

LIST OF SYMBOLS AND ABBREVIATIONS

θ	= soil water content
λ	= dispersivity
A_{adj}	= adjunct impervious area
A_{dam}	= dam area
A_{dis}	= disjunct impervious area
A_{gls}	= gross net land segment area
A_{irrig}	= irrigated land area
A_s	= the surface area at various storage volumes of the reservoir
BF	= volume of baseflow release for the day
BTC	= break-through curves
C	= solute concentration
C_{bf}	= baseflow salt concentration
C_{chnl}	= TDS concentration of flow at the channel reach
CDE	= convection-dispersion equation
C_{dsf}	= salt concentration of delayed stormflow
C_e	= solute equilibrium
C_{gw}	= salt concentration of the groundwater store before salt generation
C_i	= salt concentration of the i-th horizon before salt generation or reservoir salinity at the end of the current day of simulation
C_{i-1}	= reservoir salinity at the end of the previous day
C_{in}	= TDS concentration in water infiltrating to a particular layer
C_{in_i}	= average salt concentration of reservoir inflowing water on the current day of simulation
C_{iw}	= irrigation water salinity
C_{nf}	= salt concentration of normal (legal) flow release
C_{of}	= salt concentration of overflow
C_{qf}	= quickflow salinity
C_r	= rainfall salinity
C_{run}	= salt concentration of runoff water
C_{run_adj}	= salt concentration of runoff from adjunct impervious areas
C_{run_imp}	= salt concentration of runoff water from impervious areas

C_{run_irr}	= salt concentration of runoff water from irrigated areas
C_{run_ni}	= Salt concentration of runoff from non-irrigated lands
C_{sat}	= the equilibrium value
C_{seep}	= salt concentration of seepage water
C_{sf}	= stormflow salinity
CSIR	= council for scientific research
C_{upd_gw}	= updated groundwater salinity (after salt generation)
C_{upd_i}	= updated horizon salinity (after salt generation)
D_*	= coefficient of molecular or ionic diffusion for the liquid phase of the soil
D_{dis}	= coefficient of mechanical dispersion
D_o	= coefficient of molecular diffusion for a free or bulk solution
DUL	= drained upper limit
DWAF	= department of water affairs and forestry
EC	= electrical conductivity
ECe	= soil salinity
ECw	= electrical conductivity of applied irrigation water
ER	= volume of effective rainfall
Fc_i	= drained upper limit of the i-th layer
f_{dam}	= fraction of the gross catchment area contributing its flow to the dam
GW	= volumetric groundwater content after baseflow release
Ia	= initial abstractions before stormflow commences
I_{dam}	= total water inflow to the dam on the day including rain falling on surface of the dam
IW	= volume of irrigation water
IWR	= institute for water research
Jc	= convective flux of solute
J_{dif}	= solute flux due to molecular diffusion
J_{dis}	= dispersive solute flux
J_s	= total solute flux due to the joint effects of diffusion and convection
k	= salt uptake rate constant
L	= straight length of the soil
L_*	= actual path length for diffusion in the soil
LAI	= leaf area index

LF	= fraction of applied volume of water leached below the root zone
$LNLSA_i$	= lower net land segment area under the i-th sub-catchment configuration
MAP	= mean annual precipitation
NF_{dam}	= legal flow release volume
$NLSA$	= total area of the non-irrigated land in a sub-catchment
OF_{dam}	= dam overflow volume
Pg	= gross daily precipitation amount
PW_i	= volume of percolated water out of the i-th horizon
Q	= discharge
q	= rate of volumetric water flow
Q_a	= local concentration of solute in the adsorbed phase
QF	= quickflow volume
QF	= total quickflow volume
QF_a	= actual quickflow, i.e. fraction of the total stormflow leaving the land on the same day
Qin_i	= water inflow to the reservoir on the current day of simulation
$Qout_i$	= water outflow from the reservoir for the current day of simulation (excluding evaporation loss)
R	= volumetric ratio of “new” to “old” water
RFL_{dam}	= volume of rain falling on the dam surface
RUN	= the total runoff volume from non-irrigated land in a sub-catchment
RUN_{adj}	= runoff volume from the adjunct impervious areas
RUN_{adj_dam}	= runoff from adjunct impervious areas inflowing to the dam
RUN_{chnl}	= runoff volume inflowing to the channel
RUN_{dam}	= runoff volume entering to the dam
RUN_{dis}	= runoff volume from disjunct impervious area
RUN_{imp}	= depth of runoff from impervious area
RUN_{irr}	= runoff from irrigated areas
RUN_{ni}	= runoff flowing into the dam from non-irrigated lands
S	= solute loss (sink) or gain (source)
$SEEP_{dam}$	= volume of seepage water from the dam
SF_d	= fraction of delayed stormflow contributing to quickflow
$Sgen$	= total daily salt mass generated per soil layer
S_i	= volume of water stored in the reservoir at the current day of simulation

S_{i-1}	= volume of water stored in the reservoir at the end of the previous day
SL	= total salt load associated with runoff from the non-irrigated land
SL_{adj_chnl}	= salt load flowing into the channel from adjunct impervious areas
SL_{adj_dam}	= the salt load flowing into the dam from adjunct impervious areas
SL_{aiw}	= salt load input to topsoil associated with irrigation water
SL_{bf}	= salt load associated with baseflow release
SL_{chnl}	= salt load entering to the channel
SL_{dam}	= salt load inflowing to the dam
SL_{dam_of}	= total salt load released from the dam to downstream reaches
SL_{dis}	= salt load associated with runoff from disjunct impervious areas
SL_{er}	= salt load input to topsoil associated with rainfall
SL_{gen_gw}	= salt load generated for the day in groundwater store
SL_{gen_i}	= salt load generated for the day in the i-th soil horizon
SL_{gw}	= groundwater store salt load before salt generation
SL_i	= current salt load of the i-th horizon before salt generation
SL_{inf_t}	= daily total salt load stored in the channel reach
SL_{p_i}	= the salt load associated with the percolation water out of the i-th horizon
SL_{qf}	= salt load associated with the total quickflow volume for the day
SL_{run}	= the salt load associated with runoff water
SL_{upd_gw}	= salt load of groundwater store after salt generation
SL_{upd_i}	= salt load in the i-th horizon after salt generation
SL_{upf}	= upward salt flux from topsoil to quickflow
$SMCs$	= soil moisture content
SP_i	= saturation water content
$STFL$	= volume of streamflow at the channel reach
S_v	= storage (volume) of water
SW_i	= volumetric soil water content of the i-th horizon after percolation has taken place out of the horizon
TDS	= total dissolved solutes
UML	= unified modelling language
$UNLSA_i$	= upper net land segment area under the i-th sub-catchment configuration
V	= average flow velocity
x	= distance
$X(LF)$	= concentration factor