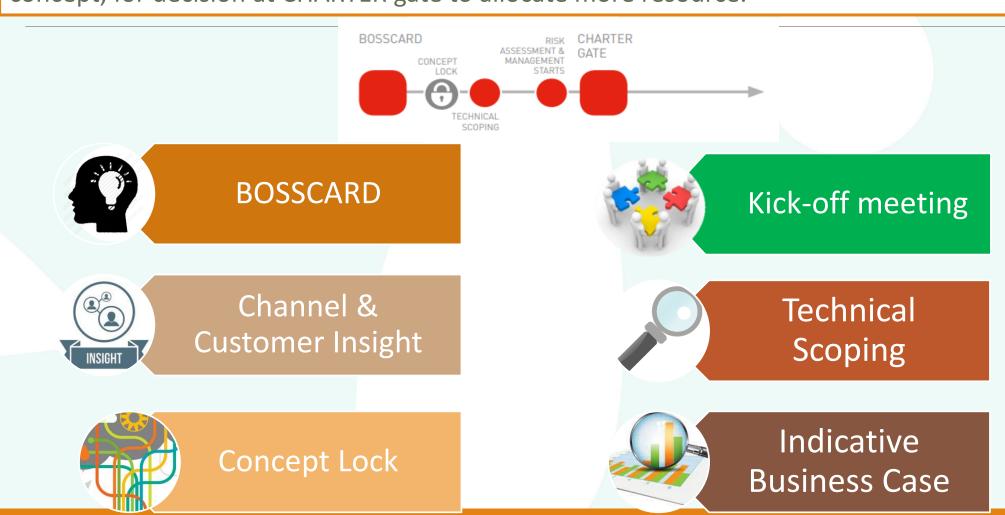
Decision meeting

All key functions are represented

The **Gatekeeper** is responsible for the final gate decision (Approve/ Approve with Edits/ Postpone/ Stop Project)

IDEA PHASE

This is an **exploratory phase** of any innovation project and is the time when the idea is developed, to identify consumer merit, to assess potential to technically deliver the concept, for decision at CHARTER gate to allocate more resource.

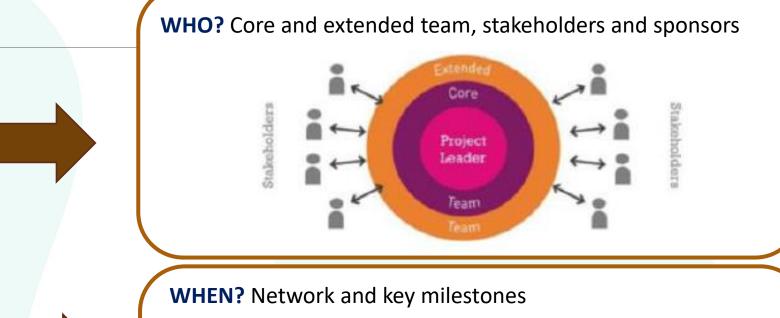


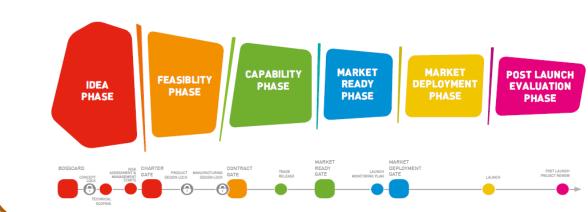
The requirements to set up a project

WHAT? Project summary to secure resources

BOSSCARD

- **B** ackground
- O bjective
- **S** cope
- **\$** ustainability
- **C** onstraints
- **A** ssumptions
- R isks
- **D** eliverables





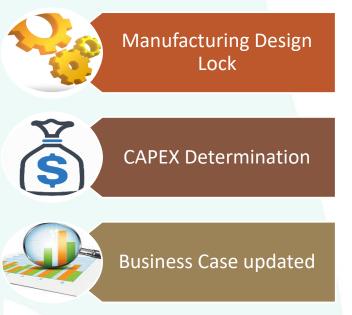
FEASIBILITY PHASE

It is in this Phase of the Innovation that we establish if the mix has sufficient merit, is it **technically feasible** (product technology and manufacturing capability) and is the project commercially viable to progress substantial capital or market investment.



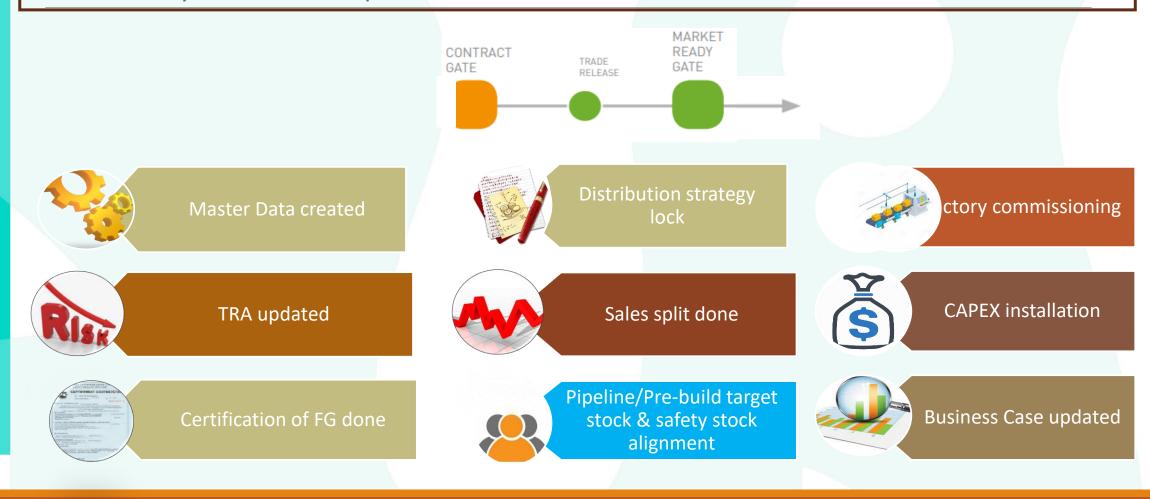






CAPABILITY PHASE

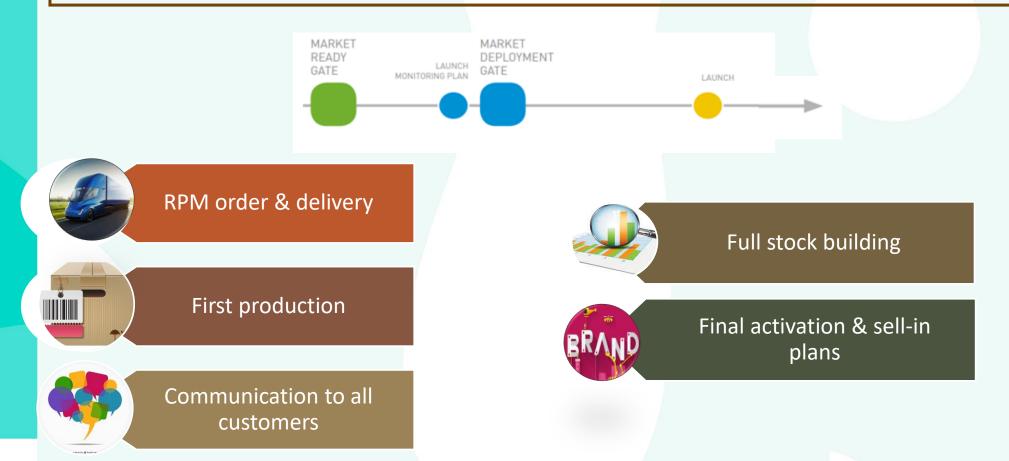
It is in this Phase of the Innovation that the project team finalizes all elements (Brand and Technical) of the **final product mix are fully developed**, put capital in place (if applicable) and that it is ready to move into operational execution.



MARKET READY & DEPLOYMENT PHASE

MR: It is time in the Innovation project when Business Unit will confirm the operational execution of the project (final activation plans, customer sell-in and planning, building stock).

MD: To confirm HOW the project will be executed in the MCO.



POST LAUNCH EVALUATION PHASE

In this phase of the project it is necessary to **assess success** and **capture learnings** that have come from the project deployment in the selected Markets.



Review the performance

Lessons Learned

Reflect on how the project was developed, key lesson learned, share recommendations

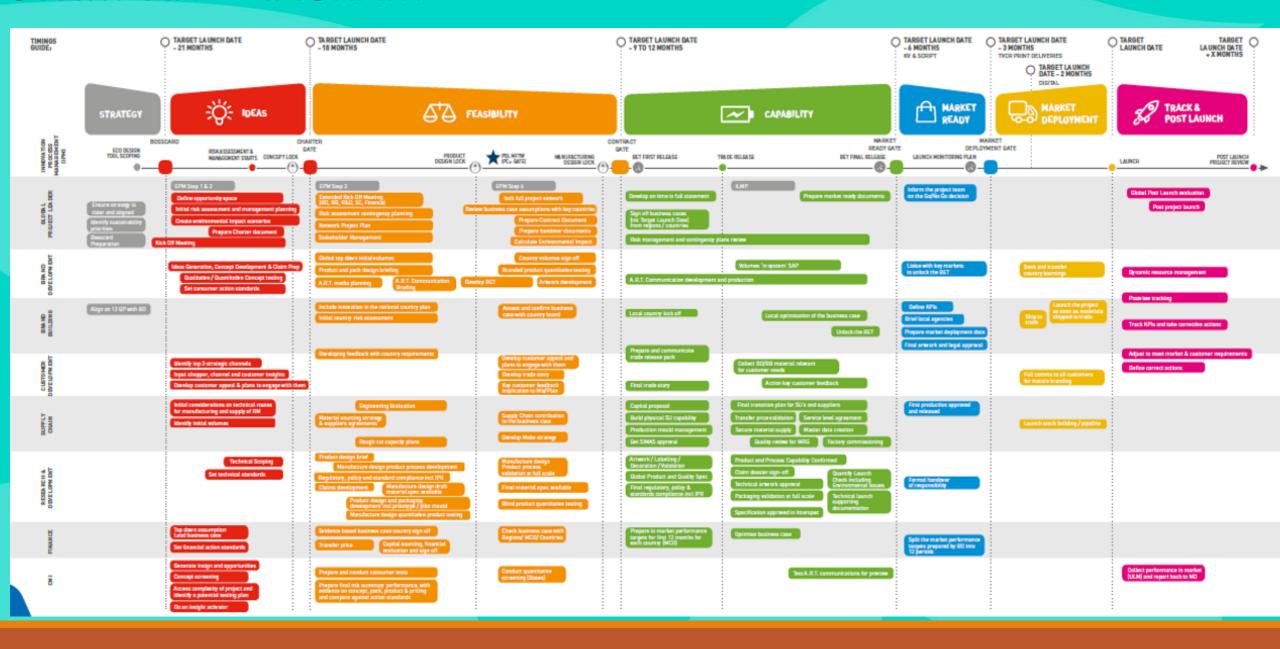


Track in market results against KPI and take corrective actions

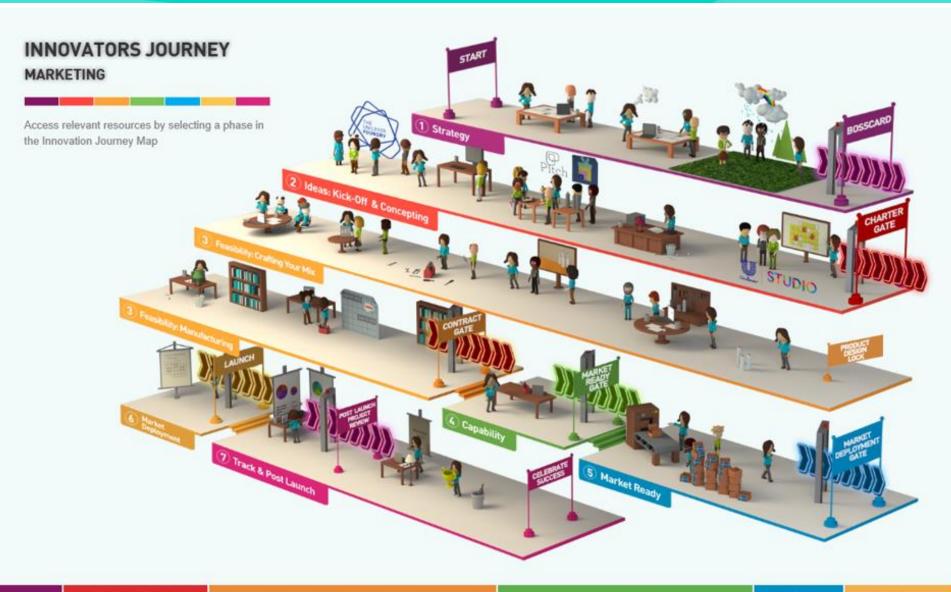
What is Functional Excellence in IPM?

- Functional Excellence is the framework that contains all necessary deliverables and accordant activities to ensure OTIF (on time and in full) and high quality project delivery
- The **detailed activity** that is required for Project Excellence throughout the funnel by each function.
- It is a reference tool to assist Project Leaders and Project Team Members alike.
- Functional Excellence in IPM exists to support the rigorous delivery of our innovations by providing clarity and access to current Best Practices within company enabling consistent deliver of the functional requirements within the innovation cycle.

SWIMLANE DIAGRAM



INNOVATION JORNEY



(9)

1. STRATEGY

2. IDEAS: KICK-OFF & CONCEPTING

3. FEASIBILITY

4. CAPABILITY

5. MARKET READY

6 MARKET EPLOYMENT 7. TRACK & POST LAUNCH

Projects classification



SILVER/GOLD/BRONZE classification

iTO >3.93 mln EUR	iTO 0.8 – 3.93 mln EUR	iTO < 0.8 mln EUR
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iTO >3.71 mln EUR iTO 0.74 – 3.71 mln EUR iTO < 0.74 mln EUR



GOLD

iTO > 0,5% Company TO + media support



SILVER

iTO 0,1% - 0,5% Company TO + media support



BRONZE

iTO < 0,1% Company TO

Included as TOP INNOVATIONs (all GOLD, partly SILVER by CCBT & CDLT decision) – **TOP NPD**

other

ACTIVITY REQUESTS

AR's are quick simple projects, with low risk:

- (NRM) New pack sizes (small effort)
- Promo SKU & Share of Shelf expansion
- Simple shopping basket roll out in same cluster
- Simple, single country 3P enabled innovation projects e.g. buy & deploy

Rules that Activity Requests follow

- TO, iTO Threshold and OTIF rules depend on category
- If resource > 0.2 FTE and Capex > €20k capex then it is not an AR

Aimed to success



FORECASTING INSIGHTS

CHARTER

CONTRACT

MARKET READY

LAUNCH

POST-LAUNCH

10-12 MONTHS

8-9 MONTHS

6-7 MONTHS

1-3 MONTHS

1-3 MONTHS

ASSUMPTIONS / TOPDOWN VOLUMES

PIPELINE VOLS

REPLENISHMENT

QUALITY OF VOLUMES ASSUMPTIONS GROWS FROM GATE TO GATE

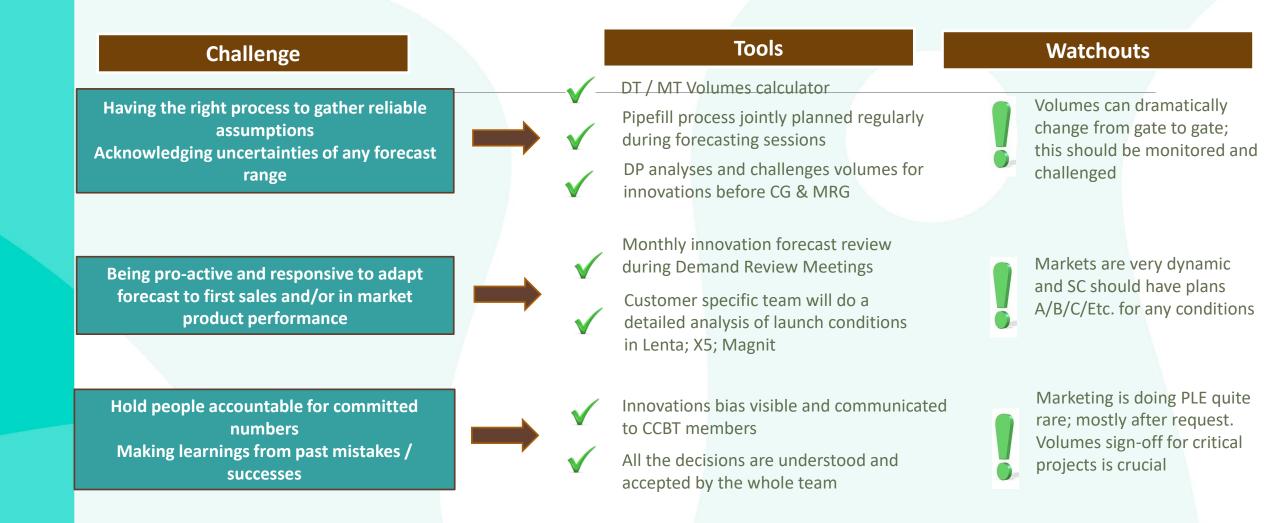
Assumptions

- Reliable assumptions
- Received at early stages
- Understood & confirmed by all members

Facts

- First months sales tracking
- Building responsiveness plan for any oversales
- Proactivity in getting BU volumes
- Best practices from other categories
 - Every forecast is assumption
- Planning teams are essential to transform this assumptions into facts / reality as early as possible
 - All the numbers that are not trusted should be challenged

KEY FORECAST CHALLENGES & MITIGATION TOOLKITS



COMMON RECOMMENDATIONS FOR SUCCESSFUL LAUNCH:



Make sure that communication flows are sustainable and every team member is aware about taken decisions and next steps. Key changes should be visible and understood by all. (Action: Request project leader to fix any white spaces)



- ✓ Check critical lead times for materials / tasks at early stages
- Check threshold for your project at early stages
- ✓ Make a sanity check of network timings (RPM order; production; distribution) (Action: Request project leader / innovation planner to confirm critical points)



✓ AW timings and quality are critical for OTIF delivery (AWs are frequently delayed that badly affects the whole network) (Action: Request marketing to highlight any delays ASAP)



- ✓ Changes after product design lock should be strongly challenged & escalated to top management
- ✓ Sign-off for every important changes in the project are crucial (Action: Request project leader to inform about any changes)

Invite innovation planning at any disputable cases

GOLDEN RULES of Gate-keeping meeting



All pre-reads must be submitted 3-4 days prior to the meeting



In order to be aligned and use CCBT time effectively all questions to PLs to be addressed by the gatekeepers 1-2 days prior to the CCBT



Clear CCBT minutes about gate-keeping outcome to be provided after the GK meeting (Project/ Gate (BOSSCARD, Charter, Contract, Market Ready)/ Formal result (approved, not approved, conditionally approved)/ Comments if any.



Gate-keeping check-list - mandatory part of GK presentation from Project Leader



Any change in project scope after contract gate should move project to CCBT again for re-approval online or off-line. BC to be rechecked to confirm business KPIs.



Rebirth **PLE** best practice

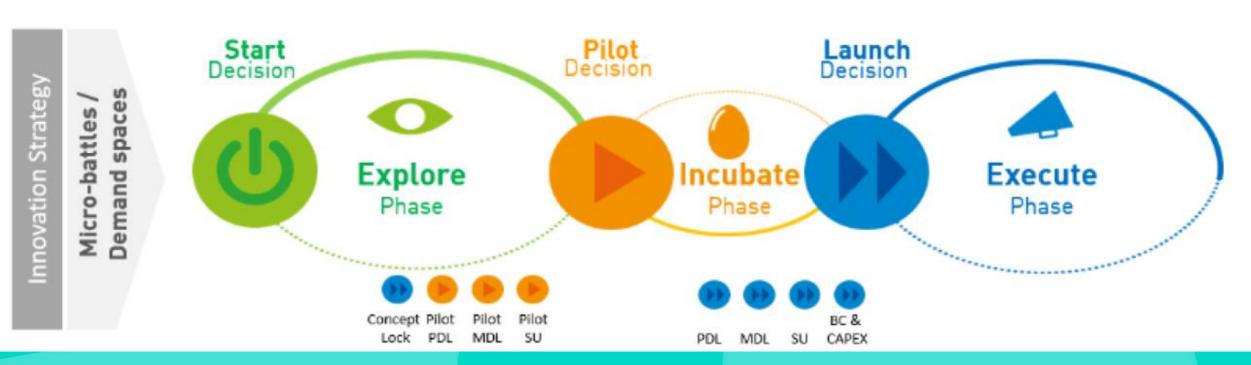


Project leader = only trained marketers (kind of license to operate)

INNOFLEX instead of IPM







- > InnoFLEX new innovation and gate-keeping process coming to Unilever.
- > All new innovations will use InnoFLEX in place of IPM gates by end of 2020.
- ▶ It is a more flexible gate-keeping journey and set of Lean tools tailored to the project needs to ensure we manage risk, maximise consumer-centric solutions and close gaps between forecast business case and actuals.

InnoFLEX vs IPM

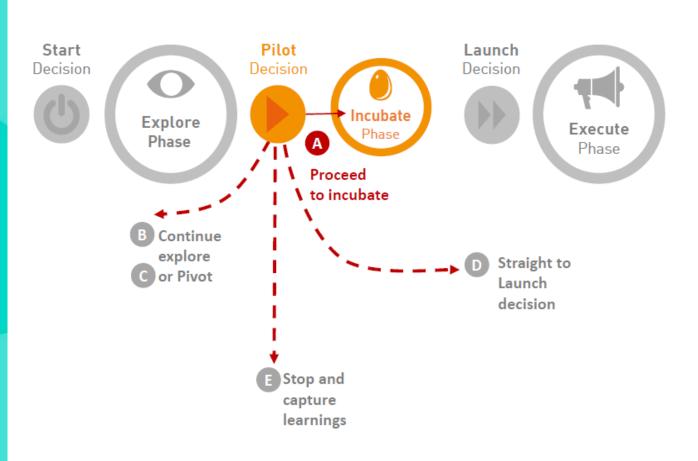


As you move through the InnoFLEX process, it's important to advance in IPM Navigator so it's accurately reported to the business.

Use this table as a guide to reflect your InnoFLEX phase in IPM.

In InnoFLEX, each project should take the path that makes the most sense. Here is an illustration at Pilot, but at all moments the decision to pivot, stop or skip a phase should be considered.





Under what conditions might you consider...

A Proceed to Incubate

- Idea viable
- There remains uncertainty worth resolving
- Best way of testing is to closely mimic in-market performance...

B Continue explore:

- Idea viable (No unsolvable "fatal flaws" have surfaced)
- Still want more confidence before going live (particularly about problem/solution fit)
- Best way of learning is not (yet) through in-market tests...

C Pivot

- Right problem, wrong solution
- New learning suggests a better solution or pathway to success
- Key assumptions proven false—but plausible alternatives remain

Go straight to Launch

- Idea viable
- Further testing not needed or would cause too much delay (e.g. in competitive situations)

E Stop (for now) and capture learnings:

- Wrong problem
- No viable solution (at this time)
- Won't make money
- Insurmountable risks
- No longer feels like a good use of resources

Investor board

Selected for their ability to allocate resources to the project, authority to remove obstacles, and relevant expertise



INVEST the time, money, and people to minimize business risks that include:

- Launching the wrong product
- Getting to market late
- Being disrupted by a competitor

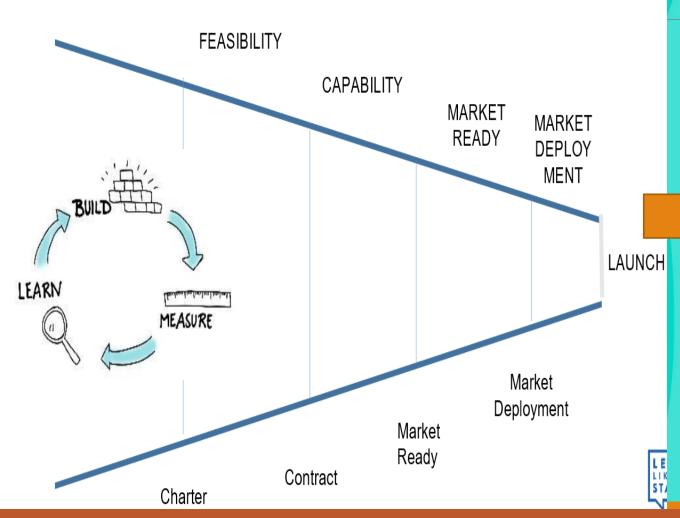
They do this by...

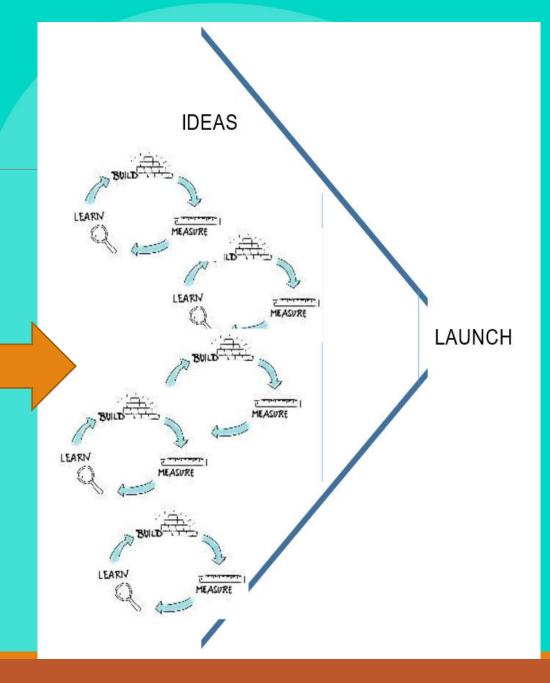
- Making effective decisions quickly
- Allocating resources based on data and evidence
- Challenging the teams and identifying risks
- Making decisions transparent and non-political
- Removing obstacles and barriers



BUILD-MEASURE-LEARN PHASE AT START OF PROJECT BEFORE SCALE-UP

IDEAS





Stage managing the change



Phase 1

Preparation stage

Outcome:

X-functional Category/
CCBTs have detailed,
operational roadmap for
training, projects that will
switch and Investor Board
set up for their business cell.

Phase 2

Awareness & understanding

Outcome:

All X-functional team members and IB have a **working knowledge** of innoFLEX

Timelines for roll out are clear so that each cell can plan its transition.

Phase 3

Learn by doing

Outcome:

All project team members and IBs are clear on where and how they access support during early projects.

Global scale up plan



		Q1-Q2'19	Q3'19	Q4'19	Q1'20	Q2 '20	Q3 '20	Q4 '20	
	HAIR	PILOT	PILOT	START	PREPARE		LAUNCH & BOOST		
	DE0				START	PREPARE	LAU	NCH & BOOST	
BPC	ORAL				START	PREPARE	LAU	NCH & BOOST	
	SCL				START	PREPARE	LAU	NCH & BOOST	
	SC				START	PREPARE	LAU	NCH & BOOST	
	Н&Н		PILOT	START	PREPARE		LAUNCH & B	DOST	
HC	FS0L		PILOT	START	PREPARE		LAUNCH & B	OOST	
	FSENS		PILOT	START	PREPARE		LAUNCH & B	OOST	
	FOOD				START	PREPARE	LAU	NCH & BOOST	
&R	ICE CREAM	PILOT	PILOT	START	PREPARE		LAUNCH & B	DOST	
	TEA				START	PREPARE	LAU	NCH & BOOST	

^{*} NB: A cross-functional in depth implementation plan for BPC in H2 being crafted. To be presented to BPCLT at end of June for green light to (re-)kickstart the deployment of InnoFLEX.

THANK YOU

