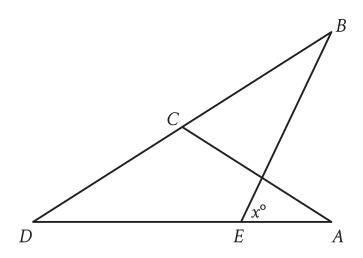
Question ID 6d99b141

Assessment	Test	Domain	Skill	Difficulty
SAT	Math	Geometry and Trigonometry	Lines, angles, and triangles	•••

ID: 6d99b141



Note: Figure not drawn to scale.

In the figure, AC=CD. The measure of angle EBC is 45° , and the measure of angle ACD is 104° . What is the value of x?

ID: 6d99b141 Answer

Correct Answer: 83

Rationale

The correct answer is 83. It's given that in the figure, AC = CD. Thus, triangle ACD is an isosceles triangle and the measure of angle CDA is equal to the measure of angle CAD. The sum of the measures of the interior angles of a triangle is 180° . Thus, the sum of the measures of the interior angles of triangle ACD is 180° . It's given that the measure of angle ACD is 104° . It follows that the sum of the measures of angles ACD and ACD is half of ACD is ACD is an interior angle ACD is an interior angle ACD is ACD is

Question ID 9912e19f

Assessment	Test	Domain	Skill	Difficulty
SAT	Math	Geometry and Trigonometry	Lines, angles, and triangles	

ID: 9912e19f

Triangles EFG and JKL are congruent, where E, F, and G correspond to J, K, and L, respectively. The measure of angle E is 45° and the measure of angle F is 20° . What is the measure of angle J?

- A. 20°
- B. 45°
- C. $135\degree$
- D. 160°

ID: 9912e19f Answer

Correct Answer: B

Rationale

Choice B is correct. It's given that triangles EFG and JKL are congruent such that angle E corresponds to angle E. Corresponding angles of congruent triangles are congruent, so angle E and angle E must be congruent. Therefore, if the measure of angle E is 45°, then the measure of angle E is also 45°.

Choice A is incorrect. This is the measure of angle *K*, not angle *J*.

Choice C is incorrect and may result from conceptual or calculation errors.

Choice D is incorrect and may result from conceptual or calculation errors.

Question Difficulty: Easy

Question ID 4b7bb316

Assessment	Test	Domain	Skill	Difficulty
SAT	Math	Geometry and Trigonometry	Area and volume	

ID: 4b7bb316

The length of each edge of a box is **29** inches. Each side of the box is in the shape of a square. The box does not have a lid. What is the exterior surface area, in square inches, of this box without a lid?

ID: 4b7bb316 Answer

Correct Answer: 4205

Rationale

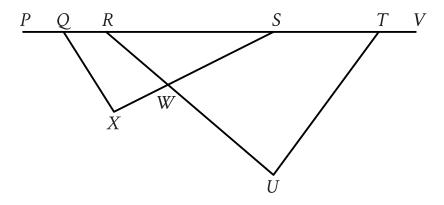
The correct answer is 4,205. The exterior surface area of a figure is the sum of the areas of all its faces. It's given that the box does not have a lid and that each side of the box is in the shape of a square. Therefore, the box consists of 5 congruent square faces. It's also given that the length of each edge is 29 inches. Let s represent the length of an edge of a square. It follows that the area of a square is equal to s^2 . Therefore, the area of each of the 5 square faces is equal to 29^2 , or 841, square inches. Since the box consists of 5 congruent square faces, it follows that the sum of the areas of all its faces, or the exterior surface area of this box without a lid, is 5841, or 4,205, square inches.

Question Difficulty: Medium

Question ID e10d8313

Assessment	Test	Domain	Skill	Difficulty
SAT	Math	Geometry and Trigonometry	Lines, angles, and triangles	•••

ID: e10d8313



Note: Figure not drawn to scale.

In the figure shown, points Q, R, S, and T lie on line segment PV, and line segment RU intersects line segment SX at point W. The measure of $\angle SQX$ is 48° , the measure of $\angle SXQ$ is 86° , the measure of $\angle SWU$ is 85° , and the measure of $\angle VTU$ is 162° . What is the measure, in degrees, of $\angle TUR$?

ID: e10d8313 Answer

Correct Answer: 123

Rationale

The correct answer is 123. The triangle angle sum theorem states that the sum of the measures of the interior angles of a triangle is 180 degrees. It's given that the measure of $\angle SQX$ is 48° and the measure of $\angle SXQ$ is 86°. Since points S, Q, and X form a triangle, it follows from the triangle angle sum theorem that the measure, in degrees, of $\angle QSX$ is 180 - 48 - 86, or 46. It's also given that the measure of $\angle SWU$ is 85°. Since $\angle SWU$ and $\angle SWR$ are supplementary angles, the sum of their measures is 180 degrees. It follows that the measure, in degrees, of $\angle SWR$ is 180 - 85, or 95. Since points R, S, and S form a triangle, and S is 180 - 46 - 95, or 39. It's given that the measure of S is 162°. Since S is 180 degrees. It follows that the measure, in degrees, of S is 180 degrees. It follows that the measure, in degrees, of S is 180 - 162, or 18. Since points S is 180 degrees, of S is 180 degrees. It follows that the measure, in degrees, of S is 180 - 162, or 18. Since points S is 180 degrees, of 2S is 180 degrees.

Question ID bcb66188

Assessment	Test	Domain	Skill	Difficulty
SAT	Math	Geometry and Trigonometry	Right triangles and trigonometry	

ID: bcb66188

Triangle FGH is similar to triangle JKL, where angle F corresponds to angle J and angles G and K are right angles. If $\sin(F)=\frac{308}{317}$, what is the value of $\sin(J)$?

- A. $\frac{75}{317}$
- B. $\frac{308}{317}$
- C. $\frac{317}{308}$
- D. $\frac{317}{75}$

ID: bcb66188 Answer

Correct Answer: B

Rationale

Choice B is correct. If two triangles are similar, then their corresponding angles are congruent. It's given that right triangle FGH is similar to right triangle JKL and angle F corresponds to angle F. It follows that angle F is congruent to angle F and, therefore, the measure of angle F is equal to the measure of angle F. The sine ratios of angles of equal measure are equal. Since the measure of angle F is equal to the measure of angle F, F is given that F is given that F is F is equal to the measure of angle F is equal to the measure of angle F is equal to the measure of angle F is given that F is equal to the measure of angle F

Choice A is incorrect. This is the value of cos*J*, not the value of sin*J*.

Choice C is incorrect. This is the reciprocal of the value of $\sin J$, not the value of $\sin J$.

Choice D is incorrect. This is the reciprocal of the value of $\cos J$, not the value of $\sin J$.

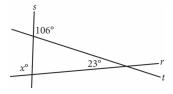
Question Difficulty: Medium

Question ID f88f27e5

Assessment	Test	Domain	Skill	Difficulty
SAT	Math	Geometry and Trigonometry	Lines, angles, and triangles	•••

ID: f88f27e5

Intersecting lines *r*, *s*, and *t* are shown below.



What is the value of x?

ID: f88f27e5 Answer

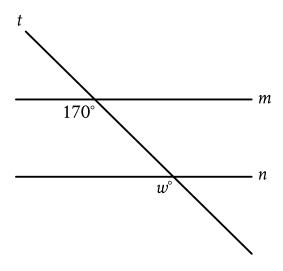
Rationale

The correct answer is 97. The intersecting lines form a triangle, and the angle with measure of x° is an exterior angle of this triangle. The measure of an exterior angle of a triangle is equal to the sum of the measures of the two nonadjacent interior angles of the triangle. One of these angles has measure of 23° and the other, which is supplementary to the angle with measure 106°, has measure of $180^{\circ} - 106^{\circ} = 74^{\circ}$. Therefore, the value of x is 23 + 74 = 97.

Question ID 5207e508

Assessment	Test	Domain	Skill	Difficulty
SAT	Math	Geometry and Trigonometry	Lines, angles, and triangles	

ID: 5207e508



Note: Figure not drawn to scale.

In the figure, line m is parallel to line n. What is the value of w?

- A. 17
- B. **30**
- C. **70**
- D. **170**

ID: 5207e508 Answer

Correct Answer: D

Rationale

Choice D is correct. It's given that lines m and n are parallel. Since line t intersects both lines m and n, it's a transversal. The angles in the figure marked as 170° and w° are on the same side of the transversal, where one is an interior angle with line m as a side, and the other is an exterior angle with line n as a side. Thus, the marked angles are corresponding angles. When two parallel lines are intersected by a transversal, corresponding angles are congruent and, therefore, have equal measure. It follows that $w^{\circ} = 170^{\circ}$. Therefore, the value of w is 170.

Choice A is incorrect and may result from conceptual or calculation errors.

Choice B is incorrect and may result from conceptual or calculation errors.

Choice C is incorrect and may result from conceptual or calculation errors.



Question ID f67e4efc

Assessment	Test	Domain	Skill	Difficulty
SAT	Math	Geometry and Trigonometry	Area and volume	

ID: f67e4efc

A right circular cylinder has a volume of 45π . If the height of the cylinder is 5, what is the radius of the cylinder?

- A. 3
- B. 4.5
- C. 9
- D. 40

ID: f67e4efc Answer

Correct Answer: A

Rationale

Choice A is correct. The volume of a right circular cylinder with a radius of r is the product of the area of the base, πr^2 , and the height, h. The volume of the right circular cylinder described is 45π and its height is 5. If the radius is r, it follows that $45 \pi = \pi (r)^2 (5)$. Dividing both sides of this equation by 5π yields $9 = r^2$. Taking the square root of both sides yields r = 3 or r = -3. Since r represents the radius, the value must be positive. Therefore, the radius is 3.

Choice B is incorrect and may result from finding that the square of the radius is 9, but then from dividing 9 by 2, rather than taking the square root of 9. Choice C is incorrect. This represents the square of the radius. Choice D is incorrect and may result from solving the equation $45 \pi = \pi(r)^2(5)$ for r^2 , not r, by dividing by π on both sides and then by subtracting, not dividing, 5 from both sides.

Question Difficulty: Medium

Question ID e5c57163

Assessment	Test	Domain	Skill	Difficulty
SAT	Math	Geometry and Trigonometry	Area and volume	•••

ID: e5c57163

Square A has side lengths that are 166 times the side lengths of square B. The area of square A is k times the area of square B. What is the value of k?

ID: e5c57163 Answer

Correct Answer: 27556

Rationale

The correct answer is 27,556. The area of a square is s^2 , where s is the side length of the square. Let x represent the length of each side of square B. Substituting x for s in s^2 yields x^2 . It follows that the area of square B is x^2 . It's given that square A has side lengths that are 166 times the side lengths of square B. Since x represents the length of each side of square A can be represented by the expression 166x. It follows that the area of square A is $166x^2$, or $27,556x^2$. It's given that the area of square A is k times the area of square B. Since the area of square A is equal to $27,556x^2$, and the area of square B is equal to x^2 , an equation representing the given statement is $27,556x^2 = kx^2$. Since x represents the length of each side of square B, the value of x must be positive. Therefore, the value of x^2 is also positive, so it does not equal 0. Dividing by x^2 on both sides of the equation $27,556x^2 = kx^2$ yields 27,556 = k. Therefore, the value of k is 27,556.