Principal Component Analysis (PCA)

Importing the libraries

```
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import pandas as pd
```

Importing the dataset

```
dataset = pd.read csv('Wine.csv')
dataset.shape
(178, 14)
dataset.head(1)
   Alcohol Malic Acid Ash Ash Alcanity Magnesium
Total Phenols \
    \overline{14.23}
                  1.71 2.43
                                      15.6
                                                   127
                                                                  2.8
   Flavanoids Nonflavanoid Phenols Proanthocyanins Color Intensity
Hue \
         3.06
                               0.28
                                                 2.29
                                                                  5.64
1.04
   OD280 Proline Customer Segment
0 3.92
             1065
X = dataset.iloc[:, :-1].values
y = dataset.iloc[:, -1].values
```

Splitting the dataset into the Training set and Test set

```
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size =
0.2, random_state = 0)
```

Feature Scaling

```
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
#sc = StandardScaler()
#X_train = sc.fit_transform(X_train)
#X_test = sc.transform(X_test)
X_train.shape
```

```
(142, 13)
```

Applying PCA

```
from sklearn.decomposition import PCA
pca = PCA(n_components = 4)
X_train = pca.fit_transform(X_train)
X_test = pca.transform(X_test)

X_train.shape
(142, 4)
```

Training the Logistic Regression model on the Training set

```
from sklearn.linear_model import LogisticRegression
classifier = LogisticRegression(random_state = 0)
classifier.fit(X_train, y_train)

C:\Users\Dell\AppData\Local\Programs\Python\Python310\lib\site-
packages\sklearn\linear_model\_logistic.py:458: ConvergenceWarning:
lbfgs failed to converge (status=1):
STOP: TOTAL NO. of ITERATIONS REACHED LIMIT.

Increase the number of iterations (max_iter) or scale the data as shown in:
    https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/preprocessing.html
Please also refer to the documentation for alternative solver options:
https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/linear_model.html#logistic-
regression
    n_iter_i = _check_optimize_result(
LogisticRegression(random_state=0)
```

Making the Confusion Matrix

from sklearn.metrics import classification_report print(classification_report(y_test,y_pred))

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
1	1.00	0.93	0.96	14
2	0.93	0.88	0.90	16
3	0.75	1.00	0.86	6
accuracy			0.92	36
macro avg	0.89	0.93	0.91	36
weighted avg	0.93	0.92	0.92	36