```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <stdbool.h>
#include <math.h>
struct node
   struct node *left;
   int data;
   struct node *right;
};
struct node *root = NULL, *newnode;
void insertAt(struct node *new, struct node *t)
    if (root == NULL)
        root = newnode;
    else if (t->data > new->data)
        if (t->left == NULL)
           t->left = new;
        else
            insertAt(new, t->left);
    else if (t->data < new->data)
        if (t->right == NULL)
           t->right = new;
        else
            insertAt(new, t->right);
void insert(int n)
    newnode = (struct node *)malloc(sizeof(struct node));
   newnode->data = n;
```

```
newnode->right = NULL;
    newnode->left = NULL;
    insertAt(newnode, root);
void display(struct node *temp)
    if (temp != NULL)
        display(temp->left);
        printf("%d\n", temp->data);
        display(temp->right);
int ancestor(struct node *root, int n1, int n2)
    if (root->data > n1 && root->data > n2)
        return ancestor(root->left, n1, n2);
    else if (root->data < n1 && root->data < n2)</pre>
        return ancestor(root->right, n1, n2);
    else
        return root->data;
void displayrange(struct node *temp, int n1, int n2)
    if (temp != NULL)
        displayrange(temp->left, n1, n2);
        if (temp->data >= n1 && temp->data <= n2)</pre>
            printf("%d\n", temp->data);
        displayrange(temp->right, n1, n2);
int heightTree(struct node *root)
    int ans;
    if (root == NULL)
```

```
return 0;
    else
        int leftHeight = heightTree(root->left);
        int rightHeight = heightTree(root->right);
        ans = (leftHeight > rightHeight ? leftHeight : rightHeight) + 1;
        return ans;
void smallest(struct node *root)
    if (root->left != NULL)
        smallest(root->left);
   else
        printf("%d", root->data);
void largest(struct node *root)
   if (root->right != NULL)
        largest(root->right);
   else
        printf("%d", root->data);
bool balancedbst(struct node *root, int *height)
    int leftHeight = 0, rightHeight = 0;
    int 1 = 0, r = 0;
   if (root == NULL)
        *height = 0;
        return 1;
    1 = balancedbst(root->left, &leftHeight);
```

```
r = balancedbst(root->right, &rightHeight);
    *height = (leftHeight > rightHeight ? leftHeight : rightHeight) + 1;
    if ((leftHeight - rightHeight >= 2) || (rightHeight - leftHeight >= 2))
        return 0;
    else
        return 1 && r;
void main()
    int ch;
    printf("number of elements in the tree: ");
    scanf("%d", &n);
    printf("enter the elements: ");
    int a[n];
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
        scanf("%d", &a[i]);
        insert(a[i]);
    do
        printf("\nEnter the operation: \n1.ancestor\n2.height of the
tree\n3.display range\n4.smallest\n5.largest\n6.balanced\n7.Exit: ");
        scanf("%d", &ch);
        switch (ch)
        case 1:
            int n1, n2;
            printf("enter the two numbers of which ancestor has to be found:
");
            scanf("%d %d", &n1, &n2);
            printf("Ancestor of %d and %d is %d\n", n1, n2, ancestor(root, n1,
n2));
            break;
        case 2:
            printf("the height of the tree is %d\n", heightTree(root));
```

```
case 3:
        int n1, n2;
        printf("enter the two numbers: ");
        scanf("%d %d", &n1, &n2);
        printf("the numbers between the two numbers in a tree are:\n");
        displayrange(root, n1, n2);
        break;
   case 4:
        printf("The smallest number of the tree is: ");
        smallest(root);
        break;
        printf("the largest number of the tree is: ");
        largest(root);
        break;
    case 6:
        int height = 0;
        if (balancedbst(root, &height))
            printf("The tree is balanced\n");
        else
            printf("The tree is not balanced\n");
        break;
} while (ch != 7);
```

```
Enter the operation:
1) ancestor
2) hieght of the tree
3)display range
4) smallest
5)largest 6)balanced
7) Exit
enter the two numbers of which ancestor has to be found 76 105
Ancestor of 76 and 105 :80
Enter the operation:
1) ancestor
2) hieght of the tree
3) display range
4) smallest
5)largest 6)balanced
7) Exit
the hieght of the tree is :4
Enter the operation:
1) ancestor
2) hieght of the tree
3)display range
4) smallest
5)largest 6)balanced
7) Exit
enter the two numbers 25 82
the numbers between the two numbers in a tree are:32
40
76
80
```