

Week - 1

- 1) Creating a network using end user, server & Copper Crossover cable. Set IP addresses & DNS settings.
- 2) Sent simple test messages, using PDU (simple) from PC to server, understood scenario settings and deleting PDU to shifting to new one.
- 3) Established a web server connection using the PC's Web Browser. In PC config Window, type URL in & IP DNS settings, & go to Web Browsers under Hosts tab & enter that URL.
- 4) Captured Events & Animations in the Simulation mode, checking packets in the simulation mode.
- 5) Pauses tables & Reset Network. (ARP tables)

~~Configuration of Network~~

Connection Links:

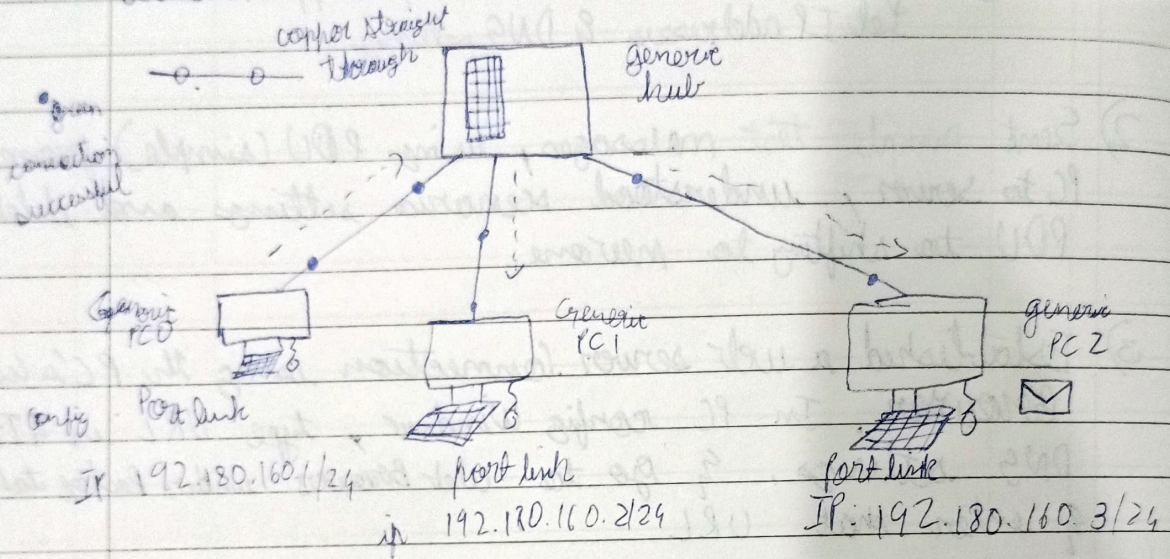
- 1) Coaxial Cable: Connects PC to router/switches, requires matching settings for speed, data bits & parity.
- 2) Copper Through: Standard ethernet cable for connecting device at different OSI layers eg: switches to PC.
- 3) Copper Crossover: Ethernet cable for connecting devices at the same OSI layer eg PC to PC.
- 4) Fiber: used for connections b/w fiber ports. 100 Mbps.
- 5) Phone: connects device with modem ports typically for dialup into an internet.
- 6) Coaxial: Connects device with coaxial ports.

Create a topology & simulate sending a simple PDU from source to destination using hub & switch as connecting devices and demonstrate ping msg.

25/9/24

Lab-1 Hub

Aim: to demonstrate the transmission of a simple PDU between 2 devices connected using a hub and a switch.



Observation / procedure

Setup

1. Launch Cisco packet tracer
2. Add devices: left icon menu → select end devices → add 3 PCs
add one hub from the network devices section.
3. Connect devices: Use copper straight through cable to connect each PC to the hub, establish the connection should turn from red to green.

4. IP Config
go to each device click → select config → use fast ethernet 0 do this for all 3 PCs
address value

		Subnet mask
PC0	192.180.160.1/24	255.255.255.0
PC1	192.180.160.2/24	255.255.255.0
PC2	192.180.160.3/24	255.255.255.0

simulate the simulation from real time at the right location

6. add simple PDU
envelope click on the source PC & destination PC
this will create an ICMP packet from PC1 to PC2

7) Run the simulation / click Auto Capture / Play

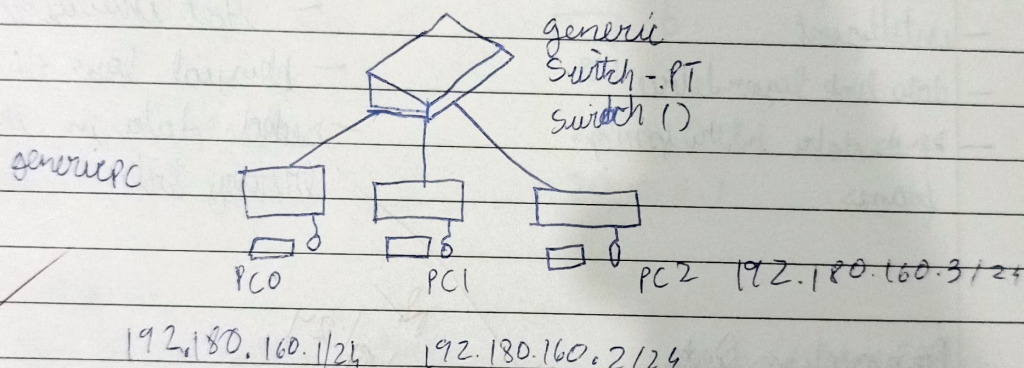
Result / Observation

- from PC0 to P2 & P1 the PDU (Protocol Data Unit)
- Return msg/ PDU is sent from PC2 to PC0 that it is received.
- but only PC 2 will accept the PDU hence X mark on P1

Since it is hub ~~the~~ broadcast happens to all connected to hub only intended PC will be received

Switch

Connecting PC to Switch



Observation / Procedure

1. open two packet tracer.
2. Add devices.

switch → Network devices

Network devices - (generic switch)

end devices -

generic PC

3. Connect the 3 PC 1, 2 to switch ports using copper straight through

4. setup devices by providing ip's

Get the config → fast ethernet → input ip

IP 1	192.180.160.1
IP 2	192.180.160.2
IP 3	192.180.160.3

- 5) Switch to simulation mode choose viable event/protocol
- 6) Add PDU to source & destination to PC 2
- 7) run simulation Auto capture/play
icmp (ping) are sent to only correct device with correct ~~device~~ mac.

Observation

- 8) Result switch uses mac address too intelligently forward the ping (icmp) packets to the correct destination rather than broadcasting to all connected devices like a hub would
- difference

Switches

- direct to mac
- intelligent
- data link layer device
- sends data in the form of frames

hubs

- broadcast model
- Not intelligent
- physical layer device
- sends data in the form of binary bits

Conclusion

25/09/24