

Assignment - 4

Section - A

- Q1 The average of 5 terms is 50. If the first 4 terms are 45, 42, 119 and 84, what will be the last term?
a)
- Q2 A train travelling at 60 km/hr crosses a man in 6 seconds. What is the length of the train?
a)
- Q3 A truck goes from Haryana to Bangalore with an average speed of 60 km/hr. The journey takes 30 hrs. It returns from Bangalore to Haryana on the same road with an average speed of 40 km/hr. What is the average speed of the truck during the round trip?
a)
- Q4 The average monthly income of P and Q is ₹5050. The average income of Q and R is ₹6250 and the average monthly income of P and R is ₹5200. The monthly income of P is
b)
- Q5 The average weight of 16 boys in a class is 50.25 kg and that of the remaining 8 boys is 45.15 kg. Find the average weights of all the boys in the class
a)
- Q6 If the number of students passing an examination be considered a criteria for comparison of difficulty level of two examinations, which of the following

statements is true in this context?

c)

Q7 How many students are there in class IX in the school?

d)

Q8 Which section has the maximum pass percentage in at least one of the two examinations?

d)

Q9 Which section has the maximum success rate in annual examination?

a)

Q10 Which section has the minimum failure rate in annual examination?

d)

Section - B

Q1 Alfred buys an old scooter for ₹ 4700 and spends ₹ 800 on its repairs. If he sells the scooter for the ₹ 5800, his gain percent is

$$\text{Total cost price} = 4700 + 800 = 5500$$

$$\text{Selling price} = 5800$$

$$\text{Profit} = 5800 - 5500 = 300$$

$$\text{profit \%} \Rightarrow \frac{300 \times 100}{5500} = \frac{60}{11} = 5\frac{5}{11}\%$$

b) $5\frac{5}{11}\%$

Q2 The cost price of 20 articles is the same as the selling price of x articles. If the profit is 25%, then the value of x is

Let C.P. of each article be ₹1

C.P. of x articles = ₹ x

S.P. of x articles = ₹20

Profit = ₹(20 - x)

$$\frac{20-x}{x} \times 100 = 25 \Rightarrow 2000 - 100x = 25x$$

$$125x = 2000$$

$$x = 16$$

b) > 16

Q13 The average temperature of Wednesday, Thursday and Friday is 40°C . The average of Thursday, Friday and Saturday is 41°C . If temperature on Saturday is 42°C , what was the temperature on Wednesday?

$$\frac{W + T + F}{3} = 40^{\circ}\text{C} \quad ; \quad \frac{T + F + S}{3} = 41^{\circ}\text{C}$$

$$W + T + F = 120$$

— (ii)

$$T + F + 42 = 123$$

$$T + F = 81$$

— (i)

put i in ii

$$W + 81 = 120$$

$$W = 120 - 81 = 39^{\circ}\text{C}$$

a) $> 39^{\circ}\text{C}$

Q14 The average of first five multiples of 9 is

$$\frac{9 + 18 + 27 + 36 + 45}{5} = \frac{135}{5} = 27$$

b. > 27

Section - C

Q1 A grocer purchased 80 kg of sugar at ₹13.50 per kg and mixed it with 120 kg sugar at ₹16 per kg. At what rate should he sell the mixture to gain 16%.

cost of 80 kg sugar at ₹13.50/kg = ₹1080

cost of 120 kg sugar at ₹16/kg = ₹1920

Total C.P. = ₹3000

Profit $\Rightarrow \frac{16}{100} \times 3000 = ₹480$

S.P. = C.P. + profit

= 3000 + 480 = ₹3480

S.P. per kg = $\frac{3480}{200} = ₹17.40/\text{kg}$

c. > ₹17.40/kg

Q2 A sells an article to B with a profit of 10%. B sells the article back to A at a loss of 10%. In this transaction:

Let CP was 100 for A

A sells article to B at 10% profit

$$CP \text{ for B} = 100 + 10\% \text{ of } 100 = 110$$

Now B sells it to A again with loss of 10%.

Now, CP for A this time = $110 - 10\% \text{ of } 110 = 99$

$$A \text{ makes profit} = 110 - 99 = 11$$

$$\% \text{ profit for A} = \frac{11 \times 100}{100} = 11\%$$

b. > A makes a profit of 11%.

Section-D

Q1 The average monthly income of P and Q is ₹ 5050
The average monthly income of Q and R is ₹ 6250
and the average monthly income of P and R is ₹ 5200
The monthly income of P is

$$\frac{P+Q}{2} = 5050 \Rightarrow P+Q = 10100$$

$$\frac{Q+R}{2} = 6250 \Rightarrow Q+R = 12500$$

$$\frac{P+Q}{2} = 10100$$

$$- \frac{Q+R}{2} = 12500$$

$$P-R = -2400$$

—(i)

$$\frac{P+R}{2} = 5200 \Rightarrow P+R = 10400 \text{ —(ii)}$$

from (i) & (ii)

$$2P = 8000$$

$$P = 4000$$

$$b \rightarrow 4000$$

Q2 A man covers 3 equal distances with speed 5 km/h, 10 km/h and 15 km/h. Then find its average speed

Since the distances are equal, we can take the average directly

$$\therefore \frac{5 + 10 + 15}{3} = \frac{30}{3} = 10 \text{ km/h}$$

$$c \rightarrow 10 \text{ km/h}$$