HR Analytics

Delving into the world of human resources, with a keen eye on data analysis to optimize talent management and organizational performance.

OUTLINE

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- → Summary of data analysis
- → Key visualizations and findings
- → Recommendations

Introduction

HR employee attrition is all about demystifying the in-depth causes why employees leave an organization.

HR attrition dashboard was divided into 4:

Demographics; summarize employee statistics such as age group, gender, marital status, etc.

Turnover Analysis I; summarize employee attrition by job roles, years in current roles, etc.

Turnover Analysis II; features attrition by monthly income, overtime, etc.

Employee Wellness; provides insight to performance rating, job satisfaction, work-life balance, etc.

Data Source

Dataset was gotten from meriskill Internship program.

Data contained 1471 rows and 35 columns of sales data from an organization pertsining human resource department for a period of 40 years.

This dataset is deemed credible.

Documentation of cleaning and manipulations

- Data was downloaded and stored using the appropriate file naming convention.
- Tools employed for analysis were PowerBI.
- I uploaded the dataset on PowerBI using the 'Get Data' option, and then proceeded to transform the data.

Data Cleaning:

- Deleting redundant columns.
- Renaming the columns.
- Dropping duplicates.
- Cleaning individual columns.
- Remove the NaN values from the dataset
- Then I proceeded to making visualizations while uncovering trends and gathering insights.

Summary of data analysis

Total employees- 1470

Active employees- 1233

Total attrition- 237

Average monthly income-\$6500

Average working years- 11.28

Average hourly rate- 65.89

Average hourly rate- 65.89Attrition in this case study is 16% with a notable higher attrition rate among male (150) than female (87). Single individuals had higher attrition rate (120) than married (84) and divorced (33) combined. The 31-45 age group has the highest attrition rate when compared to the other age groups.

Based on department, research and development (133) took the lead while sales (92) and Human resources (12) followed. Based on performance rating, low/poor performance rating topped the attrition chart which is ideal as low performing workers have no place to idle away.

As regards employee wellness, moderate job involvement and very dissatisfied staff (Environment satisfaction) had the highest attrition rate. The Irony of it all is having a higher attrition rate from those satisfied with their job and relationship and those with good work life balance.

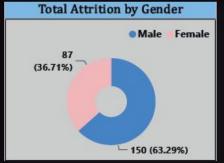
Key visualizations and findings

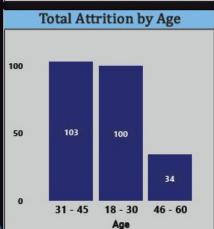


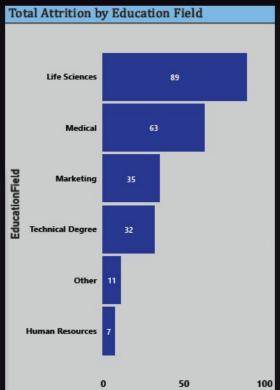
DEMOGRAPHICS

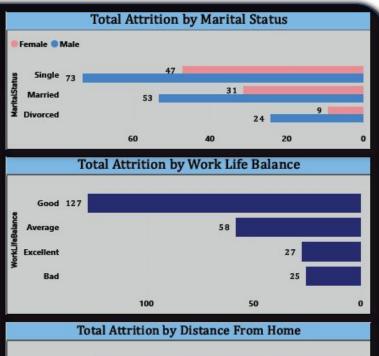
Total Employees

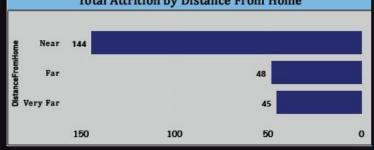
1470











Average Working Years

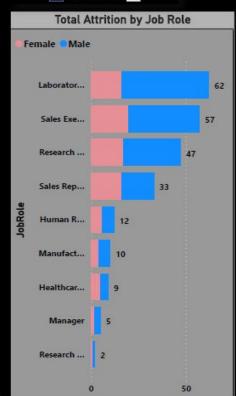


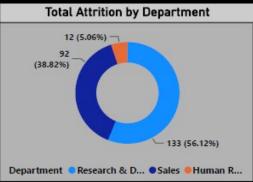
TURNOVER ANALYSIS I

JOB ROLE COUNT

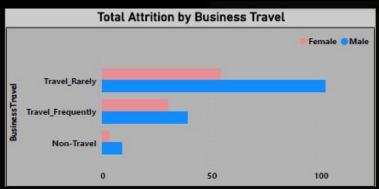
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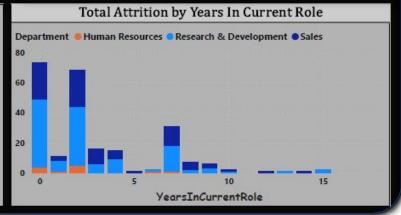
11.28





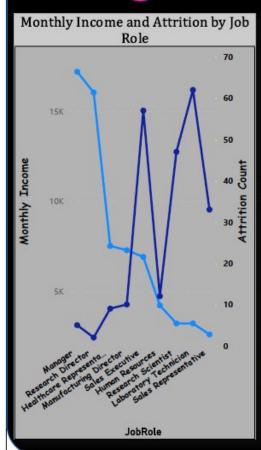
JobRole	Sum of attrition count
Healthcare Representative	9
Human Resources	12
Laboratory Technician	62
Manager	5
Manufacturing Director	10
Research Director	2
Research Scientist	47
Sales Executive	57
Sales Representative	33
Total	237



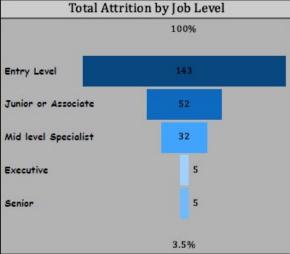


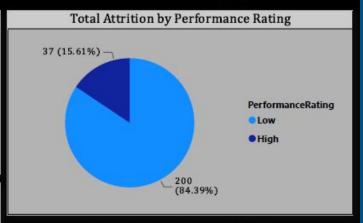
TURNOVER ANALYSIS II

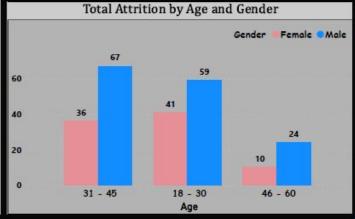








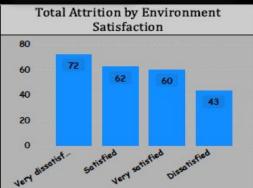


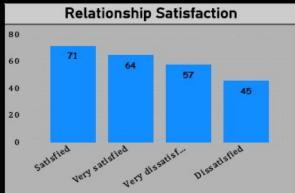


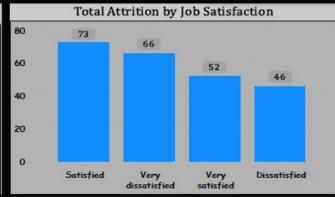


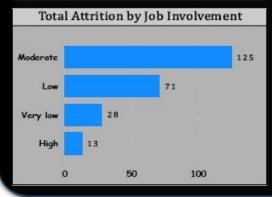
6.50K EMPLOYEE WELLNESS

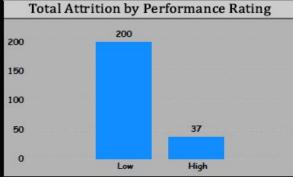
AVERAGE HOURLY RATE

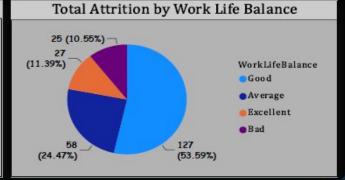












Recommendations

So as to reduce the attrition rate before causing a dent on the company's reputation;

- Offer learning and employee development opportunities to accelerate career growth
- Regularly solicit feedback on employee satisfaction so as to mitigate workplace challenges
- Competitive pay package, timely salary increment and other incentives such as bonuses for personal motivation
- Conduct detailed interviews after an employee has exited to spot attrition cause/trend.