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🔍

1161. Maximum Level Sum of a Binary Tree

Solved ✓

Medium

🔖 Topics

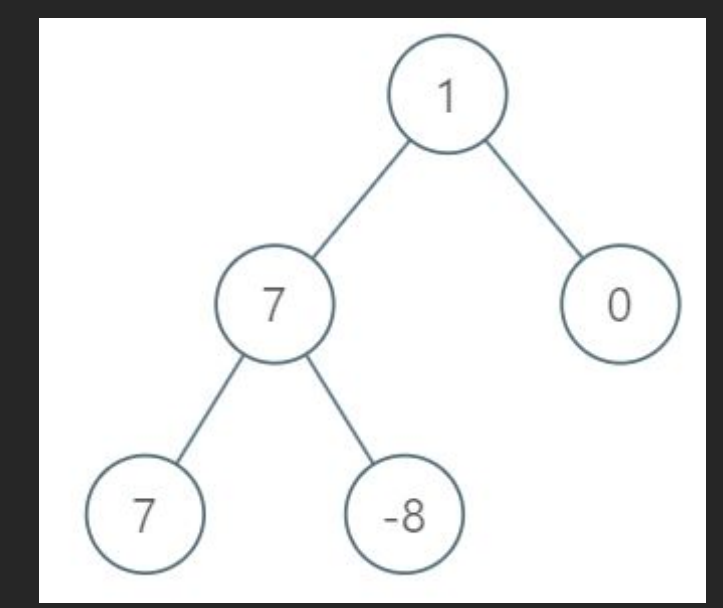
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💡 Hint

Given the `root` of a binary tree, the level of its root is `1`, the level of its children is `2`, and so on.

Return the **smallest** level `x` such that the sum of all the values of nodes at level `x` is **maximal**.

Example 1:



```
graph TD; 1((1)) --- 7L((7)); 1 --- 0((0)); 7L --- 7LL((7)); 7L --- -8((−8))
```

Input: `root = [1,7,0,7,-8,null,null]`
Output: `2`
Explanation:
Level 1 sum = 1.
Level 2 sum = 7 + 0 = 7.
Level 3 sum = 7 + -8 = -1.
So we return the level with the maximum sum which is level 2.

Example 2:

Code

Python3 🔒 Auto

☰ 📖 {} ↺ ↻


```
13
14     while queue:
15         level_sum = 0
16         for _ in range(len(queue)):
17             node = queue.pop(0)
18             if node:
19                 level_sum += node.val
20                 if node.left:
21                     queue.append(node.left)
22                 if node.right:
23                     queue.append(node.right)
24
25
26         if level_sum > max_sum:
27             max_sum = level_sum
28             max_level = current_level
29         current_level += 1
```

Ln 34, Col 9 | Saved

 Run

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☑ Testcase | >_ Test Result

Accepted Runtime: 0 ms 

• Case 1

• Case 2

Input

root =
[1,7,0,7,-8,null,null]

Output