# BigData and Machine Learning with Hadoop and Spark Frameworks

Jean-Marc GRATIEN1

<sup>1</sup>Department of Computer Science IFP New Energy

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#### Outline I

- Introduction
- 2 Hadoop
  - Introduction
  - Architecture
  - HDFS
  - Yarn
  - MapReduce
- Spark
  - Introduction
  - Architecture and Ecosystem
  - Spark Modules : Core, SQL, Mlib, Streaming and GraphX
    - Spark Core
    - Spark SQL
    - Spark Mlib
    - Spark Streaming
    - Spark GraphX



#### Outline II



- Introduction
- Architecture
- Dask API
- Dask Ecosystem



#### TP

- TP0 : Hadoop Installation
- TP1: Hadoop World count
- TP2 : Start with Spark
- TP4 : Spark ML, Data processing
- TP5 : Spark ML, Machine learning
- TP6: Spark ML, Image processing
- TP7 : Start with Dask



# **Objectifs**

Objectifs

- General Overview on Hadoop and Spark
- Introduce to Hadoop
- Introduction to Spark Framework

### Audience and Prerequisites

- Audience : computer science and data scientist students
- Prerequisites :
  - sequential programming in java and python
  - elementary of machine learning, data analytics
  - image processing
- Material(Slide+TPs) available at :
  - git clone https://github.com/jgratien/ BigDataHadoopSparkDaskCourse.git



#### Motivation

Introduction to Bigdata

#### BigData

- What is Bigdata?
- What are the BigData issues?

#### Outline



introduction



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- MapReduce
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Introduction Architecture HDFS Yarn MapReduce

# Hadoop Framework

Introduction to Hadoop

- Hadoop definition
  - Java opensource software framework
  - Data storage management
  - Parallel data analysis
  - part of Apache project supported by the Apache Software Foundation

Introduction to Hadoop

- Hadoop History
  - 1990 2000 : World Wide Web
  - Yahoo, AltaVisa,...: first search engines
  - Nutch open source project created by Doug Cutting and Mike Cafarella
  - 2006: Nutch project is split: the distributed storage and computing framework -> Hadoop
  - 2008 : Hadoop 1.0 (Open Source Project proposed by Yahoo)
  - 2012 : Hadoop 2.0 release
  - 2017 : Hadoop 3.0



Introduction to Hadoop

#### Why Hadoop?

- BigData issues :
  - increasing amount of data amount
  - distributed storage facilities
  - parallel data processing management
  - fault tolerance management

### Outline



introduction

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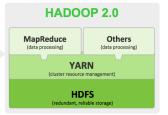
Hadoop Framework Architecture

the basic Hadoop Framework based of 4 main modules :

- HDFS : Hadoop Distributed File System
- YARN : Yest Another Ressource Negotiator

- Map : parallel data processing
- Reduce : collecting data and producing results





Hadoop Ecosystem

#### Hadoop ecosystem:

- Ambari: Hadoop component and services web interface management
- Cassandra : Distributed Data Base system
- Flume : Data Stream management layer
- HBase : NoSql distributed Data Base
- HCatalog : data storage management
- Hive : data storage with a SQL API
- Oozie : task framework
- Pig: HDFS data processing framework
- Solr : data indexing framework
- Sqoop : SQL DB and Hadoop data transfer framework
- Zookeeper: distributed data processing management



Introduction Architecture HDFS Yarn MapReduce

# Hadoop Framework

Hadoop distributions

#### Hadoop Distributions:



- Hortonworks
- Cloudera
- MAPR







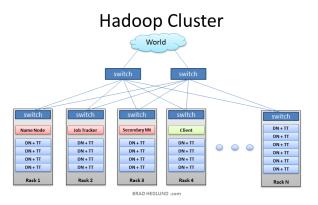
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**Hadoop Cluster** 



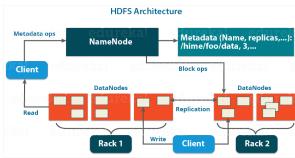
Purpose: Scalability, Fault tolerance and Reliality management



**Hadoop Cluster** 

#### Concepts

- NameNode
- DataNode
- Replication
- Block, Blocksize



HDFS: Hadoop Distributed Filesystem

HDFS commands

#### HDFS commands:

```
Starting HDFS
```

```
1  # Format nodes
2 > hadoop namenode -format
3
4  # Starting HDFS services
5 > start-dfs.sh
```

#### Shutting down HDFS

```
1 # Stopping HDFS services
2 > stop-dfs.sh
```

HDFS commands

#### HDFS commands:

```
Inserting Data into HDFS
```

```
# Step 1 : Create input directory
> $HADOOP_HOME/bin/hadoop fs -mkdir /usr/input

# Step 2 : copy data from local filesystem to hdfs
    filesystem
> $HADOOP_HOME/bin/hadoop fs -put /home/file.txt /
    user/input

# Step 3 : check results with ls cmd
> $HADOOP_HOME/bin/hadoop fs -ls /usr/input
```

HDFS commands

#### HDFS commands:

```
Retreiving Data from HDFS
```

```
1  # Step 1 : view data
2 > $HADOOP_HOME/bin/hadoop fs -cat /user/outputfile
3
4  # Step 2 : get data from hdfs filesystem to local
    filesystem
5 > $HADOOP_HOME/bin/hadoop fs -get /user/output/ /
    home/hadoop_out
6
7  # Step 3 : check results with ls cmd
8 > $HADOOP_HOME/bin/hadoop fs -mkdir /usr/input
```

HDFS commands list

	D :::
Commande name	Description
fs -help <cmd-name></cmd-name>	return cmd usage
fs -ls <path></path>	list <path> directory contents</path>
fs -lsr <path></path>	ls ,recursively with sub dirs
fs -du <path></path>	show disk usage in bytes
fs -dus <path></path>	show disk usage in bytes and summary
fs -test [ezd] <path></path>	return 1 if path exists;
	has 0 length; or is a directory,
	otherwize 0
fs -cat <filename></filename>	
fs -tail [-f] <filename></filename>	

Introduction Architecture HDFS Yarn MapReduce

# Hadoop Framework: HDFS

HDFS commands list

Commande name	Description
fs -mv <src><dest></dest></src>	move file or directory within HDFS
fs -cp <src> <dest></dest></src>	copy file or directory within HDFS
fs -rm <path></path>	remove file or directory within HDFS
fs -rmr <path></path>	rm recursively
fs -put <localsrc> <dest></dest></localsrc>	copy files or dirs from local FS to HDFS

HDFS commands list

Commande name	Description
fs -copyFromLocal <localsrc> <dest></dest></localsrc>	identical to put
fs -moveFromLocal <localsrc> <dest></dest></localsrc>	move file or dirs
	from local FS to HDFS
fs -get [-crc] <src> <localdest></localdest></src>	copy file or dirs
	from HDFS to local FS
fs -getmerge [-crc] <src> <localdest></localdest></src>	copy all files from HDFS
	and merge
	to a single file in FS
fs -copyToLocal <localsrc> <dest></dest></localsrc>	copy file or dirs
	from HDFS to local FS
fs -moveToLocal <localsrc> <dest></dest></localsrc>	move file or dirs
	from HDFS to local FS
fs -mkdir <path></path>	create directory in HDFS



#### Outline



#### introduction



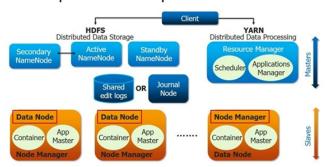
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# Apache Hadoop 2.0 and YARN



YARN

#### Starting YARN

- 1 # Starting YARN services
- 2 > start-yarn.sh

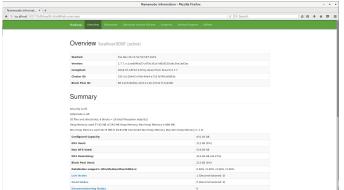
#### Shutting down YARN

- 1 # Stopping YARN services
- 2 > stop-yarn.sh

### Hadoop Web tools

**Hadoop Web Tools** 

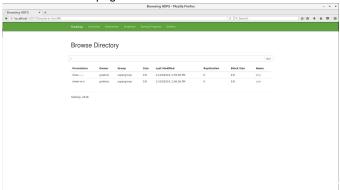
Web tools on: http://<hostname>:<port> <hostname>:<port> (default localhost:50070) are defined in hdfs-site.xml Overview web page:



# Hadoop Web tools

**Hadoop Web Tools** 

#### File browser web page:



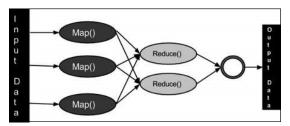
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MapReduce Framework



MapReduce Framework

MapReduce Framework

#### MapReduce Algorithm:

- Programming model;
- Two stages:
  - Map stage :
    - Mapper jobs;
    - data are processed in parallel by mapper jobs;
  - · Reduce Stage:
    - Reducer jobs;
    - mapper output data are processed Reducer jobs;
    - Reducer jobs produce new set of output stored in HDFS.

MapReduce Framework

#### Input and Output:

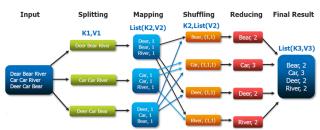
- Input : <key,value> pairs
  - key and values classes must implement Writable Interface;
  - key class have to implemente WritableComparable Interface;
- Job : (Input) $\rightarrow$  map  $\rightarrow$  <k2,v2> $\rightarrow$  reduce  $\rightarrow$  <k3,v3>(Output)

	Input	Output
Мар	<k1,v1></k1,v1>	list( <k2,v2>)</k2,v2>
Reduce	<k2,v2></k2,v2>	list( <k3,v3>)</k3,v3>



MapReduce Framework

#### **The Overall MapReduce Word Count Process**



Java exemple

2

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13 14 15

16

17 18

#### WordCount Java class

```
import org.apache.hadoop.*;
public class WordCount
  public static class TokenizerMapper extends Mapper<Object, Text, Text, IntWritable> {
    public void map(Object key, Text value, Context context)
                    throws IOException, InterruptedException {
        . . . ;
  public static class IntSumReducer extends Reducer<Text, IntWritable, Text, IntWritable> {
    public void reduce(Text key, Iterable<IntWritable> values,Context context)
                      throws IOException, InterruptedException {
         ...;
  public static void main(String[] args) throws Exception {
  . . . ;
```

Java exemple

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#### Word Count Mapper Java class

Java exemple

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15 16 17

#### WordCount Reducer Java class

```
public class WordCount
   public static class IntSumReducer extends Reducer<Text.IntWritable.Text.IntWritable>
        private IntWritable result = new IntWritable();
        void reduce(Text key, Iterable<IntWritable> values,Context context)
                   throws IOException, InterruptedException
           int sum = 0;
           for (IntWritable val : values) {
              sum += val.get();
           result.set(sum);
           context.write(key, result);
```

Java exemple

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16 17

#### Main test function

```
public class WordCount
{
  public static void main(String[] args) throws Exception
  {
     Configuration conf = new Configuration();
     Job job = Job.getInstance(conf, "word_count");
     job.setJarByClass(WordCount.class);
     job.setMapperClass(TokenizerMapper.class);
     job.setCombinerClass(IntSumReducer.class);
     job.setCombinerClass(IntSumReducer.class);
     job.setOutputKeyClass(Text.class);
     job.setOutputKeyClass(IntWritable.class);
     FileInputFormat.addInputPath(job, new Path(args[0]));
     FileOutputFormat.setOutputPath(job, new Path(args[1]));
     System.exit(job.waitForCompletion(true) ? 0 : 1);
}
```

Java exemple

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Suppose we have two test files file01 and file02 in current directory

#### Prepare Test Data

```
// Two test file file01 file02 in current directory
$ ls
   file01
   file02
$ hdfs dfs -put file01 /user/gratienj/input
$ hdfs dfs -cat /user/gratienj/input/file01
   Hello World Bye World
$ hdfs dfs -put file02 /user/gratienj/input
$ hdfs dfs -cat /user/gratienj/input/file02
   Hello Hadoop Goodbye Hadoop
```

Java exemple

Suppose the Java Project is compiled and generates the jar file BigDataTP1.jar

#### Run application

\$ hadoop jar BigDataTP1.jar hadoop.WordCount /user/gratienj/input /user/gratienj/output

#### Check results

- 1 \$ hdfs dfs -cat /user/gratienj/output/part-r-00000 2 Bye 1
- 3 Goodbye 1
- 4 Hadoop 2
- 5 Hello 2
- 6 World 2



Python example

8

#### Python example with Hadoop Streaming

#### Mapper python script

```
#!/usr/bin/env python
"""mapper.py"""
import sys
# input comes from STDIN (standard input,
for line in sys.stdin:
    line = line.strip()
    words = line.split()
    for word in words:
        print('%s\t%s' % (word, 1))
```

Python example

#### Reducer python script Part 1

```
from operator import itemgetter
import sys
current_word = None
current_count = 0
word = None
```

Python example

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#### Reducer python script Part 2

```
for line in sys.stdin: # input comes from STDIN
    line = line.strip()
    word, count = line.split('\t', 1)
    try:
        count = int (count)
    except ValueError:
        continue
    if current word == word:
        current count += count
    else:
        if current word:
            print('%s\t%s' % (current word, current count)) # write result to STDOUT
        current count = count
        current word = word
if current_word == word: # do not forget to output the last word if needed!
    print('%s\t%s' % (current word, current count))
```

Python example

Python example with Hadoop Streaming: Part 1

#### Copy test files on HDFS

\$ hdfs dfs -copyFromLocal /home/gratienj/test/books /user/gratienj/input/books

#### Run application

```
$ hadoop jar $HADOOP_HOME/share/hadoop/tools/lib/hadoop-streaming-2.7.7.jar \
-file /home/hduser/mapper.py -mapper /home/hduser/mapper.py \
-file /home/hduser/reducer.py -reducer /home/hduser/reducer.py \
-input /user/gratienj/input/books/* -output /user/gratienj/books-output
```

Introduction Architecture HDFS Yarn MapReduce

# Hadoop Framework

Python example

#### Python example with Hadoop Streaming: Part 2

#### Check results

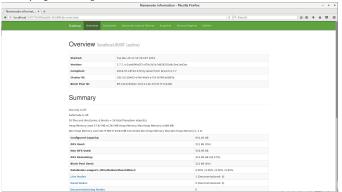
- \$ hdfs dfs -ls /user/gratienj/books-ouput
- 2 Found 1 items
- 3 /user/gratienj/books-output/part-00000
- 4 \$ hdfs dfs -cat /user/gratienj/books-output/part-00000

# Hadoop Web tools

Ambari Server Tools

Ambari Server : tools to manage and monitor applications for Apache Hadoop

Web page: http://<ambari-server-hostname>:8080



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#### Introduction

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Introduction to Spark

- Spark : Big Data framework for data processing
- History
  - 2009 : AMPLab, UC Berkeley University
  - 2010 : Open source as an Apache project
- Complete and Unified framework
  - Hadoop (MapReduce)
  - Storm (Streaming)
  - Languages : Java, Scala, Python
  - SQL

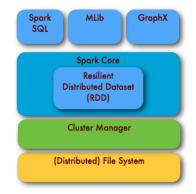
#### Outline



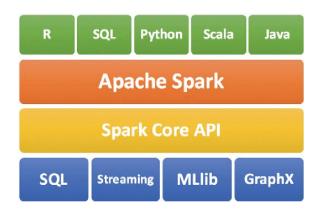
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Apache Spark Architecture



Apache Spark Ecosystem



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Spark Core: Spark configuration

#### Spark Cluster Configurations:

- Local mode
- Cluster mode
- Client mode

#### Spark parallel concepts:

- multiple executors (private JVM)
- multiple cores per executor

Spark Core: Spark configuration

#### Configuring a SparkContext

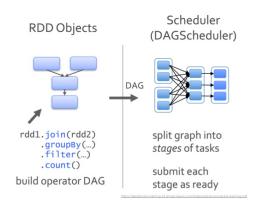
```
import pyspark
from pyspark import SparkConf
sc_conf = SparkConf()
sc_conf.setAppName(app_name)
sc_conf.setMaster('local[*]')
sc_conf.set('spark.executor.memory', '4g')
sc_conf.set('spark.executor.cores', nb_cores)
sc_conf.set('spark.driver.memory', '16G')
sc_conf.set('spark.cores.max', '32')
sc_conf.set('spark.driver.maxResultSize', '10G')
sc_conf.set('spark.logConf', True)
```

Spark Core: Spark context

#### Create a SparkContext

- 1 import pyspark
- 2 from pyspark import SparkContext
- 3 sc =SparkContext()

Spark Core: Data concepts



Spark Core: Data concepts

#### Spark Data concepts:

- RDD : Resilient Distributed Data, list of <key,value>
- Transformations: apply lambda to creating new RDDs
- DAG : pipeline of transformation
- Actions : operations on the RDD producing results
- Scheduler: perform actions on DAG
- Stage : parallel operations
- Pipeline : sequence of stages

Spark Core: RDD

```
Create a Spark RDD
```

```
import pyspark
from pyspark import SparkContext
sc = SparkContext()
nums= sc.parallelize([1,2,3,4])
nums.take(1)
```

#### Output

```
1 [1]
```

Spark Core: RDD Transformationq and Actions

#### Spark RDD transformations and Actions

```
1 sc =SparkContext()
2 nums= sc.parallelize([1,2,3,4])
3 squared = nums.map(lambda x: x*x).collect()
4 for num in squared:
5 print('%i_' % (num))
```

#### Output

```
1 1
2 4
3 9
4 16
```

Spark Core: RDD Transformations and Actions

#### Transformation:

- apply lambda function to RDD
- create a new RDD
- lazy evaluation
- create a DAG

Spark Core: RDD Transformations and Actions

	Commande name	Description
	map()	apply to each RDD line
	flatMap()	apply to all RDD elements
	mapPartition	apply per partition
	filter()	apply to a selection of lines
Examples :	groupBy()	create new set of (key,value)
	groupByKey()	
	reduceByKey()	
	sample()	selection of lines
	union()	fusion of two RDDs
	join()	union without duplicate keys

Spark Core: RDD Transformations and Actions

#### Actions:

- get results on a pipeline of transformations
- perform all the transformation
- real evaluation

#### Examples:

Commande name	Description
getNumPartition()	
\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	anali i lanalada
reduce()	apply lambda
	to all elements
collect()	create a collection
count()	count elements
max(), min()	stats
sum()	

Spark SQL: DataFrame

#### **Unified Data Abstraction**

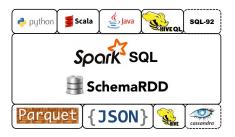


Image credit: http://barrymieny.deviantart.com/

DATABRICKS



Spark Core: RDD

#### Create a Spark SQL context

```
1 from pyspark.sql import Row
2 from pyspark.sql import SQLContext
3 sqlContext = SQLContext(sc)
```

#### Create a DataFrame

```
1 list_p=[('John',19),('Smith',29),('Adam',35)]
2 rdd = sc.parallelize(list_p)
3 ppl_rdd=rdd.map(lambda x: Row(name=x[0], age=int(x [1])))
4 ppl df rdd = sqlContext.createDataFrame(ppl rdd)
```

Spark SQL: DataFrame

#### Print DataFrame Schema

```
1 DF_ppl.printSchema()
2 root
3 |-- age: long (nullable = true)
4 |-- name: string (nullable = true)
```

Spark SQL: DataFrame

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#### Print DataFrame Schema

```
df = sqlContext.read.csv(SparkFiles.get("adult_data.csv"), header=True, inferSchema= True)
df string.printSchema()
root
 |-- age: string (nullable = true)
 |-- workclass: string (nullable = true)
 |-- fnlwgt: string (nullable = true)
 |-- education: string (nullable = true)
 |-- education_num: string (nullable = true)
 |-- marital: string (nullable = true)
 |-- occupation: string (nullable = true)
 |-- relationship: string (nullable = true)
 |-- race: string (nullable = true)
 |-- sex: string (nullable = true)
 |-- capital gain: string (nullable = true)
 |-- capital_loss: string (nullable = true)
 |-- hours week: string (nullable = true)
 |-- native_country: string (nullable = true)
 |-- label: string (nullable = true)
```

Spark SQL: DataFrame

2

### Spark Framework

Spark SQL: DataFrame

#### Preschool 51 I Select columns 1st-4thl 1681 5th-6th| 333| Doctorate | 413| df.groupBy("education"). 12th| 433| 9th| 5141 count().sort("count", Prof-school| 5761 ascending=True).show() 7th-8th| 6461 10th| 933| Assoc-acdm| 1067| 11th| 1175| Assoc-voc| 1382| 16 Masters| 1723| 17 Bachelors| 5355| 18 |Some-college| 7291|

```
education | count |
```

HS-grad|10501|

19

20

Spark SQL: DataFrame

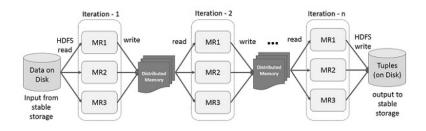
Describe data: describe() functions give a summary of statistics :

- count,
- mean,min,max
- standarddeviation

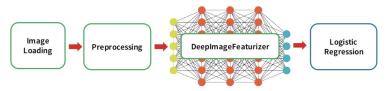
```
Describe

df.describe('capital_gain
   ').show()
```

Spark Mlib



Spark Mlib



**MLlib Pipeline** 

Spark Mlib

#### Mlib provides tools for Machine learning

- set of classifier and regression algorithms
- create models from Spark Dataframe
- set of tools to evaluate the predicting models
- concept of pipeline to process Data

Spark Mlib Pipeline

Spark Pipeline : a sequence of stages (Transformer, Estimator)

- String Indexer : convert Categorical Data to numerics
- Standard Scaler on Continuous Values
- VectorAssembler : features must be a dense vector

Spark Mlib: Data processing

### StringIndexer

Spark Mlib: Data processing

#### OneHotEncoder

```
1 from pyspark.ml.feature import OneHotEncoder
```

```
encoder = OneHotEncoder(dropLast=False, inputCol="
    encoded_key", outputCol="vec_key")
```

```
3 vec_df_rdd = encoder.transform(encoded_df_rdd)
```

#### VectorAssembler

```
1 from pyspark.ml.feature import VectorAssembler
```

```
3 ass_df_rdd = assembler.transform(df_rdd)
```

Spark Mlib: Data processing

### **Pipeline**

Spark ML : ML pipeline Part 1

#### create DataFrame

```
rdd.map(lambda x: (x["newlabel"], DenseVector(x["
    features"])))
sqlContext.createDataFrame(input_data, ["label", "
    features"])
```

### Split data

```
1 randomSplit([.8,.2], seed=1234)
```

Spark ML: ML pipeline Part 2

#### Train model

2 lr.fit()

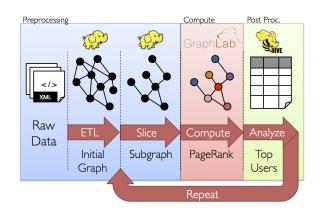
### Make prediction

1 lr.transform()

Spark Streaming



Spark GraphX



## Outline



#### Introduction



- Introduction
- Architecture
- HDFS
- Yarn
- MapReduce



- Introduction
- Architecture and Ecosystem
- Spark Modules : Core, SQL, Mlib, Streaming and GraphX
  - Spark Core
  - Spark SQL
  - Spark Mlib
  - Spark Streaming
  - Spark GraphX







Introduction to Dask

- Dask: Open source python framework for data processing
- developped with community projects like: Numpy, Pandas, and Scikit-Learn
- supported by: Anaconda, CapitalOne, NSF, Nvidia,...
- High-level collections:
  - Array, Bag, and DataFrame collections
  - mimic NumPy, lists, and Pandas
  - operate datasets out of core memory
- Low-Level schedulers :
  - dynamic task schedulers
  - execute task graphs in parallel



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Introduction



Dask Architecture

#### Dask architecture:

- Dask Cluster
- Dask Scheduler
- Dask collections



Workers compute tasks / store and serve computed results to other workers or clients

**Dask Cluster** 

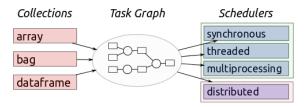
### Various Dask cluster types:

- Hadoop/Spark clusters running YARN
- HPC clusters running job managers like SLURM, SGE, PBS, LSF, or others common in academic and scientific labs
- Kubernetes clusters

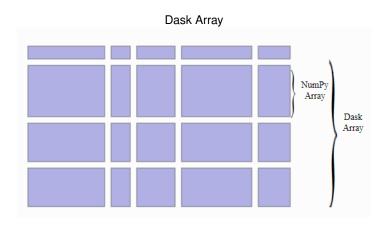
Dask Scheduler

#### Dask Scheduler:

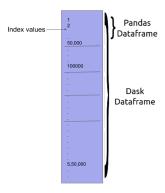
- Single machine scheduler
   Optimized for
   larger-than-memory use.
   Simple, easy and cheap
   to use, but does not scale
   as it only runs on a single
   machine.
- Distributed scheduler : More sophisticated, fully asynchronous



Dask collections



Dask DataFrame



Dask DataFrame



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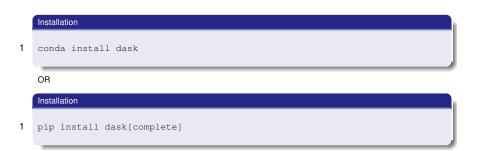


### Dask

Introduction



Dask installation



Dask starting cluster

#### Lauching Dask cluster

```
1  from dask.distributed import LocalCluster, Client
2  cluster = LocalCluster()
3  client = Client(cluster)
```

Dashboard usually on http://localhost:8787/status

#### Dashboard

```
#To see where the port of the dashboard is, use this command
print(client.scheduler_info()['services'])
# {'dashboard': 8787} --> means you can access it at localhost:8787
```

**Dask Collections** 

```
Dask Bag
```

```
1 import dask.bag as db
2 b = db.from_sequence([1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10], npartitions=2)
```

#### Dask Array

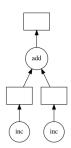
```
1 import dask.array as da
2 x = da.random.random((10000, 10000), chunks=(1000, 1000))
```

#### Dask DataFrame

```
from dask import datasets
import dask.dataframe as dd
df = datasets.timeseries()
```

```
Dask Delayed function

from dask import delayed
dedayed
def inc(x):
return x + 1
dedayed
def add(x, y):
return x + y
```



```
Dask Lazy evaluation

from dask.distributed import Client
c = Client(n_workers=4)

x = c.submit(inc, 1)
y = c.submit(dec, 2)
total = c.submit(add, x, y)
```

```
Dask evaluation

# execute all tasks
total.compute()

Dask progess

from dask.distributed import progress
# to show progress bar
progress(f)
```

```
Dask get results

# get result.
c.gather(f)

Dask persist

total.persist()
```

```
from dask.distributed import as_completed
def func(x):
    ...
    return y
futures = [c.submit(func, x) for x in range(n)]
iterator = as_completed(futures)
for res in iterator:
    print("RES_Y_:", res.result())
```

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#### Dask

Introduction



Ecosystem overview

### Dask ecosystem overview:

- Dask tutorial: https://github.com/dask/dask-tutorial.git
- Collection : Bag, Array, DataFrame
- Data Storage : CSV, HDF5, . . .
- Machine Learning : Scikit-learn, XGBoost,...
- Cluster : Local, SSH, YARN, ...

Dask Bag

```
Dask bag
import dask.bag as db
b = db.from sequence([1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10], npartitions=2)
Dask bag
import os
b = db.read text(os.path.join('data', 'accounts.*.json.gz'))
Dask bag
import json
js = lines.map(json.loads)
```

### Dask Array

Dask bag

```
import h5py
import os
f = h5py.File(os.path.join('data', 'random.hdf5'), mode='r')
dset = f['/x']
Dask bag: lazy creation
import dask.array as da
x = da.from_array(dset, chunks=(1_000_000,))
Dask bag: Numpy lazy API
result = x.sum()
print (result)
```

#### Dask DataFrame

2

```
Dask DatFrame

1 import os
2 import dask
3 filename = os.path.join('data', 'accounts.*.csv')
```

```
Dask DataFrame: lazy API

df.DepDelay.max().visualize()
```

Dask Local Cluster

**Dask Cluster** 

```
from dask.distributed import Client, LocalCluster
cluster = LocalCluster()
client = Client(cluster)
```

```
Dask YarnCluster
```

3 4 5

6 7

8

10 11 12

3

8

10

Dask Cluster Command line SetUp

```
$ dask-scheduler

$cheduler at: tcp://192.0.0.100:8786

$ dask-worker tcp://192.0.0.100:8786

$ dask-worker at: tcp://192.0.0.1:12345

Registered to: tcp://192.0.0.100:8786

$ dask-worker tcp://192.0.0.100:8786

$ dask-worker tcp://192.0.0.100:8786

$ dask-worker tcp://192.0.0.2:40483

Registered to: tcp://192.0.0.100:8786
```

```
from distributed import Client
client = Client('192.0.0.100:8786')
```

Dask Client SetUp



PU: Haddop Installation
P1: Haddop World coun
P2: Start with Spark
P4: Spark ML. Data pro

TP4: Spark ML, Data processing TP5: Spark ML, Machine learning

TP7 : Start with Dask

### **TPs**

TPs require docker usage.

A Docker Quick Sheet can be found in :

https:

//github.com/jgratien/BigDataHadoopSparkDaskCourse/
blob/main/TPs/doc/Docker.md

- TP 0 : Hadoop Installation
- TP 1 : WorldCount
- TP 2 : DataBase request
- TP 3 : Spark Installation
- TP 4 : Spark Compute PI
- TP 5 : Spark Image Processing
- TP 6 : Spark ML
- TP 7 : Dask



TP0 : Hadoop Installation TP1 : Hadoop World count

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```
TP0: Hadoop Installation
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TP4: Spark ML, Data processing
TP5: Spark ML, Machine learning
TP6: Spark ML, Image processin
```

### **TPs**

TP0: Manual Hadoop Installation

Hadoop Installation: hadoop-2.7.7.tar.gz

#### Installation

- > cd /home/hduser
- 2 > mkdir local ; cd local
- 3 > wget https://www.apache.org/dist/hadoop/core/ hadoop-2.7.7/hadoop-2.7.7.tar.gz
- 4 > tar xvfz hadoop-2.7.7.tar.gz
- 5 > mv hadoop-2.7.7 hadoop
- 6 > chown -R hduser:hadoop hadoop

TP0: Hadoop Installation

### **TPs**

2

10

11

12 13

TP0: Installation Hadoop

### Env parameter settings

```
export JAVA HOME=/usr/local/Java/1.8.0-xxx
export HADOOP HOME=/home/hduser/local/hadoop
export HADOOP CONF DIR=${HADOOP HOME}/etc/hadoop
export HADOOP_MAPRED_HOME=$HADOOP_HOME
export HADOOP COMMON HOME=$HADOOP HOME
export HADOOP HDFS HOME=$HADOOP HOME
export YARN HOME=$HADOOP HOME
export PATH=${HADOOP HOME}/bin:${HADOOP HOME}/sbin:$PATH
```

Introduction Hadoop Spark Dask TP TP0: Hadoo TP1: Hadoo TP2: Start w TP4: Spark TP5: Spark TP6: Spark

TP0 : Hadoop Installation TP1 : Hadoop World coun

<sup>2</sup>4 : Spark ML, Data processing

P5 : Spark ML, Machine learning

### **TPs**

TP0: Installation Hadoop

### Configuration files settings

```
# CREATE HADOOF THE DTK

2 > mkdir -p /home/hduser/app/hadoop/tmp

3 > chown hduser:hadoop /home/hduser/app/hadoop/tmp

4 > chmod 750 /home/hduser/app/hadoop/tmp

5

6 # CREATE HDFS WORKINGDIR TO MNG HDFS File System

7 > mkdir -p /home/hduser/var/local/hadoop/hdfs/data

8 > chmod -R 777 /home/hduser/var/local/hadoop/hdfs
```

TP0: Installation Hadoop

Configuration files in /home/hduser/local/hadoop/etc/hadoop

### hadoop-env.sh modification

```
JAVA HOME="true_java_JOME_path"
export JAVA HOME=${JAVA HOME}
```

### core-site.xml settings

```
cproperty>
 2
 6
 8
 9
10
```

```
<name>hadoop.tmp.dir</name>
       <value>/home/hduser/app/hadoop/tmp</value>
       <description>A base for other temporary directories.</description>
</property>
cproperty>
       <name>fs.default.name
       <value>hdfs://localhost:9000</value>
       <description>The name of the default file system.</description>
</property>
```

2

10

TP0: Installation Hadoop

Configuration files in /home/hduser/local/hadoop/etc/hadoop

### hdfs-site.xml settings

TP0: Installation Hadoop

Configuration files in /home/hduser/local/hadoop/etc/hadoop Copy mapred-site.xml.template mapred-site.xml

```
mapred-site.xml settings
```

```
cproperty>
       <name>mapred.job.tracker</name>
       <value>localhost:9001</value>
```

</property>

2

2

10

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TP0: Installation Hadoop

### Configuration files in /home/hduser/local/hadoop/etc/hadoop

### yarn-site.xml settings

TP0: Hadoop Installation
TP1: Hadoop World count
TP2: Start with Spark
TP4: Spark ML, Data proce

## **TPs**

#### TP0: Installation Hadoop

#### Lauch all services

> \$HADOOP\_HOME/sbin/start-hdfs.sh
> \$HADOOP\_HOME/sbin/start-yarn.sh

#### Check lauched services

1 > jps 2 3 26867

26867 DataNode

28228 Jps

27285 ResourceManager

6 26695 NameNode

27082 SecondaryNameNode

27420 NodeManager

TP0 : Hadoop Installation
TP1 : Hadoop World coun

P4 : Spark ML, Data processing

TP6 : Spark ML, Image

## **TPs**

TP0 : Hadoop cluster set up using docker

Check Docker installation

### Docker: Set up

- 1 > docker --version
- 2 > docker-compose --version
  - Test of NGINX server

## Docker: Check using nginx

> docker run -d -p 80:80 --name myserver nginx

Visit http://localhost and check nginx server homepage



#### TP0: Hadoop cluster set up using docker

Check Docker installation

#### Docker: Set up

> docker ps

```
> cd TPO/Docker
> git clone https://github.com/big-data-europe/docker-hadoop.git
> cd docker-hadoop
> docker-compose up -d
```

- Test the cluster installation on http://localhost:9870
- Close the Hadoop cluster

### Docker: Safely close the hadoop cluster

> docker-compose down

Visit http://localhost and check nginx server homepage

TP1: Hadoop World count
TP2: Start with Spark
TP4: Spark ML, Data proc

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TP1: MapReduce with Hadoop

### Project MapReduce:

/home/hduser/BigDataHadoopSpark/TPs/TP1/MapReduce
Two projects, A java Project and a python project

```
MapReduce|
|--pom.xml
|--bin|
|--python|--mapper.py
| |--reduce.py
|--src|--hadoop|--WordCount.Java
|--target|
|--test|wordcount|--file01
|--file02
|books|--b0
```

TP1 : Hadoop World count

TP4 : Spark ML, Data processing TP5 : Spark ML Machine learning

P5 : Spark ML, Machine learning

## **TPs**

#### TP1: MapReduce with Hadoop

#### Java project:

- create directory in hdfs /user/hduser/input
- copy the files of MapReduce/test/wordcount in /user/hduser/input
- generate Java project BigDataTP1
- 10 cd BigDataHadoopSpark/TPs/TP1/MapReduce
- **2** mvn package
- apply Java WordCount application
- check results



TP1 : Hadoop World count

TP4 : Spark ML, Data processing
TP5 : Spark ML, Machine learning

TP6 : Spark ML, Image p

# **TPs**

TP1: MapReduce with Hadoop

### Python project

- create directory in hdfs /user/hduser/input/book
- copy the files of MapReduce/test/book in /user/hduser/input
- apply Python WordCount application
- check results

TP1 : Hadoop World count

ΓP4 : Spark ML, Data processing ΓP5 : Spark ML, Machine learning

TP7 : Start with Dask

## **TPs**

TP1: WorldCount and MapReduce using the containerized Hadoop cluster

### Remind: Docker command Quick Sheet:

BigDataHadoopSparkDaskCourse/TPs/doc/Docker.md

### Docker: exec running conatairner named namenode

```
> cd TPs/TP1/MapReduce
```

Docker: copy file in a container

```
> cd TPs/TP1/MapReduce
```

- > docker cp test/wordcount/file01 namenode:file01
- > docker cp test/wordcount/file02 namenode:file02
  - > docker cp jars/hadoop-mapreduce-examples-2.7.1-sources.jar namenode:hadoop-mapreduce-examples-2.7.1sources.jar

TP1 : Hadoop World count

P4 : Spark ML, Data processing

TP7 : Start with Dask

## **TPs**

TP1: WorldCount and MapReduce using the containerized Hadoop cluster

### Docker: Realize WordCount TP within the namenode container

```
/$ mv file01 file02 input/.
/$ hadoop fs -mkdir -p input
/$ hdfs dfs -put ./input/* input
/$ hadoop ar hadoop-mapreduce-e
```

/\$ mkdir input

/\$ hadoop jar hadoop-mapreduce-examples-2.7.1-sources.jar org.apache.hadoop.examples.WordCount input output

#### Docker: Check results

/\$ hdfs dfs -cat output/part-r-00000

TP0 : Hadoop Installation
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  - Spark Streaming
  - Spark GraphX
- Dask
  - Introduction



TP2: Start with Spark

# **TPs**

3

8

#### TP2: Manual Spark Framework Installation

### Spark Installation: spark-2.4.0-bin-hadoop-2.7.tgz

#### Installation

```
> cd /home/hduser
```

- > mkdir local : cd local
- > wget https://www.apache.org/dyn/closer.lua/spark/spark-2.4.4/spark-2.4.4-bin-hadoop2.7.tgz
- > tar xvfz spark-2.4.0-bin-hadoop-2.7.7.tar.gz
- > mv spark-2.4.0-bin-hadoop-2.7.7 spark
- 5 6 7 > export HADOOP\_CONF\_DIR=\$HADOOP\_HOME/etc/hadoop
  - > export SPARK\_HOME=/home/hduser/local/spark
  - > export PATH=\$SPARK HOME/bin:\$PATH
  - > export LD LIBRARY PATH=\$HADOOP HOME/lib/native:\$LD LIBRARY PATH

TP0 : Hadoop Installation
TP1 : Hadoop World count
TP2 : Start with Spark
TP4 : Spark ML, Data processing
TP5 : Spark ML, Machine learning
TP6 : Spark ML, Image processing

# TPs

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TP2: PySpark Installation

#### Installation

```
1 > cd /home/hduser
2 > export SPARK_HOM
3 > export PATH=$SP.
```

- > export SPARK\_HOME=/home/hduser/local/spark
- > export PATH=\$SPARK\_HOME/bin:\$PATH
- > export LD\_LIBRARY\_PATH=\$HADOOP\_HOME/lib/native:\$LD\_LIBRARY\_PATH
- > export PYSPARK\_PYTHON="path\_to\_python"
- > pip install pyspark
- > pip install findspark
- > sbin/start-master.sh
- > sbin/start-slave.sh spark://localhost:7077

2 3

4

5

6 7 8

9

11

12

13

17

18 19

TP2: PySpark Installation

### test Spark shell

```
> spark-shell
     Setting default log level to "WARN".
     To adjust logging level use sc.setLogLevel(newLevel). For SparkR, use setLogLevel(newLevel).
     Spark context Web UI available at http://localhost:4040
     Spark context available as 'sc' (master = local[*], app id = local-1578948405576).
     Spark session available as 'spark'.
     Welcome to
10
        / / / / / /
        \\/\\/\\/\\/\/\/
     ____/___/______version_3.0.0-preview2
14
15
     Using_Scala_version_2.12.10_(Java_HotSpot(TM)_64-Bit_Server_VM,_Java_1.8.0_92)
16
     Type in expressions to have them evaluated.
     Type :help for more information.
     scala>
```

TP1: Hadoop Installation
TP1: Hadoop World count
TP2: Start with Spark
TP4: Spark ML, Data proc
TP5: Spark ML, Machine I

## **TPs**

TP2: PySpark Installation

### test Spark shell

```
> pyspark
2
3
     Python 2.7.5 (default, Apr 11 2018, 07:36:10)
4
     [GCC 4.8.5 20150623 (Red Hat 4.8.5-28)] on linux2
5
     Type "help", "copyright", "credits" or "license" for more information.
     Setting default log level to "WARN".
     To adjust logging level use sc.setLogLevel(newLevel). For SparkR, use setLogLevel(newLevel).
     /work/irlin355_1/gratienj/BigData/local/spark/spark-3.0.0-preview2-bin-hadoop2.7/python/pyspark/
           context.pv:219: DeprecationWarning: Support for Python 2 and Python 3 prior to version 3.6 is
           deprecated as of Spark 3.0. See also the plan for dropping Python 2 support at https://spark.
           apache.org/news/plan-for-dropping-python-2-support.html.
9
       DeprecationWarning)
10
     Welcome to
11
         12
13
         _\ \/ _ \/ '/ / '/
14
     ____/____version_3.0.0-preview2
15
     ___/_/
16
17
     Using_Python_version_2.7.5_(default,_Apr_11_2018_07:36:10)
18
     SparkSession_available_as_'spark'.
```

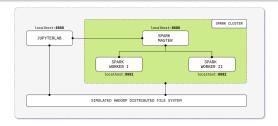
TP1 : Hadoop World cou

TP2 : Start with Spark

TP5 : Spark ML, Machine learning

## **TPs**

#### TP2: Spark Framework Installation with docker



#### Installation

- > cd TP2/Docker
  - > git clone https://github.com/cluster-apps-on-docker/spark-standalone-cluster-on-docker.git
- > curl -LO https://raw.githubusercontent.com/cluster-apps-on-docker/spark-standalone-cluster-on-docker/master/docker-compose.yml
- > docker-compose up

ction TP1 doop TP2 Spark TP4

TP1 : Hadoop World coul

TP2 : Start with Spark

P5 : Spark ML, Machine learning

## **TPs**

#### TP3: Test0 Test1 Test2

#### Test0:

- create spark context
- create liste of integer
- partition list with spark
- print num of partions

#### Test1:

- compute square of integer list
- print square list

### Test2:

compute PI



TP0: Hadoop Installation TP1: Hadoop World count TP2: Start with Spark TP4: Spark ML, Data proces TP5: Spark ML, Machine lea TP6: Spark ML, Image proce

## **TPs**

TP3: Test0 Test1 Test2

Realize Test0, Test 1 and Test2 with the JupiterLab Nodebook

### **Deploy Spark Cluster**

1 >

> cd TP2/Docker > docker-compose up

Connect to JupiterLab NoteBook at http://localhost:8888

P1 : Hadoop World cou P2 : Start with Spark

TP4: Spark ML, Data processing TP5: Spark ML, Machine learning

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TP0 : Hadoop Installation

TP1 : Hadoop World count

TP0 : Start with Sport

TP4: Spark ML, Data processing
TP5: Spark ML, Machine learning

TP6: Spark ML, Image pro

## **TPs**

TP4: Spark ML, Data processing

#### Test0:

- load TPs/data/iris.csv file in Panda DataFrame
- create Spark DataFrame
- show 5 first lines
- select two columns
- print some statistics on Spark Data frame

TP5: Spark ML. Machine learning

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P0 : Hadoop Installation P1 : Hadoop World coun P2 : Start with Spark

TP5 : Spark ML, Machine learning

TP7 : Start with Dask

# **TPs**

TP5: Spark ML, Data processing

### Spark ML:

- load TPs/data/iris.csv file in Panda DataFrame
- create Spark DataFrame
- create Pipeline to prepare date for machine learning
- compute a predicting model
- evaluate the predicting model

TP1 : Hadoop Wo TP2 : Start with Sp TP4 : Spark ML, D

TP4: Spark ML, Data processing TP5: Spark ML, Machine learning TP6: Spark ML. Image processing

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# **TPs**

Project : Spark ML, Image processing

### project:

- load Lena.jpg file
- develop a parallel median Filter in python with Spark

TP1 : Hadoop World cour TP2 : Start with Spark

TP7: Start with Dask

TP5 : Spark ML, Machine learning

## Outline



#### Introduction



#### пацоор

- Introduction
- Architecture
- HDFS
- Yarn
- MapReduce



### Spark

- Introduction
- Architecture and Ecosystem
- Spark Modules: Core, SQL, Mlib, Streaming and GraphX
  - Spark Core
  - Spark SQL
  - Spark Mlib
  - Spark Streaming
  - Spark GraphX



Introduction



TP0 : Hadoop Installal TP1 : Hadoop World c TP2 : Start with Spark TP4 : Spark ML, Data

TP7: Start with Dask

## **TPs**

#### Test0 Test1 Test2 with Dask

#### Test0:

- create Dask client
- create liste of integer
- partition list with dask

#### Test1 ·

- compute square of integer list
- print square list

#### Test2:

compute PI

#### Test3:

- create Dask bags, Array and DataFrame form h5, csv and json files
- directories small\_weather account and nycflights

