

	<p style="text-align: center;">Lab 1</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Advanced Algorithm and Complexity (Python)</p>	<p style="text-align: center;">M1</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Horizon School of Digital Technologies 2024-2025</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Rania Yangui</p>
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Lab 1 : Complexity

Exercise 1:

We have a one-dimensional array containing uppercase letters of the alphabet (from 'A' to 'Z'). The goal is to compute the frequency of each letter in the array.

Assume an auxiliary function `position(letter)` is available. This function returns the position of a letter in the alphabet (e.g., `position('A')` returns 0, `position('B')` returns 1, ..., and `position('Z')` returns 25).

Implement two solutions to produce a frequency array:

1. A first solution that scans the array 26 times, once for each letter in the alphabet.
2. A second, more efficient solution that computes the frequency in a single scan of the array.

Exercise 2:

1. Write a Python program to find the maximum value in a set of n elements. You are only allowed to use a comparison function.
2. What is the complexity of your algorithm in terms of the number of comparisons?
3. Prove that the program is optimal.

Exercise 3:

1. Assume that we have a data structure that does not contain duplicate values.
Propose a simple program to find the second-largest element.
2. What is its complexity in terms of the number of comparisons?

3. Rewrite your program to find the maximum as a tournament (e.g., tennis, soccer, pétanque, or any other sport).
4. In how many comparisons was the second-largest element found to be the smaller of the two compared elements?
5. Propose a new program to find the second-largest element.
6. What is its complexity in terms of the number of comparisons?