APEX KODLAR DERS NOTLARI

APEX BASIC

```
String z = 'lovelace';
{\tt System.debug(z.length());}\\
String y = 'candyce';
System.debug(z + ' ' + y);
System.debug(y.reverse().toUpperCase());
System.debug(z.capitalize());
Integer x;
System.debug(x);
Integer w = 98;
System.debug(x + w * (x + w));
Double v = 298;
System.debug(v);
Decimal u = 10.27;
System.debug(u);
Decimal ua;
Decimal t;
Decimal h:
t = 5;
h = 7:
ua = (t * h) / 2;
System.debug(ua);
Date s = Date.newInstance(2022, 06, 27);
System.debug(s);
System.debug(s.format());
Integer r = Date.Today().year();
System.debug(r);
Integer q = 1974;
Integer p = r - q;
System.debug(p);
String o = String.valueOf(p);
System.debug(o);
```

List, Set, Map

```
List <String> myList = new List <String> ();
myList.add('ahmet');
myList.add('mehmet');
\label{eq:myList.add('ayse');} $$ myList.remove(1); // index numarasına göre listeden elemanı kaldıryor (mehmet) $$
system.debug(myList);
 List < String > myList1 = new \ List < String > \{'ela', 'seda', 'zeynep'\}; \ // \ listeye \ elaman \ ekleme \ 2.yöntem \ (a) \ (b) \ (b) \ (c) \ (c
myList1.set (0, 'veda'); \hspace*{0.2cm} // \hspace*{0.2cm} 'set' = ayarla, \hspace*{0.2cm} belirli \hspace*{0.2cm} bir \hspace*{0.2cm} indexe \hspace*{0.2cm} istediğin \hspace*{0.2cm} bir \hspace*{0.2cm} elemanı \hspace*{0.2cm} atayabilirsin \hspace*{0.2c
system.debug(myList1); // 1 .index i getir
     system.debug(myList1.get(1)); // 'get' index i 1 olan veriyi getir
myList2[0]='adem'; // listenin 2.elemanı olarak adem i ekladik
myList2[2]='bulent'; // listenin 4.elemanı olarak Bülent hocayı ekledik
myList2.add('dsa'); // 'add' listenin sonuna ekleme yapar
 system.debug(myList2);
List <Integer> myNum = new Integer [5];
myNum.add(0,25);
myNum.add(1,27); // listenin sayısını artırıyor
myNum.set(4,50); // listenin sayısı aynı kalıyor, belirlenen indexin değerini değiştiriyor.
 system.debug(myNum);
 List<String> listem = new List<String>{'ali','b'};
Boolean result = listem.contains('ali'); // 'contains' listenin içinde varmı, true-false döndürür
 system.debug(result);
 List<String> listem = new List<String>{'ali', 'b'};
```

```
system.debug(listem.indexof('b')); // 'indexof' listenin elemanın index numarasını getirir
Set < String > mySet = new Set < String > (); // listeyi başta set olarak (unique) olarak tanımladık. \\
{\it mySet.add('kamil');} \hspace{0.2in} {\it // } \hspace{0.05in} {\it duplicate yapılan kayıtlar listeye eklenmiyor.}
mySet.add('ahmet');
system.debug(mySet);
system.debug(mySet.size()); // 'size' listenin boyutunu gösterir
{\tt system.debug(mySet.isempty());} \hspace{0.2in} {\tt // 'isempty' \ liste \ boş \ mu, \ true-false \ d\"{o}n\"{u}yor \\
String abc ='nasılsınız';
system.debug(abc.length());
myMap.put(1,'bulent hoca');
myMap.put(2,'aysen');
system.debug(mymap);
system.debug(myMap.get(1));
Map<Integer, String> myMap = new Map<Integer, String>();
myMap.put(1,'bulent'); //
myMap.put(2,'aysen');
system.debug(mymap);
system.debug(mymap.remove(1));
system.debug(mymap.get(0));
system.debug(mymap);
\label{eq:mapstring} \verb|Map| & \texttt{Map}| & \texttt{Ma
system.debug(mymap);
```

Arithmetic Operators,

```
/Arithmetic Operators
//(+, - , *, /)
/*Decimal x = 5;
Decimal y = 8;
Decimal z = y / x;
system.debug(x + y);
system.debug(x - y);
system.debug(x * y);
system.debug(z);*/
//Assignment Operators
Integer x = 5;
x += 3;  //x = x +3;
system.debug(x);
Integer y = 10;
y -= 5; //y = y - 5;
system.debug(y);
Integer z = 10;
z *= 5; //z = z * 5;
system.debug(z);
Integer d = 10;
d /= 5; //d = d / 2;
system.debug(d);
```

Assignment Operators,

Comparison Operators,

```
//Comparison Operators
Integer x = 5;
Integer y = 5;
```

```
String d = 'deli1';
String e = 'deli';
System.debug(d <> e);
System.debug(x==y);  //==
System.debug(x>y);  // > , <
System.debug(x>=y);  // >= , <=
System.debug(x != y);  // !=
System.debug(x <> y);
System.debug(!True);
System.debug(!False);
```

Logical Operators,

```
//Logical Operators

// AND => && ---- OR => ||

System.debug(True && False);  // True
System.debug(True && False);  // False
System.debug(False && True);  // False
System.debug(False && False);  // False

System.debug(True || True);  // True
System.debug(False || False);  // False

// Logical Operators AND = && --/-- OR = ||

// AND / &&

System.debug(' 2 tane True olursa : ' + (True && True));
System.debug(' 2 tane True olursa : ' + (>>1 && 2==2));

System.debug(' 1 tane True 1 tane False olursa : ' + (True &&False));

System.debug(' 2 tane False olursa : ' + (False &&False));

// OR / ||

System.debug(' 1 tane True 1 tane False olursa : ' + (True &&False));

System.debug(' 2 tane False olursa : ' + (False &&False));

System.debug(' 2 tane False olursa : ' + (False &&False));

System.debug(' 2 tane False olursa : ' + (False &&False));

System.debug(' 2 tane True olursa : ' + (False &&False));

System.debug(' 2 tane True olursa : ' + (False &&False));

System.debug(' 2 tane True olursa : ' + (False &&False));
```

Math methods..

```
// Math Operator
integer x= 121;
integer y=111;
integer m=-64;

integer z = Math.max(x, y); // max
System.debug('Max say1 : ' + z);
integer a = Math.min( x, y); // min
System.debug('Min Say1 : ' + a);
Decimal b = Math.sqrt( x); // Karekök
System.debug('x in Karekökü : ' +b);
integer c = Math.abs(m); // Mutlak değer
System.debug('m in mutlak değeri : ' +c);
integer d = Math.mod(13,5); // mod
System.debug('13 ün 5 e bölümünden kalanı verir : ' +d);
Double e = Math.pow(5,2); // üstü değeri
System.debug('5 üstü 2 yi hesaplar : ' +e);
System.debug(Math.pow(5,2));
```

```
Integer a = 10;
a = 7;
System.debug(a);
 \hbox{\tt Enum seasons\{winter, spring, summer, fall\} } {\it // when once set the enum, the content doen't change}. 
System.debug(seasons.winter):
System.debug(seasons.values());
Final Decimal pi = 3.14;
// pi = 4.13;
{\tt System.debug(pi); \ //\ causes\ error,\ because\ a\ finalized\ variable\ cannot\ be\ changed.}
Integer b = 10; \ //\ This is an assignment, not an equality.
String c = 'HKubra'; // a string assignment.
Integer d = 20;
System.debug(b == d); // returns FALSE
System.debug(b != d); // returns TRUE
System.debug(b < d); // returns TRUE
System.debug(b > d); // returns FALSE
System.debug(b <> d); // returns TRUE
Integer e = 30;
\label{eq:system.debug((b > d) && (e < b)); // returns FALSE}
\ensuremath{//} if there is any FALSE value in the text, than AND operator returns FALSE
\ensuremath{//} with AND operator TRUE result is possible only if all statements are TRUE
System.debug((d > b) || (e < b)); // returns TRUE
// if there is any TRUE value in the text, than OR operator returns TRUE
// with OR operator FALSE result is possible only if all statements are FALSE
System.debug(b + d); // returns 30
System.debug(b - d); // returns -10
System.debug(b * d); // returns 300
System.debug(b / d); // returns 0, because we defined integers and it rolls to the whole number stated before the decimal point
Decimal f = 10;
Decimal g = 4;
System.debug(f / g); // returns 2.5 as expected
Integer h = 5;
Integer i = 8;
h += 5:
System.debug(h); // returns 10
i *= 2:
System.debug(i); // returns 16
i++:
System.debug(i); // returns 17, because it was multiplied by 2 in previous step
Integer j = 5;
j++;
System.debug(j++); // also returns 7, because, firstly system.debug runs, after running system.debug it adds and we don't see this additio
System.debug(++j); // returns 9, beacause it was added 1 in previous step, and again added 1 here
Integer k = 64;
Integer l = -25;
System.debug(Math.max(k,\ l)); \ \ //\ returns\ the\ highest\ value
System.debug(Math.min(k, \ l)); \ // \ returns \ the \ lowest \ value
System.debug(Math.sqrt(k)); // returns 8
System.debug(Math.abs(l)); \hspace{0.2cm} // \hspace{0.1cm} returns \hspace{0.1cm} the \hspace{0.1cm} absolute \hspace{0.1cm} value, \hspace{0.1cm} 25; \hspace{0.1cm} not \hspace{0.1cm} -25.
System. debug(Math.mod(k,\ l)); \ \ //\ returns\ the\ modulus\ which\ is\ the\ remainder\ of\ the\ division\ operation
 System.debug(Math.pow(l,\ 2)); \ \ //\ returns\ the\ second\ power\ of\ variable\ l,\ that\ is,\ l\ is\ squared. 
Integer m = 5;
Decimal newM = m;
System.debug(newM); // converted from integer to decimal type as another variable
Decimal n = 5.2:
Integer newN = (integer)n;
System.debug(newN); // converted from decimal to integer type but data lose occurs here
String o = '10';
String p = '55';
System.debug(o + p); \  \  // \   concatenates the strings and returns 1055 string value
Integer converted0 = Integer.valueOf(o); // converts string to integer with a new variable assignment
Integer convertedP = Integer.valueOf(p);
System.debug(converted0 + convertedP);
Integer q = 96;
String r = String.valueOf(q); // converts integer to string with a new variable assignment
System.debug(r + 1); \ \ /^{\star} concatenates the string to integer 1,
and returns 961. But this is not Nine \, Hundred Sixty One, but Ninety Six One! \, */
Date s = date.newInstance(2022, 06, 29); // injects the specified date with time
System.debug(s);
String t = String.valueOf(s); // converts date to string
System.debug(t + '3');
```

if -else

```
// a<b, a<=b , a>b ; a==b , a!=b,
Integer a = 5;
Integer b = 10;
if (a < b ){
   System.debug('a < b ');</pre>
}else if(False){
    System.debug('If In 2 ');
}else{
     System.debug('If In 3 else ');
}
System.debug('If Out');
// a<b, a<=b , a>b ; a==b , a!=b,
Integer a = 5;
Integer b = 10;
String result = (a>b) ? 'True a < b' : 'False a < b ^{\prime} ;
System.debug(result);
```

Switch

```
// Switch
Integer day = Math.mod(15,7);// result = 1
Switch on day{
   when 1 {
        System.debug('pazartesi');
     }
   when 2{
        System.debug('sali');
   }
   when 3{
        System.debug('carsamba');
   }
   when 4{
        System.debug('persembe');
   }
   when 5{
        System.debug('cuma');
   }
   when 6{
        System.debug('cuma');
   }
   when 6{
        System.debug('cumartesi');
   }
   when els {
        System.debug('pazar');
   }
}
```

FOR

```
Integer i;
for ( i = 5 ; i < 100; i*=5){</pre>
```

```
System.debug('i dongusu' + i);
}
```

While - do while

```
/*Integer i = 0;
while (i<10){
    i++;
    System.debug('i while dongusu : '+i );
    i+=5;
}*/
Integer i = 0;
while (i<10){
    System.debug('i while dongusu : '+i );
    i+=5;
}
//do - while
Integer i = 2;
do {
    system.debug('1 key calistir'+ i);
    i++;
}while(i<5);</pre>
```

break - continue

APEX TEST

4 ISLEM

APEX CLASS

```
public class mavi {
   public Integer sum(Integer x, Integer y){
```

APEX TEST

```
@isTest
public class mavi_Test {
   @isTest
    public static void sum_Test(){
        mavi testhesap=New mavi();
        Integer testresult = testhesap.sum(5,7);
       System.assertEquals(12,testresult,'not true');
@isTest
   public static void sub_Test(){
        mavi testhesap=New mavi();
        Integer testresult = testhesap.sub(10,7);
       System.assertEquals(3,testresult,'not true');
@isTest
   public static void mul_Test(){
       mavi testhesap=New mavi();
       Integer testresult = testhesap.mul(5,3);
       System.assertEquals(15,testresult,'not true');
  @isTest
   public static void div_Test(){
        mavi testhesap=New mavi();
        Decimal testresult = testhesap.div(10,5);
        {\tt System.assertEquals(2,testresult,'not\ true');}
   }
```

DML PRACTICE

DML PRACTICE

```
List<List<sobject>> results=[find 'united' returning Account(id, name), contact];
system.debug(results); // Sosl klasik veritabanından veri getirme sorgusu

// Search.query method kullanarak aynı işlemin yapılması
String var1 = 'find {united} returning Account(id, name), contact';
List<List<sobject>> results=search.query(var1);// method string parametresi kabul eder
system.debug(results);
```

```
// insert
Contact con1 = new Contact(lastname='contact1');
contact con2 = new Contact();
con2.lastname='contact2';
insert con1;
insert con2;
contact con1update= [select lastname from contact where name ='contact1'];
con1update.lastname='yenicontact1';
contact con2update= [select lastname from contact where name ='contact2'];
con2update.lastname='yenicontact2';
list<contact> updatedcons = new List<Contact>();
updatedcons.add(con1update);
updatedcons.add(con2update);
update updatedcons;
// upsert
List<contact> upsertList = new List<contact>();
contact con3 = new contact(lastname='contact3');
upsertList.add(con3);
contact con1guncelle =[select lastname from contact where name='yenicontact1'];
con1guncelle.lastname='guncelcon1';
upsertList.add(con1quncelle);
upsert upsertList;
contact con3=[select lastname from contact where name='contact3'];
contact con2=[select lastname from contact where name='yenicontact2'];
merge con2 con3;
// delete
contact con2=[select lastname from contact where name='yenicontact2'];
system.debug(con2);
delete con2;
contact con2=[select lastname from contact where name='yenicontact2' all rows];
undelete con2;
//Database.insert();/upsert/merge/delete/undelete
contact con1= new contact(lastname='yeni');
contact con2= new contact();
List<contact> newList = new List<contact>();
newList.add(con1);
newList.add(con2);
database.insert(newList,false);
SQL Dynamic Query Example:
String var2 = 'united';
List<Account> accs = [select id, name from account where name like:'%'+ var2 +'%'];
system.debug(accs);
String var2 = 'GenePoint';
List<sobject> accs= database.query('select id, name from account where name =:var2');
system.debug(accs);
```

SOQL PRACTICE

```
//select fields(All) from contact where lastname ='Song' limit 200
//select name from account where name like '%oil%'
find {new} find {new*}

find {new} limit 10
find {new} limit 13
find {new} in all fields returning account,contact
find {new*} in all fields returning account(name),contact(lastname)
find {c?a*}
```

```
find \{c?a^*\} returning account(name, phone, description)
find \{r?s^*\} returning account (name)
find {oil} in name fields returning account(name),opportunity(name)
 find \ \{oil\} \ in \ name \ fields \ returning \ account (name \ limit \ 1), opportunity (name \ where \ name \ like \ '%in%') 
 find \ \{oil\} \ in \ name \ fields \ returning \ account (name \ order \ by \ name \ desc), opportunity (name \ where \ name \ like \ '%in%') \\
find {al*} returning expense__c(name)
Apex/DMl examples
find {new*} returning contact(name, description), Account// developer
List<List<sobject>> result=[find 'new*' returning contact(name, description), Account];
system.debug(result);
List<contact> returnedcontacts=result[0];
system.debug(returnedcontacts.get(0).name); Listenin ilk elemanının ismini döndürür.
List<contact> updList = new List<contact>();
for(contact con :returnedcontacts){
    con.description='abc';
    updList.add(con);
    system.debug(con.description);
system.debug(updList.size());
update updList;
system.debug(updList);
contact x=returnedcontacts.get(0);// ekstra contact manipule etme
x.lastname='King Artur';
system.debug(x);
```

APEX ODEV

APEX TRIGGER

```
trigger AccBeforeInsertUpdate on Account (before insert, before update) {
    for(Account acc:Trigger.new){
        if(Trigger.isinsert){
            acc.Description='bu fild before insert ile olusturuldu';
        }
        if(Trigger.isupdate){
            acc.Description='bu fild before update ile olusturuldu';
        }
    }
}
```

Opprtunityde yapilan bir degisiklikle Accountta bir degisiklik olusmasi

```
trigger AccAndOpp on Account (before insert) {
   List<Opportunity>newList= new List<Opportunity>();
   for(Account acc:Trigger.new){
      if(acc.Industry=='Banking' && acc.Rating=='Hot'){
            opportunity opp1=new opportunity();
            opp1.Name=acc.name;
            opp1.StageName='closedwon';
            opp1.CloseDate=system.today()+5;
            newList.add(opp1);
      }
   }
   insert newList;
}
```

APEX TRIGGER PRACTICE

 $\frac{https://s3-us-west-2.amazonaws.com/secure.notion-static.com/bb3ec0b6-f51d-44b3-88d1-bfc24fdf7d8a/Trigger_Practices1.docx}{ocx}$

APEX TRIGGER-NEW-OLD-MAP



When to Use



Trigger Events	Trigger.new	Trigger.newMap	Trigger.old	Trigger.oldMap
Before Insert	V	NULL	NULL	NULL
After Insert	V	v	NULL	NULL
Before Update	~	•	•	~
After Update	~	~	~	~
Before Delete	NULL	NULL	~	~
After Delete	NULL	NULL	~	~
After Undelete	V	V	NULL	NULL

 $\underline{\text{https://s3-us-west-2.amazonaws.com/secure.notion-static.com/f181aeb5-04be-4761-8fbf-22829f69518b/Trigger_Practice_2.}$ $\underline{\text{docx}}$

APEX TRIGGER-HELPER CLASS

```
Trigger with Helper Class
//Trigger Code
trigger \ AccOppmultiEvent \ on \ Account \ (before \ insert, before \ update, after \ insert) \ \{
   \verb|if(Trigger.isbefore && Trigger.isinsert)|| \\
        AccMultiTriggerClass.beforeInsert(Trigger.new);
    else if(Trigger.isbefore && Trigger.isupdate){
       AccMultiTriggerClass.beforeUpdate(Trigger.new);
    else if(Trigger.isafter){
       AccMultiTriggerClass.afterInsert(Trigger.new);
//Helper Class Code
public class AccMultiTriggerClass {
   public static void beforeInsert(List<Account> accList){
       for(Account acc:accList){
           acc.Type='Prospect';
    public static void beforeUpdate(List<Account> accList1){
        for(Account acc1:accList1){
```

```
if(acc1.0wnership=='Private'){
                acc1.Rating='hot';
    public static void afterInsert(List<Account> accList2){
        List<Task> taskList = new List<Task>();
        for(Account acc2:accList2){
            if(acc2.AnnualRevenue >=100000000){
           Task t1= new Task();
            t1.Subject='Şirketle iletişime geç!';
            t1.Status='in progress';
            t1.Priority='normal';
            t1.WhatId=acc2.Id;
            taskList.add(t1);
        insert taskList;
}
//Trigger Old Usage
trigger ContOld on Contact (before update) {
    for(contact con:Trigger.old){
        if(con.title ==null){
           for(contact con1:Trigger.new){
                  con1.title='CEO';
    }
//Trigger Old and New Map Usage
Trigger Example11 on Account (Before Update) {
Map<id, Account> oldmap = Trigger.oldMap;
Map<id, Account> newmap = Trigger.newMap;
for(id key : newmap.keySet()){
Account ol = oldmap.get(key);
Account nw = newMap.get(key);
if (ol.ownership == 'public' && nw.Ownership == 'private'){
nw.Phone='765536374646';
}
```