9.2.35

AI25BTECH11002 - Ayush Sunil Labhade

Question: Sketch the region (x,0): $y = \sqrt{4-x^2}$ and x-axis. Find the area of the region using integration.

Solution:

Name	Value
Circle	$\mathbf{x}^{T}\mathbf{x} - 4 = 0$
Line	$\mathbf{x} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} + \kappa \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$

Table: Circle

The parameters for the circle are:

$$\mathbf{V} = \mathbf{I} \qquad \qquad \mathbf{u} = \mathbf{0} \qquad \qquad f = -4 \tag{1}$$

The parameters for the line are:

$$\mathbf{h} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \qquad \qquad \mathbf{m} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \tag{2}$$

Substituting these in the below equation to find the intersection points:

$$\kappa_i = \frac{1}{\mathbf{m}^{\top} \mathbf{V} \mathbf{m}} \left(-\mathbf{m}^{\top} (\mathbf{V} \mathbf{h} + \mathbf{u}) \pm \sqrt{\left[\mathbf{m}^{\top} (\mathbf{V} \mathbf{h} + \mathbf{u}) \right]^2 - g(\mathbf{h}) \left(\mathbf{m}^{\top} \mathbf{V} \mathbf{m} \right)} \right)$$
(3)

$$g(\mathbf{x}) = \mathbf{x}^{\mathsf{T}} \mathbf{x} - 4 \tag{4}$$

$$g(\mathbf{h}) = \mathbf{h}^{\mathsf{T}} \mathbf{h} - 4 \tag{5}$$

$$\kappa_i = -\mathbf{m}^{\mathsf{T}} \mathbf{h} \ \pm \ \sqrt{4 - \mathbf{h}^{\mathsf{T}} \mathbf{h}} \tag{6}$$

$$\kappa_i = 2, -2 \tag{7}$$

Therefore the points of intersection are:

$$\mathbf{P_1} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \qquad \qquad \mathbf{P_2} = \begin{pmatrix} -2 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \tag{8}$$

Thus the area of the region is:

$$2\int_{0}^{2} \sqrt{4 - x^2} \, dx = 2\pi \tag{9}$$

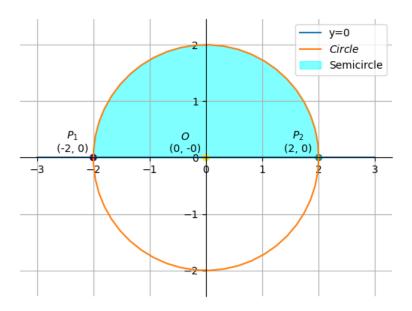


Fig : Circle