

CS & IT

Computer Organization and Architecture

Instruction & Addressing Mode

DPP: 02

Q1 A relative branch mode type instruction is stored in memory starting from address 240. The branch is made to an address 140. What should be the value of relative address field of the instruction, if each instruction is stored on 2 memory locations?

Note: All numbers are in decimal

Q2 Consider the following:

1. Operation code
2. Source operand reference
3. Result operand reference
4. Next instruction reference

Which of the above are typical elements of machine instructions?

- (A) 1, 2 and 3 only
- (B) 1, 2 and 4 only
- (C) 3 and 4 only
- (D) 1, 2, 3 and 4

Q3 Which addressing mode helps to access table data in memory efficiently?

- (A) Indirect mode
- (B) Immediate mode
- (C) Auto-increment or Auto-decrement mode
- (D) Index mode

Q4 An addressing mode in which the location of the data is contained within the mnemonic, is known as?

- (A) Immediate addressing mode

- (B) Implied addressing mode
- (C) Register addressing mode
- (D) Direct addressing mode

Q5 The addressing modes used for source operand in the following instructions are respectively?

$R1 \leftarrow \#5$

$R1 \leftarrow M[5000]$

$R1 \leftarrow M[R2]$

- (A) Implied, direct, register
- (B) Implied, direct, register indirect
- (C) Immediate, direct, register indirect
- (D) Immediate, direct, register

Q6 Consider a PC-relative mode type branch instruction which takes branch on address 720 in memory. The instruction has offset value 160. What is the starting address of this instruction in memory, if each instruction is stored in memory on 4 locations?

Note: All numbers are in decimal

Q7 Consider the system in which in fetch cycle complete instruction is fetched. Which of the following addressing modes do(es) not require memory access for operand after fetch cycle?

- (A) Register Mode
- (B) Register Indirect Mode
- (C) Indirect Mode
- (D) Indexed Mode



Answer Key

Q1 -102~-102

Q2 (A)

Q3 (C)

Q4 (B)

Q5 (C)

Q6 556

Q7 (A)



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Hints & Solutions

Q1 Text Solution:

PC value when the given address is in execution
 $= 240 + 2 = 242$

Target address given = 140

In PC relative mode target address = PC value +
relative address

$140 = 242 + \text{relative address}$

Relative address = $140 - 242 = -102$

Q2 Text Solution:

With in an instruction operation code (opcode),
source and destination operand references are
specified in general. But next instruction
reference is not because for that CPU maintains
a register program counter (PC).

Q3 Text Solution:

To access table data (contiguous data)
efficiently Auto-increment or Auto-decrement
mode are used because using single instruction
of these modes, entire table can be accessed
without changing the instruction.

Q4 Text Solution:

Mnemonic means the character short form of
opcodes, like for addition ADD, for subtraction
SUB etc. So the addressing mode in which
operand is specified within opcode itself is
implied mode.

Q5 Text Solution:

$R1 \leftarrow \#5$, in this instruction source value 5 is
mentioned in instruction, hence it is immediate
mode

$R1 \leftarrow M[5000]$, in this instruction source value is
taken from memory and memory address 5000
is mentioned in instruction hence it is direct
mode

$R1 \leftarrow M[R2]$, in this instruction source value is
taken from memory and memory address is
given indirectly in register R2, hence it is register
indirect mode.

Q6 Text Solution:

In PC relative mode target address = PC value +
relative address

$720 = PC + 160$

$PC = 720 - 160$

$PC = 560$

PC value will be the address of next instruction
when the current instruction is in execution, and
current instruction is stored in memory on 4
locations, hence starting address of current
instruction = $560 - 4 = 556$

Q7 Text Solution:

In register mode operand is present in CPU
register, hence memory access is not required
for operand.

In register indirect mode the register will provide
memory address where the operand is stored,
hence memory access is required.

In Indirect mode the operand is taken from
memory only.

In indexed mode the address of operand is
obtained by adding base address in index
register value but operand is obtained from
memory only.



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