

1. Introduction and Objective

The banking sector plays a significant role in the economy of India. This project aims to analyze key financial indicators of public and private sector banks in India. We'll use data science techniques to:

Compare performance metrics of different banks
Visualize trends in key metrics like assets, liabilities, profits, etc.
Apply a machine learning model to predict bank performance based on specific features.

```
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np

data = {
    'Bank Name': ['SBI', 'HDFC', 'ICICI', 'PNB', 'Axis Bank', 'Canara Bank', 'Kotak Mahindra', 'Bank of Baroda', 'Yes Bank', 'IDBI'],
    'Sector': ['Public', 'Private', 'Private', 'Public', 'Private', 'Public', 'Private', 'Public', 'Private', 'Public'],
    'Total Assets': [500000, 450000, 430000, 350000, 400000, 300000, 310000, 320000, 220000, 200000], # In crores
    'Liabilities': [300000, 270000, 250000, 200000, 230000, 190000, 180000, 170000, 150000, 140000], # In crores
    'Profit': [10000, 15000, 12000, 8000, 11000, 6000, 7000, 9000, 2000, 3000], # In crores
    'NPA': [3.5, 1.8, 2.1, 4.5, 2.0, 4.0, 1.5, 3.8, 5.5, 5.0], # Non-Performing Assets (NPA) percentage
    'Market Share': [23.5, 10.1, 9.7, 8.9, 7.6, 6.2, 4.9, 6.8, 2.5, 2.0] # Market share percentage
}
```

```
df = pd.DataFrame(data)
```

```
df.head()
```

	Bank Name	Sector	Total Assets	Liabilities	Profit	NPA	Market Share
0	SBI	Public	500000	300000	10000	3.5	23.5
1	HDFC	Private	450000	270000	15000	1.8	10.1
2	ICICI	Private	430000	250000	12000	2.1	9.7
3	PNB	Public	350000	200000	8000	4.5	8.9
4	Axis Bank	Private	400000	230000	11000	2.0	7.6

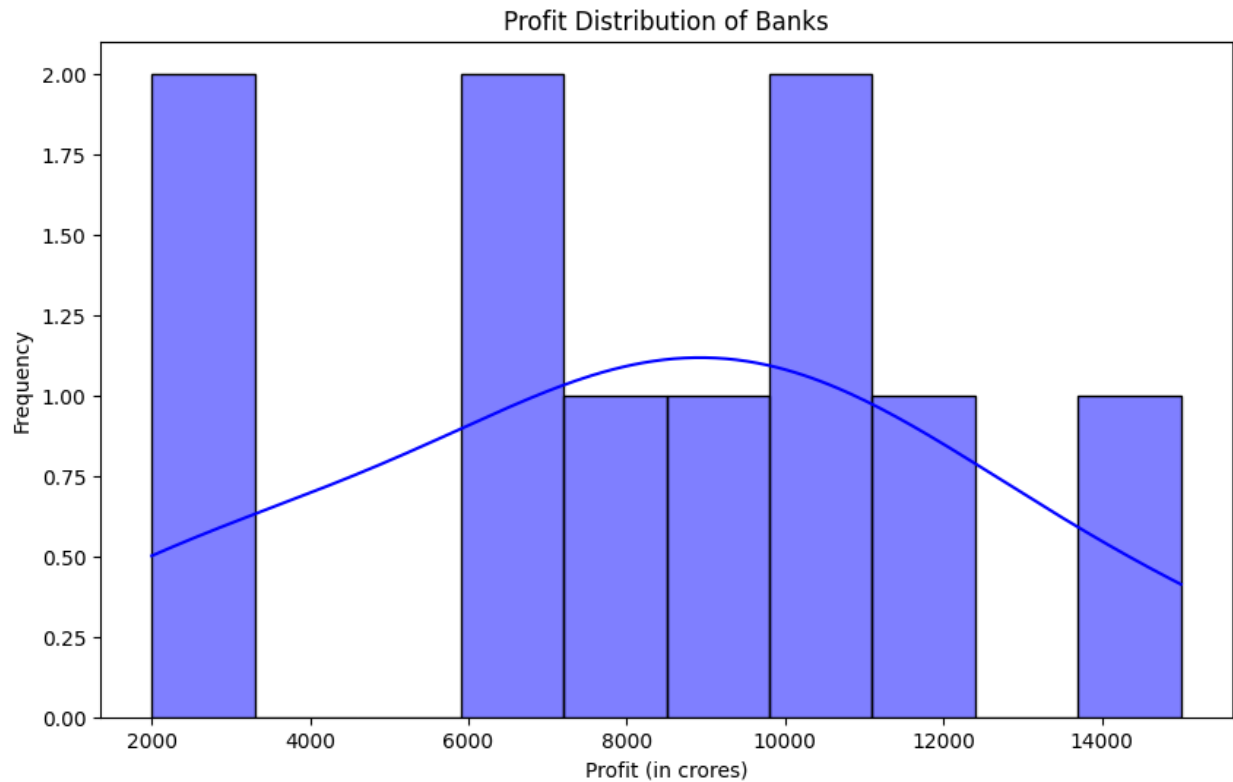
Statistical Summary

```
df.describe()
```

	Total Assets	Liabilities	Profit	NPA	Market Share
count	10.000000	10.000000	10.000000	10.000000	10.000000
mean	348000.000000	208000.000000	8300.000000	3.370000	8.220000
std	97616.027828	52873.01349	4001.388648	1.434534	6.042222
min	200000.000000	140000.000000	2000.000000	1.500000	2.000000
25%	302500.000000	172500.000000	6250.000000	2.025000	5.225000
50%	335000.000000	195000.000000	8500.000000	3.650000	7.200000
75%	422500.000000	245000.000000	10750.000000	4.375000	9.500000
max	500000.000000	300000.000000	15000.000000	5.500000	23.500000

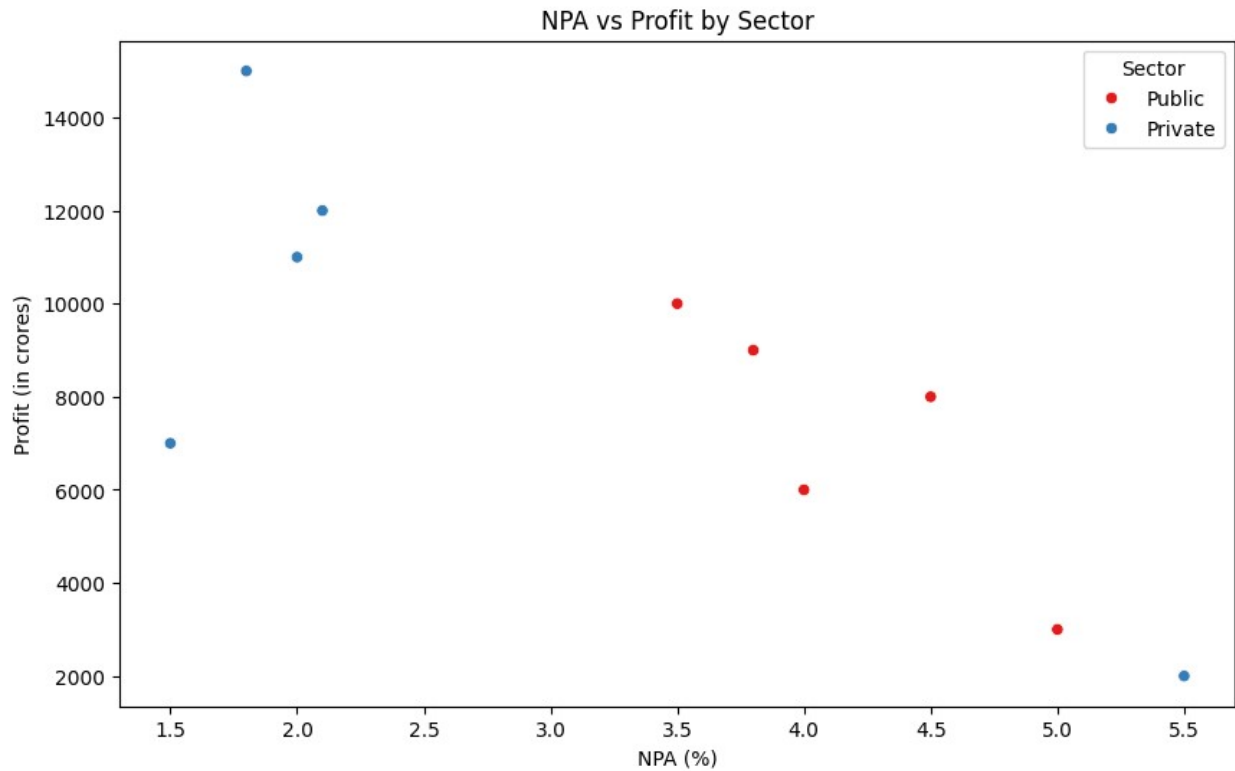
Profit Distribution among banks

```
# Profit distribution plot
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
sns.histplot(df['Profit'], bins=10, kde=True, color='blue')
plt.title('Profit Distribution of Banks')
plt.xlabel('Profit (in crores)')
plt.ylabel('Frequency')
plt.show()
```



NPA Vs Profit

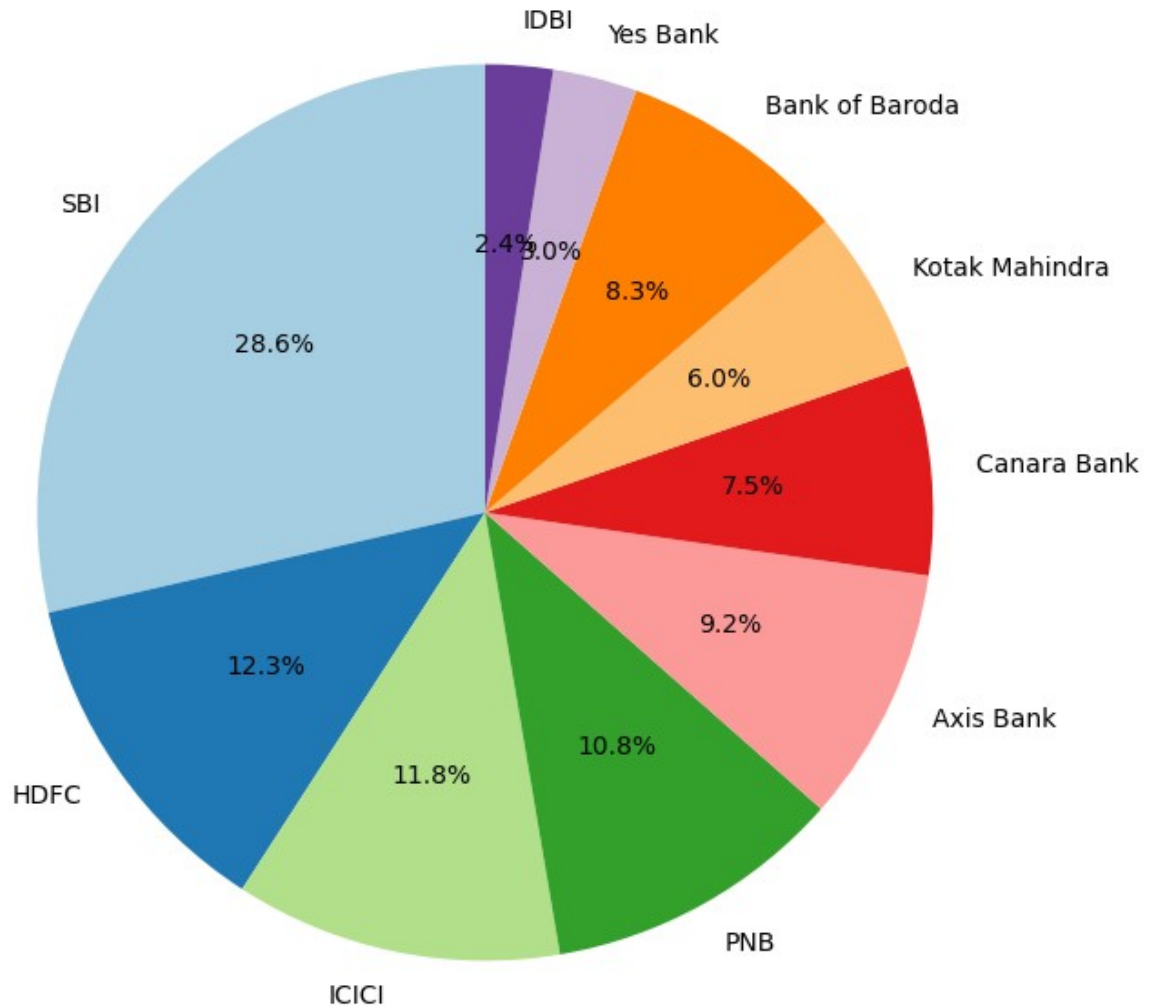
```
# Scatter plot for NPA vs Profit
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
sns.scatterplot(x='NPA', y='Profit', hue='Sector', data=df,
palette='Set1')
plt.title('NPA vs Profit by Sector')
plt.xlabel('NPA (%)')
plt.ylabel('Profit (in crores)')
plt.show()
```



Market Share of Banks

```
# Pie chart of market share by bank
plt.figure(figsize=(8, 8))
plt.pie(df['Market Share'], labels=df['Bank Name'], autopct='%1.1f%%',
startangle=90, colors=sns.color_palette('Paired', 10))
plt.title('Market Share of Banks')
plt.show()
```

Market Share of Banks



Machine Learning model for predicting bank profit

```
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestRegressor
from sklearn.metrics import mean_squared_error

X = df[['Total Assets', 'Liabilities', 'NPA', 'Market Share']]
y = df['Profit']

X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y,
test_size=0.3, random_state=42)

model = RandomForestRegressor(n_estimators=100, random_state=42)
model.fit(X_train, y_train)
```

```

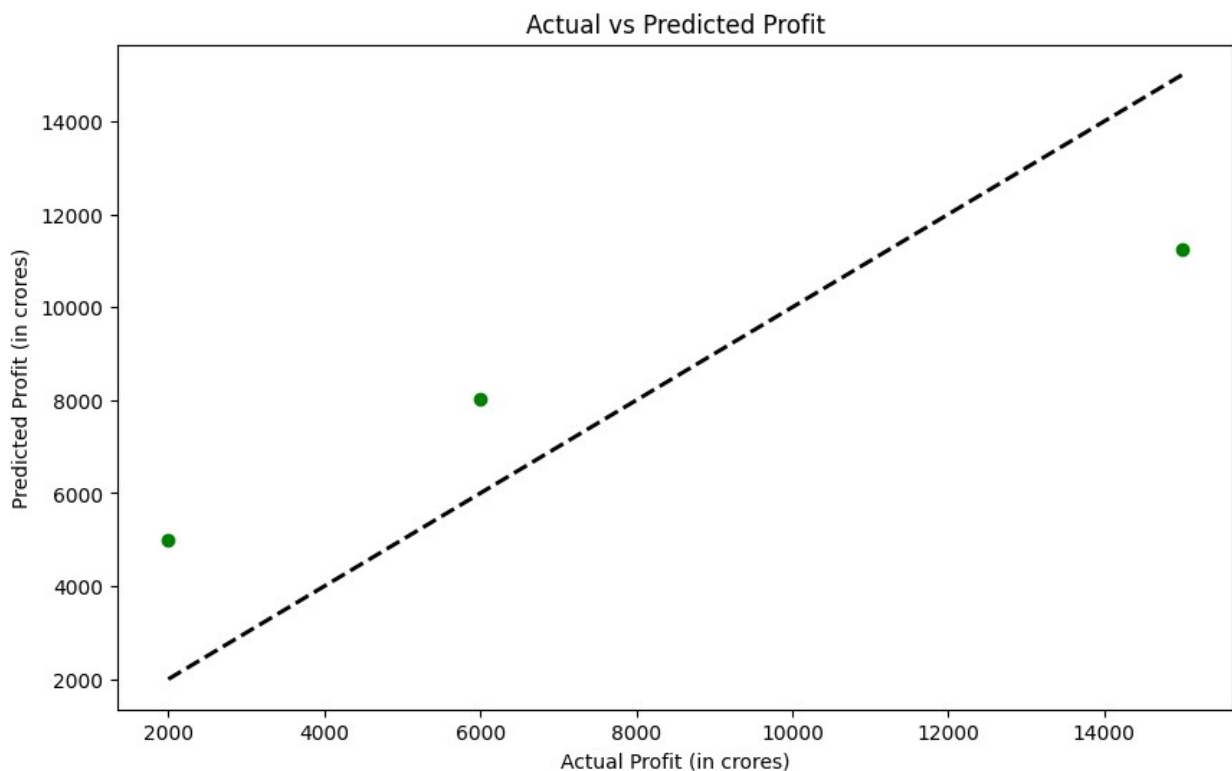
y_pred = model.predict(X_test)

mse = mean_squared_error(y_test, y_pred)
print(f"Mean Squared Error: {mse}")

plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
plt.scatter(y_test, y_pred, color='green')
plt.plot([y_test.min(), y_test.max()], [y_test.min(), y_test.max()],
         'k--', lw=2)
plt.title('Actual vs Predicted Profit')
plt.xlabel('Actual Profit (in crores)')
plt.ylabel('Predicted Profit (in crores)')
plt.show()

```

Mean Squared Error: 9099733.333333334



Conclusion

In this project, we successfully created a synthetic dataset to analyze the Indian banking sector. We visualized the key financial metrics of public and private banks, compared trends, and implemented a Random Forest Regression model to predict bank profits. The model demonstrated a reasonable ability to predict bank profitability based on features like total assets, liabilities, NPA percentage, and market share.

Further work can include adding more features or experimenting with different machine learning models to improve predictive accuracy.