Visvesvaraya Technological University Belgaum, Karnataka- 590014



A Mini Project Report On "Pharmacy Drug Management"

BACHELOR OF ENGINEERING In INFORMATION SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING

Submitted by

Ayush Sharma (1DS19IS028)

Hrut Gor (1DS19IS046)

Under the Guidance of

Mrs. Bhavani K Asst. Professor, Dept. of ISE **Mrs. Krupashankari S S**Asst. Professor, Dept. of ISE



DEPARTMENT OF INFORMATION SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING DAYANANDA SAGAR COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING

SHAVIGE MALLESHWARA HILLS, KUMARASWAMY LAYOUT, BANGALORE-78

DAYANANDA SAGAR COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING

Shavige Malleshwara Hills, Kumaraswamy Layout Bangalore-560078

Department of Information Science and Engineering ACCREDITED BY NBA



2021-2022

Certificate

This is to certify that the Project Work entitled "Pharmacy Drug Management" is a bonafide work carried out by Ayush Sharma (1DS19IS028), and Hrut Gor (1DS19IS046) in partial fulfillment for the 5th semester Bachelor of Engineering in Information Science & Engineering of the Visvesvaraya Technological University, Belgaum during the year 2021 - 2022. The Project Report has been approved as it satisfies the academics prescribed for the Bachelor of Engineering degree.

Signature of Guide1 [Mrs. Bhavani K]

Signature of Guide2
[Mrs. Krupashankari S S]

Signature of HOD [Dr. Udaya Kumar Reddy K R]

Name of the Examiners

Signature with Date

1.

2.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

It is great pleasure for us to acknowledge the assistance and support of a large number of individuals who have been responsible for the successful completion of this project.

We take this opportunity to express our sincere gratitude to **Dayananda Sagar College of Engineering** for having provided us with a great opportunity to pursue our Bachelor Degree in this institution.

In particular we would like to thank **Dr. C. P. S Prakash**, Principal, Dayananda Sagar College of Engineering for his constant encouragement and advice.

Special thanks to **Dr. Udaya Kumar Reddy K R,** HOD & Vice Principal, Department of Information Science & Engineering, Dayananda Sagar College of Engineering for his motivation and invaluable support well through the development of this project.

We are highly indebted to our internal guide **Mrs. Bhavani K & Mrs. Krupashankari S S,** Asst. Professor, Department of Information Science & Engineering, Dayananda Sagar College of Engineering for their constant support and guidance. They have been a great source of support throughout the course of this project.

Finally, we gratefully acknowledge the support of our families during the completion of the project.

Ayush Sharma (1DS19IS028)

Hrut Gor (1DS19IS046)

ABSTRACT

Nowadays, Pharmacy management system is one of the most essential tools that are mostly used in medical store. It is mostly used to manage pharmacy related activities such as medical inventory, record keeping, sales management as well as managing the drug stock and information of the expired medicines. Many pharmacies are still operating manually and need an assistant to check the expiry dates of all medicines.

In this project, we tried to develop a computerized and web based pharmacy management system. Our main intention is to allow this application to be used in most retailing pharmacies as well as customers to order medicines online.

There has been seen a drastic increase in the online orders for medicines to customer's door-step due to Covid-19 situation. These also has increased the number of medicines required by patients which in turn benefits the pharmacist. We provide a platform for both of them i.e. to buy and sell medicines on our platform with shorter delivery time with contactless payment.

CONTENTS

1. INTRODUCTION	
1.1 Background	
1.2 Database System Requirements	
2. E R DIAGRAM AND RELATIONAL SCHEMA DIAGRAM	7
2.1 ER Diagram and description	
2.2 Relational Schema Diagram	
2.2.1 Schema	
2.2.2 General constraints	
2.2.3 Schema Description	
3. SYSTEM DESIGN	10
3.1 Table Description	
4. IMPLEMENTATION	11
4.1Front-end Development	
4.1.1 Hyper Text Markup Language	
4.1.2 Cascading Style Sheet	
4.2 Back-end Development	
4.2.1 Back end Language- PHP	
4.2.2 Web Server- APACHE	
4.2.3 Database- MySQL	
4.3 Insertion of records in the database	
4.4 Normalization	
4.4.1 First Normal Form (1NF)	
4.4.2 Second Normal Form (2NF)	
4.4.3 Third Normal Form (3NF)	
5. STORED PROCEDURE	12
6. TRIGGERS	12
7. DISCUSSION OF CODE SEGMENT	.13
8. RESULTS / SNAPSHOTS	14
9. CONCLUSION & FUTURE SCOPE	
0. REFERENCES	19

1) INTRODUCTION

This project is concerned about developing a Pharmacy Drug Management System that will be used for retail, wholesale as well as customers. The purpose of this project is to manage all data derived for a pharmacy and ease of customers to order and get medicine as soon as possible in this pandemic situation.

1.1 Background

Pharmacy Management System is a system that consists of data entry, retrieval and monitoring stock, sale, customer record, order details to the customer. String searching technique is also applied in this system. This system enables the seller to control and monitor the stocks effectively. The customer can order a particular medicine or drug from a particular seller. The date and time of the order is triggered as soon as the place order button is clicked. 'getsellerorder' and 'getorder' are the two stored procedures used in the project.

Due to size and quantity of the pharmacy, it has a very large seller and customer base. The number of customers is quickly increasing due to the increase in demand of drugs in many areas. The pharmacist(seller) has to ensure satisfaction in services to keep their records effectively at a reasonable time.

1.2 Database System Requirements

The program works on desktop PC and is executed using PHP 5 interface which interacts with a MySQL database running on localhost.

1) Functional Requirements

A description of the facility or feature required. Functional requirements deal with what the system should do or provide for users. They include description of the required functions, outlines of associated reports or online queries, and details of data to be held in the system.

Interface Requirements:

- The system shall provide an option to order medicine and edit its quantity
- The system shall provide an option to add stock by a vendor
- The system should give option for login for vendors as well as customers
- The system shall provide option to see available sellers for a particular medicine

2) Non – Functional Requirements

Non-functional requirements define the overall qualities or attributes of the resulting system.

Usability: Usability is the ease with which a user can learn to operate the online examination system and get results.

Security: Security requirements are included in a system to ensure

- All questions and users are well secured
- SQL injection is prevented

Reliability: Reliability is the ability of a system to perform its required functions under stated conditions for a specific period of time.

Constraints on the run-time behavior of the system can be considered under two separate headings:

- Availability: is the system available for service when requested by end-users.
- Failure rate: how often does the system fail to deliver the service as expected by end-users.

o **SOFTWARE REQUIREMENTS**

Programming language : JSP, MYSQL, HTML, CSS, JSP

Operating system : ANY OS (Recommended: Windows 10)

Application required : Java Eclipse IDE, MySQL Server,

Apache Tomcat 8.5

HARDWARE REQUIREMENTS

CPU: 2.7 GHz

Memory (Primary) : 2 GB or above

Hard Disk : 128 or above

Monitor : 15 VGA color

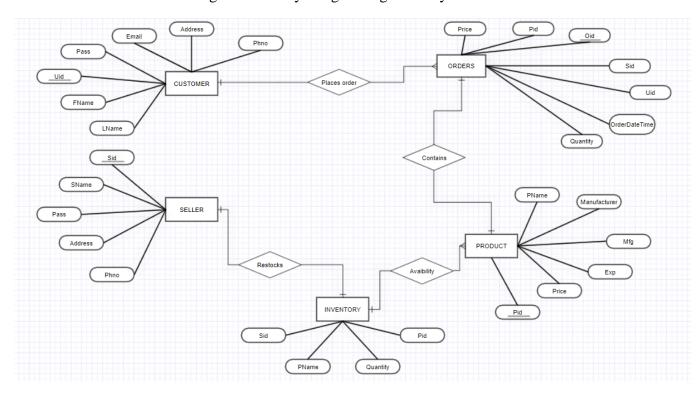
2) E R DIAGRAM AND RELATIONAL SCHEMA DIAGRAM

2.1 ER Diagram And Description

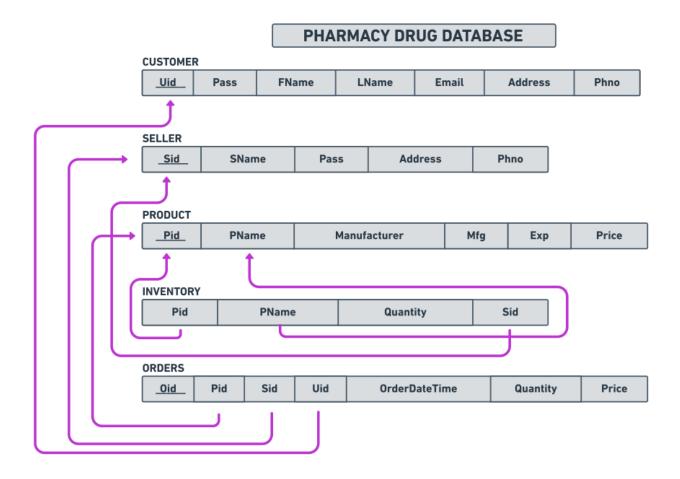
An entity relationship model, also called an entity-relationship (ER) diagram, is a graphical representation of entities and their relationships to each other, typically used in computing in regard to the organization of data within databases or information systems. An entity is a piece of data-an object or concept about which data is stored.

The cardinality or fundamental principle of one data aspect with respect to another is a critical feature. The relationship of one to the other must be precise and exact between each other in order to explain how each aspect links together. In simple words Cardinality is a way to define the relationship between two entities.

The ER diagram below shows the relationship between the many tables that exist in the database for the functioning of Pharmacy Drug Management System.



2.2 Relational Schema Diagram 2.2.1) SCHEMA DIAGRAM:



2.2.2) GENERAL CONSTRAINTS

Following are some of the most commonly used constraints available in SQL:

- NOT NULL Constraint Ensures that a column cannot have NULL value.
- <u>DEFAULT Constraint</u> Provides a default value for a column when none is specified.
- <u>UNIQUE Constraint</u> Ensures that all values in a column are different.
- PRIMARY Key Uniquely identifies each row/record in a database table.
- FOREIGN Key Uniquely identifies a row/record in any of the given database table.
- <u>CHECK Constraint</u> The CHECK constraint ensures that all the values in a column satisfies certain conditions.

• INDEX – Used to create and retrieve data from the database very quickly

8 | Page ISE | DSCE

Constraints can be specified when a table is created with the CREATE TABLE statement or you can use the ALTER TABLE statement to create constraints even after the table is created.

Constraints used in Pharmacy Drug Management System are:

- Primary Key
- Foreign Key
- Unique Key
- Default NULL
- Not NULL

2.2.3) SCHEMA DESCRIPTION

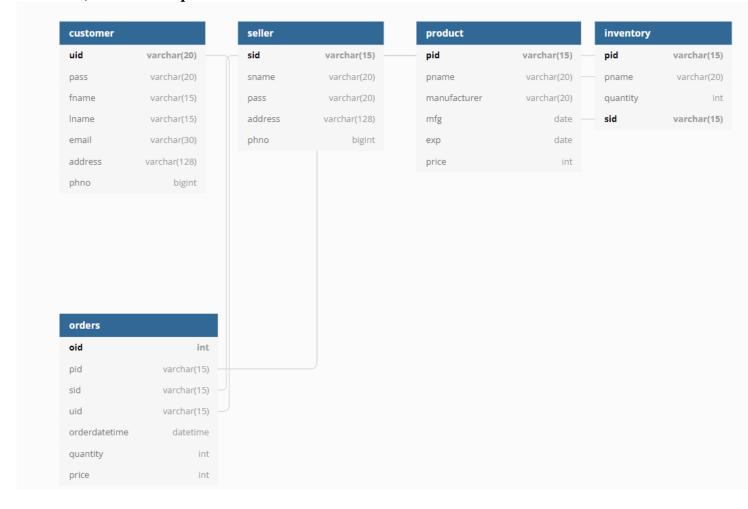
In any data model it is important to distinguish between the description of the database and the database itself. The description of a database is called the database schema, which is specified during database design and is not expected to change frequently.

A displayed schema is called a schema diagram. A schema diagram displays only some aspects of a schema, such as the names of record types and data items, and some types of constraints.

9 | Page ISE | DSCE

3) SYSTEM DESIGN:

3.1) Table Description



4) IMPLEMENTATION

4.1) Front-end Development

4.4.1) Hyper Text Markup Language

Hypertext Markup Language is the standard markup language for documents designed to be displayed in a web browser. It can be assisted by technologies such as Cascading Style Sheets and scripting languages such as JavaScript.

4.4.2) Cascading Style Sheet

Cascading Style Sheets is a style sheet language used for describing the presentation of a document written in a markup language like HTML. CSS is a cornerstone technology of the World Wide Web, alongside HTML and JavaScript. Functional Modules

4.2) Back-end Development

4.2.1) Back-end Language

Java Server Page (**JSP**) is a collection of technologies that helps software develop create dynamically generated web pages based on HTML, XML, SOAP or other document types.

4.2.2) Web Server

Apache Tomcat is a free and open-source implementation of the Jakarta Servlet, Jakarta Expression Language, and WebSocket technologies. Tomcat provides a "pure Java" HTTP web server environment in which Java code can run.

4.2.3) Database

MySQL is an open-source relational database management system. It deploys cloud-native applications . It can be used to store anything from a single record of information to an entire inventory of available products for an online store.

5) STORED PROCEDURES

The stored procedure is SQL statements wrapped within the CREATE PROCEDURE statement. The stored procedure may contain a conditional statement like IF or CASE or the Loops. The stored procedure can also execute another stored procedure or a function that modularizes the code.

```
CREATE PROCEDURE getsellerorders(IN param1 VARCHAR(20))
BEGIN
SELECT * FROM orders where sid=param1;

CREATE PROCEDURE getorders
(IN param1 VARCHAR(20))
BEGIN
SELECT * FROM orders WHERE uid=param1;
```

6) TRIGGERS

A trigger is a stored procedure in database which automatically invokes whenever a special event in the database occurs.

In our project:

```
1) CREATE TRIGGER updatetime BEFORE INSERT ON orders FOR EACH ROW BEGIN

SET NEW.orderdatetime = NOW();

END
```

2) CREATE TRIGGER inventorytrigger AFTER INSERT ON orders FOR EACH ROW begin

```
DECLARE quty int;
DECLARE productid varchar(20);
SELECT pid INTO productid
FROM orders
ORDER BY oid DESC
LIMIT 1:
```

SELECT quantity INTO qnty FROM orders ORDER BY oid DESC LIMIT 1;

UPDATE inventory SET quantity=quantity-qnty WHERE pid=productid; END

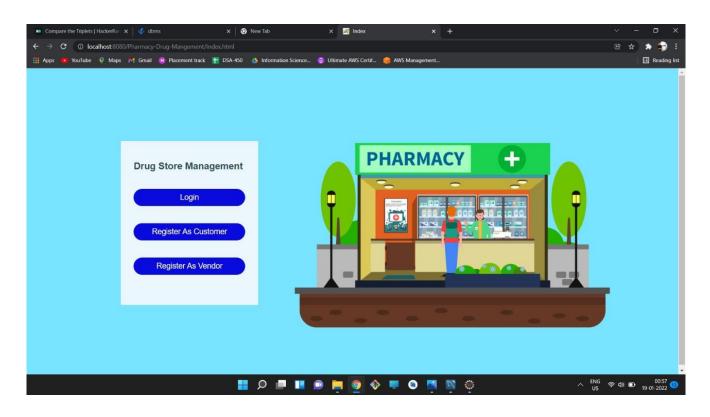
12 | P a g e

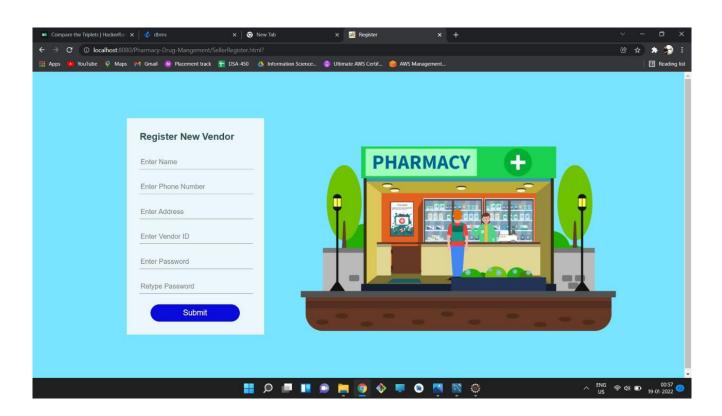
7) DISCUSSION OF CODE SEGMENT

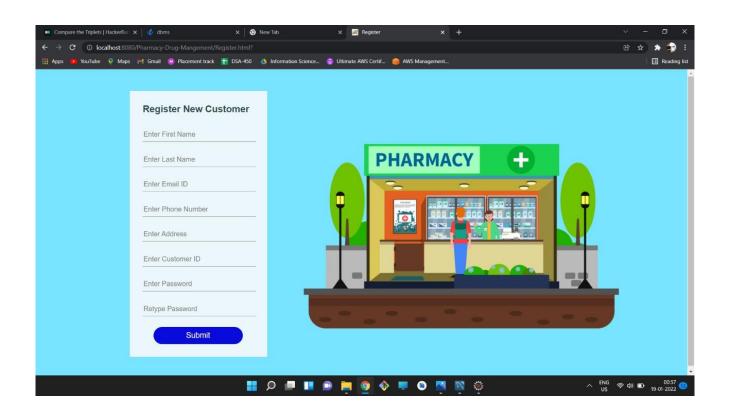
The whole project development was divided into two parts, the front-end development and the backend development. The front-end development was creating the Pharmacy website with user-friendly interface. The backend development was to access the database stored on the server side as well as client side and updating the same. In this project, MySQL is used as the backend database. We have used HTML, CSS, JavaScript, Bootstrap for the front-end implementation. Next, JSP is used as server scripting language to access the database and update it.

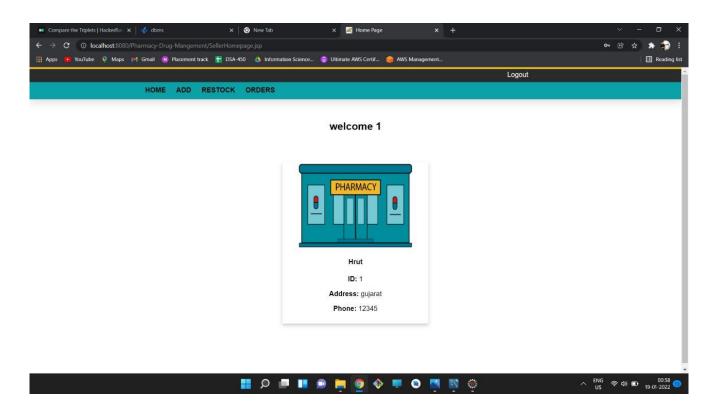
The project is run on a local machine with the help of Apache Tomcat server which is accessed using Eclipse IDE . The database is accessed and updated using the MySQL queries .The MySQL queries used to implement the project include SELECT, INSERT, DELETE, UPDATE and JOIN.

8) SNAPSHOTS



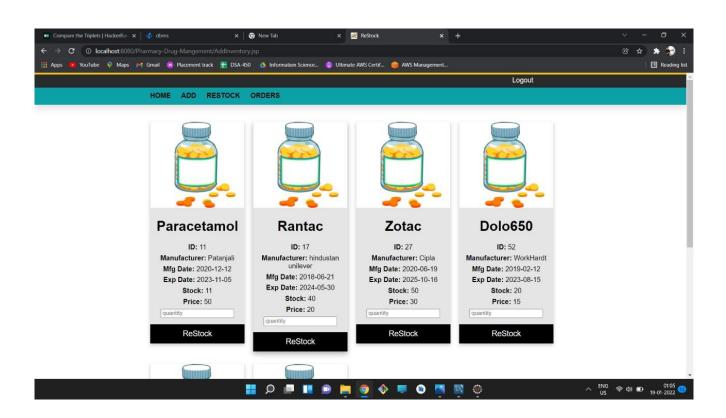


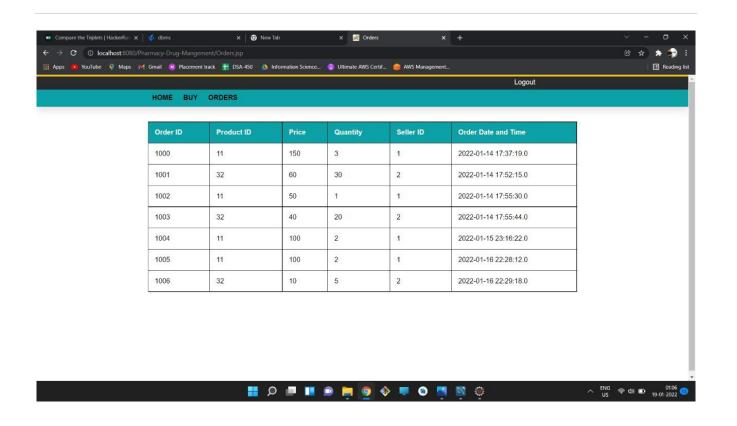


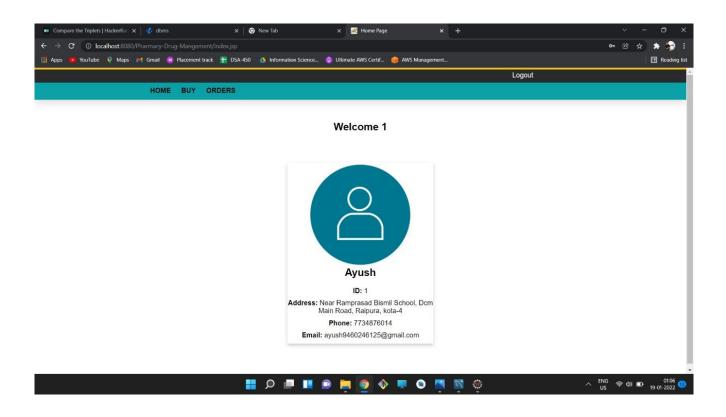


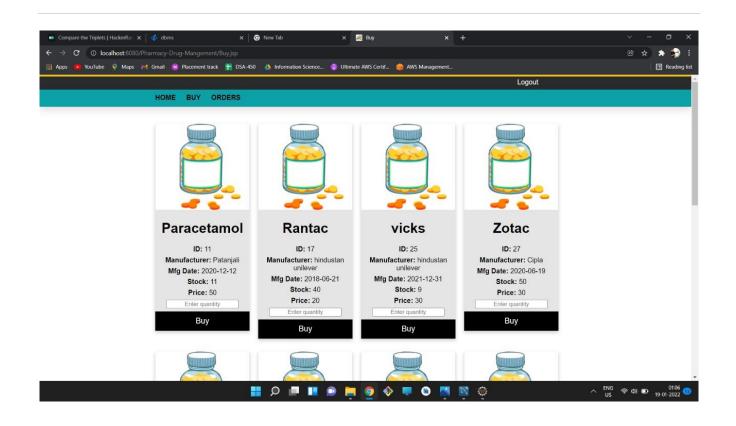
15 | Page ISE | DSCE

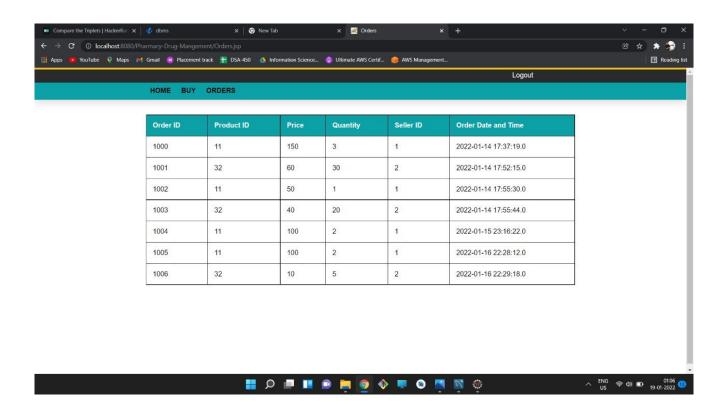
6				
■ Compare the Triplets HackerRan × dbms	X O New Tab	× 🧸 Add Product		v - 0 x
← → C				® ☆ ≯ 😭 :
## Apps SouTube Naps Maps Maps Placement track	DSA-450 🙆 Information Science	e 🐧 Ultimate AWS Certif 🍘 AWS M	anagement	Reading list
				Logout
HOME ADD RES	TOCK ORDERS			
Add product				
Enter Product Nam	е	Quant	ity	
Enter Product ID		Price		
Enter Manufacture	Name			
			Add	
Enter Manufacture	Date			
YYYY-MM-DD				
Enter Expiry Date				
YYYY-MM-DD				
	!! 👂 🗗 !!	🗩 📜 🧿 💠 💻 (o 📓 🔯 💩	











9) CONCLUSION AND FUTURE SCOPE

CONCLUSION:

The Pharmacy Management System provides better functionality for Vendors and Customers to be more efficient and beneficial to customers.

SCOPE OF ENHANCEMENT:

There are also few features which can be integrated with the system to make it more flexible.

Below list shows the future points to be considered:

- Assured delivery within 45-min
- Automatic re-order for medicines which a customer wants it on regular basis such as Blood Pressure and Diabetes problem medicines
- Vendor is notified if the stock goes below a certain number
- Accounting for debtors or those who pay their bills on monthly basis

10) REFERENCES

WEBSITES

- 1. www.stackoverflow.com
- 2. www.youtube.com
- 3. https://www.php.net
- 4. www.google.com
- 5. https://www.w3schools.com

THANK YOU