SSH

Étape 1 : Vérifier les adresses IP

Sur debian1 (serveur): ip a

```
Debian GNU/Linux 12 debian1 tty1

debian1 login: giobbe
Password:
Linux debian1 6.1.0-35-amd64 #1 SMP PREEMPT_DYNAMIC Debian 6.1.137-1 (2025-05-07) x86_64

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permitted by applicable law.
Last login: Fri May 23 14:15:00 CEST 2025 on tty1
giobbe@debian1:*$ ip a

1: lo: <loupPack,UP,LONER_UP> mtu 65536 adisc noqueue state UNKNOWN group default glen 1000
link/loopback 00:00:00:00:00:00 brd 00:00:00:00:00:00
linet 127.0.0.1/8 scope host lo
    valid_lft forever preferred_lft forever
    inet6 ::/128 scope host noprefixroute
    valid_lft forever preferred_lft forever

2: ens33: <8ROADCAST,MULTICAST,UP,LONER_UP> mtu 1500 adisc fq_codel state UP group default glen 1000
link/ether 00:00:23:8b:02:dd brd ff:/ff:ff:ff:ff
    althomse eng/s1
    inet 192.168.145.161/24 brd 192.168.145.255 scope global dynamic ens33
    valid_lft forever preferred_lft forever
giobbe0debian1:*$
```

Sur debian2 (serveur): ip a

```
Debian GNU/Linux 12 debian2 tty1

debian2 login: giobbe
Password:
Linux debian2 6.1.0-35-amd64 #1 SMP PREEMPT_DYNAMIC Debian 6.1.137-1 (2025-05-07) x86_64

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giobbe@debian2:"$ ip a

1: lo: LIODPBACK,UP_LOWER_UP mtw 65536 qdisc noqueue state UNKNOWN group default qlen 1000
link/Lopoback 00:00:00:00:00 brd 00:00:00:00:00:00
inet 127.0.0.1/8 scope host lo
    valid_lft forever preferred_lft forever
inet6 ::1/28 scope host noprefixroute
    valid_lft forever preferred_lft forever
2: ens33: RROADCAST,MULTICAST,UP_LOWER_UP mtw 1500 adisc fq_codel state UP group default qlen 1000
link/ether 00:00:29:40:27:15 brd ff:ff:ff:ff:ff
    altname enp2s1
    inet 192.168.145.164/24
brd 192.168.145.255 scope global dynamic ens33
    valid_lft isdwsec preferred_lft 1530sec
    inet6 fe80::20c:29ff:fe40:2715/64 scope link
    valid_lft forever preferred_lft forever
giobbe@debian2:"$
```

Étape 2 : Teste la connexion SSH classique avec mot de passe

Sur la machine client (debian2):

Il faut taper la commande : ssh giobbe@192.168.145.161 par l'IP réelle de debian1

```
Debian GNU/Linux 12 debian2 tty1

debian2 login: globe
Password:
Linux debian2 6.1.0-35-amd64 #1 SMP PREEMPT_DYNAMIC Debian 6.1.137-1 (2025-05-07) x86_64

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Individual files in /usr/share/doc/*/copyright.

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permitted by applicable law.
globbe@debian:"$ ip

1: lo: (LOMPBHCK,UP, LOWER_UP) mtu 65536 qdisc noqueue state UNKNOWN group default qlen 1000

link/loopback @o:@o:@o:@o:@o:@o:@o:@o:@o:@o:@o:@o:@o
linet 127.0.0.1/8 scope host noprefixroute

valid_lft forever preferred_lft forever
inet6::1/128 Scope host noprefixroute

valid_lft forever preferred_lft forever
2: ens33: (RRNADDAST,MULTICAST,UP,LOWER_UP) mtu 1500 qdisc fq_codel state UP group default qlen 1000

link/ether @o:@c:29:4a:27:15 bnd ff:ff:ff:ff:ff:ff
altname enp251

inet 192.168.145.164/24 bnd 192.168.145.255 scope global dynamic ens33

valid_lft 1530sec preferred_lft 1530sec

inet6 fe80::20c:29ff:fe4a:2715/64 scope link

valid_lft iprover preferred_lft (prover
globbe@deblan2:*% ssh globbe@192.168.145.161 (192.168.145.161)

The authenticity of host '192.168.145.161 (192.168.145.161)

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individual files in /usr/share/doc/*/copyright.

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permitted by apolicable law.
Last login: Fri May 23 14:56:08 2025
globbe@debian1:*% _

globbe@debian1:*% _
```

Étape 3 : Générer une paire de clés SSH sur la machine client (debian2)

Sur debian2, il faut tape la commande : ssh-keygen -t rsa -b 4096

```
Debian GNU/Linux comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY, to the extent
permitted by applicable law.
Last login: Fri May 23 14:56:08 2025
giobbe@debian1:~$ exit
déconnexion
Connection to 192.168.145.161 closed.
giobbe@debian2:~$ ssh-keygen -t rsa -b 4096
Generating public/private rsa key pair.
Enter file in which to save the key (/home/giobbe/.ssh/id_rsa):
Enter passphrase (empty for no passphrase):
Enter same passphrase again:
Your identification has been saved in /home/giobbe/.ssh/id_rsa
Your public key has been saved in /home/giobbe/.ssh/id rsa.pub
The key fingerprint is:
SHA256:QEpS5CIjQDgeZY9eazOwlphK5n0Q7/IjC/hOtz2kJAE giobbe@debian2
The key's randomart image is:
+---[RSA 4096]----+
+.0=+ .
E..+00
 =00+00.
 .+=.B ..
  = B * S
 00.=.=
  0.0=+.
  .0.+.0.
+---- [SHA256] ----+
giobbe@debian2:~$
```

Étape 4 : Copier la clé publique sur la machine serveur (debian1)

Sur debian2 (client): ssh-copy-id giobbe@192.168.145.161

Étape 5 : Tester la connexion SSH sans mot de passe

Toujours sur debian2 tape : ssh giobbe@192.168.145.161

```
giobbe@debian2:~$ ssh giobbe@192.168.145.161
Linux debian1 6.1.0-35-amd64 #1 SMP PREEMPT_DYNAMIC Debian 6.1.137-1 (2025-05-07) x86_64

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Last login: Fri May 23 15:26:28 2025 from 192.168.145.164
giobbe@debian1:~$ _
```

Étape 6 : Forcer la connexion avec mot de passe (ignorer la clé)

Sur debian2 : ssh -o PubkeyAuthentication=no giobbe@192.168.145.161

- -o PubkeyAuthentication=no : ça dit au client SSH de ne pas utiliser la clé SSH pour s'authentifier.
- Du coup, la connexion passe par la méthode **mot de passe**.
- Le serveur va alors te demander ton mot de passe, même si la clé est configurée.

```
Debian GNU/Linux comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY, to the extent permitted by applicable law.

Last login: Fri May 23 15:26:28 2025 from 192.168.145.164

giobbe@debian1: $\sh \sh \cdot \text{PubkeyAuthentication=no giobbe@192.168.145.161}}

The authenticity of host '192.168.145.161 (192.168.145.161)' can't be established.

ED25519 key fingerprint is SHA256:aucc820M7ZijQdce8gpjp//JZepwbalDYNjSQUUpjyg.

This key is not known by any other names.

Are you sure you want to continue connecting (yes/no/[fingerprint])? yes

Warning: Permanently added '192.168.145.161' (ED25519) to the list of known hosts.

giobbe@192.168.145.161's password:

Linux debian1 6.1.0-35-amd64 #1 SMP PREEMPT_DYNAMIC Debian 6.1.137-1 (2025-05-07) x86_64

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Last login: Fri May 23 15:54:46 2025 from 192.168.145.164
giobbe@debian1: $\sh \cdot \sh \cdot \s
```

Étape 7 : Forcer la connexion sans mot de passe (ignorer mot de passe)

Sur debian2 : ssh -o PasswordAuthentication=no giobbe@192.168.145.161

- L'option -o PasswordAuthentication=no signifie :
 « N'utilise pas la méthode mot de passe ».
- Donc, SSH essaiera uniquement la clé SSH.
- Si la clé ne correspond pas ou qu'elle n'existe pas sur le serveur, la connexion échouera (tu ne pourras pas te connecter).

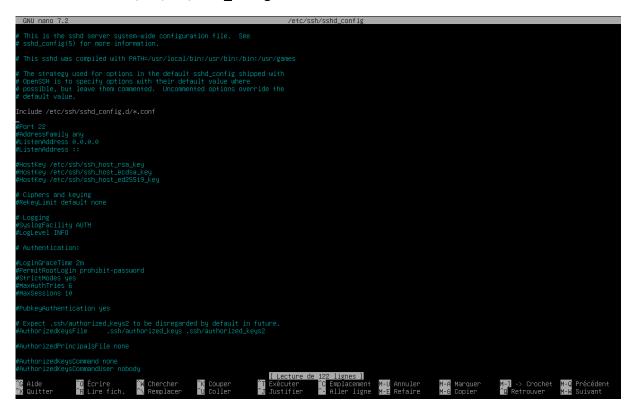
```
root@debian1:~# ssh -o PasswordAuthentication=no giobbe@192.168.145.161
The authenticity of host '192.168.145.161 (192.168.145.161)' can't be established.
ED25519 key fingerprint is SHA256:aucc820M7ZijQdce8gpjp//JZepwbalDYNjSQUUpjyg.
This key is not known by any other names.
Are you sure you want to continue connecting (yes/no/[fingerprint])? yes
Warning: Permanently added '192 168 145 161' (ED25519) to the list of known hosts.
giobbe@192.168.145.161: Permission denied (publickey,password).
root@debian1:~# ls ~/.sm/Tu_rsa //ssn/Tu_rsa.pup
ls: impossible d'accéder à '/root/.ssh/id_rsa': Aucun fichier ou dossier de ce type
root@debian1:~# exit
déconnexion
giobbe@debian1:~$ ls ~/.ssh/id_rsa ~/.ssh/id_rsa.pub
ls: impossible d'accéder à '/home/giobbe/.ssh/id_rsa': Aucun fichier ou dossier de ce type
ls: impossible d'accéder à '/home/giobbe/.ssh/id_rsa.pub': Aucun fichier ou dossier de ce type
ls: impossible d'accéder à '/home/giobbe/.ssh/id_rsa.pub': Aucun fichier ou dossier de ce type
giobbe@debian1:~$ _
```

J'ai trouvé ce problème et j'obtiens la permission denied.

Ce n'est pas bon

Alors je cherche quel est le problème

Je fait : sudo nano /etc/ssh/sshd_config



Et puis j'ai ajouté:

PubkeyAuthentication yes

PasswordAuthentication no

```
## This is the sand server system-wide configuration file. See # sand_config(5) for more information.

# This sand was compiled with PATH=/usr/local/bin:/usr/bin:/bin:/usr/games # The strategy used for options in the default sabd_config shipped with # OpenShi is to specify options with their obtaint value where # possible, but leave them commented. Uncommented options override the # default value.

## Conclude / retr/ssh/ssh/config.d/*.conf | Packeyuthers | Listended |
```

J'ai sauvegardé et fermé:

- Dans nano, fais : Ctrl + O, puis Entrée pour enregistrer.
- Puis Ctrl + X pour quitter.

Redémarre le service SSH : sudo systemctl restart sshd

```
root@debian1:~# systemctl restart sshd
root@debian1:~#
```

Maintenant, testé la connexion depuis Debian2 (le client) :

ssh -v -o PasswordAuthentication=no giobbe@192.168.145.161

```
debugi: compat_banner: match: OpenSSH_S.201 Debian-2-debi2us pat OpenSSH* compat ex04000000
debugi: Authenticating to 192.186.185.181.22 as [jobbe*]
debugi: Authenticating to 192.186.185.181.22 as [jobbe*]
debugi: Authenticating to 192.186.185.181.22 as [jobbe*]
debugi: SSH_SOM_SKENIT perior / Authentication / Authentication / Authenticating / Authentication /
```

Cette fois, nous n'avons que le problème (publickey)

Je fait: ssh -vvv -o PasswordAuthentication=no giobbe@192.168.145.161

Résultat de la commande :

Last login: Sat May 24 09:32:31 2025 from 192.168.145.164

Et juste avant,

shell request accepted on channel 0

Ça signifie que **le serveur a accepté la clé publique**, j'ai donné un shell, et je suis maintenant connecté sur **Debian1** (le serveur) sans mot de passe.

```
debug3: send packet: type 98
debug1: Sending environment.
debug3: Ignored env SHELL
debug3: Ignored env SHELL
debug3: Ignored env PND
debug3: Ignored env PND
debug3: Ignored env LOGNAME
debug3: Ignored env LOGNAME
debug3: Ignored env MOTD_SHONN
debug3: Ignored env MOTD_SHONN
debug3: Ignored env MOTD_SHONN
debug3: Ignored env HOME
debug3: Ignored env LS_COLORS
debug3: Ignored env INVOCATION_ID
debug3: Ignored env INVOCATION_ID
debug3: Ignored env XOG_SESSION_CLASS
debug3: Ignored env XOG_SESSION_CLASS
debug3: Ignored env XOG_SESSION_ID
debug3: Ignored env NOG_SESSION_ID
debug3: Ignored env NOG_SESSION_ID
debug3: Ignored env NOG_SESSION_ID
debug3: Ignored env NOG_SESSION_ID
debug3: Ignored env DBUS_SESSION_ID
debug3: Ignored env DBUS_SESSION_ID
debug3: Ignored env MOG_RUNTIME_DIR
debug3: Ignored env MOG_RUNTIME_DIR
debug3: Ignored env MOG_RUNTIME_DIR
debug3: Ignored env MAIL
debug3: Ig
             The programs included with the Debian GNU/Linux system are free software; the exact distribution terms for each program are described in the individual files in /usr/share/doc/*/copyright.
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Last login: Sat May 24 09:32:31 2025 from 192.168.145.164
giobbe@debian1:~$
```

Maintenant je quitte Debian1 avec la commande : exit

```
Last login: Sat May 24 09:32:31 2025 from 192.168.145.164
giobbe@debian1:~$ ssh -o PasswordAuthentication=no giobbe@192.168.145.161
giobbe@192.168.145.161: Permission denied (publickey).
giobbe@debian1:~$ ssh -o PasswordAuthentication=no giobbe@192.168.145.161
giobbe@192.168.145.161: Permission denied (publickey).
 giobbe@debian1:~$ exit
 déconnexion
debug3: receive packet: type 96
debug2: channel 0: rcvd eof
debug2: channel 0: output open -> drain
debug2: channel 0: obuf empty
 debug2: chan_shutdown_write: channel 0: (i0 o1 sock -1 wfd 5 efd 6 [write])
 debug2: channel 0: output drain -> closed
 debug3: receive packet: type 98
debug1: client_input_channel_req: channel 0 rtype exit-status reply 0
 debug3: receive packet: type 98
 debug1: client_input_channel_req: channel 0 rtype eow@openssh.com reply 0
debug2: channel 0: rcvd eow
 debug2: chan_shutdown_read: channel 0: (i0 o3 sock -1 wfd 4 efd 6 [write])
debug2: chan_snutowm_read: channel 0: (10 03 sock debug2: channel 0: input open -> closed debug3: receive packet: type 97 debug2: channel 0: rcvd close debug3: channel 0: will not send data after close debug2: channel 0: almost dead debug2: channel 0: gc: notify user debug2: channel 0: gc: user detached debug2: channel 0: send close debug3: send packet: type 97
 debug3: send packet: type 97
debug2: channel 0: is dead
debug2: channel 0: garbage collecting
debug1: channel 0: free: client-session, nchannels 1
debug3: channel 0: status: The following connections are open:
#0 client-session (t4 [session] r0 i3/0 o3/0 e[write]/0 fd -1/-1/6 sock -1 cc -1 io 0x00/0x00)
 debug3: send packet: type 1
Connection to 192.168.145.161 closed.
Transferred: sent 9024, received 9348 bytes, in 2231.6 seconds
Bytes per second: sent 4.0, received 4.2
```

Retour à debian2 (client) et je tape :

ssh -vvv -o PasswordAuthentication=no giobbe@192.168.145.161

Pour s'assurer que cela fonctionne

Procédure fonctionnelle.

```
giobbe@debian2:~$ ssh -o PasswordAuthentication=no giobbe@192.168.145.161
Linux debian1 6.1.0-35-amd64 #1 SMP PREEMPT_DYNAMIC Debian 6.1.137-1 (2025-05-07) x86_64

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Last login: Sat May 24 11:08:28 2025 from 192.168.145.164
giobbe@debian1:~$
```

Objectif: Ajouter deux paramètres supplémentaires

Étape 1 : Édite le fichier de configuration SSH

sudo nano /etc/ssh/sshd config (debian1) (cote server)

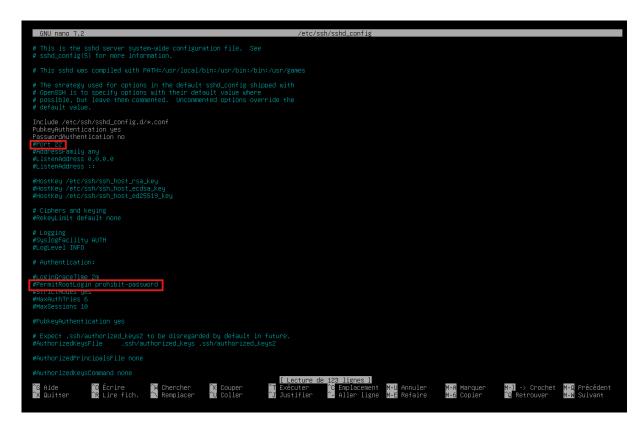
sudo nano /etc/ssh/sshd_config

On va

Décommenter ces lignes (en retirant #)

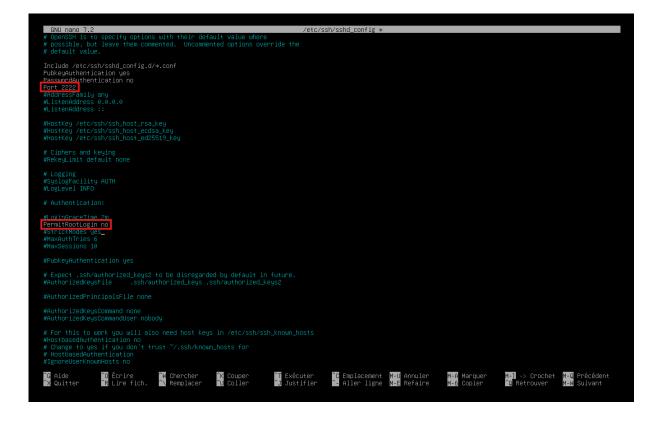
Et modifier comme ceci:

- Port 2222
- PermitRootLogin no



Ctrl o + Enter +Ctrl x

Apres Sauvegarde + Redémarrage : sudo systemctl restart sshd



```
# OpenSSH is to specify options with their default value where
# possible, but leave them commented. Uncommented options override the
# default value.
Include /etc/ssh/sshd.config.d/*.conf
PubkeyButhentication up
PassundeUntertication up
PassundeUntertication up
PassundeUntertication up
PassundeUntertication up
# ListenAddress 0.0.0.0
# ListenAddress 0.0.0.0
# ListenAddress 0.0.0.0
# ListenAddress 0.0.0.0
# Hostkey /etc/ssh/ssh_host_mea_key
# Hostkey /etc/ssh/ssh_host_ede3s_key
# Hostkey /etc/ssh/ssh_host_ed2s519_key
# Ciphers and keying
# RekeyLimit default none
# Logging
# SyslogFacility #UTH
# Loglevel INFO
# Authentication:
# LogsingnaceTime 2m
Permitmostiogin no
# Printithodas ups
# Expect .ssh/authorized_keys? to be disregarded by default in future.
# AuthorizedWusfile .ssh/authorized_keys .ssh/authorized_keys?
# AuthorizedWusfile .ssh/authorized_keys .ssh/authorized_keys?
# AuthorizedWrincipalsFile none
# AuthorizedWeysCommend none
# AuthorizedWeysCommendUser nobody
# For this to work you will also need host keys in /etc/ssh/ssh_known_hosts
# HostbasedAuthentication no
# Change to yes if you don't trust "/.ssh/known_hosts for
# HostbasedAuthentication no
# Change to yes if you don't trust "/.ssh/known_hosts for
# HostbasedAuthentication no
# Change to yes if you don't trust "/.ssh/known_hosts for
# HostbasedAuthentication
# IncordeDebian:"# systematl restart sshd
root@debian:"# systematl restart sshd
root@debian:"# systematl restart sshd
root@debian:"# systematl restart sshd
root@debian:"# systematl restart sshd
```

Test côté client

Depuis Debian2 (client), connection avec le nouveau port :

ssh -p 2222 giobbe@192.168.145.161

```
Debian GNU/Linux 12 debian2 tty1
debian2 login: giobbe
Password:
Linux debian2 6.1.0-35-amd64 #1 SMP PREEMPT_DYNAMIC Debian 6.1.137-1 (2025-05-07) x86_64
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Debian GNU/Linux comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY, to the extent
permitted by applicable law.
Last login: Mon May 26 11:28:20 CEST 2025 on ttyl
giobbe@debian2:~$ ssh -p 2222 giobbe@192.168.145.161
Linux debian1 6.1.0-35-amd64 #1 SMP PREEMPT_DYNAMIC Debian 6.1.137-1 (2025-05-07) x86_64
The programs included with the Debian GNU/Linux system are free software;
the exact distribution terms for each program are described in the
individual files in /usr/share/doc/*/copyright.
Debian GNU/Linux comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY, to the extent
permitted by applicable law.
Last login: Mon May 26 11:27:13 2025
giobbe@debian1:~$ su
Mot de passe :
root@debian1:~# exit
déconnexion
giobbe@debian1:~$ exit
déconnexion
Connection to 192.168.145.161 closed.
giobbe@debian2:~$ su -
Mot de passe :
root@debian2:~# exit
déconnexion
giobbe@debian2:~$ ssh root@192.168.145.161 -p 2222
root@192.168.145.161: Permission denied (publickey).
giobbe@debian2:~$
```

Apres on teste que la connexion en root est refusée :

ssh root@192.168.145.161 -p 2222

```
Debian GNU/Linux 12 debian2 tty1

debian2 login: globbe
Password:
Linux debian2 6.1.0-35-amd64 #1 SMP PREEMPT_DYNAMIC Debian 6.1.137-1 (2025-05-07) x86_64

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individual files in /usr/share/doc/*/copyright.

Debian GNU/Linux comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY, to the extent
permitted by applicable law.
Last login: Mon May 26 11:28:20 CEST 2025 on tty1
globbe@debian2:"$ ssh -p 2222 globbe@192.168.145.161
Linux debian1 6.1.0-35-amd64 #1 SMP PREEMPT_DYNAMIC Debian 6.1.137-1 (2025-05-07) x86_64

The programs included with the Debian GNU/Linux system are free software;
the exact distribution terms for each program are described in the
individual files in /usr/share/doc/*/copyright.

Debian GNU/Linux comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY, to the extent
permitted by applicable law.
Last login: Mon May 26 11:27:13 2025
globbe@debian1:"$ su -
Mot de passe :
root@debian1:"$ exit
déconnexion
Connexion to 192.168.145.161 closed.
globbe@debian2:"$ su -
Mot de passe :
root@debian2:"$ su -
Mot de passe :
root@debian2:"$ ssh root@192.168.145.161 -p 2222
root@20.182.163.161: Permission denied (publickey).
globbe@debian2:"$ ssh root@192.168.145.161 p 2222
root@20.182.163.161: Permission denied (publickey).
globbe@debian2:"$ sh root@192.168.145.161 p 2222
root@20.182.168.145.161: Permission denied (publickey).
```

Permission denied (publickey)

Cela signifie que:

- Le client a tenté de se connecter en tant que root.
- Le serveur refuse toute connexion SSH au compte root, même avec une clé publique.
- Le paramètre PermitRootLogin no est donc correctement appliqué.

Conclusion

Cet exercice m'a permis de comprendre et de mettre en pratique les différents modes de connexion SSH entre un client et un serveur.

J'ai appris à :

- Établir une connexion SSH classique avec mot de passe,
- Mettre en place une authentification par clé publique avec ou sans passphrase,
- Forcer l'utilisation ou l'interdiction d'une méthode d'authentification,
- Modifier les paramètres du serveur SSH pour renforcer la sécurité, comme le changement de port et l'interdiction de connexion en root.

Grâce à cette configuration, le serveur est maintenant mieux protégé contre les accès non autorisés et les attaques automatisées.