

Input Validation & Cross-Site Scripting

Lab Setup

1. Target Lab Used

- OWASP Juice Shop
- Deployed using Docker

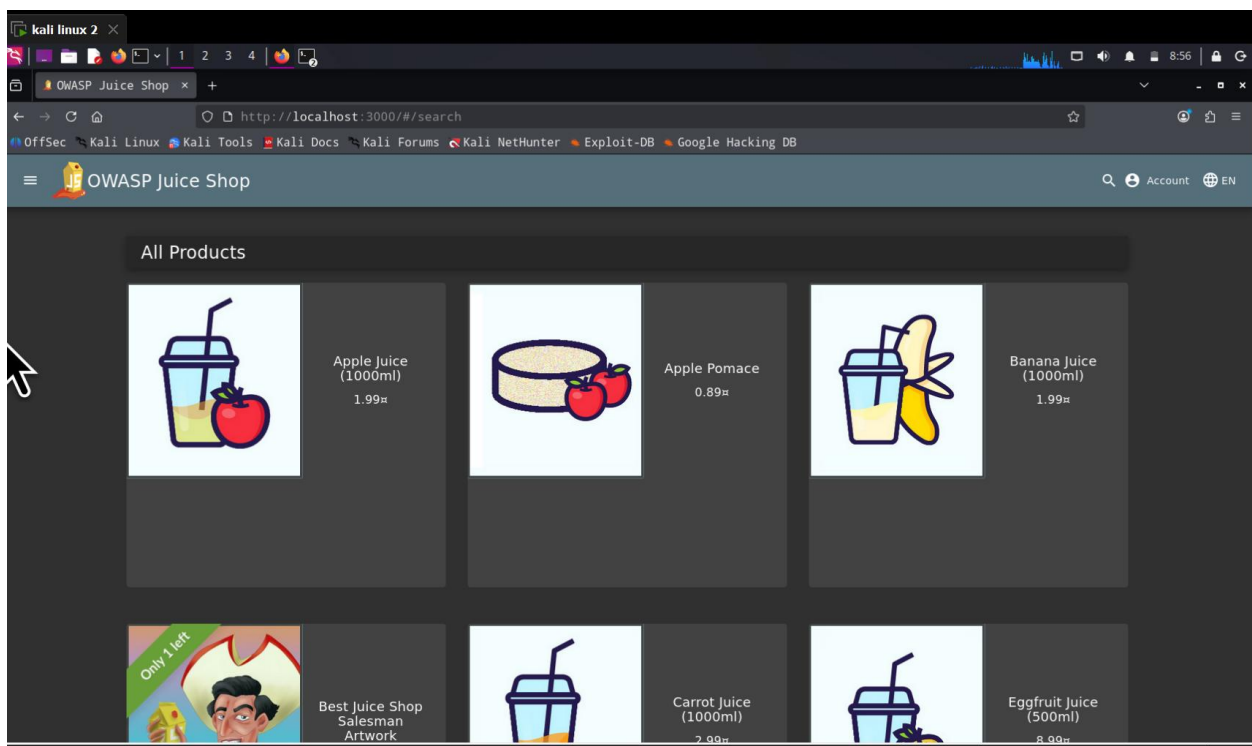


Figure 1 Juice Shop homepage visible

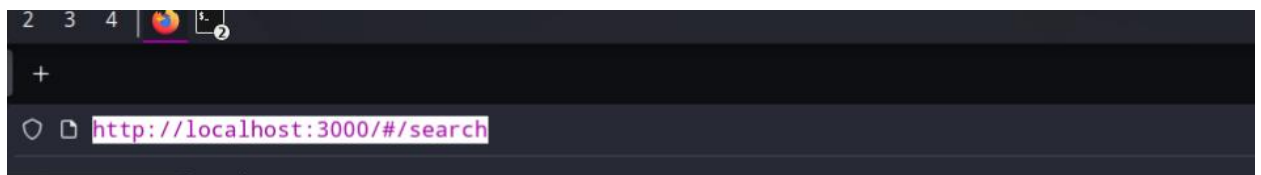


Figure 2 localhost:3000

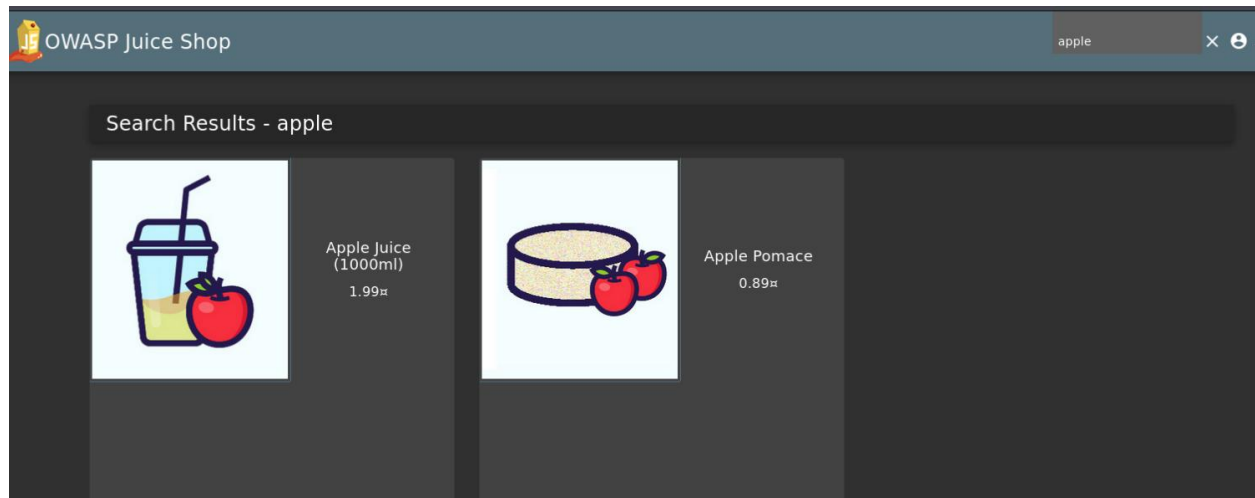
2. Types of XSS Demonstrated

- Reflected XSS
- Stored XSS
- DOM-Based XSS

Input & Output Flow

Input goes from browser → JS → rendered on page

- Input is user-controlled
- Reflected back without encoding
- Unsafe rendering causes XSS



3. Reflected XSS

Location: Search Bar

Payload:

```
<script>alert('Reflected XSS')</script>
```

Result: Script executed immediately in response.

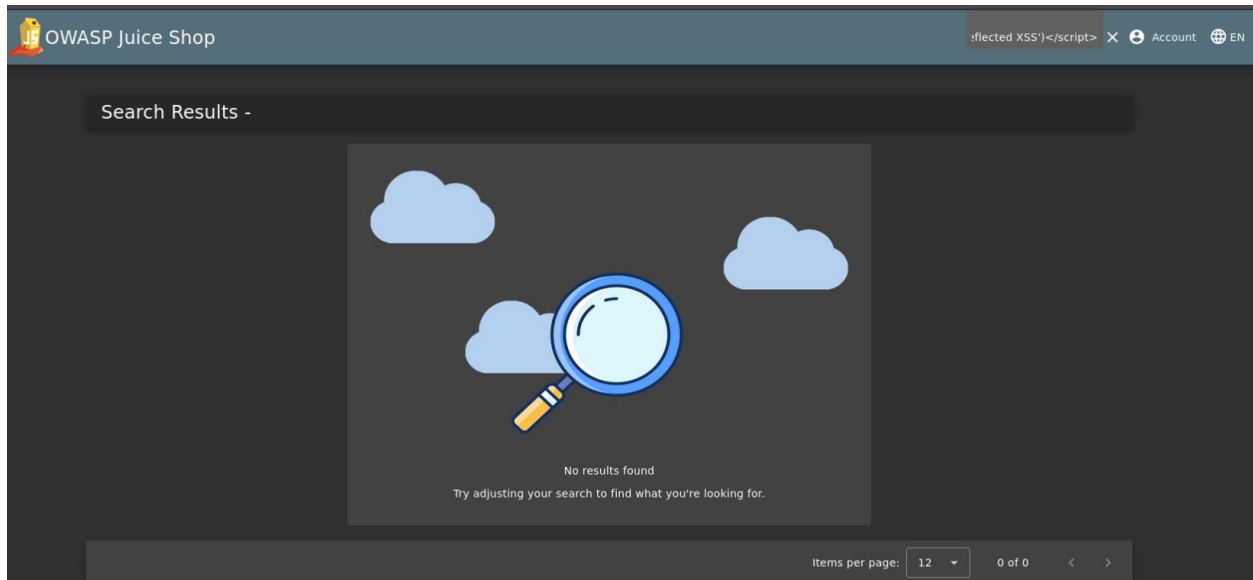


Figure 3 Alert popup showing Reflected XSS

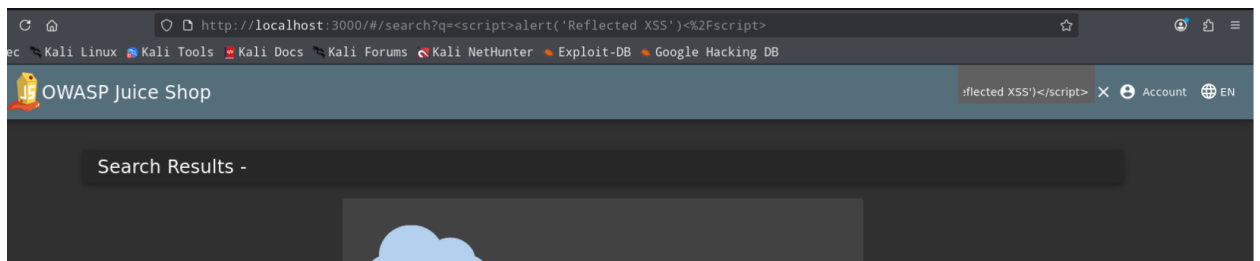


Figure 4 URL visible in background

4. Stored XSS

Location: Product Review

Payload:

```
<img src=x onerror=alert('Stored XSS')>
```

Result: Payload stored and executed on every page load.

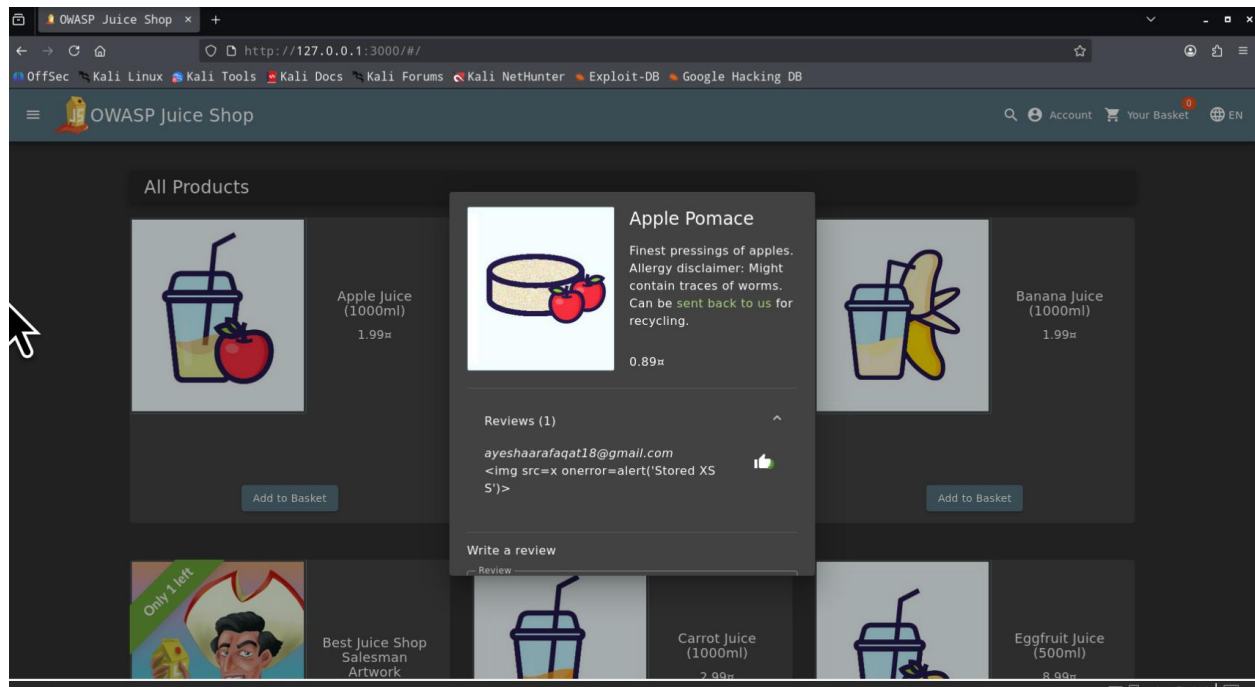


Figure 5 Review text containing payload

5. DOM-Based XSS

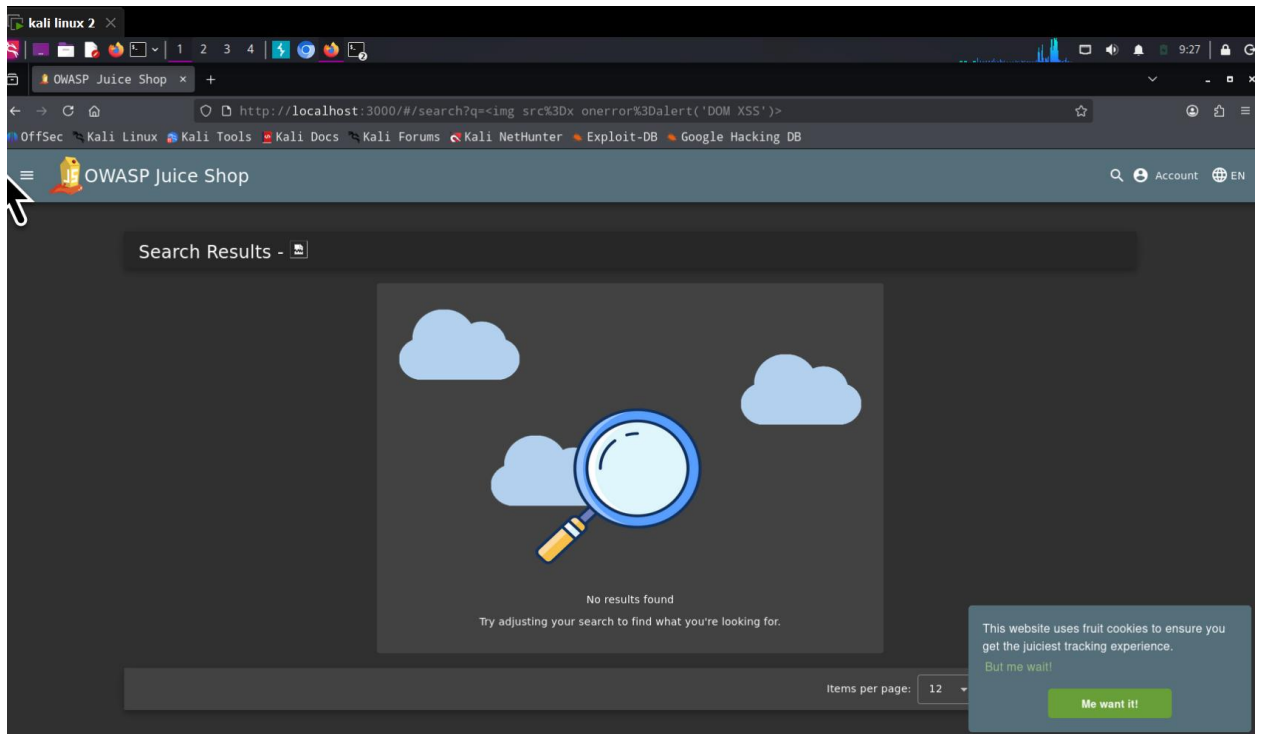
Source: `location.hash`

Sink: `innerHTML`

Payload:

```
#/search?q=<img src=x onerror=alert('DOM XSS')>
```

Result: Client-side execution without server interaction.



6. Insecure Coding Anti-Patterns

- Use of `innerHTML`
- Unsafe DOM manipulation
- Lack of output encoding
- Absence of CSP

7. Remediation Summary

- Validate input using allowlists
- Encode output based on context
- Use `textContent` instead of `innerHTML`
- Implement Content Security Policy
- Use secure frameworks

8. Ethical Statement

All testing was performed on authorized vulnerable labs for educational purposes only.
