

## **Module 9: Model Selection and Regularization**

### **Glossary**

#### **Cross-Validation**

A family of methods to validate a model using only the existing data from the model; these techniques include K-fold cross-validation, leave-one-out cross-validation, and others

#### **Hyperparameter**

Any parameter used to control the learning that is set before training

#### **K-Fold Cross-Validation**

A specific type of cross-validation where the number of 'folds' is selected, and one 'fold' becomes the test set, while all other 'folds' become the training set

#### **LASSO**

A regression analysis method that performs both variable selection and regularization in order to enhance the prediction accuracy and interpretability of a model

#### **Regularization**

Techniques used to optimize machine learning models by minimizing the adjusted loss function and preventing overfitting or underfitting

## **Ridge Regression**

A method of estimating the coefficients of multiple-regression models in scenarios where independent variables are highly correlated; this method performs L2 regularization

## **Sequential Feature Selection**

A family of algorithms that are used to reduce the number of features in a model

## **Standardization**

A way to transform data to make features in the data approximately the same scale