TYPESCRIPT PRACTICE

Objective: TypeScript Functions

Task & Build Specifications: This lab includes three parts to give you lots of TypeScript practice. Complete the entire lab in one project using one .ts file.

TALLEST MOUNTAIN

- Declare an interface called Mountain that contains the following properties:
 - o name string
 - height number
- Declare an array called mountains which is an array of type Mountain.
- . Fill the array with the following mountains:

name	height	
Kilimanjaro	19341	
Everest	29029	
Denali	20310	

- Declare a function called findNameOfTallestMountain. It takes one parameter, an array of Mountain objects. It returns a string, the name of the tallest mountain in the given
- Call findNameOfTallestMountain, passing it your mountains array as an argument.
 Store the result of the function call (the return value) in a variable and then console.log the variable. (Hint: It will print "Everest".)

PRODUCTS

- Declare an interface called Product that contains the following properties:
 - o name string
- Declare an array called products which is an array of type Product.
- Fill the array with a few products of your own choosing.
 Declare a function called calcAverageProductPrice. It takes one parameter, an array of Product objects. It returns a number, the average price of all the products provided as
- Call calcAverageProductPrice, passing it your products array as an argument.
- Store the result of the function call (the return value) in a variable and then console.log the variable.

INVENTORY

- Declare an interface called InventoryItem that contains the following properties:
 - product Product (from above)
 - o quantity number
- Declare an array called inventory which is an array of type InventoryItem.
- Fill the array with the following information.

product.name	product.price	quantity
motor	10.00	10
sensor	12.50	4
LED	1.00	20

- Declare a function called calcinventoryValue. It takes one parameter, an array of InventoryItem objects. It returns a number, the total value of all the products in the inventory array provided as an argument.
 - o This is calculated as follows: For each InventoryItem take the product price times the quantity. Add these together for all the items. For the above data, the total will be $10.00 \times 10 + 12.5 \times 4 + 1.00 \times 20 = 170$.
- Call calcInventoryValue, passing it your products array as an argument.
 Store the result of the function call (the return value) in a variable and then console.log the variable. (Hint: It prints 170).

Grading Standards/Tests (1 point each)

- 1. Mountain interface exists with name (string) and height (number) properties.
- 2. mountains array exists with given data.
- 3. Product interface exists with name (string) and price (number) properties.
- 4. products array exists with several objects of data.
- 5. InventoryItem interface exists with product (Product) and quantity (number) properties.
- 6. inventory array exists with given data.
- 7. findNameOfTallestMountain takes Mountain array parameter and returns correct
- 8. calcAverageProductPrice takes Product array parameter and returns correct number.
- 9. calcinventoryValue takes InventoryItem array parameter and returns correct number.
- 10. All of the functions (findNameOfTallestMountain, calcAverageProductPrice, and/or calcinventoryValue) that have been created are called correctly and the result stored and logged.