Q3- Given a Neural Network with single

33 Where
$$w3 = [0.6, -0.4, 0.1,$$

$$[0.5], P1 = |$$

[1, -2, 0, -1], P2=[0, 1.5, -0.5, -1], d=[0, 1]. Use

Perceptron learning rule with unipolar binary function with learning constant=(1) to find the final weights

(w2).

(10)

91/ Solution

W1 W2 X2 W3 Хи

0

W3 = W2 +

AW



0.6

swi

2

.0.4 **0.1** 015

M +

DW2

AW3

Duk

مطلوب معطى في السؤال

ی

يتم حسابه

Α

X1 X2 X3 X11

for Perception Learning rule, P2 = [0,1.5,-0.5, -

DW1 = C
$$X$$

= $cx (d2-02) xX1$
*
= 1* $(1 - 02) + 0$
=1@

DW2 = C * (d2-02) * X2
= 1 + (1 - Or) 1:5 (102)
O2 =

$$f(netz)$$

 $net2 = X, W1 + Xz W2 + Xz W z + Xu$
Wu

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{OOS} -0.5 = -1.5 \\ \text{DW2} = 1* & (1-0) & *115 \\ = 1.5 \\ \text{DW3} = c & (d2-02) & *X3 \\ = & 1* & (1-0) & * \\ -0.5 \\ \text{DW 4} = cx & (dr-O2) & *Xy \\ & 1 & * & (1-0) & * & (-1) \\ = & <-1 \\ & \Delta \omega \\ \text{W3} \\ \text{W2} = \text{W3} \quad DW \\ = & 0.6 \\ \end{array}$$

0.1 015

10.6.

-1-9 0.6 \$.5

₩ بنفس الطريقه يتم ايجاد

X1 **X2** X3 Xu

for
$$P1 = [1, -2, 0, -1], d=0$$

Δωι

$$AW1 = C * (d, -01) * X,$$

= 1 × (0 - 01) * 1

$$01 = f(net)$$

net1 = X1 W1 + X2 W2 + Xz W3

$$WI$$

= $(1)(0-6) + (-2)(-1.9) + (0) (0.6) + (-1) (1.5)$
= 2.9
 $0 = 1$

AW1 =
$$1 * (0-1)* 1 =$$

DW2 =
$$C*$$
 (d, -01)* X2
= 1*(0-1)

-1

DW3 = CAC
$$d1 = 01$$
) + X3
= 1 × (0 - 1) × 0

```
\Delta\omega\mu
=0

\Delta W1 = \mathbf{C}^* (\mathbf{d} = \mathbf{01})^*

\mathbf{X} \ \mathbf{4} \ \mathbf{C}^* \ \mathbf{X} \ \mathbf{4}
= 1 * (@-1) * -1 = 1

• \mathbf{W} = \mathbf{W}2 - \mathbf{AW}

106
1.9
0.6
1.5
1.6 -3.9
0.6
0-5
\Delta\omega
```

2

The final Result