INSTRUCTIONS:
Fill out the hazard analysis and risk assessment below.
HA-001 should be for the lane departure warning function as discussed in the lecture.
HA-002 should be for the lane keeping assistance function as discussed in the lecture.
Then come up with your own situations and hazards for the lane assistance system. Fill in the HA-003 and HA-004 rows.
When finished, export your spreadsheet as a pdf file so that a reviewer can easily see your work.

Hazard ID	Situational Analysis							Hazard Identification						Hazardous Event Classification						Determination of ASIL and Safety Goals	
	Operational Mode	Operational Scenario	Environmental Details	Situation Details	Other Details (optional)	Item Usage (function)	Situation Description	Function	Deviation	Deviation Details	Hazardous Event (resulting effect)	Event Details	Hazardous Event Description	Exposure (of situation)	Rationale (for exposure)	Severity (of potential harm)	Rationale (for severity)	Controllability (of hazardous event)	Rationale (for controllability)	ASIL Determination	Safety Goal
HA-001	OM03 - Normal driving	OS04 - Highway	EN06 - Rain (slippery road)	SD02 - High speed	NA	IU01 - Correctly used	Normal driving on a highway with a wet slippery road at high speed and correctly used system.	Lane Departure Warning (LDW) function shall apply an oscillating steering torque to provide the driver with haptic feedback	DV04 - Actor effect is too much	The LDW function applies an oscillating torque with very high torque (above limit).	EV00 - Collision with other vehicle	High haptic feedback can affect driver's ability to steer as intended. The driver could lose control of the vehicle and collide with another vehicle or with road infrastructure.	The LDW function applies too high an oscillating torque to the steering wheel (above limit).	E3 - Medium probability	Since it is highway driving, this occurs very frequent. Considering that it rains once in a month and together with highway scenario makes it E3.	S3 - Life-threatening or fatal injuries	High speed driving	C3 - Difficult to control or uncontrollable	If the lane departure warning function causes the steering wheel to vibrate excessively with wild swings of the steering wheel, most drivers would have difficulty controlling the vehicle.	ASIL C	Oscillating steering torque from the lane departure warning function shall be limited.
HA-002	OM03 - Normal driving	OS03 - Country Road	EN01 - Normal conditions	SD02 - High speed	NA	IU02 - Incorrectly used	Normal driving on country roads during normal conditions with high speed and incorrectly used system	Lane Keeping Assistance (LKA) function shall apply the steering torque when active in order to stay in ego lane	DV03 - Function always activated	The malfunction is that the LKA function is always activated.	EV00 - Collision with other vehicle	The lane keeping assistance function should add extra steering torque for a limited amount of time and then stop providing extra torque.	The driver cannot treat the function as if it were meant for fully autonomous driving (the driver is misusing the lane keeping assistance function as an autonomous function).	E2 - Low probability	Taking into account that both "country road" driving and incorrectly used system are less frequent	S3 - Life-threatening or fatal injuries	High speed driving	C3 - Difficult to control or uncontrollable	The malfunction was that the lane keeping assistance was always on and had no time limit, so drivers could take both hands off the wheel. Because hands aren't on the wheel at high speeds, a vehicle accident would not be controllable.	ASIL B	The lane keeping assistance function shall be time limited and the additional steering torque shall end after a given time interval so that the driver cannot misuse the system for autonomous driving.
HA-003	OM03 - Normal driving	OS05 - Mountain Pass	EN07 - Snow (slippery road)	SD01 - Low speed	NA	IU01 - Correctly used	Normal driving on a mountain pass during snow at low speed and correctly used system.	Lane Departure Warning (LDW) function shall apply an oscillating steering torque to provide the driver with haptic feedback	DV07 - Actor action too late	The LDW function is unable to detect lane markings and applies an oscillating torque a bit late.	EV00 - Collision with other vehicle	There is a delay in haptic feedback and can affect driver's ability to steer in time.	The driver might act a bit late and collide with another vehicle or with road infrastructure.	E2 - Low probability	Considering that snowy days are seasonal, less frequent and occurs in certain parts of the country	S2 - Severe and life-threatening injuries	Low speed driving, but accidents at high elevated roads can get severe	C2 - Normally controllable	Since the vehicle is at lower speeds, driver should be able to normally control the vehicle	QM	The lane departure warning function shall be disabled in low visibility environments.
HA-004	OM03 - Normal driving	OS04 - Highway	EN05 - Cross-wind (lateral force)	SD02 - High speed	NA	IU01 - Correctly used	Normal driving on a highway with a strong lateral wind blowing at high speed and correctly used system.	Lane Keeping Assistance (LKA) function shall apply the steering torque when active in order to stay in ego lane	DV05 - Actor effect is too less	If the direction of strong wind is opposite to the direction of torque applied to keep the vehicle in lane, the amount of torque applied maybe too small to keep the vehicle in Lane	EV00 - Collision with other vehicle	The lane keeping assistance function should stop providing extra torque.	If the amount of torque applied is not sufficient to keep the vehicle in lane, the vehicle might collide with other vehicles.	E3 - Medium probability	Since it is highway driving, this occurs very frequent. Considering that it windy days occure relatively often this scenario makes it E3.	S2 - Severe and life-threatening injuries	High speed driving	C2 - Normally controllable	The driver can control the vehicle and steer it to the right lane.	ASIL A	The lane keeping assistance function shall apply a higher torque when the prevailing winds is in the direction opposite to the direction of application of torque.

[Operational Mode] on [Operational Scenario] during [Environmental Details] with [Situational Details] and [Item Usage] system.

Risk = Exposure * Severity * Controllability

Hazard & Risk Analysis Definitions

Operational Mode

ID	Mode	Remarks	Reference
OM01	Parked	Car is parked, ignition is off	OM01 - Parked
OM02	Ignition on	Car is parked, ignition is on	OM02 - Ignition on
OM03	Normal driving	Car is driving	OM03 - Normal driving
OM04	Backward driving	Car is driving	OM04 - Backward driving
OM05	Degraded driving	Limp home mode	OM05 - Degraded driving
OM06	Towing (active)	Towing another car	OM06 - Towing (active)
OM07	Towing (passive)	Beeing towed by another car	OM07 - Towing (passive)
OM08	Service	Vehicle is in repair garage	OM08 - Service
OM09	N/A	not applicable or not relevant	OM09 - N/A

Operational Scenario

ID	Scenario	Remarks	Reference
OS01	Any Road	road type	OS01 - Any Road
OS02	City Road	road type	OS02 - City Road
OS03	Country Road	road type	OS03 - Country Road
OS04	Highway	road type	OS04 - Highway
OS05	Mountain Pass	road type	OS05 - Mountain Pass
OS06	Off Road	road type	OS06 - Off Road
OS07	Road with gradient	road attribute	OS07 - Road with gradient
OS08	Road with bump	road attribute	OS08 - Road with bump
OS09	Road tunnel	road attribute	OS09 - Road tunnel
OS10	Road with construction site	road attribute	OS10 - Road with construction site
OS11	N/A	not applicable or not relevant	OS11 - N/A

Environmental Details

ID	Scenario	Remarks	Reference
EN01	Normal conditions	weather attribute	EN01 - Normal conditions
EN02	Sun blares (degraded view)	weather attribute	EN02 - Sun blares (degraded view)
EN03	Fog (degraded view)	weather attribute	EN03 - Fog (degraded view)
EN04	Snowfall (degraded view)	weather attribute	EN04 - Snowfall (degraded view)
EN05	Cross-wind (lateral force)	weather attribute	EN05 - Cross-wind (lateral force)
EN06	Rain (slippery road)	road attribute	EN06 - Rain (slippery road)
EN07	Snow (slippery road)	road attribute	EN07 - Snow (slippery road)
EN08	Glace (slippery road)	road attribute	EN08 - Glace (slippery road)
EN09	N/A	not applicable or not relevant	EN09 - N/A

Situation Details

ID	Scenario	Remarks	Reference
SD01	Low speed	driving attribute	SD01 - Low speed
SD02	High speed	driving attribute	SD02 - High speed
SD03	Normal acceleration	driving attribute	SD03 - Normal acceleration
SD04	High acceleration	driving attribute	SD04 - High acceleration
SD05	Normal braking	driving attribute	SD05 - Normal braking
SD06	High braking	driving attribute	SD06 - High braking
SD07	N/A	not applicable or not relevant	SD07 - N/A

Item Usage

ID	Mode	Remarks	Reference
IU01	Correctly used	Intended usage	IU01 - Correctly used
IU02	Incorrectly used	Unintended usage (foreseeable)	IU02 - Incorrectly used
IU03	N/A	not applicable or not relevant	IU03 - N/A

Deviation

ID	Deviation (Guideword)	Remarks	Reference
DV01	Function not activated	Activation error	DV01 - Function not activated
DV02	Function unexpectedly activated	Activation error	DV02 - Function unexpectedly activated
DV03	Function always activated	Activation error	DV03 - Function always activated
DV04	Actor effect is too much	Quantitative error	DV04 - Actor effect is too much
DV05	Actor effect is too less	Quantitative error	DV05 - Actor effect is too less
DV06	Actor action too early	Timing error	DV06 - Actor action too early
DV07	Actor action too late	Timing error	DV07 - Actor action too late
DV08	Actor action before	Sequence error	DV08 - Actor action before
DV09	Actor action after	Sequence error	DV09 - Actor action after
DV10	Actor effect is reverse	Logical error	DV10 - Actor effect is reverse
DV11	Actor effect is wrong	Logical error	DV11 - Actor effect is wrong
DV12	Sensor sensitivity is too high	Quantitative error	DV12 - Sensor sensitivity is too high
DV13	Sensor sensitivity is too low	Quantitative error	DV13 - Sensor sensitivity is too low
DV14	Sensor detection too early	Timing error	DV14 - Sensor detection too early
DV15	Sensor detection too late	Timing error	DV15 - Sensor detection too late
DV16	Sensor detection before	Sequence error	DV16 - Sensor detection before
DV17	Sensor detection after	Sequence error	DV17 - Sensor detection after
DV18	Sensor detection is reverse	Logical error	DV18 - Sensor detection is reverse
DV19	Sensor detection is wrong	Logical error	DV19 - Sensor detection is wrong
DV20	N/A	not applicable or not relevant	DV20 - N/A

Hazardous Events (possibe effects)

ID	Hazardous Event	Remarks	Reference
EV-07	None		EV-07 - None
EV-06	Front collision with oncoming traffic		EV-06 - Front collision with oncoming traffic
EV-05	Front collision with ahead traffic		EV-05 - Front collision with ahead traffic
EV-04	Front collision with obstacle		EV-04 - Front collision with obstacle
EV-03	Rear collision with trailing traffic		EV-03 - Rear collision with trailing traffic
EV-02	Side collision with other traffic		EV-02 - Side collision with other traffic
EV-01	Side collision with obstacle		EV-01 - Side collision with obstacle
EV00	Collision with other vehicle		EV00 - Collision with other vehicle
EV01	Collision with train		EV01 - Collision with train
EV02	Collision with pedestrian		EV02 - Collision with pedestrian
EV03	Car spins out of control		EV03 - Car spins out of control
EV04	Car comes off the road		EV04 - Car comes off the road
EV05	Car catches file		EV05 - Car catches file
EV06	N/A		EV06 - N/A

Exposure

ID	Description	Duration (of situation)	Frequency (of situation)	Reference
E0	Incredible			E0 - Incredible
E1	Very low probability	Not specified	Occurs less often than once a year for the great majority of drive	E1 - Very low probability
E2	Low probability	<1 % of average operating time	Occurs a few times a year for the great majority of drivers	E2 - Low probability
E3	Medium probability	1 % to 10 % of average operating time	Occurs once a month or more often for an average driver	E3 - Medium probability
E4	High probability	>10 % of average operating time	Occurs during almost every drive on average	E4 - High probability

Severity

ID	Description	Remarks	Probability of Injuries	Reference
S0	No injuries	No injuries	AIS 0 and less than 10 % probability of AIS 1-6	S0 - No injuries
S1	Light and moderate injuries	Light and moderate injuries	More than 10 % probability of AIS 1-6 (and not S2 or S3)	S1 - Light and moderate injuries
S2	Severe and life-threatening injuries	Severe and life-threatening injuries (survival probable)	More than 10 % probability of AIS 3-6 (and not S3)	S2 - Severe and life-threatening injuries
S3	Life-threatening or fatal injuries	Life-threatening injuries (survival uncertain), fatal injuries	More than 10 % probability of AIS 5-6	S3 - Life-threatening or fatal injuries

Controllability

ID	Description	Remarks	Reference
C0	Controllable in general	Controllable in general	C0 - Controllable in general
C1	Simply controllable	99 % or more of all drivers or other traffic participants are usually able to avoid harm	C1 - Simply controllable
C2	Normally controllable	90 % or more of all drivers or other traffic participants are usually able to avoid harm	C2 - Normally controllable
C3	Difficult to control or uncontrollable	Less than 90 % of all drivers or other traffic participants are usually able, or barely able, to avoid harm	C3 - Difficult to control or uncontrollable

Controllability	Exposure	Severity			
		S0	S1	S2	S3
C1	E1	QM	QM	QM	QM
	E2	QM	QM	QM	QM
	E3	QM	QM	QM	A
	E4	QM	QM	A	B
C2	E1	QM	QM	QM	QM
	E2	QM	QM	QM	A
	E3	QM	QM	A	B
	E4	QM	A	B	C
C3	E1	QM	QM	QM	A
	E2	QM	QM	A	B
	E3	QM	A	B	C
	E4	QM	B	C	D