



Interworking Proxy Entity(IPE): LWM2M

Software Version: 1.1.0

-Base on Eclipse Leshan 1.0

Develop Guide v1.0

Document Release Date: July 20, 2017



Copyright (c) 2017, OCEAN
All rights reserved.

Redistribution and use in source and binary forms, with or without modification, are permitted provided that the following conditions are met:

1. Redistributions of source code must retain the above copyright notice, this list of conditions and the following disclaimer.
2. Redistributions in binary form must reproduce the above copyright notice, this list of conditions and the following disclaimer in the documentation and/or other materials provided with the distribution.
3. The name of the author may not be used to endorse or promote products derived from this software without specific prior written permission.

THIS SOFTWARE IS PROVIDED BY THE AUTHOR "AS IS" AND ANY EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTIES, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, THE IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE ARE DISCLAIMED. IN NO EVENT SHALL THE AUTHOR BE LIABLE FOR ANY DIRECT, INDIRECT, INCIDENTAL, SPECIAL, EXEMPLARY, OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES (INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, PROCUREMENT OF SUBSTITUTE GOODS OR SERVICES; LOSS OF USE, DATA, OR PROFITS; OR BUSINESS INTERRUPTION) HOWEVER CAUSED AND ON ANY THEORY OF LIABILITY, WHETHER IN CONTRACT, STRICT LIABILITY, OR TORT (INCLUDING NEGLIGENCE OR OTHERWISE) ARISING IN ANY WAY OUT OF THE USE OF THIS SOFTWARE, EVEN IF ADVISED OF THE POSSIBILITY OF SUCH DAMAGE.

Contents

1. Introduction.....	4
1.1. oneM2M LWM2M IPE	4
1.2. oneM2M LWM2M IPE Environment	4
2. IPE Sample Hardware.....	5
2.1. Introduce.....	5
2.2. Hardware Connectivity.....	5
3. IPE Sample Software.....	6
3.1. Download.....	6
3.2. Import project.....	8
3.3. Execution	10
4. Test.....	613
4.1. LWM2M test	13
4.2. oneM2M test.....	14

1.Introduction

1.1. oneM2M LWM2M IPE

oneM2M is an IoT server platform standard that supports devices as well as cloud server, while LWM2M(Light Weight Machine to Machine) is an IoT service platform that supports devices. IPE(Interworking Proxy Entity) defined in oneM2M enables LWM2M device to work with oneM2M server side platform.

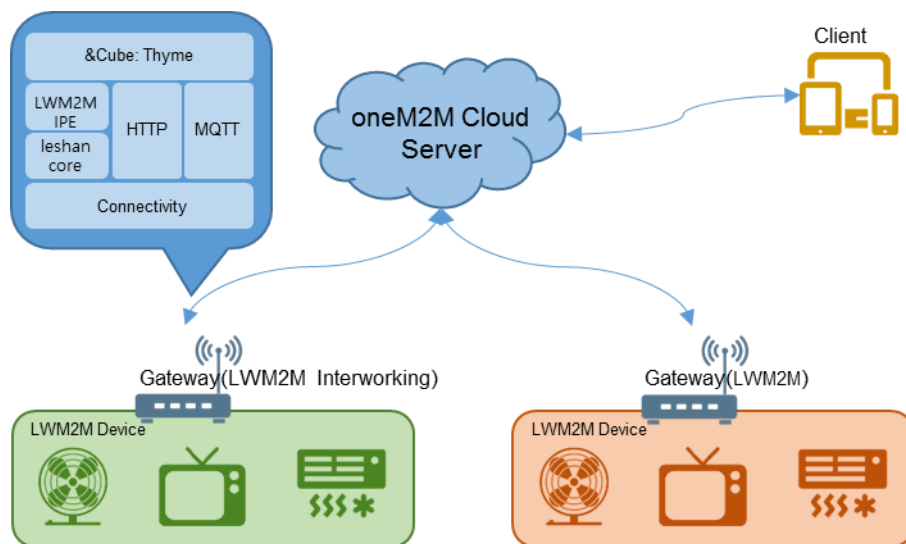


Figure 1 oneM2M LWM2M Interworking

1.2. oneM2M LWM2M IPE Environment

LWM2M IPE uses Eclipse Leshan source code as a basis which is aligned with LWM2M standard implemented in C and Java. A gateway is required to run Eclipse Leshan core and oneM2M device platform which is implemented in Java or Node.js. For instance, IPE needs an OS that can run JVM(Java Virtual Machine) or Node.js and Eclipse Leshan core that can run on the Raspberry pi.

2. IPE Sample Hardware

2.1. Introduction

In this IPE sample case, a LWM2M device by ourselves because it is difficult to find a representative commercial product. So we will use the Arduino UNO, Raspberry Pi, Humiture sensor and LED light to simulate a real LWM2M real device.

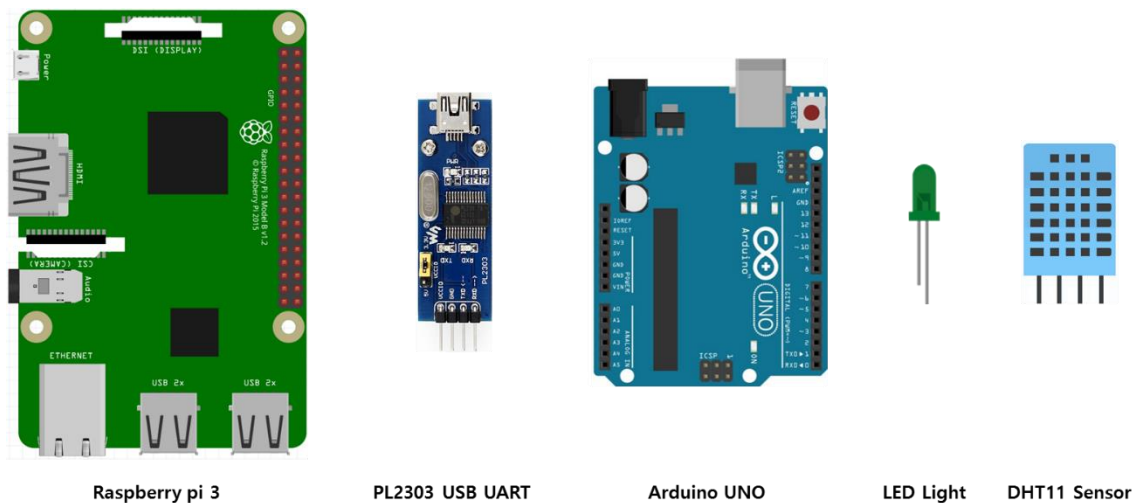


Figure 2 Hardware List

Figure 2 shows hardware devices needed. Raspberry pi runs LWM2M Client and oneM2M IPE(LWM2M Server inside), PL2303 USB UART is used to make Raspberry pi and Arduino UNO transport data with each other through serial port. Arduino UNO collects sensing data from DHT11 sensor and controls LED light ON and OFF.

2.2. Hardware Connectivity

It is easy to connect the each hardware with 3 steps below. But before it you need prepare a $1k\ \Omega$ resistance for pull up data pin of DHT11 Sensor and $220\ \Omega$ resistance for protecting LED light.

1. Connect LED light, DHT11 Sensor to Arduino UNO with pins.
2. Connect Arduino UNO to PL2303 USB UART with pins.
3. Connect PL2303 USB UART to Raspberry pi 3 with USB port.

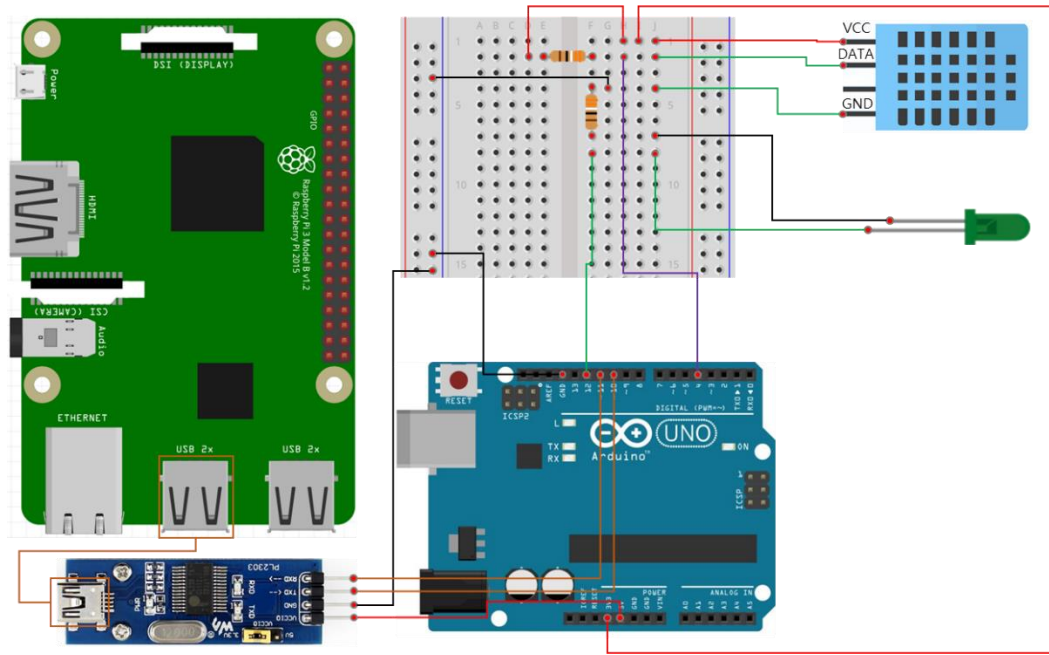


Figure 3 Hardware Connectivity

Figure 3 shows how to connect this hardware together.

3. IPE Sample Software

3.1. Download

1. Download the LWM2M IPE Sample source from [IoT Ocean home page](#).

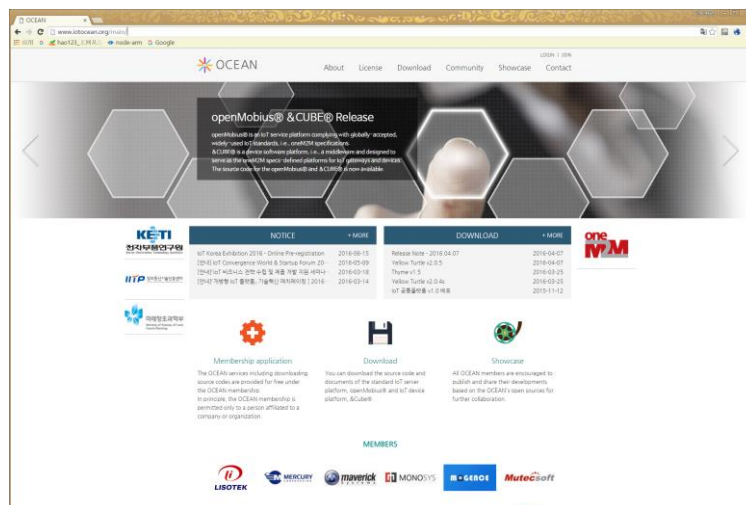


Figure 4 IoT Ocean home page

2. Download the Eclipse Neon from [Eclipse home page](#).

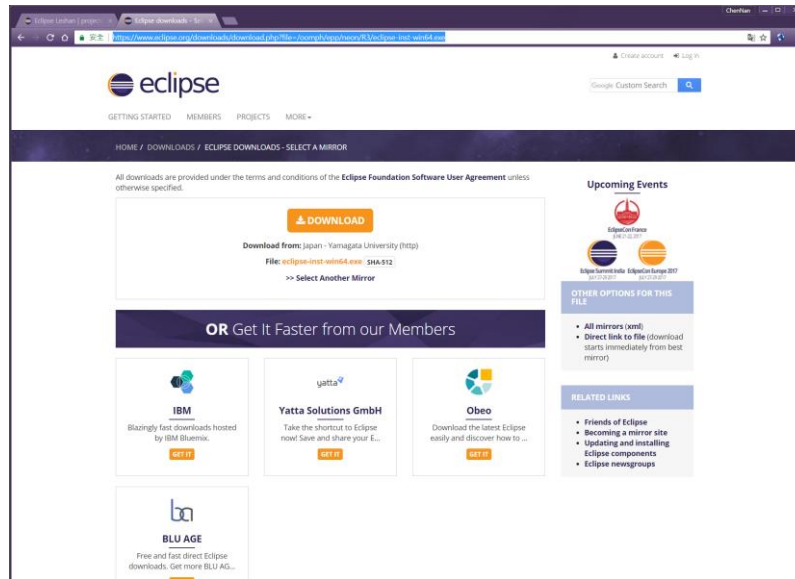


Figure 5 Eclipse home page

3. Download Arduino IDE from [Arduino IDE home page](#).

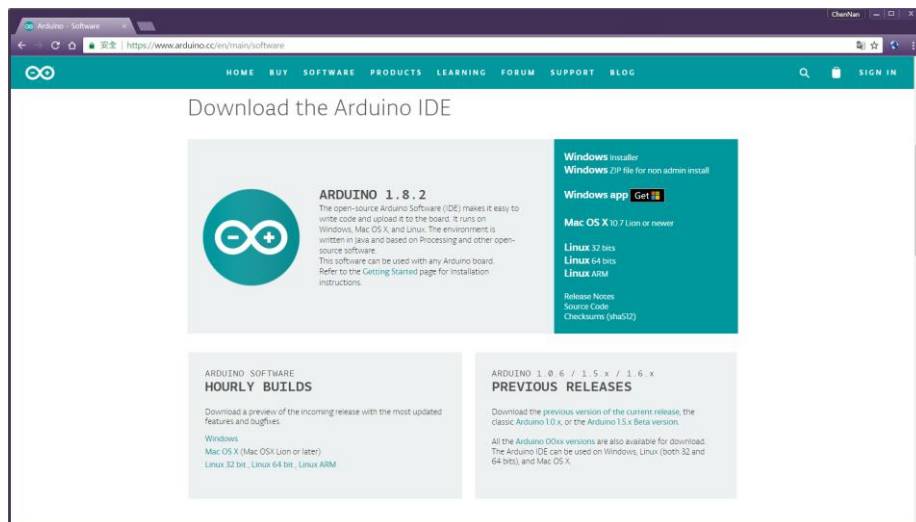


Figure 6 Arduino IDE home page

4. Install Eclipse, Arduino IDE on windows by double click the installer.

3.2. Import project

1. Import keti_lwm2m_device and keti_lwm2m_ipe project in Eclipse, which can be downloaded from IoT Ocean homepage.

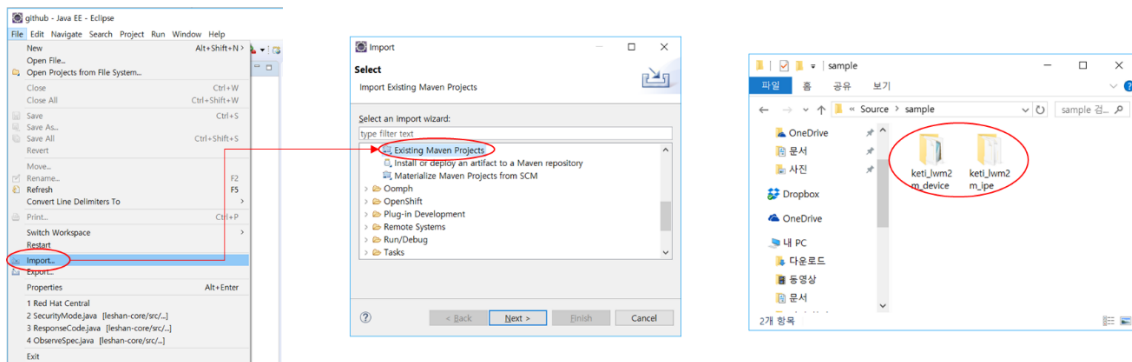


Figure 7 Import maven project

If you are first time to import these maven project maybe it will cost a few minutes for downloading depended libraries. When import finish you can find the keti_lwm2m_device and keti_lwm2m_ipe project in the Project Explorer of Eclipse.

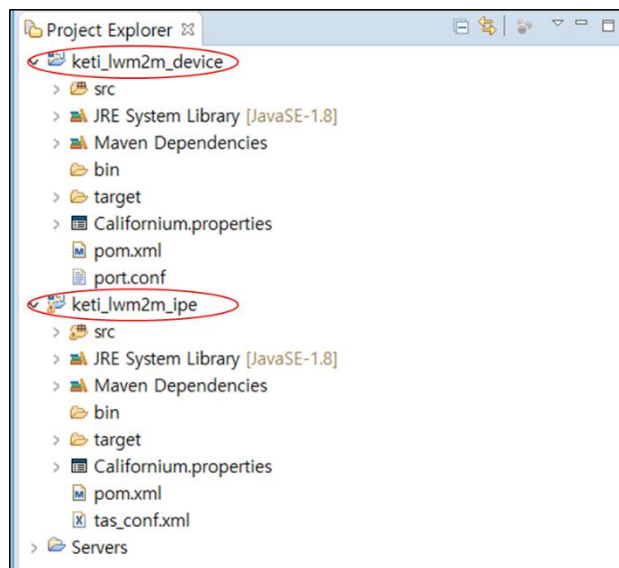


Figure 8 Eclipse Project Explorer

2. Open "Lwm2MDevice.ino" source file using Arduino IDE.
3. Install "ArduinoJson" library by "Library Manager" from Arduino IDE menu.

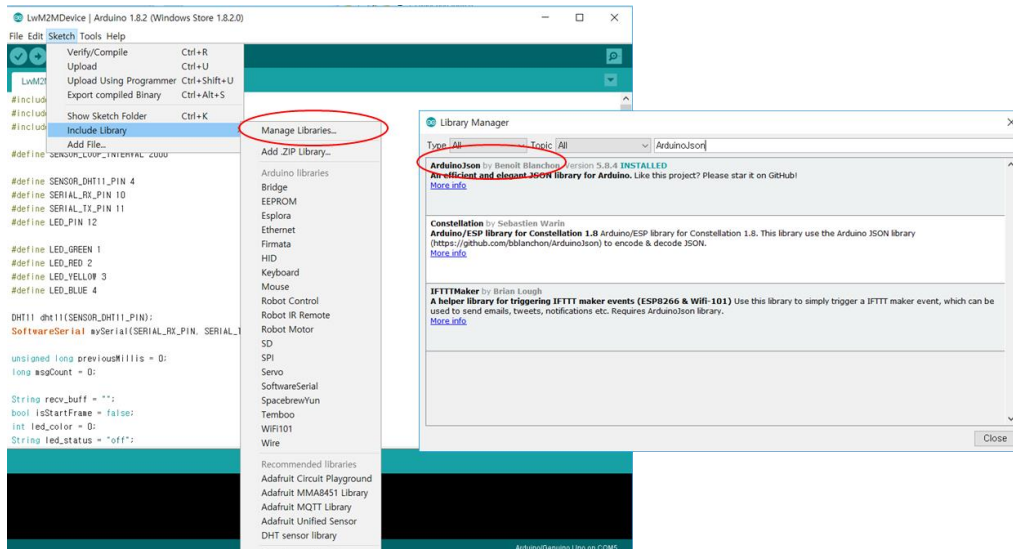


Figure 9 Install JSON library

4. Download DHT11 library from [here](#) and add to Arduino IDE project.

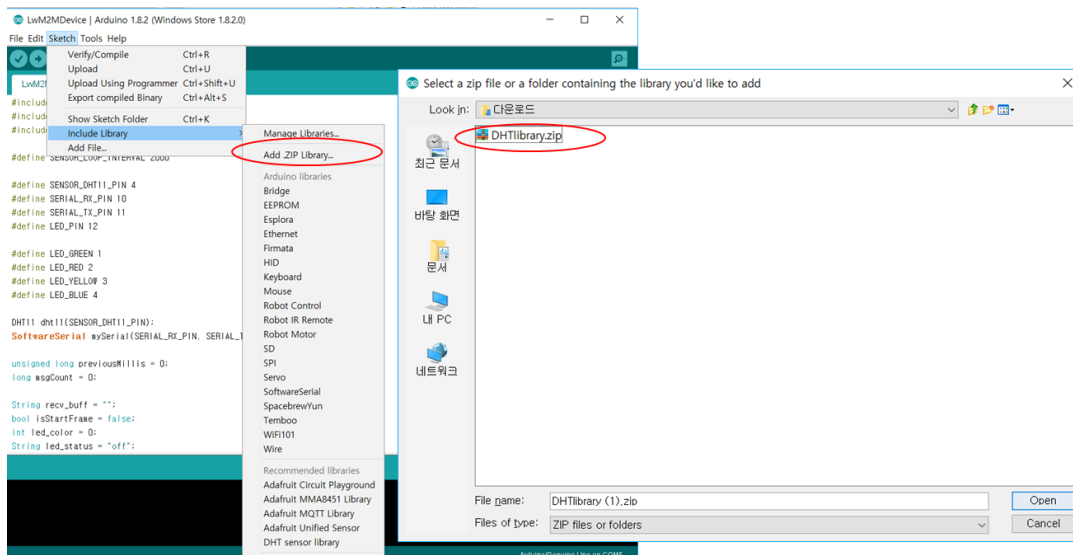


Figure 10 Add DHT11 library

3.3. Execution

1. Connect Arduino UNO to PC with debug USB cable then compile and upload source.

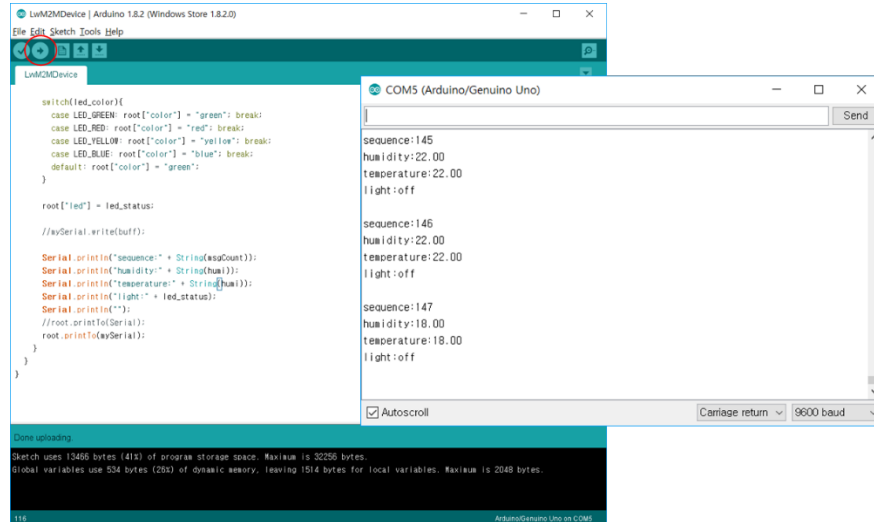


Figure 11 Compile and upload source

If sensing data is displayed in serial monitor, the device is properly functioning.

2. Export "keti_lwm2m_device" as runnable jar file named "<name>.jar" then copy "<name>.jar" file and "port.conf"(In project) file to raspberry pi.
3. Export "keti_lwm2m_ipe" as runnable jar file named "<name>.jar" then copy "<name>.jar" file and "tas_conf.xml"(In project) file to raspberry pi.

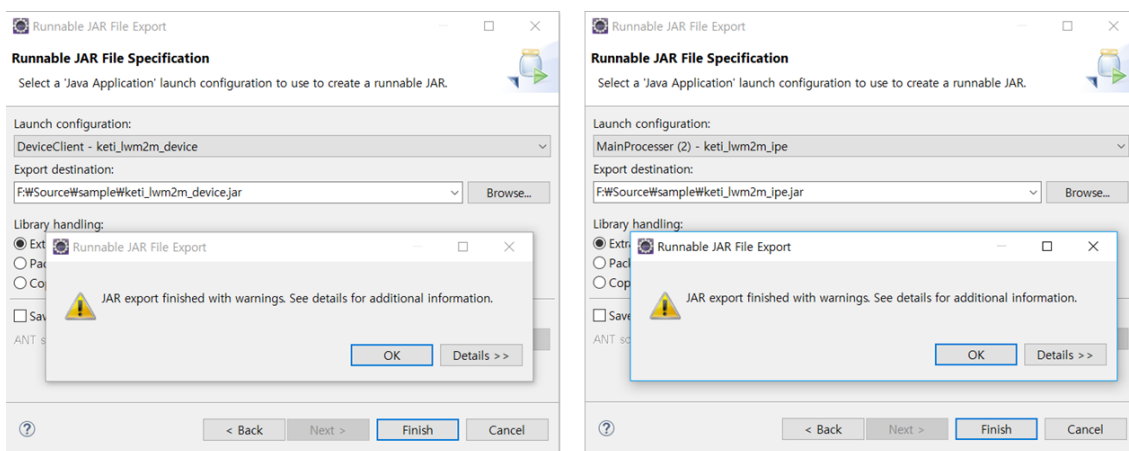


Figure 12 Export execution jar file

- Copy webapp folder to raspberry pi jar file path from "keti_lwm2m_device" project.

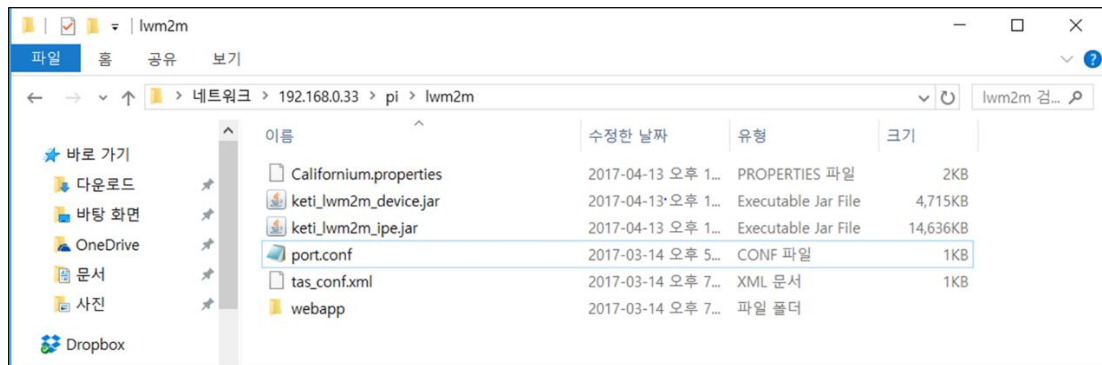


Figure 13 Copy to Raspberry pi

- Configure tas_conf.xml and port.conf.

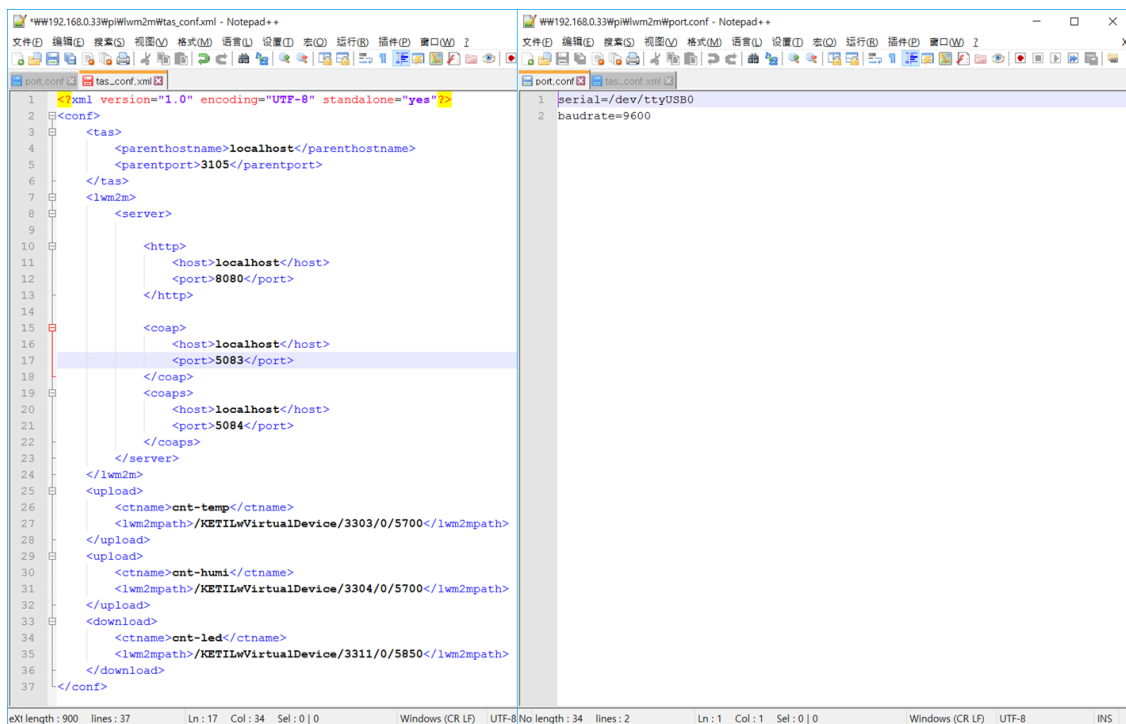


Figure 14 Configure the tas_conf.xml and port.conf file

In tas_conf.xml file, "<tas/parenthostname>" means &Cube(Refer to [IoT Ocean Home page](#)) Thyme's IP address. In this case &Cube and IPE will work on the same device. "<lwm2m/server/http>" configure LWM2M Web Server hosting setting. "<lwm2m/server/coap>" and "<lwm2m/server/coaps>" is used to transport with LWM2M device (Do not need to change). "<tas/upload>" is defining one M2M container resource for collecting sensing data. "<tas/upload>" is defining one M2M container resource for receive notification (for controlling).

In port.conf file, set serial communication for Arduino board. It contains serial port name and baud rate.

- Run java thyme 1.5(Refer to Thyme guide document from [IoT Ocean Home page](#)).

```

pi@raspberrypi: ~/thyme-v1.5_java
pi@raspberrypi:~/thyme-v1.5_java $ java -jar nCubeThyme_v1.5.jar
ols" xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"><m2m:dbg>resource (cn
t-humi) is already exist</m2m:dbg></m2m:dbg>
[CubeThyme] Container "cnt-led" create request.....
[CubeThyme] Container create HTTP Response Code : 409
[CubeThyme] Container create HTTP Response String : <?xml version="1.0" encodin
g="UTF-8" standalone="yes"?><m2m:dbg xmlns:m2m="http://www.onem2m.org/xml/protoc
ols" xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"><m2m:dbg>resource (cn
t-led) is already exist</m2m:dbg></m2m:dbg>
[KETI MQTT Client] Client Initialize
[KETI MQTT Client] Connection try
[KETI MQTT Client] Connected to Server - tcp://203.253.128.151
[KETI MQTT Client] Client Initialize
[KETI MQTT Client] Connection try
[KETI MQTT Client] Connected to Server - tcp://203.253.128.151
[KETI MQTT Client] Subscribe Success - /oneM2M/reg/+/lwm2m-001/+
[KETI MQTT Client] Subscribe Success - /oneM2M/resp/lwm2m-001/+
[CubeThyme] Subscription "sub-ctrl" delete request.....
[CubeThyme] Subscription delete HTTP Response Code : 200
[CubeThyme] Subscription delete HTTP Response String : <?xml version="1.0" enco
ding="UTF-8" standalone="yes"?><m2m:sub xmlns:m2m="http://www.onem2m.org/xml/pro
tocols" xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance" rn="sub-ctrl"><pi>
H14eNaHwR5x</pi><ty>23</ty><ct>20170413T045224</ct><ri>Bk0gM4K26x</ri><lt>201704
13T045224</lt><et>20190413T045224</et><st>0</st></m2m:sub>

```

Figure 15 Thyme 1.5 execution

- Run LWM2M IPE.

```

pi@raspberrypi: ~/lwm2m
pi@raspberrypi:~/lwm2m $ java -jar keti_lwm2m_ipe.jar
SLF4J: Failed to load class "org.slf4j.impl.StaticLoggerBinder".
SLF4J: Defaulting to no-operation (NOP) logger implementation
SLF4J: See http://www.slf4j.org/codes.html#StaticLoggerBinder for further detail
s.
Apr 13, 2017 5:25:47 AM com.keti.tas.soft.ThymeClient send
INFO: Client upload [{"con":"hello","ctname":"cnt-led"}] to Thyme!
Apr 13, 2017 5:25:47 AM com.keti.tas.main.TasProcessor$ControllerRegistryThread
run
INFO: controller [/KETILwVirtualDevice/3311/0/5850] send hello to thyme
Apr 13, 2017 5:25:51 AM org.eclipse.californium.core.network.config.NetworkConfig
createStandardWithFile
INFO: Loading standard properties from file Californium.properties
Excution path is /home/pi/lwm2m/webapp
Apr 13, 2017 5:25:57 AM org.eclipse.californium.core.CoapServer start
INFO: Starting server
Apr 13, 2017 5:25:57 AM org.eclipse.californium.core.network.CoapEndpoint start
INFO: Starting endpoint at localhost/127.0.0.1:5083
Apr 13, 2017 5:25:57 AM org.eclipse.californium.core.network.CoapEndpoint start
INFO: Starting endpoint at localhost/127.0.0.1:5084
Apr 13, 2017 5:25:57 AM org.eclipse.californium.scandium.DTLSCoapConnector start
INFO: DTLSCoapConnector listening on [/127.0.0.1:5084] with MTU [65,536] using (inb
ound) datagram buffer size [16,474 bytes]

```

Figure 16 LWM2M IPE execution

:

- Run LWM2M device client.

```

pi@raspberrypi: ~/lwm2m
pi@raspberrypi:~/lwm2m $ java -jar keti_lwm2m_device.jar
pi@raspberrypi:~/lwm2m
Apr 13, 2017 5:29:08 AM org.eclipse.californium.scandium.DTLSCoapConnector start
INFO: DTLSCoapConnector listening on [/127.0.0.1:6001] with MTU [65,536] using (inbound) datagram buffer size [16,474 bytes]
Apr 13, 2017 5:29:08 AM org.eclipse.californium.core.network.CoapEndpoint start
INFO: Starting endpoint at localhost/127.0.0.1:6000
Apr 13, 2017 5:29:09 AM org.eclipse.californium.core.CoapResource addObserveRelation
INFO: Successfully established observe relation between /127.0.0.1:5083#09df7f8cdf and resource /3303
Receive data <= {"temp":27.00,"humi":18.00,"seq":1543,"color":"green","led":"off"}
Apr 13, 2017 5:29:10 AM org.eclipse.californium.core.CoapResource addObserveRelation
INFO: Successfully established observe relation between /127.0.0.1:5083#2f0c5e97472306 and resource /3304
Receive data <= {"temp":27.00,"humi":19.00,"seq":1544,"color":"green","led":"off"}
Receive data <= {"temp":27.00,"humi":18.00,"seq":1545,"color":"green","led":"off"}
Receive data <= {"temp":27.00,"humi":19.00,"seq":1546,"color":"green","led":"off"}
Receive data <= {"temp":27.00,"humi":18.00,"seq":1547,"color":"green","led":"off"}

```

Figure 17 LWM2M device client execution

4. Test

4.1. LWM2M test

- Open [http://\[raspberry pi IP\]:8080](http://[raspberry pi IP]:8080) in web browser.

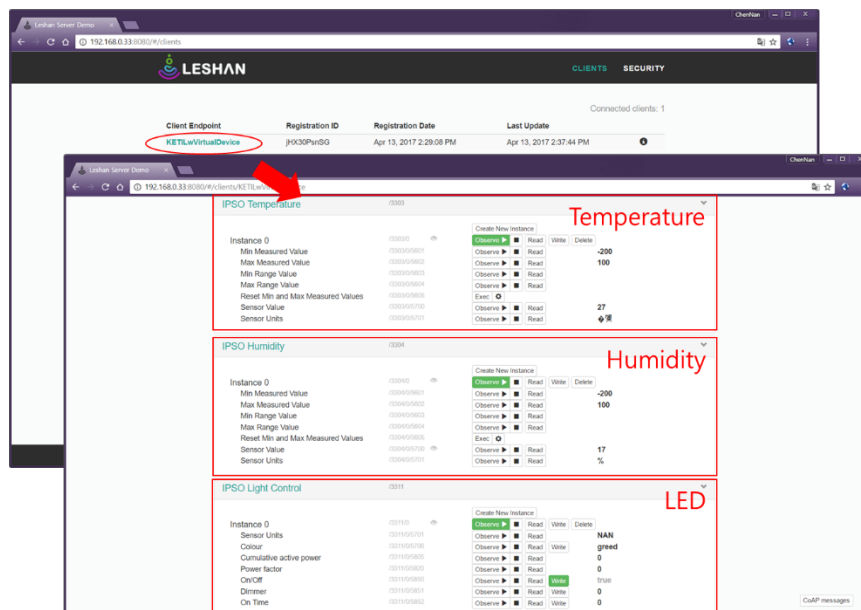


Figure 18 LWM2M service web

If web browser shows the content as Figure 18, LWM2M is properly functioning.

4.2. oneM2M test

1. Run Resource Tree Viewer that it is available from IoT Ocean Site.

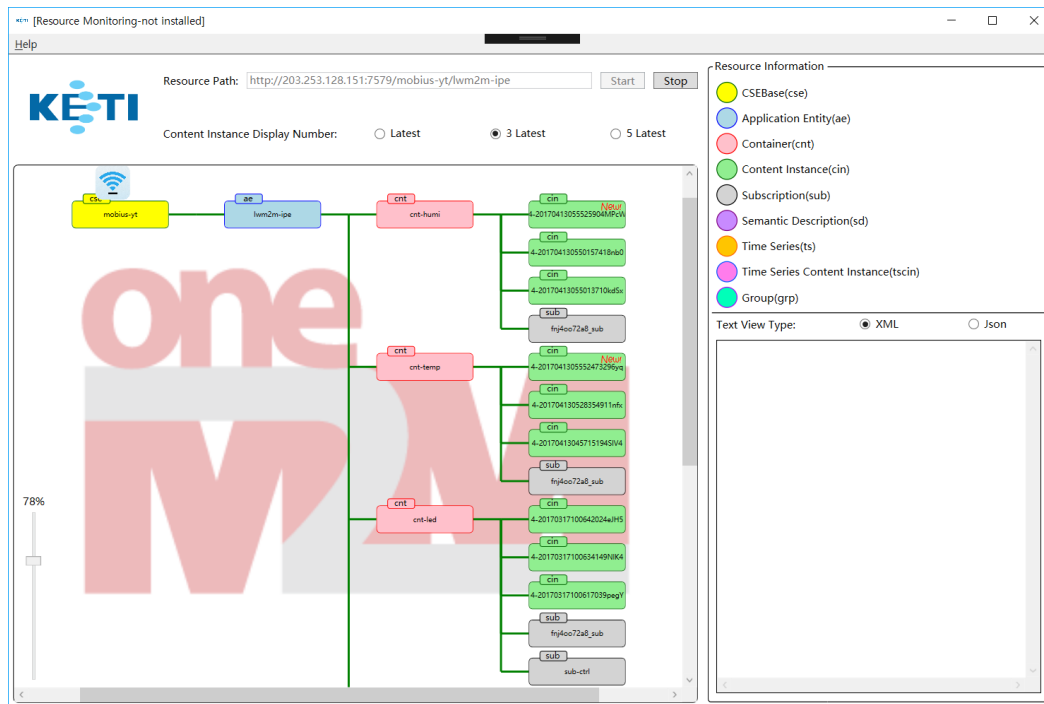


Figure 19 Resource Tree Viewer

2. Input AE resource path (depended the thyme conf.json) in textbox and click start then the above LWM2M IPE's resource structure will be displayed. If temperature or humidity value is changed then viewer will add new resource object with "new!" tag.
3. Open post man from google chrome and send content instance create request to mobius-yt as figure 20.
4. If IPE sample build is successfully done, the physical LED light turns on when LWM2M log device "led" status changes "off" to "on".

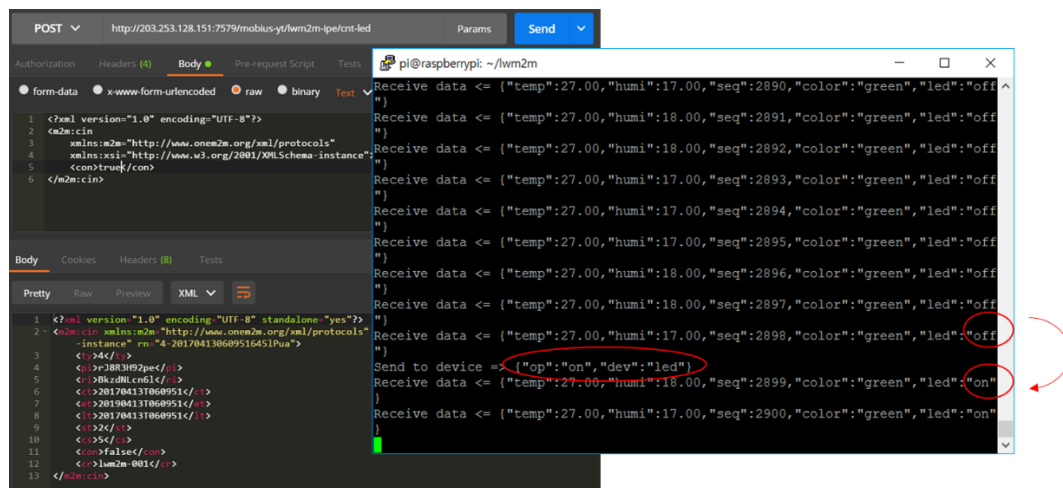


Figure 20 LED Control test