GitLab CI/CD Pipeline for Terraform Infrastructure Management

Overview

The pipeline manages the full lifecycle of Terraform infrastructure:

- Validation of configuration
- Planning infrastructure changes
- Applying changes
- Destroying resources when needed

Each stage is executed in an isolated GitLab CI job with secure AWS credentials and Terraform backend configured on S3.

Pre-requisites

1. AWS Resources

- An **S3 bucket** for remote Terraform state (must be globally unique)
- (Optional) Enable **versioning** on the bucket to track tfstate changes
- IAM user with appropriate permissions:
 - o s3:* on the Terraform bucket
 - o EC2, VPC, IAM, etc., permissions as per the infra

2. GitLab Configuration

- GitLab Runner: Use a shell or Docker runner with internet access
- CI/CD Variables:

```
AWS_ACCESS_KEY_IDAWS_SECRET_ACCESS_KEYAWS_DEFAULT_REGION (e.g., ap-south-1)
```

Terraform Configuration

```
terraform {
  backend "s3" {
   bucket = "your-terraform-bucket"
   key = "Gitlab/terraform.tfstate"
  region = "ap-south-1"
```

```
}
}
``:
provider "aws" {
  region = "ap-south-1"
resource "aws_instance" "web" {
                = "ami-0abcdef1234567890" # Update with region-specific AMI
  instance_type = "t2.micro"
  tags = {
    Name = "GitLab-TF-Demo"
  }
}
GitLab CI/CD Pipeline: .gitlab-ci.yml
stages:
  - validate
  plan
  apply
  - destroy
image:
  name: hashicorp/terraform:light
  entrypoint:
    - '/usr/bin/env'
    - 'PATH=/usr/local/sbin:/usr/local/bin:/usr/sbin:/usr/bin:/sbin:/bin'
before script:
  - export AWS_ACCESS_KEY_ID=${AWS_ACCESS_KEY_ID}
  export AWS_SECRET_ACCESS_KEY=${AWS_SECRET_ACCESS_KEY}
  - export AWS_DEFAULT_REGION=${AWS_DEFAULT_REGION:-ap-south-1}
validate:
  stage: validate
  script:
    - terraform init
    - terraform validate
plan:
  stage: plan
  script:
    - terraform init
    - terraform plan -out=tfplan
```

artifacts:

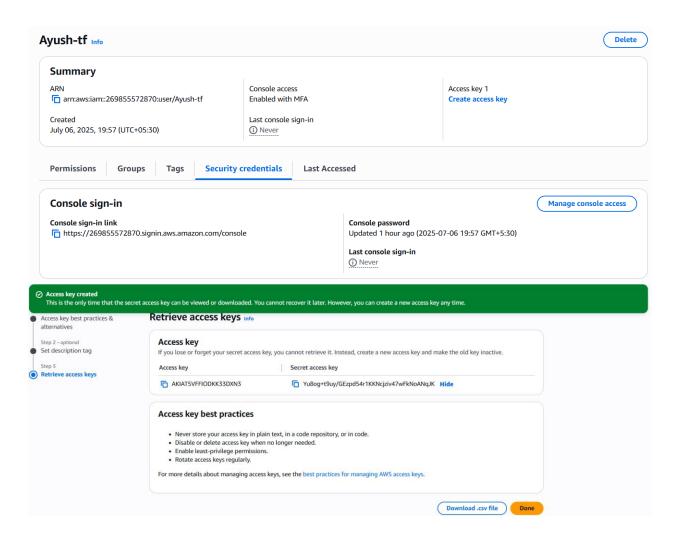
```
paths:
      - tfplan
    expire_in: 1 hour
apply:
  stage: apply
  script:
    - terraform init
      if terraform apply -auto-approve tfplan; then
        echo "Applied tfplan successfully."
      else
        echo "tfplan is stale. Re-planning and applying fresh."
        terraform plan -out=tfplan
        terraform apply -auto-approve tfplan
      fi
  dependencies:
    - plan
destroy:
  stage: destroy
  script:
    - terraform init
    - terraform destroy -auto-approve
  when: manual
  dependencies:
    - apply
```

Security Best Practices

- Do **not** hardcode AWS keys in Terraform files or pipeline YAML
- Use GitLab CI/CD Variables and mark secrets as "Masked"
- Rotate access keys periodically
- Use IAM least privilege policies for Cl users

Conclusion

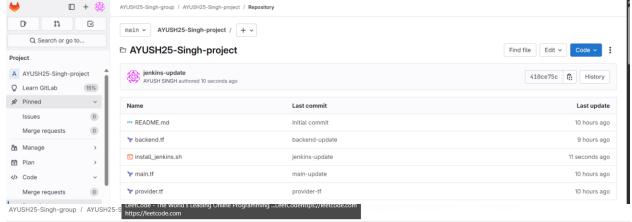
This GitLab CI/CD setup ensures safe and automated Terraform workflows with clear separation of plan, apply, and destroy stages. It leverages AWS S3 for secure remote state and GitLab's pipeline capabilities for scalable, repeatable infrastructure management.





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Username or primary email **Password** Forgot your password? Remember me Sign in By signing in you accept the Terms of Use and acknowledge the Privacy Statement and Cookie Policy. Don't have an account yet? Register now or sign in with **G** Google Sign in with Google Bitbucket Salesforce Remember me General purpose buckets Directory buckets C Copy ARN Empty General purpose buckets (1) Info All AWS Regions Delete Create bucket Buckets are containers for data stored in S3. Q Find buckets by name 〈 1 〉 象 ▲ AWS Region ▼ IAM Access Analyzer gitlab-terraform-state-123456 Asia Pacific (Mumbai) ap-south-1 View analyzer for ap-south-1 July 6, 2025, 22:03:37 (UTC+05:30)



> Runners

Runners are processes that pick up and execute CI/CD jobs for GitLab. What is GitLab Runner?

> Artifacts

A job artifact is an archive of files and directories saved by a job when it finishes.

> Variables

Variables store information that you can use in job scripts. Each project can define a maximum of 8000 variables. Learn more.

> Pipeline trigger tokens

Trigger a pipeline for a branch or tag by generating a trigger token and using it with an API call. The token impersonates a user's project access and permissions. Learn more.

> Deploy freezes

Add a freeze period to prevent unintended releases during a period of time for a given environment. You must update the deployment jobs in .gitlab-ci.yml according to the deploy freezes added here. Learn more. Specify deploy freezes using cron syntax.

> Job token permissions

Control which projects can use CI/CD job tokens to authenticate with this project.

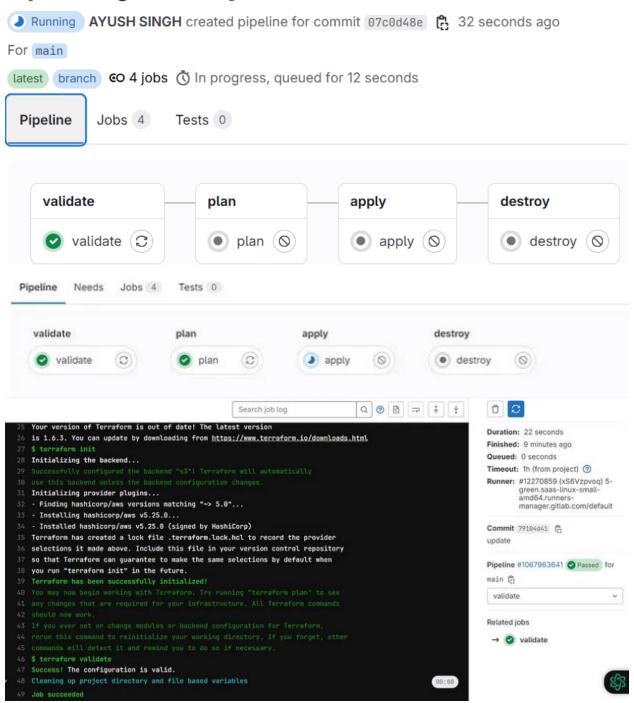
> Secure files

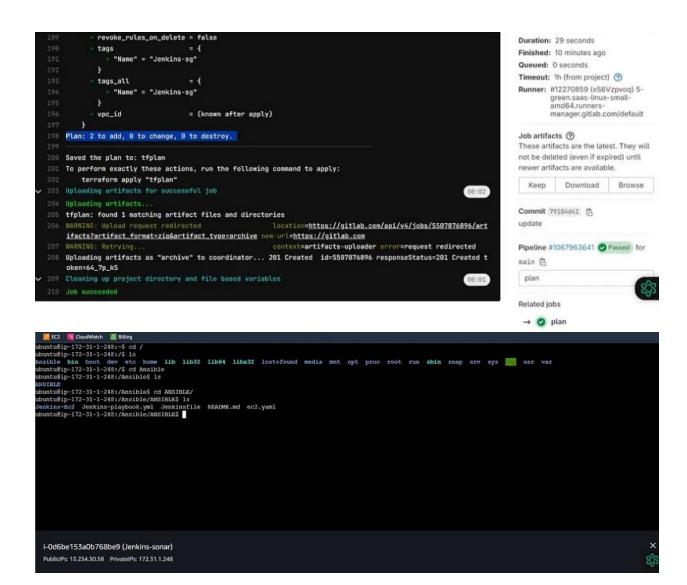
Use secure files to store files used by your pipelines such as Android keystores, or Apple provisioning profiles and signing certificates. Learn more **Project variables**

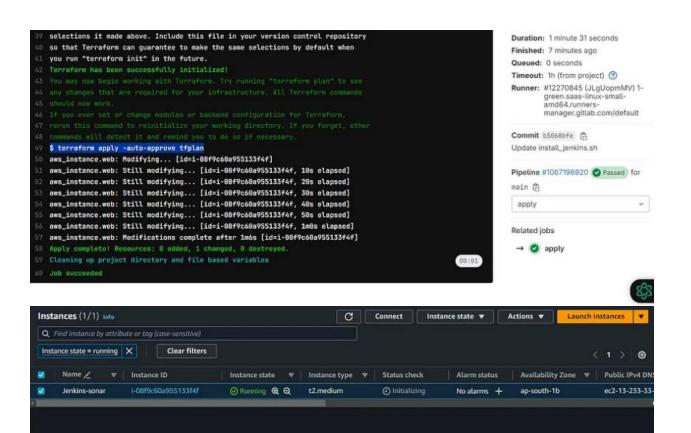
Variables can be accidentally exposed in a job log, or maliciously sent to a third party server. The masked variable feature can help reduce the risk of accidentally exposing variable values, but is not a guaranteed method to prevent malicious users from accessing variables. How can I make my variables more secure?

| CI/CD Variables 2 | | Reveal values | Add variable |
|---|---------|---------------------------------------|--------------|
| Key ↑ | Value | Environments | Actions |
| AWS_ACCESS_KEY_ID (2) Protected Masked Expanded | ••••• © | All (default) (C | ₽ Ū |
| AWS_SECRET_ACCESS_KEY (C) Protected Masked Expanded | ••••• 🗓 | All (default) $[^{\bullet}_{\Omega}]$ | Ø Ū |

Update .gitlab-ci.yml file







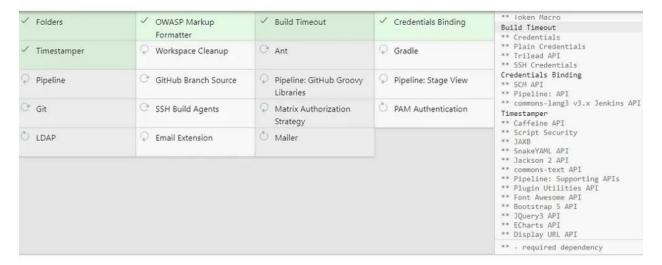
@ X

Instance: i-08f9c60a955133f4f (Jenkins-sonar)

| TASK [Update all packages to their latest version] ************************************ |
|--|
| changed: [localhost] TASK [Add Jenkins repo] ************************************ |
| changed: [localhost] TASK [Update all packages to their latest version] ************************************ |
| ok: [localhost] "ASK [Install fontconfig] ************************************ |
| changed: [localhost] VASK [Install java] |
| |
| changed: [localhost] |
| TASK [Install the Jenkins] ************************************ |
| ASK [Make sure a service unit is running] ************************************ |
| *LAY RECAP ************************************ |
| abuntu@ip-172-31-1-248:/var/log\$ [] |
| aws ::: Services Q Search [Alt+S] |
| EC2 CloudWatch 🚪 Billing |
| buntu@ip-172-31-1-248:/\$ sudo cat /var/lib/jenkins/secrets/initialAdminPassword 3d7e7f9f9c24e48a894737f2aa64265 buntu@ip-172-31-1-248:/\$ |

Getting Started

Getting Started



Jenkins 2.414.3

