

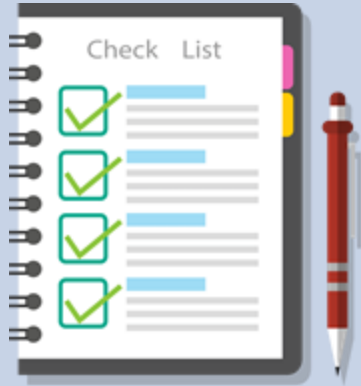
Python – Basics



Digital Lync
INNOVATION - EDUCATION - INCUBATION

Shah Ayub Quadri
aquadri@digital-lync.com

Index



Python Data types

- Numeric
- Boolean
- Sequences
- Sets
- Mappings

Data types object

- Mutable
- Immutable

Numeric Type: Data set which holds the numeric values

- **Int:** It stores the Integer type of data.
eg: a = 50
- **Long:** long integer stores
eg: b = 10900000
- **Float:** data type which stores both numeric and decimal part
eg: c = 29.89
- **Complex:** data type that stores complex numbers (real part & imaginary part)
eg: d = complex(3, 4)

Boolean: Build-in data type “True” or “False”

- True: 1 or “Some Value”
- False: 0 or “ ” # empty string

Sets:

- set: an unordered collection of unique objects
eg: `a = set(10.00, 'Man', 12, True, (28+ 9i))`

Sequence:

- **str:** string type
eg: `a = 'python' ; type(a)`
- **List:** ordered sequence of item, items need not be of same type.
eg: `d = ['a', 'b', 20, 19.25, True, complex(2, 3)]`
- **Tuple:** sequence of items similar to lists, but they are not mutable and faster than list as they will not change.
eg: `t = ('python', 'programming', 'class', complex(4,6))`

Dictionary:

One of the import data type of Python, it is a combination of key value pairs

Syntax:

```
my_dict = {}  
my_dict = {'Key': 'Value'}
```

eg: `my_dict = {'name': 'Alice', 'Age': 23, 'Education': 'BE(CS)', 'Addr': ['Kukatpally', 'Hyd', 500081]}`

Data types in Python can be distinguished based on whether objects of the type are

- Mutable
- Immutable

Immutable	Mutable
Once initialize cant be changed, need to re-initialized	Value can be change
Int, float, long, complex	Byte array
Str, tuple, frozen set,	List, Set, dictionary

Type conversion is the process of converting a variable from one type to another type. Two ways to do that.

- **Implicit conversion:** Internally the compiler takes care of the conversion.

eg: `a = 4`

`b = a + 1.1` #internally it converts 4 to 4.0 int to float conversion.

o/p: 5.5

- **Explicit conversion:** Explicitly programmer specifies the conversions.

Conversion	Description
<code>a = int(2.7) -> a = 2</code>	It converts a value from int to float
<code>b = float(9) -> b = 9.0</code>	It converts b value form float to int
<code>c = str(4.5) -> c = "4.5"</code>	It converts c value float to string

Assignment - 4

1. Write a program to create Numeric values, Boolean values & create sets
2. Write a code to generate a set and a frozenset, try assigning values to both as see error if any.
3. Create a dictionary for students record (eg: Name: 'Alice', Marks_1 = 75, Marks_2= 89 etc.,)
4. Write a program to carry out implicit and explicit conversions