

IBM® Netezza® Analytics  
Release 3.3.5.0

*Python Analytic Executables API  
Reference*



Note: Before using this information and the product that it supports, read the information in "[Notices and Trademarks](#)" on page 40.

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# Preface

This guide provides an API reference for Python AE programmers.

## Audience for This Guide

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The *Python Analytic Executables API Reference* is written for programmers who intend to create Analytic Executables for IBM Netezza Analytics using the Python language. This guide does not provide a tutorial on AE concepts. More information about AEs can be found in the *User-Defined Analytic Process Developer's Guide*.

## Purpose of This Guide

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This guide describes the Python AE API, which is a language adapter provided as part of IBM Netezza Analytics. The Python AE API provides programmatic access to the AE interface for Python programmers.

## Conventions

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*Note on Terminology:* The terms User-Defined Analytic Process (UDAP) and Analytic Executable (AE) are synonymous.

The following conventions apply:

- ▶ *Italics* for emphasis on terms and user-defined values, such as user input.
- ▶ Upper case for SQL commands, for example, INSERT or DELETE.
- ▶ Bold for command line input, for example, **nzsystem stop**.
- ▶ Bold to denote parameter names, argument names, or other named references.
- ▶ Angle brackets ( < > ) to indicate a placeholder (variable) that should be replaced with actual text, for example, **nzmat <- nz.matrix("<matrix\_name>")**.
- ▶ A single backslash ("\") at the end of a line of code to denote a line continuation. Omit the backslash when using the code at the command line, in a SQL command, or in a file.
- ▶ When referencing a sequence of menu and submenu selections, the ">" character denotes the different menu options, for example *Menu Name > Submenu Name > Selection*.

## If You Need Help

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If you are having trouble using the IBM Netezza appliance, IBM Netezza Analytics or any of its components:

1. Retry the action, carefully following the instructions in the documentation.
2. Go to the IBM Support Portal at <http://www.ibm.com/support>. Log in using your IBM ID and password. You can search the Support Portal for solutions. To submit a support request, click the 'Service Requests & PMRs' tab.
3. If you have an active service contract maintenance agreement with IBM, you can contact customer support teams via telephone. For individual countries, please visit the Technical

Support section of the IBM Directory of worldwide contacts

<http://www14.software.ibm.com/webapp/set2/sas/f/handbook/contacts.html#phone>.

## Comments on the Documentation

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We welcome any questions, comments, or suggestions that you have for the IBM Netezza documentation. Please send us an e-mail message at [netezza-doc@wwpdl.vnet.ibm.com](mailto:netezza-doc@wwpdl.vnet.ibm.com) and include the following information:

- ▶ The name and version of the manual that you are using
- ▶ Any comments that you have about the manual
- ▶ Your name, address, and phone number

We appreciate your comments.

# CHAPTER 1

## Class Documentation

### Ae Class Reference

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The primary AE interface.

#### General Member Functions

- ▶ `__init__(self)`  
The object constructor.
- ▶ `didClassRun(Class)`  
Determines if the class was run.
- ▶ `getRequestHandlingStyle(Class)`  
Gets the request handling style.
- ▶ `run(Class)`  
Runs the AE Class.
- ▶ `close(self)`  
Optional.
- ▶ `done(self)`  
Optional.
- ▶ `isLocal(Class)`  
Determines if this is a local AE.
- ▶ `isRemote(Class)`  
Determines if this is a remote AE.
- ▶ `isAggregateAe(self)`  
Determines if this is an aggregate AE.
- ▶ `isFunctionAe(self)`  
Determines if this is a function AE.

- ▶ `isShaperAe(self)`  
Determines if this is a shaper/sizer AE.
- ▶ `isUda(self)`  
Determines if this is an aggregate AE.
- ▶ `isUdf(self)`  
Determines if this is a UDF-based AE.
- ▶ `isUdfSizer(self)`  
Determines if this is a UDF sizer.
- ▶ `isUdtf(self)`  
Determines if this is a UDTF-based AE.
- ▶ `isUdtfShaper(self)`  
Determines if this is a UDTF shaper.
- ▶ `pingNps(self)`  
Call to notify the Netezza software that work is still being performed and the AE should not be terminated.

### Remote AE Member Functions

- ▶ `getConnectionPointName(Class)`  
Returns the connection point name for this AE.
- ▶ `getConnectionPointDatasliceId(Class)`  
Returns the connection point dataslice ID for this AE.
- ▶ `getConnectionPointSessionId(Class)`  
Returns the connection point session ID for this AE.
- ▶ `getConnectionPointTransactionId(Class)`  
Returns the connection point transaction ID for this AE.
- ▶ `setConnectionPointName(Class, connectionPointName)`  
Sets the connection point name for this AE.
- ▶ `setConnectionPointDatasliceId(Class, datasliceId)`  
Sets the connection point dataslice ID for this AE.
- ▶ `setConnectionPointSessionId(Class, sessionId)`  
Sets the connection point session ID for this AE.
- ▶ `setConnectionPointTransactionId(Class, transactionId)`  
Sets the connection point transaction ID for this AE.

### Metadata Member Functions

- ▶ `describe(self)`  
Returns a string representation of the metadata.
- ▶ `getDataTypeName(self, dataType)`  
Gets the name of a specified data type.



- ▶ `getInputTypes(self)`  
Gets a list of input data types.
- ▶ `getNumberOfInputColumns(self)`  
Gets the number of input columns.
- ▶ `getNumberOfOutputColumns(self)`  
Gets the number of output columns.
- ▶ `getInputPrecision(self, columnIndex)`  
Gets the precision of an input numeric.
- ▶ `getInputScale(self, columnIndex)`  
Gets the scale of an input numeric.
- ▶ `getInputSize(self, columnIndex)`  
Gets the size of an input string.
- ▶ `getInputType(self, columnIndex)`  
Gets the data type of an input.
- ▶ `getOutputPrecision(self, columnIndex)`  
Gets the precision of an output numeric.
- ▶ `getOutputScale(self, columnIndex)`  
Gets the scale of an output numeric.
- ▶ `getOutputSize(self, columnIndex)`  
Gets the size of an output string.
- ▶ `getOutputType(self, columnIndex)`  
Gets the data type of an output.
- ▶ `getUdfReturnType(self)`  
Gets the return data type for a UDF.
- ▶ `isCalledWithOrderByClause(self)`  
Determines if the function was called with an ORDER BY clause.
- ▶ `isCalledWithOverClause(self)`  
Determines if the function was called with an OVER clause.
- ▶ `isCalledWithPartitionByClause(self)`  
Determines if the function was called with a PARTITION BY clause.
- ▶ `isDataInnerCorrelated(self)`  
Determines if the function data is inner-correlated.
- ▶ `isDataLeftCorrelated(self)`  
Determines if the function data is left-correlated.
- ▶ `isDataUncorrelated(self)`  
Determines if the function data is uncorrelated.

## Run-Time Member Functions

- ▶ `getCurrentUsername(self)`  
Gets the database username of the current AE being run.

- ▶ `getDataliceId(self)`  
Determines the ID of the dataslice being serviced by the AE.
- ▶ `getHardwareId(self)`  
Determines the ID of the hardware on which the AE is running.
- ▶ `getLogMask(self)`  
Gets the log mask that the AE is running on.
- ▶ `getNumberOfDataSlices(self)`  
Gets the number of dataslices that are running on the Netezza appliance.
- ▶ `getNumberOfSpus(self)`  
Gets the number of SPUs running on the Netezza appliance.
- ▶ `getSuggestedMemoryLimit(self)`  
Gets the suggested memory limit for this AE.
- ▶ `getSessionId(self)`  
Gets the session ID associated with this AE.
- ▶ `getTransactionId(self)`  
Gets the transaction ID associated with this AE.
- ▶ `isAUserQuery(self)`  
Determines if the AE is handling a user query.
- ▶ `isLoggingEnabled(self)`  
Determines if logging is enabled.
- ▶ `isRunningInPostgres(self)`  
Determines if this AE is running in Postgres.
- ▶ `isRunningInDbos(self)`  
Determines if this AE is running in DBOS.
- ▶ `isRunningOnSpu(self)`  
Determines if this AE is running on the SPU.
- ▶ `isRunningOnHost(self)`  
Determines if this AE is running on the host.

### Shared Library Member Functions

- ▶ `getSharedLibraryPath(self, libraryName, caseSensitive=True)`  
Gets the path to a shared library.
- ▶ `yieldSharedLibraries(self, forProcess=False)`  
Returns a generator that yields a shared library name and the corresponding full path for each shared library entry.

### Environment Member Functions

- ▶ `getEnvironment(self)`  
Returns a dict containing the entire environment.

- ▶ `getEnvironmentVariable(self, variableName, defaultValue)`  
Gets the value of an entry in the environment.

## Error Handling Member Functions

- ▶ `userError(self, errorString)`  
Ends the query and sends the user an error message.

## Logging Member Functions

- ▶ `getLogFilePath(self)`  
Gets the log file path.
- ▶ `log(self, text, logLevel=None)`  
Log a message to the AE log file and optionally to stderr and/or the Python AE log.

## Input Fetching Member Functions

- ▶ `__iter__(self)`  
Yield rows of data.
- ▶ `getInputRow(self)`  
Returns a list containing the elements of the current input row.
- ▶ `getInputValue(self, columnIndex)`  
Returns the value of the current input at a specified column index.
- ▶ `getInputString(self, columnIndex)`  
Returns the String value of the current input at a specified column index.
- ▶ `getNext(self)`  
Loads the next input row into memory.

## Row Outputting Member Functions

- ▶ `outputCurrentRow(self)`  
Outputs the current row.
- ▶ `outputInputColumn(self, inputColumnIndex, outputColumnIndex)`  
Copies an input field into an output field.

## Aggregate Member Functions

- ▶ `getState(self, columnIndex=None)`  
Gets a list containing the current state.
- ▶ `getInputState(self, columnIndex=None)`  
Gets a list containing the input state, that is, the state to merge.
- ▶ `setState(self, indexOrState, state)`  
Sets the current state.
- ▶ `getNumberOfStateColumns(self)`  
Gets the number of columns in the state.
- ▶ `getStateDataType(self, columnIndex)`

Gets the data type of a field of state at the specified column index.

- ▶ `getStatePrecision(self, columnIndex)`  
Gets the precision of a field of state at the specified column index.
- ▶ `getStateScale(self, columnIndex)`  
Gets the scale of a field of state at the specified column index.
- ▶ `getStateSize(self, columnIndex)`  
Gets the size of a field of state at the specified column index.

## Shaper/Sizer Member Functions

- ▶ `addOutputColumn(self, columnName, dataType)`  
Add an output column.
- ▶ `addOutputColumnNumeric(self, columnName, dataType, precision, scale)`  
Add a numeric output column.
- ▶ `addOutputColumnString(self, columnName, dataType, size)`  
Add a string output column.
- ▶ `isInputValueAvailable(self, columnIndex)`  
Determines if an input value is available for a shaper/sizer.
- ▶ `isShaperSystemCatalogUpperCase(self)`  
Determines if the Netezza system catalog is upper case.
- ▶ `isUdfSizer(self)`  
Determines if the AE is a sizer for a UDF.
- ▶ `isUdtfShaper(self)`  
Determines if the AE is a shaper for a UDTF.

## Static Public Attributes

- ▶ `STRING_DATA_TYPES`  
String Data Types.
- ▶ `INTEGER_DATA_TYPES`  
Integer Data Types.
- ▶ `NUMERIC_DATA_TYPES`  
Numeric Data Types.
- ▶ `REQUEST_HANDLING_STYLE__USE_THREADS`  
Use threads.
- ▶ `REQUEST_HANDLING_STYLE__FORK`  
Fork.
- ▶ `REQUEST_HANDLING_STYLE__SINGLE_THREADED`  
Single-threaded.
- ▶ `DEFAULT_REQUEST_HANDLING_STYLE`  
The default handling style defaults to use-threads.

- ▶ `CONNECTION_POINT_NAME`
- ▶ `DATA_TYPE__UNKNOWN`  
Unknown data type.
- ▶ `DATA_TYPE__FIXED`  
Fixed (CHAR) data type.
- ▶ `DATA_TYPE__VARIABLE`  
Variable (VARCHAR) data type.
- ▶ `DATA_TYPE__NATIONAL_FIXED`  
National Fixed data type.
- ▶ `DATA_TYPE__NATIONAL_VARIABLE`  
National Variable data type.
- ▶ `DATA_TYPE__BOOLEAN`  
Boolean data type.
- ▶ `DATA_TYPE__DATE`  
Date data type.
- ▶ `DATA_TYPE__TIME`  
Time data type.
- ▶ `DATA_TYPE__TIMETZ`  
Time Zone data type.
- ▶ `DATA_TYPE__NUMERIC32`  
Numeric 32 data type.
- ▶ `DATA_TYPE__NUMERIC64`  
Numeric 64 data type.
- ▶ `DATA_TYPE__NUMERIC128`  
Numeric 128 data type.
- ▶ `DATA_TYPE__FLOAT`  
Float data type.
- ▶ `DATA_TYPE__DOUBLE`  
Double data type.
- ▶ `DATA_TYPE__INTERVAL`  
Interval data type.
- ▶ `DATA_TYPE__INT8`  
Int 8-bit data type.
- ▶ `DATA_TYPE__INT16`  
Int 16-bit data type.
- ▶ `DATA_TYPE__INT32`  
Int 32-bit data type.
- ▶ `DATA_TYPE__INT64`  
Int 64-bit data type.
- ▶ `DATA_TYPE__TIMESTAMP`  
Timestamp data type.

- ▶ `DATA_TYPE__GEOMETRY`  
Geometry data type.
- ▶ `DATA_TYPE__VARBINARY`  
Varbinary data type.
- ▶ `AGGREGATION_TYPE__ERROR`  
Error state.
- ▶ `AGGREGATION_TYPE__END`  
End of aggregation state.
- ▶ `AGGREGATION_TYPE__INITIALIZE`  
Initialize state aggregation state.
- ▶ `AGGREGATION_TYPE__ACCUMULATE`  
Accumulate aggregation state.
- ▶ `AGGREGATION_TYPE__MERGE`  
Merge aggregation state.
- ▶ `AGGREGATION_TYPE__FINAL_RESULT`  
Final result aggregation state.
- ▶ `LOG_LEVEL__TRACE`  
Log level: Trace.
- ▶ `LOG_LEVEL__DEBUG`  
Log level: Debug.
- ▶ `CONNECTION_POINT_NAME`  
Override this member variable to set or override the connection point name.

## Overridable Member Functions

- ▶ `_accumulate(self, state, row)`  
Override this function to handle the accumulate process state of aggregates.
- ▶ `_cleanUp(self)`  
Override this function for one-time cleanup of the AE.
- ▶ `_finalResult(self, state)`  
Override this function to handle the Finalize processing state for aggregates.
- ▶ `_getFunctionResult(self, row)`  
Override this to implement UDF or UDTF functionality where there is exactly one output per input.
- ▶ `_getRemoteProtocolStatus(Class)`  
Override this function to provide a different status string to the remote protocol status callback.
- ▶ `_handleRemoteProtocol(Class, code, data)`  
Override this function to handle generic remote protocol functionality.
- ▶ `_handleRemoteProtocolControlData(Class, data)`

Override this function to handle generic remote protocol control data.

- ▶ `_handleRemoteProtocolRequest(Class, request)`  
Override this function to handle generic remote protocol requests.
- ▶ `_handleRemoteProtocolStopCommand(Class)`  
Override this function to handle the remote protocol stop command in a non-standard way.
- ▶ `_initializeState(self)`  
Override this function to handle the Initialize processing state for aggregates.
- ▶ `_merge(self, state, inputState)`  
Override this function to handle the Merge processing state for aggregates.
- ▶ `_onIdle(Class)`  
Override this function to handle idle time for remote AEs.
- ▶ `_run(self)`  
Override this function to handle generic running of AEs.
- ▶ `_runInstance(Class, instance)`  
Override this function to handle generic running of an AE instance.
- ▶ `_runLocal(Class)`  
Override this function to handle running only local AEs.
- ▶ `_runRemote(Class)`  
Override this function to handle how remote AEs are run.
- ▶ `_runShaper(self)`  
Override this function to handle running a shaper.
- ▶ `_runSizer(self)`  
Override this function to handle running a sizer.
- ▶ `_runUda(self)`  
Override this function to handle running an aggregate.
- ▶ `_runUdf(self)`  
Override this function to handle running a UDF.
- ▶ `_runUdtf(self)`  
Override this function to handle running a UDTF.
- ▶ `_setup(self)`  
Override this for one-time setup of the AE instance.

## Detailed Description

The primary AE interface.

## Public Member Function Documentation

- ▶ `__init__(self)`  
The object constructor.  
  
Calls the `_AeInternal` constructor; also tracks the number of instances of AEs that have been created.

► **didClassRun(Class)**

Determines if the class was run.

- ▲ Returns  
(boolean) TRUE if the class was run; FALSE otherwise.

► **getRequestHandlingStyle(Class)**

Gets the request handling style.

- ▲ Returns  
(REQUEST\_HANDLING\_STYLE) The request handling style.

This function returns either REQUEST\_HANDLING\_STYLE\_\_USE\_THREADS, REQUEST\_HANDLING\_STYLE\_\_FORK, or REQUEST\_HANDLING\_STYLE\_\_SINGLE\_THREADED based on the current request handling style.

► **run(Class)**

Runs the AE Class.

For local AEs, when a request is made, this function calls `_runLocal` on the AE Class. For remote AEs, when a request is made, it calls `_runRemote` on the AE class.

► **close(self)**

Optional.

Called when no more calls are to be made to the Netezza software.

► **done(self)**

Optional.

Called when no more output is to be written to the Netezza software.

► **isLocal(Class)**

Determines if this is a local AE.

- ▲ Returns  
(boolean) Returns TRUE if this is a local AE; FALSE otherwise.

► **isRemote(Class)**

Determines if this is a remote AE.

- ▲ Returns  
(boolean) Returns TRUE if this is a remote AE; FALSE otherwise.



- ▶ **isAggregateAe(self)**  
Determines if this is an aggregate AE.
  - ▲ Returns  
(boolean) Returns TRUE if this is an aggregate AE; FALSE otherwise.This returns the same value as isUda .
  
- ▶ **isFunctionAe(self)**  
Determines if this is a function AE.
  - ▲ Returns  
(boolean) Returns TRUE if this is a function AE; FALSE otherwise.
  
- ▶ **isShaperAe(self)**  
Determines if this is a shaper/sizer AE.
  - ▲ Returns  
(boolean) Returns TRUE if this is a shaper/sizer AE; FALSE otherwise.
  
- ▶ **isUda(self)**  
Determines if this is an aggregate AE.
  - ▲ Returns  
(boolean) Returns TRUE if this is an aggregate AE; FALSE otherwise.This returns the same value as isAggregateAe .
  
- ▶ **isUdf(self)**  
Determines if this is a UDF-based AE.
  - ▲ Returns  
(boolean) Returns TRUE if this is a UDF-based AE; FALSE otherwise.
  
- ▶ **isUdfSizer(self)**  
Determines if this is a UDF sizer.
  - ▲ Returns  
(boolean) Returns TRUE if this is a UDF sizer AE; FALSE otherwise.
  
- ▶ **isUdtf(self)**  
Determines if this is a UDTF-based AE.
  - ▲ Returns  
(boolean) Returns TRUE if this is a UDTF-based AE; FALSE otherwise.
  
- ▶ **isUdtfShaper(self)**  
Determines if this is a UDTF shaper.

- ▲ Returns  
(boolean) Returns TRUE if this is a UDTF shaper AE; FALSE otherwise.
- ▶ **pingNps(self)**  
Call to notify the Netezza software that work is still being performed and the AE should not be terminated.  
  
When there are long periods of inactivity with the AE system, this function should be called to notify the Netezza software that the AE is still working.
- ▶ **getConnectionPointName(Class)**  
Returns the connection point name for this AE.
  - ▲ Returns  
(string) The connection point name.
- ▶ **getConnectionPointDatasliceId(Class)**  
Returns the connection point dataslice ID for this AE.
  - ▲ Returns  
(integer) The dataslice ID.

The value returned is -1 if the AE is not running in remote mode by dataslice.
- ▶ **getConnectionPointSessionId(Class)**  
Returns the connection point session ID for this AE.
  - ▲ Returns  
(integer) The session ID.

The value returned is -1 if the AE is not running in remote mode by session.
- ▶ **getConnectionPointTransactionId(Class)**  
Returns the connection point transaction ID for this AE.
  - ▲ Returns  
(integer) The transaction ID.

The value returned is -1 if the AE is not running in remote mode by transaction.
- ▶ **setConnectionPointName(Class, connectionPointName)**  
Sets the connection point name for this AE.
  - ▲ Parameters
    - ▶ **connectionPointName**  
(string) The name of the connection point.

If using the built-in remote AE launching mechanism, the connection point info is automatically set from the process environment, and this function does not need to be called. An alternative to using this function, the deriving class may override the class variable, `CONNECTION_POINT_NAME`.

► **setConnectionPointDatasliceId(Class, datasliceId)**

Sets the connection point dataslice ID for this AE.

▲ Parameters

► **datasliceId**

(integer) The connection point dataslice ID.

If using the built-in remote AE launching mechanism, the connection point info is automatically set from the process environment, and this function does not need to be called.

► **setConnectionPointSessionId(Class, sessionId)**

Sets the connection point session ID for this AE.

▲ Parameters

► **sessionId**

(integer) The connection point session ID.

If using the built-in remote AE launching mechanism, the connection point info is automatically set from the process environment, and this function does not need to be called.

► **setConnectionPointTransactionId(Class, transactionId)**

Sets the connection point transaction ID for this AE.

▲ Parameters

► **transactionId**

(integer) The connection point transaction ID.

If using the built-in remote AE launching mechanism, the connection point info automatically set from the process environment, and this function does not need to be called.

► **describe(self)**

Returns a string representation of the metadata.

▲ Returns

(string) A string representation of the metadata.

► **getDataTypeName(self, dataType)**

Gets the name of a specified data type.

▲ Parameters

► **dataType**

(DATA\_TYPE) The data type.

▲ Returns

(string) The name of the specified data type.

► **getInputTypes(self)**

Gets a list of input data types.

- ▲ Returns  
(list<DATA\_TYPE>) The list of input data types.

► **getNumberOfInputColumns(self)**

Gets the number of input columns.

- ▲ Returns  
(integer) The number of input columns.

This function is valid for function and shaper AEs and when aggregate AEs are in the 'accumulate' processing state.

► **getNumberOfOutputColumns(self)**

Gets the number of output columns.

- ▲ Returns  
(integer) The number of output columns.

This function is valid for function AEs and when aggregate AEs are in the 'finalize' processing state.

► **getInputPrecision(self, columnIndex)**

Gets the precision of an input numeric.

- ▲ Parameters
  - **columnIndex**  
(integer) The index of the column.

- ▲ Returns  
(integer) The precision of the input string at the specified column index.

This function is valid for function and shaper AEs and when aggregate AEs are in the 'accumulate' processing state.

► **getInputScale(self, columnIndex)**

Gets the scale of an input numeric.

- ▲ Parameters
  - **columnIndex**  
(integer) The index of the column.

- ▲ Returns  
(integer) The scale of the input string at the specified column index.

This function is valid for function and shaper AEs and when aggregate AEs are in the 'accumulate' processing state.

late' processing state.

► **getInputSize(self, columnIndex)**

Gets the size of an input string.

▲ Parameters

► **columnIndex**

(integer) The index of the column.

▲ Returns

(integer) The size of the input string at the specified column index.

This function is valid for function and shaper AEs and when aggregate AEs are in the 'accumulate' processing state.

► **getInputType(self, columnIndex)**

Gets the data type of an input.

▲ Parameters

► **columnIndex**

(integer) The index of the column.

▲ Returns

(DATA\_TYPE) The data type of the input at the specified column index.

This function is valid for function and shaper AEs and when aggregate AEs are in the 'accumulate' processing state.

► **getOutputPrecision(self, columnIndex)**

Gets the precision of an output numeric.

▲ Parameters

► **columnIndex**

(integer) The index of the column.

▲ Returns

(integer) The precision of the output string at the specified column index.

This function is valid for function AEs and when aggregate AEs are in the 'finalize' processing state.

► **getOutputScale(self, columnIndex)**

Gets the scale of an output numeric.

▲ Parameters

► **columnIndex**

(integer) The index of the column.

▲ Returns

(integer) The scale of the output string at the specified column index.

This function is valid for function AEs and when aggregate AEs are in the 'finalize' processing state.

► **getOutputSize(self, columnIndex)**

Gets the size of an output string.

▲ Parameters

► **columnIndex**

(integer) The index of the column.

▲ Returns

(integer) The size of the output string at the specified column index.

This function is valid for function AEs and when aggregate AEs are in the 'finalize' processing state.

► **getOutputType(self, columnIndex)**

Gets the data type of an output.

▲ Parameters

► **columnIndex**

(integer) The index of the column.

▲ Returns

(DATA\_TYPE) The data type of the output at the specified column index.

This function is valid for function AEs and when aggregate AEs are in the 'finalize' processing state.

► **getUdfReturnType(self)**

Gets the return data type for a UDF.

▲ Returns

(DATA\_TYPE) The data type of the output field.

This function is only valid for UDF sized AEs.

► **isCalledWithOrderByClause(self)**

Determines if the function was called with an ORDER BY clause.

▲ Returns

(boolean) TRUE if the function was called with an ORDER BY clause; FALSE otherwise.

This function is only valid for function AEs.

► **isCalledWithOverClause(self)**

Determines if the function was called with an OVER clause.

▲ Returns

(boolean) TRUE if the function was called with an OVER clause; FALSE otherwise.

This function is only valid for function AEs.

- ▶ **isCalledWithPartitionByClause(self)**  
Determines if the function was called with a PARTITION BY clause.  
  - ▲ Returns  
(boolean) TRUE if the function was called with a PARTITION BY clause; FALSE otherwise.

This function is only valid for function AEs.
  
- ▶ **isDataInnerCorrelated(self)**  
Determines if the function data is inner-correlated.  
  - ▲ Returns  
(boolean) TRUE if the function data is inner-correlated; FALSE otherwise.

This function is only valid for function AEs.
  
- ▶ **isDataLeftCorrelated(self)**  
Determines if the function data is left-correlated.  
  - ▲ Returns  
(boolean) TRUE if the function data is left-correlated; FALSE otherwise.

This function is only valid for function AEs.
  
- ▶ **isDataUncorrelated(self)**  
Determines if the function data is uncorrelated.  
  - ▲ Returns  
(boolean) TRUE if the function data is uncorrelated; FALSE otherwise.

This function is only valid for function AEs.
  
- ▶ **getCurrentUsername(self)**  
Gets the database username of the current AE being run.  
  - ▲ Returns  
(string) The database username.
  
- ▶ **getDataliceId(self)**  
Determines the ID of the dataslice being serviced by the AE.  
  - ▲ Returns  
(integer) The dataslice ID that is being serviced by the AE.
  
- ▶ **getHardwareId(self)**  
Determines the ID of the hardware on which the AE is running.  
  - ▲ Returns  
(integer) The hardware ID on which the AE is running.

- ▶ **getLogMask(self)**  
Gets the log mask that the AE is running on.
  - ▲ Returns  
(LOG\_MASK) The log mask on which the AE is running.
- ▶ **getNumberOfDataSlices(self)**  
Gets the number of dataslices that are running on the Netezza appliance.
  - ▲ Returns  
(integer) The number of dataslices that are running on the Netezza appliance.
- ▶ **getNumberOfSpus(self)**  
Gets the number of SPUs running on the Netezza appliance.
  - ▲ Returns  
(integer) The number of SPUs running on the Netezza appliance.
- ▶ **getSuggestedMemoryLimit(self)**  
Gets the suggested memory limit for this AE.
  - ▲ Returns  
(integer) The suggested memory limit for this AE.
- ▶ **getSessionId(self)**  
Gets the session ID associated with this AE.
  - ▲ Returns  
(integer) The session ID associated with this AE.
- ▶ **getTransactionId(self)**  
Gets the transaction ID associated with this AE.
  - ▲ Returns  
(integer) The transaction ID associated with this AE.
- ▶ **isAUserQuery(self)**  
Determines if the AE is handling a user query.
  - ▲ Returns  
(boolean) TRUE if the AE is handling a user query; FALSE otherwise.
- ▶ **isLoggingEnabled(self)**  
Determines if logging is enabled.



- ▲ Returns  
(boolean) TRUE if logging is enabled; FALSE otherwise.
- **isRunningInPostgres(self)**  
 Determines if this AE is running in Postgres.
  - ▲ Returns  
(boolean) TRUE if this AE is running in Postgres; FALSE otherwise.
- **isRunningInDbos(self)**  
 Determines if this AE is running in DBOS.
  - ▲ Returns  
(boolean) TRUE if this AE is running in DBOS; FALSE otherwise.
- **isRunningOnSpu(self)**  
 Determines if this AE is running on the SPU.
  - ▲ Returns  
(boolean) TRUE if this AE is running on the SPU; FALSE otherwise.
- **isRunningOnHost(self)**  
 Determines if this AE is running on the host.
  - ▲ Returns  
(boolean) TRUE if this AE is running on the host; FALSE otherwise.
- **getSharedLibraryPath(self, libraryName, caseSensitive=True)**  
 Gets the path to a shared library.
  - ▲ Parameters
    - **libraryName**  
(string) The name of the shared library.
    - **[caseSensitive=True]**  
(boolean) Specifies whether to search in a case-sensitive manner.
  - ▲ Returns  
(string) The full path to the shared library.
 Throws an AeSharedLibraryNotFoundException if the shared library is not found.
- **yieldSharedLibraries(self, forProcess=False)**  
 Returns a generator that yields a shared library name and the corresponding full path for each shared library entry.
  - ▲ Parameters
    - **[forProcess=False]**  
(boolean) If set this yields shared library names and full paths for the remote AE process.

- ▲ Returns  
(generator -> tuple<string, string>) Each iteration over the generator yields a library name and the full path to that library.

NOTE: This function is generally called by using a FOR clause to retrieve the non-process shared library entries, for example: "FOR name, path IN self.yieldSharedLibraries(): ...".

- ▶ **getEnvironment(self)**

Returns a dict containing the entire environment.

- ▲ Returns  
(dict<string, string>) The environment.

- ▶ **getEnvironmentVariable(self, variableName, defaultValue)**

Gets the value of an entry in the environment.

- ▲ Parameters
  - ▶ **variableName**  
(string) The name of the environment variable to fetch.
  - ▶ **[defaultValue]**  
(object) The result to be returned if the entry is not found.

Returns the environment value for <variableName>. If no default value is specified, and the variable is not in the environment, an exception is thrown.

- ▶ **userError(self, errorString)**

Ends the query and sends the user an error message.

- ▲ Parameters
  - ▶ **errorString**  
(string) The error message to send to the user.

- ▶ **getLogFilePath(self)**

Gets the log file path.

- ▲ Returns  
(string) The log file path.

- ▶ **log(self, text, logLevel=None)**

Log a message to the AE log file and optionally to stderr and/or the Python AE log.

- ▲ Parameters
  - ▶ **text**  
(string) The message to log.
  - ▶ **logLevel**

(LOG\_LEVEL) The level at which to log; None defaults to LOG\_LEVEL\_\_TRACE.

If the registered LOG\_LEVEL is set above 0, the message also logs to stderr. If the registered LOG\_LEVEL is set above 4, the message also logs to the log file found at /nz/export/ae/pythonDebugLogs.

► **\_\_iter\_\_(self)**

Yield rows of data.

Only valid for function AEs. This is an overloaded standard iterator that yield rows of input data. The Python value None is returned in the list if a NULL database value is encountered.

► **getInputRow(self)**

Returns a list containing the elements of the current input row.

- ▲ Returns  
(list<object>) The input row.

The Python value None is returned in the list if a NULL database value is encountered.

► **getInputValue(self, columnIndex)**

Returns the value of the current input at a specified column index.

- ▲ Parameters
  - **columnIndex**  
(integer) The column index of the value to fetch.
- ▲ Returns  
(object) The value of the current input at the specified column index.

The Python value None is returned if a NULL database value is encountered.

► **getInputString(self, columnIndex)**

Returns the String value of the current input at a specified column index.

- ▲ Parameters
  - **columnIndex**  
(integer) The column index of the value to fetch.
- ▲ Returns  
(object) The String value of the current input at the specified column index.

The Python value None is returned if a NULL database value is encountered.

► **getNext(self)**

Loads the next input row into memory.

► **outputCurrentRow(self)**

Outputs the current row.

- ▶ **outputInputColumn(self, inputColumnIndex, outputColumnIndex)**  
Copies an input field into an output field.
  - ▲ Parameters
    - ▶ **inputColumnIndex**  
(integer) The column index of the input row to copy.
    - ▶ **outputColumnIndex**  
(integer) The column index of the output to write to.
  
- ▶ **getState(self, columnIndex=None)**  
Gets a list containing the current state.
  - ▲ Parameters
    - ▶ **[columnIndex]**  
(integer) The column index of state to retrieve. If not provided, the function returns a list containing the whole row of state.
  - ▲ Returns  
(list<object> or object) If no index is specified, a list of the current state. Otherwise, the state at the specified column index.

Throws an exception if called when the aggregate state is not available. The Python value None is returned where the state is NULL in the database.
  
- ▶ **getInputState(self, columnIndex=None)**  
Gets a list containing the input state, that is, the state to merge.
  - ▲ Parameters
    - ▶ **[columnIndex]**  
(integer) The column index of state to retrieve. If not specified the function returns a list containing the whole row of state.
  - ▲ Returns  
(list<object>) A list of the state to merge.

Throws an exception if not called during the "merge" or "finalize" process state of an aggregate.

Throws an exception if called when aggregate input state is not available. The Python value None is returned where the state is NULL in the database.
  
- ▶ **setState(self, indexOrState, state)**  
Sets the current state.
  - ▲ Parameters
    - ▶ **indexOrState**  
(any) If two arguments are specified, the column index of the state to set. Otherwise, a list used to set the entire state.

- ▶ **[state]**  
(object) The state to set if setting a single column of the state with the function.

The Python value None should be used if the state is to be set to NULL in the database.

- ▶ **getNumberOfStateColumns(self)**  
Gets the number of columns in the state.
  - ▲ Returns  
(integer) The number of columns in the state.
- ▶ **getStateDataType(self, columnIndex)**  
Gets the data type of a field of state at the specified column index.
  - ▲ Parameters
    - ▶ **columnIndex**  
(string) The index of the column of state.
  - ▲ Returns  
(integer) The data type of the column.
- ▶ **getStatePrecision(self, columnIndex)**  
Gets the precision of a field of state at the specified column index.
  - ▲ Parameters
    - ▶ **columnIndex**  
(string) The index of the column of state.
  - ▲ Returns  
(integer) The precision of the column.
- ▶ **getStateScale(self, columnIndex)**  
Gets the scale of a field of state at the specified column index.
  - ▲ Parameters
    - ▶ **columnIndex**  
(string) The index of the column of state.
  - ▲ Returns  
(integer) The scale of the column.
- ▶ **getStateSize(self, columnIndex)**  
Gets the size of a field of state at the specified column index.
  - ▲ Parameters
    - ▶ **columnIndex**  
(string) The index of the column of state.
  - ▲ Returns  
(integer) The size of the column.

- ▶ **addOutputColumn(self, columnName, dataType)**  
Add an output column.
  - ▲ Parameters
    - ▶ **columnName**  
(string) The name of the column to add.
    - ▶ **dataType**  
(DATA\_TYPE) The data type of the column.
  
- ▶ **addOutputColumnNumeric(self, columnName, dataType, precision, scale)**  
Add a numeric output column.
  - ▲ Parameters
    - ▶ **columnName**  
(string) The name of the column to add.
    - ▶ **dataType**  
(DATA\_TYPE) The data type of the column.
    - ▶ **precision**  
(integer) The precision of the numeric to add.
    - ▶ **scale**  
(integer) The scale of the numeric to add.
  
- ▶ **addOutputColumnString(self, columnName, dataType, size)**  
Add a string output column.
  - ▲ Parameters
    - ▶ **columnName**  
(string) The name of the column to add.
    - ▶ **dataType**  
(DATA\_TYPE) The data type of the column.
    - ▶ **size**  
(integer) The scale of the numeric to add.
  
- ▶ **isInputValueAvailable(self, columnIndex)**  
Determines if an input value is available for a shaper/sizer.
  - ▲ Parameters
    - ▶ **columnIndex**  
(integer) The index of the column.
  - ▲ Returns  
(boolean) TRUE if the input is available; FALSE otherwise.

- ▶ **isShaperSystemCatalogUpperCase(self)**  
Determines if the Netezza system catalog is upper case.
  - ▲ Returns  
(boolean) TRUE if the system catalog is upper case; FALSE otherwise.
- ▶ **isUdfSizer(self)**  
Determines if the AE is a sizer for a UDF.
  - ▲ Returns  
(boolean) TRUE if the AE is a UDF sizer and FALSE otherwise.
- ▶ **isUdtfShaper(self)**  
Determines if the AE is a shaper for a UDTF.
  - ▲ Returns  
(boolean) TRUE if the AE is a UDTF shaper; FALSE otherwise.

## Static Member Data Documentation

- ▶ list STRING\_DATA\_TYPES=[\_AeInternal.DATA\_TYPE\_\_FIXED, \_AeInternal.DATA\_TYPE\_\_VARIABLE, \_AeInternal.DATA\_TYPE\_\_NATIONAL\_FIXED, \_AeInternal.DATA\_TYPE\_\_NATIONAL\_VARIABLE, \_AeInternal.DATA\_TYPE\_\_GEOMETRY, \_AeInternal.DATA\_TYPE\_\_VARBINARY]  
String Data Types.
- ▶ list INTEGER\_DATA\_TYPES=[\_AeInternal.DATA\_TYPE\_\_INT8, \_AeInternal.DATA\_TYPE\_\_INT16, \_AeInternal.DATA\_TYPE\_\_INT32, \_AeInternal.DATA\_TYPE\_\_INT64]  
Integer Data Types.
- ▶ list NUMERIC\_DATA\_TYPES=[\_AeInternal.DATA\_TYPE\_\_NUMERIC32, \_AeInternal.DATA\_TYPE\_\_NUMERIC64, \_AeInternal.DATA\_TYPE\_\_NUMERIC128]  
Numeric Data Types.
- ▶ int REQUEST\_HANDLING\_STYLE\_\_USE\_THREADS=1  
Use threads.
- ▶ int REQUEST\_HANDLING\_STYLE\_\_FORK=2  
Fork.
- ▶ int REQUEST\_HANDLING\_STYLE\_\_SINGLE\_THREADED=3  
Single-threaded.

- ▶ `DEFAULT_REQUEST_HANDLING_STYLE=REQUEST_HANDLING_STYLE__USE_THREADS`  
The default handling style defaults to use-threads.
- ▶ tuple `CONNECTION_POINT_NAME=_AeInternal._getConnectionPointNameFromEnvironment()`
- ▶ int `DATA_TYPE__UNKNOWN=1`  
Unknown data type.
- ▶ int `DATA_TYPE__FIXED=0`  
Fixed (CHAR) data type.
- ▶ int `DATA_TYPE__VARIABLE=1`  
Variable (VARCHAR) data type.
- ▶ int `DATA_TYPE__NATIONAL_FIXED=2`  
National Fixed data type.
- ▶ int `DATA_TYPE__NATIONAL_VARIABLE=3`  
National Variable data type.
- ▶ int `DATA_TYPE__BOOLEAN=4`  
Boolean data type.
- ▶ int `DATA_TYPE__DATE=5`  
Date data type.
- ▶ int `DATA_TYPE__TIME=6`  
Time data type.
- ▶ int `DATA_TYPE__TIMETZ=7`  
Time Zone data type.
- ▶ int `DATA_TYPE__NUMERIC32=8`  
Numeric 32 data type.
- ▶ int `DATA_TYPE__NUMERIC64=9`  
Numeric 64 data type.



- ▶ `int DATA_TYPE__NUMERIC128=10`  
Numeric 128 data type.
- ▶ `int DATA_TYPE__FLOAT=11`  
Float data type.
- ▶ `int DATA_TYPE__DOUBLE=12`  
Double data type.
- ▶ `int DATA_TYPE__INTERVAL=13`  
Interval data type.
- ▶ `int DATA_TYPE__INT8=14`  
Int 8-bit data type.
- ▶ `int DATA_TYPE__INT16=15`  
Int 16-bit data type.
- ▶ `int DATA_TYPE__INT32=16`  
Int 32-bit data type.
- ▶ `int DATA_TYPE__INT64=17`  
Int 64-bit data type.
- ▶ `int DATA_TYPE__TIMESTAMP=18`  
Timestamp data type.
- ▶ `int DATA_TYPE__GEOMETRY=19`  
Geometry data type.
- ▶ `int DATA_TYPE__VARBINARY=20`  
Varbinary data type.
- ▶ `int AGGREGATION_TYPE__ERROR=1`  
Error state.
- ▶ `int AGGREGATION_TYPE__END=0`

End of aggregation state.

- ▶ `int AGGREGATION_TYPE__INITIALIZE=1`  
Initialize state aggregation state.
- ▶ `int AGGREGATION_TYPE__ACCUMULATE=2`  
Accumulate aggregation state.
- ▶ `int AGGREGATION_TYPE__MERGE=3`  
Merge aggregation state.
- ▶ `int AGGREGATION_TYPE__FINAL_RESULT=4`  
Final result aggregation state.
- ▶ `int LOG_LEVEL__TRACE=1`  
Log level: Trace.
- ▶ `int LOG_LEVEL__DEBUG=2`  
Log level: Debug.
- ▶ `CONNECTION_POINT_NAME=None`  
Override this member variable to set or override the connection point name.

## Overridable Member Function Documentation

- ▶ **`_accumulate(self, state, row)`**  
Override this function to handle the accumulate process state of aggregates.

- ▶ **Parameters**

- ▶ **`state`**  
(list<object>) The current row of state.
- ▶ **`row`**  
(list<object>) A row of input.

This function should call `setState` to change the current state for the input row. The Python value `None` is passed in where the database value is `NULL`.

- ▶ **`_cleanUp(self)`**  
Override this function for one-time cleanup of the AE.

► **`_finalResult(self, state)`**

Override this function to handle the Finalize processing state for aggregates.

▲ Parameters

► **`state`**

(list<object>) The current row of state.

▲ Returns

(object) The final result of the aggregation. Return the Python value None to return NULL in the database.

► **`_getFunctionResult(self, row)`**

Override this to implement UDF or UDTF functionality where there is exactly one output per input.

▲ Parameters

► **`row`**

(list) The input row to the function.

▲ Returns

row (list or single value) The result of the function. For UDF AEs, this must be either a list with one value or only the value. In any case, this result must match the output signature for the UDF/UDTF.

To output rows for a UDTF where there is not a one-to-one mapping of input to output, override `_runUdtf` instead of this function. The Python value None is passed in where the database value is NULL, and None should be returned to return a NULL database value.

► **`_getRemoteProtocolStatus(Class)`**

Override this function to provide a different status string to the remote protocol status callback.

▲ Returns

(string) The current status of the executable.

► **`_handleRemoteProtocol(Class, code, data)`**

Override this function to handle generic remote protocol functionality.

▲ Parameters

► **`code`**

(integer) The remote protocol code identifying the remote protocol request.

► **`data`**

(string) The remote protocol data.

▲ Returns

(tuple<integer, string>) A tuple of the output code, where 0 means O K, and the return data.

In general, an AE writer does override this function, but this capability is provided for the advanced AE writer. Normally, an AE writer overrides one of: `_getRemoteProtocolStatus`, `_handleRemoteProtocolControlData`, `_handleRemoteProtocolRequest`, or `_handleRemoteProtocolStopRequest()`.

► **`_handleRemoteProtocolControlData(Class, data)`**

Override this function to handle generic remote protocol control data.

▲ Parameters

▶ **data**

(string) The data received from the remote protocol subsystem.

▲ Returns

(string) The data to be sent to the remote protocol subsystem.

▶ **\_handleRemoteProtocolRequest(Class, request)**

Override this function to handle generic remote protocol requests.

▲ Parameters

▶ **request**

(string) The request received from the remote protocol subsystem.

▲ Returns

(string) The data to be sent to the remote protocol subsystem.

▶ **\_handleRemoteProtocolStopCommand(Class)**

Override this function to handle the remote protocol stop command in a non-standard way.

The default implementation calls Class.\_cleanUpClass() and sys.exit().

▶ **\_initializeState(self)**

Override this function to handle the Initialize processing state for aggregates.

▶ **\_merge(self, state, inputState)**

Override this function to handle the Merge processing state for aggregates.

▲ Parameters

▶ **state**

(list<object>) The current state.

▶ **inputState**

(list<object>) The state to merge with the current state.

This function should call setState to change the current state given the input state. The Python value None is passed in where the database value is NULL.

▶ **\_onIdle(Class)**

Override this function to handle idle time for remote AEs.

▶ **\_run(self)**

Override this function to handle generic running of AEs.

The ability to override this function is provided for advanced AE writers. The \_run function is

called for all AEs. In general, an AE writer should derive from the Ae class and override `_runUdtf` , `_runUdf` , `_runUda` , `_runShaper` , or `_runSizer` as appropriate.

► **`_runInstance(Class, instance)`**

Override this function to handle generic running of an AE instance.

▲ Parameters

► **`instance`**

( Ae ) The Ae instance to run.

This function calls `_setup` , `_run` , `_cleanUp` , `done` and `close` for a specified AE instance, and handles exceptions appropriately. Typically, an AE writer does not override this function, but the capability is provided for advanced AE writers.

► **`_runLocal(Class)`**

Override this function to handle running only local AEs.

This function instantiates the AE and then calls `_runInstance` . Typically, an AE writer does not override this function, but the capability is provided for advanced AE writers.

► **`_runRemote(Class)`**

Override this function to handle how remote AEs are run.

This function creates an AE remote listener, accepts requests from the Netezza software, forks or starts a thread as appropriate, creates an instance of the AE, and calls `_runInstance` . It also handles exceptions appropriately. Typically, an AE writer does not override this function, but the capability is provided for advanced AE writers.

► **`_runShaper(self)`**

Override this function to handle running a shaper.

► **`_runSizer(self)`**

Override this function to handle running a sizer.

► **`_runUda(self)`**

Override this function to handle running an aggregate.

In general, if the AE is an aggregate, it should override `_initializeState` , `_aggregate()` , `_merge` , and `_finalResult` . However, more fine tuning might be performed by overriding this function instead.

► **`_runUdf(self)`**

Override this function to handle running a UDF.

By default, this function fetches input rows and calls `_getFunctionResult` . It then outputs the result of the function call. Consequently, an AE writer can override `_getFunctionResult` for a simpler interface to UDF functionality.

► **`_runUdtf(self)`**

Override this function to handle running a UDTF.

By default, this function fetches input rows and calls `_getFunctionResult`. It then outputs the result of the function call. This function should be overridden (as compared to `_getFunctionResult`) if an AE writer wants to output greater than or less than 1 row of output for each row of input.

► **`_setup(self)`**

Override this for one-time setup of the AE instance.

This function is called by `_runInstance` immediately after creating the instance of the AE. It is possible to override the `__init__` function of the AE to perform initialization, however, it is preferable to perform custom initialization in `_setup` to guarantee appropriate setup of the underlying Python AE system before performing custom initialization. This provides better exception handling during custom initialization.

## AeEnvironmentVariableNotFoundException Class Reference

---

Raised when an AE environment variable is asked for, but not found.

Inherits `AeException`

### Detailed Description

Raised when an AE environment variable is asked for, but not found.

## AeException Class Reference

---

The base AE Exception class.

### Detailed Description

The base AE Exception class.

## AeInitializationFailedException Class Reference

---

Raised when AE Initialization fails.

Inherits `AeException`

## Detailed Description

Raised when AE Initialization fails.

## AeInvalidStateException Class Reference

---

Raised when the AE Class is in an invalid state.

Inherits AeException

## Detailed Description

Raised when the AE Class is in an invalid state.

## AeSharedLibraryNotFoundException Class Reference

---

Raised when an AE shared library is asked for, but not found.

Inherits AeException

## Detailed Description

Raised when an AE shared library is asked for, but not found.

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## Notices

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## Regulatory and Compliance

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### Regulatory Notices

Install the NPS system in a restricted-access location. Ensure that only those trained to operate or service the equipment have physical access to it. Install each AC power outlet near the NPS rack that plugs into it, and keep it freely accessible. Provide approved 30A circuit breakers on all power sources.

Product may be powered by redundant power sources. Disconnect ALL power sources before servicing. High leakage current. Earth connection essential before connecting supply. Courant de fuite élevé. Raccordement à la terre indispensable avant le raccordement au réseau.

### Homologation Statement

This product may not be certified in your country for connection by any means whatsoever to interfaces of public telecommunications networks. Further certification may be required by law prior to making any such connection. Contact an IBM representative or reseller for any questions.

### FCC - Industry Canada Statement

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A digital device, pursuant to part 15 of the FCC rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a commercial environment. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio-frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. Operation of this equipment in a residential area is likely to cause harmful interference, in which case users will be required to correct the interference at their own expense.

This Class A digital apparatus meets all requirements of the Canadian Interference-Causing Equipment Regulations.

Cet appareil numérique de la classe A respecte toutes les exigences du Règlement sur le matériel brouilleur du Canada.

### CE Statement (Europe)

This product complies with the European Low Voltage Directive 73/23/EEC and EMC Directive 89/336/EEC as amended by European Directive 93/68/EEC.

Warning: This is a class A product. In a domestic environment this product may cause radio interference in which case the user may be required to take adequate measures.

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