

Shri Vile Parle Kelavani Mandal's DWARKADAS J. SANGHVI COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING

(Autonomous College Affiliated to the University of Mumbai)

NAAC Accredited with "A" Grade (CGPA: 3.18)



Department of Information Technology

COURSE CODE: DJS22ITL302

DATE: 25-10-23

COURSE NAME: Data Structure Laboratory

CLASS: I1-Batch1

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SAP ID: 60003220131

ROLL NO.: IO45

Experiment No. 2

CO/LO: CO1

Aim: Implementation of Priority Queues using Arrays.

Theory: A Priority Queue is a special type of queue in which each element is associated with a priority and is served as accordingly to it's priority. If elements with the same priority occur, they are served according to their ordering in the queve.

Properties :-

a Each item has a priority associated with it

o An element without priority is dequeved before an element with low priority.

o If two elements have the same priority, they are served acording to their orderering in the queue.

Operations:

- · Insertion: This involves adding a new item to the gueve
- o Deletion: This involves removing an item from the queue The item with the nighest priority is the one that gets deleted.

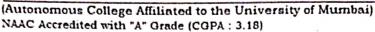
Applications:-

- O CPU Scheduling
- o Graph algorithms like Dijkstra's Shortest path algorithm, Prim's Minimum



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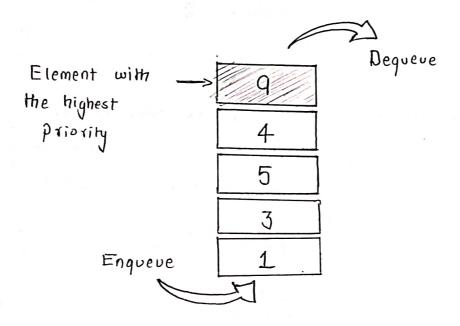


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Spanning Trees etc.

- o Data Compression:
- O In real life scenarios where certain task is needed to give more priority

Output:



Conclusion: I understood that Priority Queve is a fundamental data structure that assigns priorities to each element. The element with highest priority is served first. I understood the implementation using Arrays of Priority Queve.

References: geens for geens . Org

atnyla.com

Self implemented the code.





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DEPARTMENT OF INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY

COURSE CODE: DJS22ITL302 DATE:25/10/2023 COURSE NAME: Data Structure Laboratory CLASS: I1-Batch1

Program:

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#define MAX 10
void create_queue();
void insert element(int);
void delete element(int);
void check_priority(int);
void display_priorityqueue();
int pqueue[MAX];
int front, rear;
void main()
    int n, choice;
    printf("\nEnter 1 to insert element by priority ");
    printf("\nEnter 2 to delete element by priority ");
    printf("\nEnter 3 to display priority queue ");
    printf("\nEnter 4 to exit");
    create_queue();
    while (1)
        printf("\nEnter your choice : ");
        scanf("%d", &choice);
        switch (choice)
        case 1:
            printf("\nEnter element to insert : ");
            scanf("%d", &n);
            insert element(n);
            break;
        case 2:
            printf("\nEnter element to delete : ");
            scanf("%d", &n);
            delete_element(n);
            break;
        case 3:
            display_priorityqueue();
            break;
        case 4:
            exit(0);
        default:
           printf("\n Please enter valid choice");
```





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DEPARTMENT OF INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY

COURSE CODE: DJS22ITL302 DATE:25/10/2023 COURSE NAME: Data Structure Laboratory CLASS: I1-Batch1

```
void create_queue()
    front = rear = -1;
void insert_element(int data)
    if (rear >= MAX - 1)
        printf("\nQUEUE OVERFLOW");
        return;
    if ((front == -1) && (rear == -1))
        front++;
        rear++;
        pqueue[rear] = data;
        return;
    else
        check_priority(data);
    rear++;
void check_priority(int data)
    int i, j;
    for (i = 0; i <= rear; i++)
        if (data >= pqueue[i])
            for (j = rear + 1; j > i; j--)
                pqueue[j] = pqueue[j - 1];
            pqueue[i] = data;
            return;
    pqueue[i] = data;
```





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```
void delete_element(int data)
    int i;
    if ((front == -1) && (rear == -1))
        printf("\nEmpty Queue");
        return;
    for (i = 0; i <= rear; i++)
        if (data == pqueue[i])
            for (; i < rear; i++)
                pqueue[i] = pqueue[i + 1];
            pqueue[i] = -99;
            rear--;
            if (rear == -1)
                front = -1;
            return;
    printf("\n%d element not found in queue", data);
void display_priorityqueue()
    if ((front == -1) && (rear == -1))
        printf("\nEmpty Queue ");
        return;
    for (; front <= rear; front++)</pre>
        printf(" %d ", pqueue[front]);
    front = 0;
```

Output screenshots:





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Enter 1 to insert element by priority Enter 2 to delete element by priority Enter 3 to display priority queue

Enter 4 to exit

Enter your choice : 1

Enter element to insert : 10

Enter your choice : 1

Enter element to insert: 20

Enter your choice : 1

Enter element to insert: 30

Enter your choice : 2

Enter element to delete : 20

Enter your choice: 1

Enter element to insert: 40

Enter your choice : 3

40 30 10