ASSIGNMENT-2

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Download all python codes from

https://github.com/behappy0604/Summer−Internship−IITH/tree/main/Assignment−3

and latex-tikz codes from

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1 Question No. 2.60

Let ABC be a right triangle in which $a = 8, c = 6$ and $\angle B = 90^{\circ}$. BD is the perpendicular from **B** on AC (altitude). The circle through $\mathbf{B}, \mathbf{C}, \mathbf{D}$ (circumcircle of $\triangle BCD$) is drawn. Construct the tangents from **A** to this circle.

2 Solution

Data from the given question

	Symbols	Circle
Centre	**E**	$\begin{pmatrix}4\\0\end{pmatrix}$
Radius	r	4

1) Let us generalise the given data:

$$\mathbf{B} = \begin{pmatrix}0\\0\end{pmatrix}, \mathbf{A} = \begin{pmatrix}0\\6\end{pmatrix}, \mathbf{C} = \begin{pmatrix}8\\0\end{pmatrix} \tag{2.0.1}$$

$$\angle B = 90^{\circ} \tag{2.0.2}$$

$$\angle D = 90^{\circ} (\because BD \perp AC) \tag{2.0.3}$$

$$\mathbf{BC} = 8 \tag{2.0.4}$$

$$\mathbf{AC} = 10 \text{(Using Pythagoras's Theorem)} \tag{2.0.5}$$

$$\mathbf{AB} = 6 \tag{2.0.6}$$

2) Let **E** be the the midpoint of **BC**, therefore

$$\mathbf{E} = \begin{pmatrix}4\\0\end{pmatrix} \tag{2.0.7}$$

3) Now taking **E** as center we will draw a circle of radius 4 which will circumscribe $\triangle BCD$.

4) Tangents to this circle from point **A** will be **AB** and **AP** as shown in the figure.

5) Using sine formula we get,

$$\angle BAE = 33.69^{\circ} \tag{2.0.8}$$

$$\angle BAC = 53.18^{\circ} \tag{2.0.9}$$

$$\mathbf{BD} = 4.8 \tag{2.0.10}$$

6) In $\triangle$BDC, using Pythagoras theorem we get:

$$\mathbf{DC} = 6.4 \tag{2.0.11}$$

therefore,

$$\mathbf{AD} = 3.6 (\because \mathbf{AC} = \mathbf{AD} + \mathbf{DC}) \tag{2.0.12}$$

7) Using Sine formula we get:

$$\angle DEC = 106.48^{\circ} \tag{2.0.13}$$

therefore,

$$\mathbf{D} = \mathbf{E} + \begin{pmatrix}r\cos E\\r\sin E\end{pmatrix} \tag{2.0.14}$$

$$\mathbf{D} = \begin{pmatrix}4\\0\end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix}-1.12\\3.84\end{pmatrix} \tag{2.0.15}$$

$$\mathbf{D} = \begin{pmatrix}2.88\\3.84\end{pmatrix} \tag{2.0.16}$$

8) Here,

$$\angle PEC = 2\angle BAE \tag{2.0.17}$$

$$\angle PEC = 2 \times 33.69^{\circ} \tag{2.0.18}$$

$$\angle PEC = 67.38^\circ \tag{2.0.19}$$

9) Now coordinates of **P** from center of circle **E** will be,

$$\mathbf{P} = \mathbf{E} + \begin{pmatrix} r\cos E \\ r\sin E \end{pmatrix} \tag{2.0.20}$$

$$\mathbf{P} = \begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} 1.53 \\ 3.69 \end{pmatrix} \tag{2.0.21}$$

$$\mathbf{P} = \begin{pmatrix} 5.53 \\ 3.69 \end{pmatrix} \tag{2.0.22}$$

10) Therefore, we have coordinates as,
A=$\begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 6 \end{pmatrix}$,**B**= $\begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$,**C**= $\begin{pmatrix} 8 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$, **E**= $\begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$, **P** = $\begin{pmatrix} 5.53 \\ 3.69 \end{pmatrix}$, **D**= $\begin{pmatrix} 2.88 \\ 3.84 \end{pmatrix}$

11) On constructing the given figure we get:

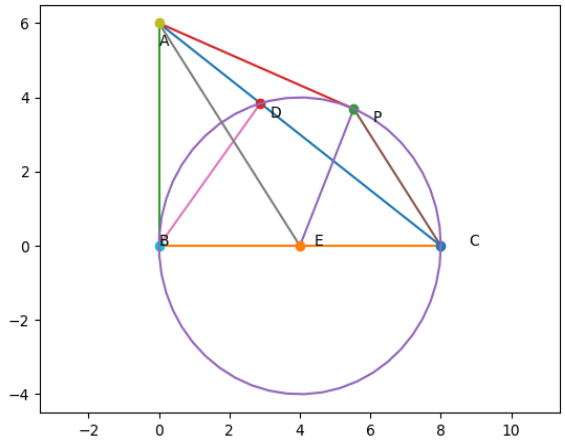

Fig. 2.1: Tangents to a Circle