Lab Assignment 2- Lexical Analysis

In this assignment, you will work on implementing a lexical analyzer in your preferred programming language.

We will consider some basic constructs (e.g., if-else statements), understand what are the different tokens (and patterns for the tokens) in the considered language/constructs.

Implement a lexical analyzer (using any programming language) for the considered tokens/patterns. Your program should take a statement as input and return the sequence of tokens as output.

Let us consider the example grammar for branching statements given below:

```
stmt \rightarrow if \ expr \ then \ stmt
| if \ expr \ then \ stmt \ else \ stmt
| \epsilon
expr \rightarrow term \ relop \ term
| term \rightarrow id
| number
```

The patterns for the tokens in the language are described below:

```
\begin{array}{lll} digit & \rightarrow & [0-9] \\ digits & \rightarrow & digit^+ \\ number & \rightarrow & digits (. \ digits)? \ ( \ E \ [+-]? \ digits )? \\ letter & \rightarrow & [A-Za-z] \\ & id & \rightarrow & letter ( \ letter \ | \ digit )^* \\ & if & \rightarrow & if \\ & then & \rightarrow & then \\ & else & \rightarrow & else \\ & relop & \rightarrow & < \ | \ > \ | \ <= \ | \ >= \ | \ = \ | \ <> \end{array}
```

Implement a lexical analyzer using any programming language. Your program should take a statement as input and return the sequence of tokens as output.

- Example Input: if input<10 then output1=100 else output2>=100

- Expected output:

```
(if,)
(id,input)
(relop,<)
(number,10)
(then,)
(id,output1)
(relop,=)
(number,100)
(else,)
(id,output2)
(relop,>=)
(number,100)
```