DATA FLOW DIAGRAM REPORT Library Management System (LMS)

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1. Introduction

The **Library Management System (LMS)** is designed to handle the processes of managing library resources.

It supports functionalities like adding books, managing student memberships, issuing books, and maintaining records.

To model the flow of data, **Data Flow Diagrams (DFDs)** are used.

2. Objectives of DFD

- To visualize the interaction of library users (students and admin) with the system.
- To represent the flow of data between processes, entities, and data stores.
- To decompose the system into levels of detail for better clarity.

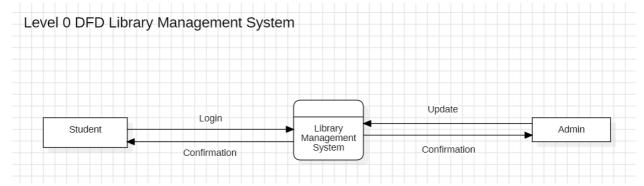
3. DFD Symbols Used

- Process (Circle/Oval): Represents library operations.
- External Entity (Rectangle): Represents users (students, admin).
- Data Flow (Arrow): Represents information flow (e.g., book details, issue requests).
- Data Store (Open-ended Rectangle): Represents records (e.g., book database).

4. Context Level Diagram (Level 0)

The Level 0 diagram gives a high-level view of LMS as a single process, interacting with students and librarians.

Diagram:

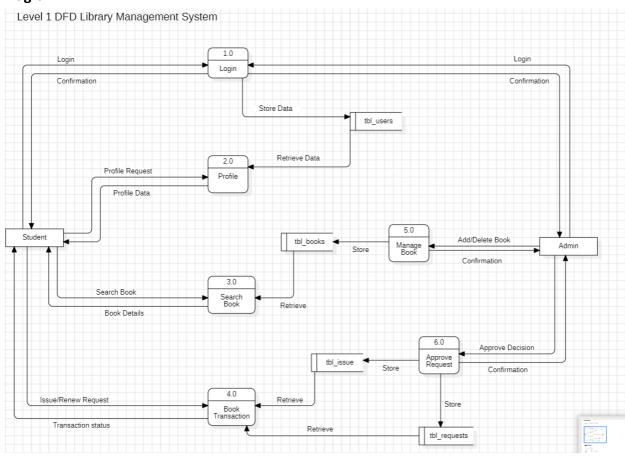


5. Level 1 DFD

This diagram breaks LMS into key processes such as:

- Student Registration
- Book Management
- Book Issue/Return
- Fine Management

Diagram:

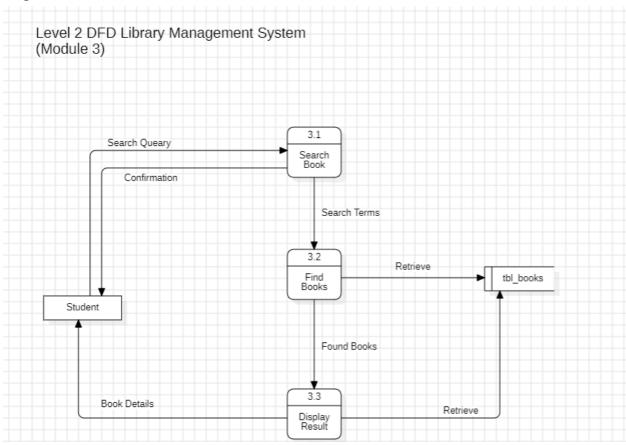


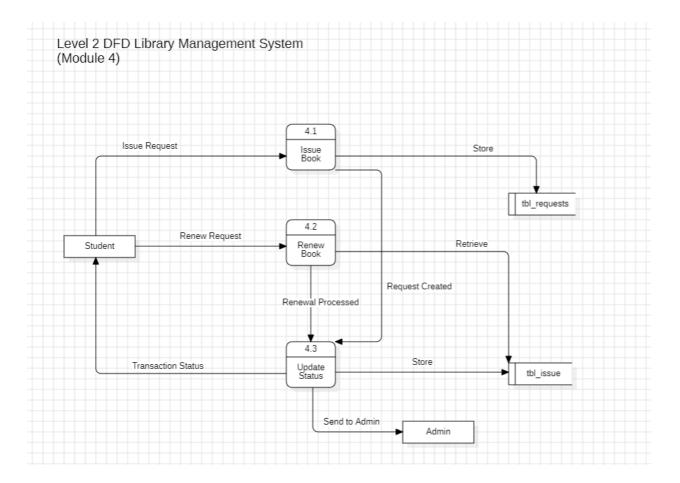
6. Level 2 DFD

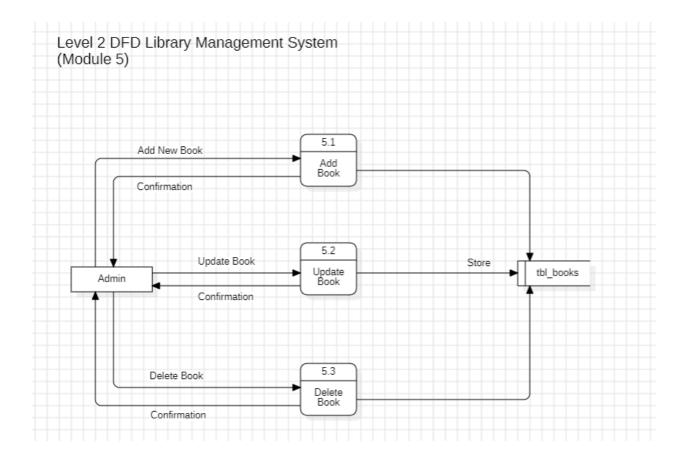
Level 2 provides detailed sub-processes, e.g.:

- Book Management → Add Book, Update Book, Delete Book
- Student Registration → New Entry, Update Student Data
- Issue/Return → Issue Book, Return Book, Update Fine

Diagrams:







8. Conclusion

The Library Management System DFDs (Levels 0, 1, and 2) provide a structured view of how data flows across the system.

It ensures smooth functioning of book management, student records, and transactions, making it easier to understand and implement.