Rajalakshmi Engineering College

Name: Ayshwarya S

Email: 241501028@rajalakshmi.edu.in

Roll no: 241501028 Phone: 8668059831

Branch: REC

Department: I AI & ML FA

Batch: 2028

Degree: B.E - AI & ML



NeoColab_REC_CS23231_DATA STRUCTURES

REC_DS using C_Week 3_MCQ_Updated

Attempt : 1 Total Mark : 20 Marks Obtained : 19

Section 1: MCQ

1. A user performs the following operations on stack of size 5 then which of the following is correct statement for Stack?

push(1); pop(); push(2); push(3); pop(); push(2); pop(); pop(); push(4); pop(); pop(); push(5);

Answer Underflow Occurs Status: Correct Marks: 1/1 2. The result after evaluating the postfix expression 10 5 + 60 6 / * 8 - is Answer 142 Status: Correct Marks: 1/1 3. Which of the following operations allows you to examine the top element of a stack without removing it? Answer Peek Status: Correct Marks: 1/1 4. Elements are Added on _____ of the Stack. Answer Top Status: Correct Marks : 1/1 5. The user performs the following operations on the stack of size 5 then at the end of the last operation, the total number of elements present in the stack is push(1); pop(); push(2);push(3);

pop(); push(4);

```
pop();
pop();
push(5);
Answer
1
Status : Correct Marks : 1/1
```

6. When you push an element onto a linked list-based stack, where does the new element get added?

Answer

At the beginning of the list

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

7. Here is an Infix Expression: 4+3*(6*3-12). Convert the expression from Infix to Postfix notation. The maximum number of symbols that will appear on the stack AT ONE TIME during the conversion of this expression?

Answer

4

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

8. What will be the output of the following code?

```
#include <stdio.h>
#define MAX_SIZE 5
int stack[MAX_SIZE];
int top = -1;
void display() {
  if (top == -1) {
    printf("Stack is empty\n");
  } else {
    printf("Stack elements: ");
    for (int i = top; i >= 0; i--) {
```

```
printf("%d ", stack[i]);
  printf("\n");
}
void push(int value) {
  if (top == MAX_SIZE - 1) {
     printf("Stack Overflow\n");
  } else {
     stack[++top] = value;
  }
int main() {
display();
  push(10);
  push(20);
  push(30);
  display();
  push(40);
  push(50);
  push(60);
  display();
  return 0;
}
Answer
Stack is emptyStack elements: 30 20 10Stack OverflowStack elements: 50 40 30
20 10 
Status: Correct
                                                                   Marks: 1/1
```

9. In a stack data structure, what is the fundamental rule that is followed for performing operations?

Answer

Last In First Out

Status: Correct

Marks : 1/1

10. What will be the output of the following code?
#include <stdio.h>

#include <stdio.h>

```
#define MAX_SIZE 5
void push(int* stack, int* top, int item) {
  if (*top == MAX_SIZE - 1) {
    printf("Stack Overflow\n");
    return;
  stack[++(*top)] = item;
int pop(int* stack, int* top) {
  if (*top == -1) {
    printf("Stack Underflow\n");
    return -1;
  return stack[(*top)--];
int main() {
  int stack[MAX_SIZE];
  int top = -1;
  push(stack, &top, 10);
  push(stack, &top, 20);
  push(stack, &top, 30);
printf("%d\n", pop(stack, &top));
  printf("%d\n", pop(stack, &top));
  printf("%d\n", pop(stack, &top));
  printf("%d\n", pop(stack, &top));
  return 0;
Answer
302010Stack Underflow
Status: Wrong
```

11. Consider a linked list implementation of stack data structure with three operations:

Marks: 0/1

push(value): Pushes an element value onto the stack.pop(): Pops the top element from the stack.top(): Returns the item stored at the top of the stack.

Given the following sequence of operations:

push(10);pop();push(5);top();

What will be the result of the stack after performing these operations?

Answer

The top element in the stack is 5

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

12. Pushing an element into the stack already has five elements. The stack size is 5, then the stack becomes

Answer

Overflow

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

13. What is the value of the postfix expression 6 3 2 4 + - *?

Answer

²18

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

14. Which of the following Applications may use a Stack?

Answer

All of the mentioned options

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

15. In the linked list implementation of the stack, which of the following

operations removes an element from the top?

Answer

Pop

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

16. What is the primary advantage of using an array-based stack with a fixed size?

Answer

Efficient memory usage

Marks : 1/1 Status: Correct

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17. What will be the output of the following code?

```
#include <stdio.h>
    #define MAX_SIZE 5
    int stack[MAX_SIZE];
    int top = -1;
    int isEmpty() {
      return (top == -1);
    int isFull() {
      return (top == MAX_SIZE - 1);
    void push(int item) {
      if (isFull())
         printf("Stack Overflow\n");
      else
         stack[++top] = item;
    int main() {
      printf("%d\n", isEmpty());
push(20);
push(20);
      push(10);
```

```
printf("%d\n", isFull());
return 0;
}
```

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Answer

10

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

18. What is the advantage of using a linked list over an array for implementing a stack?

Answer

Linked lists can dynamically resize

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

19. Consider the linked list implementation of a stack.

Which of the following nodes is considered as Top of the stack?

Answer

First node

Status: Correct & Marks: 1/1

20. In an array-based stack, which of the following operations can result in a Stack underflow?

Answer

Popping an element from an empty stack

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

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