BigData and Machine Learning with Hadoop and Spark Frameworks

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Outline I

- Introduction
- 2 Hadoop
 - Introduction
 - Architecture
 - HDFS
 - Yarn
 - MapReduce
- Spark
 - Introduction
 - Architecture and Ecosystem
 - Spark Modules : Core, SQL, Mlib, Streaming and GraphX
 - Spark Core
 - Spark SQL
 - Spark Mlib
 - Spark Streaming
 - Spark GraphX



Outline II

- Dask
 - Introduction
 - Architecture
- 5 TP
 - TP0 : Hadoop Installation
 - TP1 : Hadoop World count
 - TP2: Hadoop DataBase request
 - TP3 : Start with Spark
 - TP4 : Spark ML, Data processing
 - TP5 : Spark ML, Machine learning
 - TP6 : Spark ML, Image processing
 - TP7: Dask Introduction



Objectifs

Objectifs

- General Overview on Hadoop and Spark
- Introduce to Hadoop
- Introduction to Spark Framework

Audience and Prerequisites

- Audience : computer science and data scientist students
- Prerequisites :
 - sequential programming in java and python
 - elementary of machine learning, data analytics
 - image processing
- Material(Slide+TPs) available at: git clone https://github.com/jgratien/BigDataHadoopSparkDaskCourse.git

Motivation

Introduction to Bigdata

BigData

- What is Bigdata?
- What are the BigData issues?

Outline





Hadoop

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- Architecture
- HDFS
- Yarn
- MapReduce



- Architecture and Ecosystem
- Spark Modules: Core, SQL, Mlib, Streaming and GraphX
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 - Spark GraphX





Introduction to Hadoop

- Hadoop definition
 - Java opensource software framework
 - Data storage management
 - Parallel data analysis
 - part of Apache project supported by the Apache Software Foundation

Introduction to Hadoop

- Hadoop History
 - 1990 2000 : World Wide Web
 - Yahoo, AltaVisa,...: first search engines
 - Nutch open source project created by Doug Cutting and Mike Cafarella
 - 2006: Nutch project is split: the distributed storage and computing framework -> Hadoop
 - 2008 : Hadoop 1.0 (Open Source Project proposed by Yahoo)
 - 2012 : Hadoop 2.0 release
 - 2017 : Hadoop 3.0

Introduction Architecture HDFS Yarn MapReduce

Hadoop Framework

Introduction to Hadoop

Why Hadoop?

- BigData issues :
 - · increasing amount of data amount
 - distributed storage facilities
 - parallel data processing management
 - fault tolerance management

Outline





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Hadoop Framework Architecture

the basic Hadoop Framework based of 4 main modules :

- HDFS : Hadoop Distributed File System
- YARN : Yest Another Ressource Negotiator

- Map : parallel data processing
- Reduce : collecting data and producing results





Hadoop Ecosystem

Hadoop ecosystem:

- Ambari: Hadoop component and services web interface management
- Cassandra : Distributed Data Base system
- Flume : Data Stream management layer
- HBase : NoSql distributed Data Base
- HCatalog : data storage management
- Hive : data storage with a SQL API
- Oozie : task framework
- Pig: HDFS data processing framework
- Solr : data indexing framework
- Sqoop : SQL DB and Hadoop data transfer framework
- Zookeeper: distributed data processing management



Introduction Architecture HDFS Yarn MapReduce

Hadoop Framework

Hadoop distributions

Hadoop Distributions:



- Hortonworks
- Cloudera
- MAPR







Outline



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Spark

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 - Spark GraphX
- 4

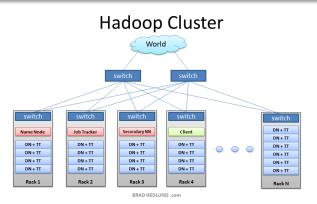
ask



Introduction Architecture HDFS Yarn MapReduce

Hadoop Framework

Hadoop Cluster



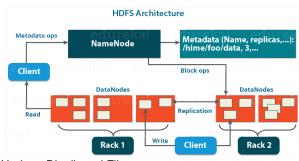
Purpose: Scalability, Fault tolerance and Reliality management



Hadoop Cluster

Concepts

- NameNode
- DataNode
- Replication
- Block, Blocksize



HDFS: Hadoop Distributed Filesystem

HDFS commands

HDFS commands:

```
Starting HDFS
```

```
1  # Format nodes
2 > hadoop namenode -format
3
4  # Starting HDFS services
5 > start-dfs.sh
```

Shutting down HDFS

```
1 # Stopping HDFS services
2 > stop-dfs.sh
```

HDFS commands

HDFS commands:

Inserting Data into HDFS

```
1 # Step 1 : Create input directory
2 > $HADOOP_HOME/bin/hadoop fs -mkdir /usr/input
3
4 # Step 2 : copy data from local filesystem to hdfs
    filesystem
5 > $HADOOP_HOME/bin/hadoop fs -put /home/file.txt /
    user/input
6
7 # Step 3 : check results with ls cmd
8 > $HADOOP_HOME/bin/hadoop fs -ls /usr/input
```

HDFS commands

HDFS commands:

Retreiving Data from HDFS

```
1 # Step 1 : view data
2 > $HADOOP_HOME/bin/hadoop fs -cat /user/outputfile
3
4 # Step 2 : get data from hdfs filesystem to local
    filesystem
5 > $HADOOP_HOME/bin/hadoop fs -get /user/output/ /
    home/hadoop_out
6
7 # Step 3 : check results with ls cmd
8 > $HADOOP_HOME/bin/hadoop fs -mkdir /usr/input
```

HDFS commands list

Commande name	Description
fs -help <cmd-name></cmd-name>	return cmd usage
fs -ls <path></path>	list <path> directory contents</path>
fs -lsr <path></path>	Is ,recursively with sub dirs
fs -du <path></path>	show disk usage in bytes
fs -dus <path></path>	show disk usage in bytes and summary
fs -test [ezd] <path></path>	return 1 if path exists;
	has 0 length; or is a directory,
	otherwize 0
fs -cat <filename></filename>	
fs -tail [-f] <filename></filename>	

HDFS commands list

Commande name	Description
fs -mv <src><dest></dest></src>	move file or directory within HDFS
fs -cp <src> <dest></dest></src>	copy file or directory within HDFS
fs -rm <path></path>	remove file or directory within HDFS
fs -rmr <path></path>	rm recursively
fs -put <localsrc> <dest></dest></localsrc>	copy files or dirs from local FS to HDFS

HDFS commands list

Commande name	Description
fs -copyFromLocal <localsrc> <dest></dest></localsrc>	identical to put
fs -moveFromLocal <localsrc> <dest></dest></localsrc>	move file or dirs
	from local FS to HDFS
fs -get [-crc] <src> <localdest></localdest></src>	copy file or dirs
	from HDFS to local FS
fs -getmerge [-crc] <src> <localdest></localdest></src>	copy all files from HDFS
	and merge
	to a single file in FS
fs -copyToLocal <localsrc> <dest></dest></localsrc>	copy file or dirs
	from HDFS to local FS
fs -moveToLocal <localsrc> <dest></dest></localsrc>	move file or dirs
	from HDFS to local FS
fs -mkdir <path></path>	create directory in HDFS



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Spark

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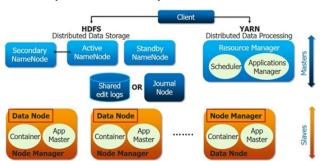


ask



YARN

Apache Hadoop 2.0 and YARN



YARN

Starting YARN

- # Starting YARN services
- 2 > start-yarn.sh

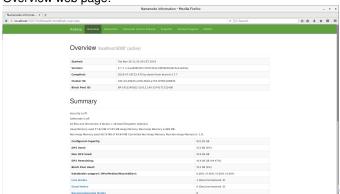
Shutting down YARN

- 1 # Stopping YARN services
- 2 > stop-yarn.sh

Hadoop Web tools

Hadoop Web Tools

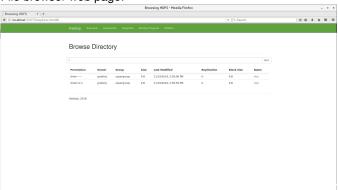
Web tools on: http://<hostname>:<port> <hostname>:<port> (default localhost:50070) are defined in hdfs-site.xml Overview web page:



Hadoop Web tools

Hadoop Web Tools

File browser web page:



Introduction Architecture HDFS Yarn MapReduce

Outline



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Spark

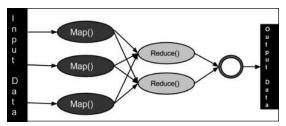
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)ask



MapReduce Framework



MapReduce Framework

MapReduce Framework

MapReduce Algorithm:

- Programming model;
- Two stages:
 - Map stage :
 - Mapper jobs;
 - data are processed in parallel by mapper jobs;
 - Reduce Stage :
 - Reducer jobs;
 - mapper output data are processed Reducer jobs;
 - Reducer jobs produce new set of output stored in HDFS.

MapReduce Framework

Input and Output:

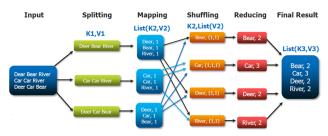
- Input : <key,value> pairs
 - key and values classes must implement Writable Interface;
 - key class have to implemente WritableComparable Interface;
- $\bullet \ \, \text{Job}: (\text{Input}) \rightarrow \text{map} \rightarrow \text{<k2,v2>} \rightarrow \text{reduce} \rightarrow \text{<k3,v3>}(\text{Output})$

	Input	Output
Мар	<k1,v1></k1,v1>	list(<k2,v2>)</k2,v2>
Reduce	<k2,v2></k2,v2>	list(<k3,v3>)</k3,v3>



MapReduce Framework

The Overall MapReduce Word Count Process



Java exemple

4 5

6 7

8 9

10

11

12

13 14 15

16

17 18

WordCount Java class

```
import org.apache.hadoop.*;
public class WordCount
  public static class TokenizerMapper extends Mapper<Object, Text, Text, IntWritable> {
    public void map(Object key, Text value, Context context)
                    throws IOException, InterruptedException {
        . . . ;
  public static class IntSumReducer extends Reducer<Text.IntWritable.Text.IntWritable> {
    public void reduce(Text key, Iterable<IntWritable> values,Context context)
                      throws IOException, InterruptedException {
         ...;
  public static void main(String[] args) throws Exception {
  . . . ;
```

Java exemple

2

4

10

11

Word Count Mapper Java class

Java exemple

2

6 7

8

10

11

12 13

14

15 16 17

WordCount Reducer Java class

```
public class WordCount
   public static class IntSumReducer extends Reducer<Text, IntWritable, Text, IntWritable>
        private IntWritable result = new IntWritable():
        void reduce(Text key, Iterable<IntWritable> values,Context context)
                   throws IOException, InterruptedException
           int sum = 0:
           for (IntWritable val : values) {
              sum += val.get();
           result.set(sum);
           context.write(key, result);
```

Java exemple

2

4 5

6 7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16 17

Main test function

```
public class WordCount
  public static void main(String[] args) throws Exception
    Configuration conf = new Configuration():
    Job job = Job.getInstance(conf, "word count");
    job.setJarByClass(WordCount.class);
    job.setMapperClass(TokenizerMapper.class);
    job.setCombinerClass(IntSumReducer.class);
    job.setReducerClass(IntSumReducer.class);
    job.setOutputKeyClass(Text.class);
    job.setOutputValueClass(IntWritable.class);
    FileInputFormat.addInputPath(job, new Path(args[0]));
    FileOutputFormat.setOutputPath(job, new Path(args[1]));
    System.exit(job.waitForCompletion(true) ? 0 : 1);
```

Java exemple

5 6 7

8

10

Suppose we have two test files file01 and file02 in current directory

Prepare Test Data

```
// Two test file file01 file02 in current directory
$ ls
    file01
    file02
$ hdfs dfs -put file01 /user/gratienj/input
$ hdfs dfs -cat /user/gratienj/input/file01
    Hello World Bye World
$ hdfs dfs -put file02 /user/gratienj/input
$ hdfs dfs -cat /user/gratienj/input/file02
    Hello Hadoop Goodbye Hadoop
```

Java exemple

Suppose the Java Project is compiled and generates the jar file BigDataTP1.jar

Run application

```
$ hadoop jar BigDataTP1.jar hadoop.WordCount /user/gratienj/input /user/gratienj/output
```

Check results

```
1 $ hdfs dfs -cat /user/gratienj/output/part-r-00000
2 Bye 1
3 Goodbye 1
4 Hadoop 2
5 Hello 2
6 World 2
```

Python example

Python example with Hadoop Streaming

Mapper python script

8

```
import sys
for line in sys.stdin:
    line = line.strip()
    words = line.split()
    for word in words:
        print ('%s\t%s' % (word, 1))
```

Python example

Reducer python script Part 1

```
from operator import itemgetter
import sys
current_word = None
current_count = 0
word = None
```

Python example

3

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

Reducer python script Part 2

```
for line in sys.stdin: # input comes from STDIN
    line = line.strip()
    word, count = line.split('\t', 1)
    try:
        count = int (count)
    except ValueError:
        continue
    if current_word == word:
        current count += count
    else.
        if current word:
            print ('%s\t%s' % (current word, current count)) # write result to STDOUT
        current count = count
        current word = word
if current word == word: # do not forget to output the last word if needed!
    print('%s\t%s' % (current_word, current_count))
```

Python example

Python example with Hadoop Streaming: Part 1

Copy test files on HDFS

\$ hdfs dfs -copyFromLocal /home/gratienj/test/books /user/gratienj/input/books

Run application

```
$ hadoop jar $HADOOP_HOME/share/hadoop/tools/lib/hadoop-streaming-2.7.7.jar \
-file /home/hduser/mapper.py -mapper /home/hduser/mapper.py \
-file /home/hduser/reducer.py -reducer /home/hduser/reducer.py \
-input /user/gratienj/input/books/* -output /user/gratienj/books-output
```

Introduction Architecture HDFS Yarn MapReduce

Hadoop Framework

Python example

Python example with Hadoop Streaming: Part 2

Check results

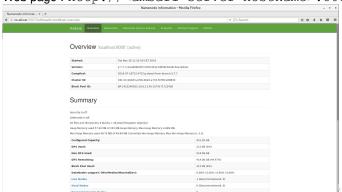
- \$ hdfs dfs -ls /user/gratienj/books-ouput
- 2 Found 1 items
 - /user/gratienj/books-output/part-00000
 - \$ hdfs dfs -cat /user/gratienj/books-output/part-00000

Hadoop Web tools

Ambari Server Tools

Ambari Server : tools to manage and monitor applications for Apache Hadoop

Web page: http://<ambari-server-hostname>:8080



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Introduction to Spark

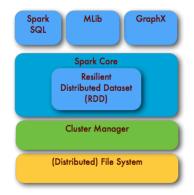
- Spark : Big Data framework for data processing
- History
 - 2009 : AMPLab, UC Berkeley University
 - 2010 : Open source as an Apache project
- Complete and Unified framework
 - Hadoop (MapReduce)
 - Storm (Streaming)
 - Languages : Java, Scala, Python
 - SQL

Outline

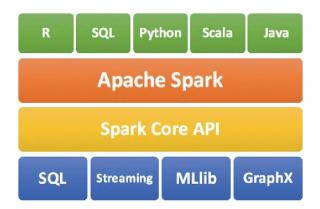
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Apache Spark Architecture



Apache Spark Ecosystem



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- Dasl



Spark Core: Spark configuration

Spark Cluster Configurations:

- Local mode
- Cluster mode
- Client mode

Spark parallel concepts:

- multiple executors (private JVM)
- multiple cores per executor

Spark Core: Spark configuration

Configuring a SparkContext

```
import pyspark
from pyspark import SparkConf
sc_conf = SparkConf()
sc_conf.setAppName(app_name)
sc_conf.setMaster('local[*]')
sc_conf.set('spark.executor.memory', '4g')
sc_conf.set('spark.executor.cores', nb_cores)
sc_conf.set('spark.driver.memory', '16G')
sc_conf.set('spark.cores.max', '32')
sc_conf.set('spark.driver.maxResultSize', '10G')
sc_conf.set('spark.logConf', True)
```

ntroduction Architecture and Ecosystem

Spark Modules: Core, SQL, Mlib, Streaming and GraphX

Spark Framework

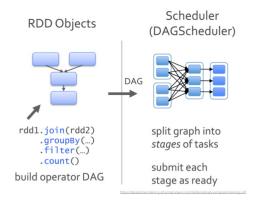
Spark Core: Spark context

Create a SparkContext

```
1 import pyspark
```

- 2 from pyspark import SparkContext
- 3 sc =SparkContext()

Spark Core: Data concepts



Spark Core: Data concepts

Spark Data concepts :

- RDD : Resilient Distributed Data, list of <key,value>
- Transformations: apply lambda to creating new RDDs
- DAG : pipeline of transformation
- Actions : operations on the RDD producing results
- Scheduler : perform actions on DAG
- Stage: parallel operations
- Pipeline : sequence of stages

Spark Core: RDD

```
Create a Spark RDD
```

```
import pyspark
from pyspark import SparkContext
sc = SparkContext()

nums= sc.parallelize([1,2,3,4])
nums.take(1)
```

Output

```
1 [1]
```

Spark Core: RDD Transformationq and Actions

```
Spark RDD transformations and Actions
```

```
sc =SparkContext()
nums= sc.parallelize([1,2,3,4])
squared = nums.map(lambda x: x*x).collect()
for num in squared:
    print('%i_' % (num))
```

Output

```
1 1
2 4
3 9
4 16
```

Spark Core: RDD Transformations and Actions

Transformation:

- apply lambda function to RDD
- create a new RDD
- lazy evaluation
- create a DAG

Spark Core: RDD Transformations and Actions

	Commande name	Description
	map()	apply to each RDD line
	flatMap()	apply to all RDD elements
	mapPartition	apply per partition
	filter()	apply to a selection of lines
Examples:	groupBy()	create new set of (key,value)
	groupByKey()	
	reduceByKey()	
	sample()	selection of lines
	union()	fusion of two RDDs
	join()	union without duplicate keys

Spark Core: RDD Transformations and Actions

Actions:

- get results on a pipeline of transformations
- perform all the transformation
- real evaluation

Examples:

Examples:			
Commande name	Description		
getNumPartition()			
reduce()	apply lambda		
	to all elements		
collect()	create a collection		
count()	count elements		
max(), min()	stats		
sum()			

Spark SQL: DataFrame

Unified Data Abstraction



Image credit: http://barrymieny.deviantart.com/





Spark Core: RDD

Create a Spark SQL context

```
1 from pyspark.sql import Row
2 from pyspark.sql import SQLContext
3 sqlContext = SQLContext(sc)
```

Create a DataFrame

```
1 list_p=[('John',19),('Smith',29),('Adam',35)]
2 rdd = sc.parallelize(list_p)
3 ppl_rdd=rdd.map(lambda x: Row(name=x[0], age=int(x [1])))
4 ppl df rdd = sglContext.createDataFrame(ppl rdd)
```

Spark SQL: DataFrame

Print DataFrame Schema

```
1 DF_ppl.printSchema()
2 root
3 |-- age: long (nullable = true)
4 |-- name: string (nullable = true)
```

Spark SQL: DataFrame

Print DataFrame Schema

```
df = sglContext.read.csy(SparkFiles.get("adult data.csy"), header=True, inferSchema= True)
     df string.printSchema()
      root
 4
       |-- age: string (nullable = true)
 5
       |-- workclass: string (nullable = true)
6
       |-- fnlwgt: string (nullable = true)
7
       |-- education: string (nullable = true)
8
       |-- education num: string (nullable = true)
9
       |-- marital: string (nullable = true)
10
       |-- occupation: string (nullable = true)
11
       |-- relationship: string (nullable = true)
12
       |-- race: string (nullable = true)
13
       |-- sex: string (nullable = true)
14
       |-- capital gain: string (nullable = true)
15
       |-- capital_loss: string (nullable = true)
16
       |-- hours week: string (nullable = true)
17
       |-- native_country: string (nullable = true)
18
       |-- label: string (nullable = true)
```

Spark SQL: DataFrame

```
Select columns

df.select('age','fnlwgt')

.show(5)

10
```

```
Select columns

+--+----+
|age|fnlwgt|
+--+----+
| 39| 77516|
| 50| 83311|
| 38|215646|
| 53|234721|
| 28|338409|
+--+----+
only showing top 5 rows
```

2

Spark Framework

Spark SQL: DataFrame

Select columns df.groupBy("education"). count().sort("count", 10 ascending=True).show() 11 15 16

```
Select columns
```

```
education|count|
   Preschool
                 511
     1st-4th| 168|
     5th-6th| 333|
    Doctorate | 413|
         12th| 433|
          9th|
                5141
 Prof-school |
                5761
     7th-8th|
                6461
         10th| 933|
  Assoc-acdm| 1067|
         11th| 1175|
   Assoc-voc| 1382|
     Masters| 1723|
    Bachelors| 5355|
|Some-college| 7291|
     HS-grad|10501|
```

18

19

Spark SQL: DataFrame

Describe data: describe() functions give a summary of statistics :

- count,
- mean,min,max
- standarddeviation

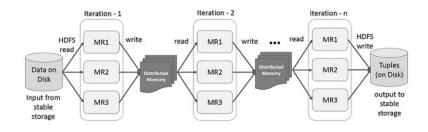
```
Describe

df.describe('capital_gain
    ').show()
```

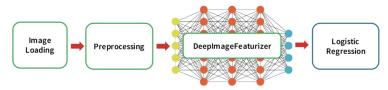
```
Describe

+----+
|summary| capital_gain|
+-----+
| count| 32561|
| mean|1077.6488437087312|
| stddev| 7385.292084840354|
| min| 0|
| max| 99999|
+-----+
```

Spark Mlib



Spark Mlib



MLlib Pipeline

Spark Mlib

Mlib provides tools for Machine learning

- set of classifier and regression algorithms
- create models from Spark Dataframe
- set of tools to evaluate the predicting models
- concept of pipeline to process Data

Spark Mlib Pipeline

Spark Pipeline : a sequence of stages (Transformer, Estimator)

- String Indexer : convert Categorical Data to numerics
- Standard Scaler on Continuous Values
- VectorAssembler: features must be a dense vector

Spark Mlib: Data processing

StringIndexer

Spark Mlib: Data processing

OneHotEncoder

```
1 from pyspark.ml.feature import OneHotEncoder
2 encoder = OneHotEncoder(dropLast=False, inputCo
```

- encoder = OneHotEncoder(dropLast=False, inputCol="
 encoded_key", outputCol="vec_key")
- 3 vec_df_rdd = encoder.transform(encoded_df_rdd)

VectorAssembler

```
1 from pyspark.ml.feature import VectorAssembler
```

- 3 ass_df_rdd = assembler.transform(df_rdd)

Spark Mlib: Data processing

Pipeline

Spark ML: ML pipeline Part 1

```
create DataFrame
```

features"])

```
rdd.map(lambda x: (x["newlabel"], DenseVector(x["
    features"])))
sqlContext.createDataFrame(input_data, ["label", "
```

Split data

```
randomSplit([.8,.2], seed=1234)
```

Spark ML: ML pipeline Part 2

Train model

2 lr.fit()

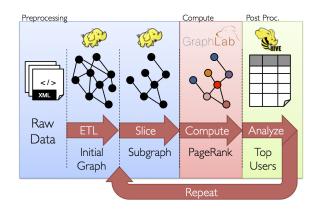
Make prediction

1 lr.transform()

Spark Streaming



Spark GraphX



Outline





Introduction

- Architecture
- HDFS
- Yarn
- MapReduce



- Architecture and Ecosystem
- Spark Modules: Core, SQL, Mlib, Streaming and GraphX
 - Spark Core
 - Spark SQL
 - Spark Mlib
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 - Spark GraphX







Introduction to Dask

- Dask: Open source python framework for data processing
- developped with community projects like: Numpy, Pandas, and Scikit-Learn
- supported by: Anaconda, CapitalOne, NSF, Nvidia,...
- High-level collections: Dask provides high-level Array, Bag, and DataFrame collections that mimic NumPy, lists, and Pandas but can operate in parallel on datasets that donât fit into main memory. Daskâs high-level collections are alternatives to NumPy and Pandas for large datasets.
- Low-Level schedulers: Dask provides dynamic task schedulers that
 execute task graphs in parallel. Used as an alternative to direct use of
 threading or multiprocessing libraries in complex cases or other task
 scheduling systems like Luigi or IPython parallel.

Outline



introduction



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Spark

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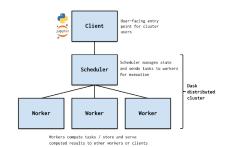




Dask Architecture

Dask architecture:

- Dask Cluster
- Dask Scheduler
- Dask collections



Dask Cluster

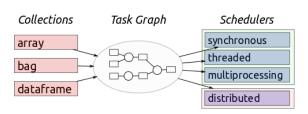
Various Dask cluster types:

- Hadoop/Spark clusters running YARN
- HPC clusters running job managers like SLURM, SGE, PBS, LSF, or others common in academic and scientific labs
- Kubernetes clusters

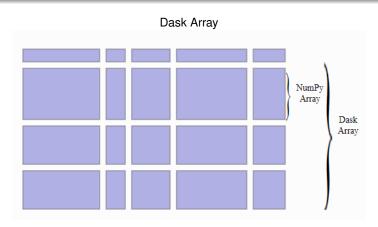
Dask Scheduler

Dask Scheduler:

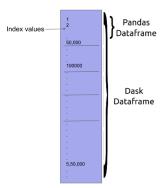
- Single machine scheduler
 Optimized for
 larger-than-memory use.
 Simple, easy and cheap
 to use, but does not scale
 as it only runs on a single
 machine.
- Distributed scheduler :
 More sophisticated, fully asynchronous



Dask collections



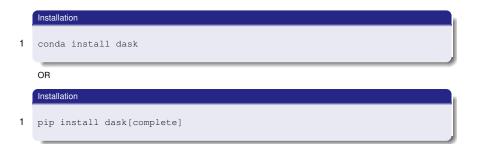
Dask DataFrame



Dask DataFrame



Dask installation



Dask starting cluster

Installation

```
1 from dask.distributed import LocalCluster, Client
2 cluster = LocalCluster()
3 client = Client(cluster)
```

Dashboard usually on http://localhost:8787/status

Dashboard

```
#To see where the port of the dashboard is, use this command
print(client.scheduler_info()['services'])
# {'dashboard': 8787} --> means you can access it at localhost:8787
```

Dask Collections

```
Dask Bag
```

```
1 import dask.bag as db
2 b = db.from_sequence([1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10], npartitions=2)
```

Dask Array

```
1 import dask.array as da
2 x = da.random.random((10000, 10000), chunks=(1000, 1000))
```

Dask DataFrame

```
from dask import datasets
import dask.dataframe as dd
df = datasets.timeseries()
```

Dask Distributed

5

3

4

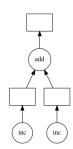
```
pask Delayed function

from dask import delayed
@delayed
def inc(x):
    return x + 1
@delayed
def add(x, y):
    return x + y
```

```
Dask Lazy evaluation

x = inc(15)
y = inc(30)
total = add(x, y)

# execute all tasks
total.compute()
```



Dask Lazy evaluation

2

Dask Distributed

```
from dask.distributed import Client
c = Client(n_workers=4)

x = c.submit(inc, 1)
y = c.submit(dec, 2)
total = c.submit(add, x, y)
```

Dask Distributed

Dask evaluation

```
# execute all tasks
2
3
4
    total.compute()
    from dask.distributed import progress
5
6
7
    # to show progress bar
    progress(f)
.
8
9
    #to get results
    c.gather(total)
10
11
    # to get in memory or on disk
12
    total.persist()
13
14
    # release values by deleting the futures
15
    del f, fut, x, y, total
```

Dask Distributed

```
Dask evaluation
total.compute()
Dask progess
from dask.distributed import progress
progress(f)
Dask get results
c.gather(f)
```

Dask Distributed

```
from dask.distributed import as_completed
def func(x):
    ...
    return y
futures = [c.submit(func, x) for x in range(n)]
iterator = as_completed(futures)
for res in iterator:
    print("RES_Y_:",res.result())
```

TPs

- TP 0 : Hadoop Installation
- TP 1 : WorldCount
- TP 2 : DataBase request
- TP 3 : Spark Installation
- TP 4 : Spark Compute PI
- TP 5 : Spark Image Processing
- TP 6 : Spark ML
- TP 7 : Dask

TP0: Hadoop Installation

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TP0: Hadoop Installation TP1: Hadoop World count TP2: Hadoop DataBase request TP3: Start with Spark TP4: Spark ML, Data processing TP5: Spark ML, Machine learning TP6: Spark ML, Image processin TP7: Dask Introduction

TPs

TP0: Installation Hadoop

Hadoop Installation: hadoop-2.7.7.tar.gz

Installation

- 1 > cd /home/hduser
- 2 > mkdir local ; cd local
- 3 > wget https://www.apache.org/dist/hadoop/core/ hadoop-2.7.7/hadoop-2.7.7.tar.gz
- 4 > tar xvfz hadoop-2.7.7.tar.gz
- 5 > mv hadoop-2.7.7 hadoop
- 6 > chown -R hduser:hadoop hadoop

TP0: Hadoop Installation TP1: Hadoop World count TP2: Hadoop DataBase request TP3: Start with Spark TP4: Spark ML, Data processing TP5: Spark ML, Machine learnin TP6: Spark ML, Image processin

TPs

TP0: Installation Hadoop

Env parameter settings

```
# Set JAVA_HOME (we will also configure JAVA_HOME directly for Hadoop later on)
export JAVA_HOME=/usr/local/Java/1.8.0-xxx

# Set Hadoop-related environment variables
export HADOOP_HOME=/home/hduser/local/hadoop

export HADOOP_CONF_DIR=${HADOOP_HOME}/etc/hadoop
export HADOOP_COMMON_HOME=$HADOOP_HOME
export HADOOP_COMMON_HOME=$HADOOP_HOME
export HADOOP_HOFS_HOME=$HADOOP_HOME
export YARN_HOME=$HADOOP_HOME
export YARN_HOME=$HADOOP_HOME
export PATH=${HADOOP_HOME}/bin:${HADOOP_HOME}/sbin:$PATH
```

TP0: Hadoop Installation TP1: Hadoop World count TP2: Hadoop DataBase request TP3: Start with Spark TP4: Spark ML, Data processing TP5: Spark ML, Machine learning TP6: Spark ML, Mage processing

TPs

TP0: Installation Hadoop

Configuration files settings

```
1 # CREATE HADOOP TMP DIR
2 > mkdir -p /home/hduser/app/hadoop/tmp
3 > chown hduser:hadoop /home/hduser/app/hadoop/tmp
4 > chmod 750 /home/hduser/app/hadoop/tmp
5
6 # CREATE HDFS WORKINGDIR TO MNG HDFS File System
7 > mkdir -p /home/hduser/var/local/hadoop/hdfs/data
8 > chmod -R 777 /home/hduser/var/local/hadoop/hdfs
```

TPs

TP0: Installation Hadoop

Configuration files in /home/hduser/local/hadoop/etc/hadoop

hadoop-env.sh modification

```
JAVA_HOME="true_java_JOME_path"
export JAVA_HOME=${JAVA_HOME}
```

core-site.xml settings

TPs

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TP0: Installation Hadoop

Configuration files in /home/hduser/local/hadoop/etc/hadoop

```
TP0: Hadoop Installation
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```

TPs

2

TP0: Installation Hadoop

Configuration files in /home/hduser/local/hadoop/etc/hadoop Copy mapred-site.xml.template mapred-site.xml

TPs

2

5

10

11

TP0: Installation Hadoop

Configuration files in /home/hduser/local/hadoop/etc/hadoop

TP0: Hadoop Installation

TPs

TP0: Installation Hadoop

Lauch all services

- \$HADOOP_HOME/sbin/start-hdfs.sh
- \$HADOOP HOME/sbin/start-yarn.sh

Check lauched services

- > jps
- 2
- 26867 DataNode 3
- 28228 Jps
- 27285 ResourceManager
- 26695 NameNode
- 27082 SecondaryNameNode

- TP1: Hadoop World count

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TPs

TP1: MapReduce with Hadoop

Project MapReduce:

/home/hduser/BigDataHadoopSpark/TPs/TP1/MapReduce

Two projects, A java Project and a python project

```
MapReduce |
2
              |--pom.xml
              |--bin|
3
              |--python|--mapper.py
4
                        |--reduce.py
5
6
              |--src|--hadoop|--WordCount.Java
              |--target|
              I--test | wordcount | --file01
8
                                  I--file02
9
                      |books|--b0
10
                             I--b1
11
```

TP0: Hadoop Installation
TP1: Hadoop World count
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TP5: Spark ML, Machine learning
TP6: Spark ML, Image processing

TPs

TP1: MapReduce with Hadoop

Java project:

- create directory in hdfs /user/hduser/input
- copy the files of MapReduce/test/wordcount in /user/hduser/input
- generate Java project BigDataTP1
- 10 cd BigDataHadoopSpark/TPs/TP1/MapReduce
- **2** mvn package
- apply Java WordCount application
- check results



TP0: Hadoop Installation
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TPs

TP1: MapReduce with Hadoop

Python project

- create directory in hdfs /user/hduser/input/book
- copy the files of MapReduce/test/book in /user/hduser/input
- apply Python WordCount application
- check results



TP2: Hadoop DataBase request





- Architecture
- HDFS
- Yarn
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 - Spark GraphX





TP3: Start with Spark





- Introduction
- Architecture
- HDFS
- Yarn
- MapReduce



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 - Spark Mlib
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TP0: Hadoop Installation TP1: Hadoop DataBase request TP2: Hadoop DataBase request TP3: Start with Spark TP4: Spark ML, Data processin TP5: Spark ML, Machine learnin TP6: Spark ML, Image processin TP7: Dask Introduction

TPs

TP3: Installation Spark

Spark Installation: spark-2.4.0-bin-hadoop-2.7.tgz

Installation

```
1 > cd /home/hduser
2 > mkdir local; cd local
3 > wget https://www.apache.org/dyn/closer.lua/spark/spark-2.4.4/spark-2.4.4-bin-hadoop2.7.tgz
4 > tar xvfz spark-2.4.0-bin-hadoop-2.7.7.tar.gz
5 > mv spark-2.4.0-bin-hadoop-2.7.7 spark
6 > export HADOOP_CONF_DIR=SHADOOP_HOME/etc/hadoop
7 > export SPARK_HOME-/home/hduser/local/spark
8 > export PATH=$SPARK_HOME/bin:$PATH
9 > export LD_LIBRARY_PATH=SHADOOP_HOME/lib/native:$LD_LIBRARY_PATH
```

TP0: Hadoop Nortallation TP1: Hadoop World count TP2: Hadoop DataBase request TP3: Start with Spark TP4: Spark ML, Data processing TP5: Spark ML, Machine learnin TP6: Spark ML, Image processin TP7: Dask Introduction

TPs

TP3: Installation PySpark

Installation

```
1 > cd /home/hduser
2 > export SPARK_HOME=/home/hduser/local/spark
3 > export PATH=$SPARK_HOME/bin:$PATH
4 > export LD_LIBRARY_PATH=$RADOOP_HOME/lib/native:$LD_LIBRARY_PATH
5 > export PYSPARK_PYTHON="path_to_python"
6 > pip install pyspark
7 > pip install findspark
8 > sbin/start-master.sh
9 > sbin/start-slave.sh spark://localhost:7077
```

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TPs

3

8

9 10 11

12

13

14 15

16

17

18 19

TP3: Installation PySpark

test Spark shell

```
> spark-shell
Setting default log level to "WARN".
To adjust logging level use sc.setLogLevel(newLevel). For SparkR, use setLogLevel(newLevel).
Spark context Web UI available at http://localhost:4040
Spark context available as 'sc' (master = local[\star], app id = local-1578948405576).
Spark session available as 'spark'.
Welcome to
   \\/\\/\'\/\'/
____/____/\___/\__/\_\_\_version_3.0.0-preview2
___/_/
Using Scala version 2.12.10 (Java HotSpot (TM) 64-Bit Server VM, Java 1.8.0 92)
Type in expressions to have them evaluated.
Type :help for more information.
scala>
```

TPs

2

4

5

8

9

10

11 12 13

14

15

16 17

TP3: Installation PySpark

test Spark shell

```
> pyspark
Python 2.7.5 (default, Apr 11 2018, 07:36:10)
[GCC 4.8.5 20150623 (Red Hat 4.8.5-28)] on linux2
Type "help", "copyright", "credits" or "license" for more information.
Setting default log level to "WARN".
To adjust logging level use sc.setLogLevel(newLevel). For SparkR, use setLogLevel(newLevel).
/work/irlin355 1/gratieni/BigData/local/spark/spark-3.0.0-preview2-bin-hadoop2.7/pvthon/pvspark/
      context.py:219: DeprecationWarning: Support for Python 2 and Python 3 prior to version 3.6 is
      deprecated as of Spark 3.0. See also the plan for dropping Python 2 support at https://spark.
      apache.org/news/plan-for-dropping-python-2-support.html.
 DeprecationWarning)
Welcome to
   \\/\\/\'\/\'\/\/
____/___/\___/\___version_3.0.0-preview2
___/_/
Using Python version 2.7.5 (default, Apr 11 2018 07:36:10)
```

TP3: Start with Spark

TPs

TP3: Test0 Test1 Test2

Test0:

- create spark context
- create liste of integer
- partition list with spark
- print num of partions

Test1:

- compute square of integer list
- print square list

Test2:

compute PI



- TP4: Spark ML. Data processing





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TP0: Hadoop Installation TP1: Hadoop World count TP2: Hadoop DataBase request TP3: Start with Spark TP4: Spark ML, Data processing TP5: Spark ML, Machine learning TP6: Spark ML, Image processing TP7: Deak Introduction

TPs

TP4: Spark ML, Data processing

Test0:

- load TPs/data/iris.csv file in Panda DataFrame
- create Spark DataFrame
- show 5 first lines
- select two columns
- print some statistics on Spark Data frame

- u : Hadoop installation 1 : Hadoop World count
- TP2 : Hadoop DataBase request
 - P3 : Start with Spark
 - P4 : Spark ML, Data processing
- TP5 : Spark ML, Machine learning TP6 : Spark ML, Image processing
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Introduction



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Spark

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ask



TP0: Hadoop Installation TP1: Hadoop World count TP2: Hadoop DataBase request TP3: Start with Spark TP4: Spark ML, Data processing TP5: Spark ML, Machine learning TP6: Spark ML, Image processing TP7: Dask Introduction

TPs

TP5: Spark ML, Data processing

Spark ML:

- load TPs/data/iris.csv file in Panda DataFrame
- create Spark DataFrame
- create Pipeline to prepare date for machine learning
- compute a predicting model
- evaluate the predicting model

- TP6: Spark ML. Image processing





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TPs

Project: Spark ML, Image processing

project:

- load Lena.jpg file
- develop a parallel median Filter in python with Spark

TP7: Dask Introduction



- Introduction
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Project : Dask

project:

- Create Dask Clients
- Dask tutorial
- Dask DataFramework
- Dask ML