# **Computer Science & Information Technology Database Management System**

DPP: 1

### **Entity Relationship model & Integrity Constraints**

- Q1 ER model is
  - (A) Physical design
  - (B) Logical design
  - (C) Conceptual design
  - (D) None of the above
- **Q2** Consider the following tables T1 and T2.

	T1				
Р		Q			
2		2			
2 3 7 5 6 8		8			
7		3			
5		8			
6		9 5			
8		5			
9		8			
	T2				
R		S			
		2			
8		3 2			
3					
9		7			
2 8 3 9 5		7			
7		2			

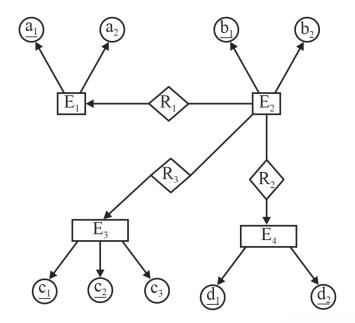
In table T1 P is the primary key and Q is the foreign key referencing R in table T2 with ondelete cascade and on-update cascade. In table T2, R is the primary key and S is the foreign key referencing P in table T1 with ondelete set NULL and on-update cascade. In order to delete record (3,8) from the table T1, the number of additional records that need to be deleted from table T1 is \_\_\_\_\_.

Q3 Consider a relational table R(A, B) as given below. A is the primary key of relation R and B is the foreign key referring to primary key A of relation R with on delete cascade. If we delete

tuple (2, 3) from relation R, then total number of tuples (including (2, 3)) deleted from R to preserve referential integrity is\_\_\_\_\_

Α	В	
A 5	8	
3 8	2	
8	7	
1	7 4 3	
2	3	
2 6	3 9	
7	9	
9 4	5	
4	3	

- **Q4** Which of the following is/are true for an ER model?
  - (A) Weak entity must have total participation in identifying relation.
  - (B) Entity corresponding to 1 side will include foreign key referring to the primary key of many side entity.
  - (C) Descriptive attributes are associated with entity.
  - (D) Minimum cardinality of '1' specifies total participation.
- **Q5** Minimum number of tables required to convert the ER diagram into relational model is\_\_\_





## **Answer Key**

Q1 C

Q2 0

Q3 5

Q4 A,D

Q5 3



## **Hints & Solutions**

Note: scan the QR code to watch video solution

#### Q1 Text Solution:

ER model is a high level data model diagram which defines the conceptual view of the database.

#### Q2 Text Solution:

As Q refers to R so, deleting 8 from Q won't be an issue, however S refers P. But as the relationship given is on delete set NULL, 3 will be deleted from T1 and the entry in T2 having 3 in column S will be set to NULL. So, no more deletions. Answer is 0.

#### Q3 Text Solution:

(2, 3), (3, 2), (1, 4), (6, 3), and (4, 3) will be deleted.

#### Q4 Text Solution:

Option A and D are correct.

#### **Q5** Text Solution:

 $E_4$  will be completely included in  $E_2$ , because all attributes of  $E_4$  together form key.

