

# Level 1

## Task 1 :- Data Exploration and Preprocessing

- Explore the dataset and identify the number of rows and columns.
- Check for missing values in each column and handle them accordingly.
- Perform data type conversion if necessary. Analyze the distribution of the target variable ("Aggregate rating") and identify any class imbalances.

In [1]:

```
import warnings
warnings.filterwarnings("ignore")
```

In [5]:

```
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns; sns.set(color_codes=True)
%matplotlib inline
```

In [6]:

```
df = pd.read_csv("Dataset .csv")
df.head()
```

Out[6]:

	Restaurant ID	Restaurant Name	Country Code	City	Address	Locality	Locality Verbose	Longitude	Latitude
0	6317637	Le Petit Souffle	162	Makati City	Third Floor, Century City Mall, Kalayaan Avenu...	Century City Mall, Poblacion, Makati City	Century City Mall, Poblacion, Makati City, Mak...	121.027535	14.565
1	6304287	Izakaya Kikufuji	162	Makati City	Little Tokyo, 2277 Chino Roces Avenue, Legaspi...	Little Tokyo, Legaspi Village, Makati City	Little Tokyo, Legaspi Village, Makati City, Ma...	121.014101	14.553
2	6300002	Heat - Edsa Shangri-La	162	Mandaluyong City	Edsa Shangri-La, 1 Garden Way, Ortigas, Mandal...	Edsa Shangri-La, Ortigas, Mandaluyong City	Edsa Shangri-La, Ortigas, Mandaluyong City, Ma...	121.056831	14.581
3	6318506	Ooma	162	Mandaluyong City	Third Floor, Mega Fashion Hall, SM Megamall, O...	SM Megamall, Ortigas, Mandaluyong City	SM Megamall, Ortigas, Mandaluyong City, Mandal...	121.056475	14.585
4	6314302	Sambo Kojin	162	Mandaluyong City	Third Floor, Mega Atrium, SM Megamall, Ortigas...	SM Megamall, Ortigas, Mandaluyong City	SM Megamall, Ortigas, Mandaluyong City, Mandal...	121.057508	14.584

5 rows × 21 columns



In [9]:

```
df.info()
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 9551 entries, 0 to 9550
Data columns (total 21 columns):
#   Column                                Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
0   Restaurant ID                        9551 non-null   int64
1   Restaurant Name                      9551 non-null   object
2   Country Code                        9551 non-null   int64
3   City                                9551 non-null   object
4   Address                             9551 non-null   object
5   Locality                            9551 non-null   object
6   Locality Verbose                    9551 non-null   object
7   Longitude                           9551 non-null   float64
8   Latitude                           9551 non-null   float64
9   Cuisines                            9542 non-null   object
10  Average Cost for two                 9551 non-null   int64
11  Currency                            9551 non-null   object
12  Has Table booking                   9551 non-null   object
13  Has Online delivery                 9551 non-null   object
14  Is delivering now                   9551 non-null   object
15  Switch to order menu                9551 non-null   object
16  Price range                         9551 non-null   int64
17  Aggregate rating                    9551 non-null   float64
18  Rating color                        9551 non-null   object
19  Rating text                         9551 non-null   object
20  Votes                              9551 non-null   int64
dtypes: float64(3), int64(5), object(13)
memory usage: 1.5+ MB
```

```
In [11]: df.shape
```

Out[11]: (9551, 21)

```
In [13]: df.isnull().sum()
```

Out[13]: Restaurant ID 0  
Restaurant Name 0  
Country Code 0  
City 0  
Address 0  
Locality 0  
Locality Verbose 0  
Longitude 0  
Latitude 0  
Cuisines 9  
Average Cost for two 0  
Currency 0  
Has Table booking 0  
Has Online delivery 0  
Is delivering now 0  
Switch to order menu 0  
Price range 0  
Aggregate rating 0  
Rating color 0  
Rating text 0  
Votes 0  
dtype: int64

```
In [20]: df['Cuisines'].fillna('Not Specified', inplace=True)
```

```
In [19]: df.isnull().sum()
```

```
Out[19]: Restaurant ID      0
Restaurant Name      0
Country Code        0
City                0
Address             0
Locality            0
Locality Verbose    0
Longitude           0
Latitude            0
Cuisines            0
Average Cost for two 0
Currency            0
Has Table booking   0
Has Online delivery 0
Is delivering now    0
Switch to order menu 0
Price range         0
Aggregate rating     0
Rating color        0
Rating text         0
Votes              0
dtype: int64
```

```
In [24]: dupli = df.duplicated().sum()
print(f'Number of duplicate Rows are', (dupli))

Number of duplicate Rows are 0
```

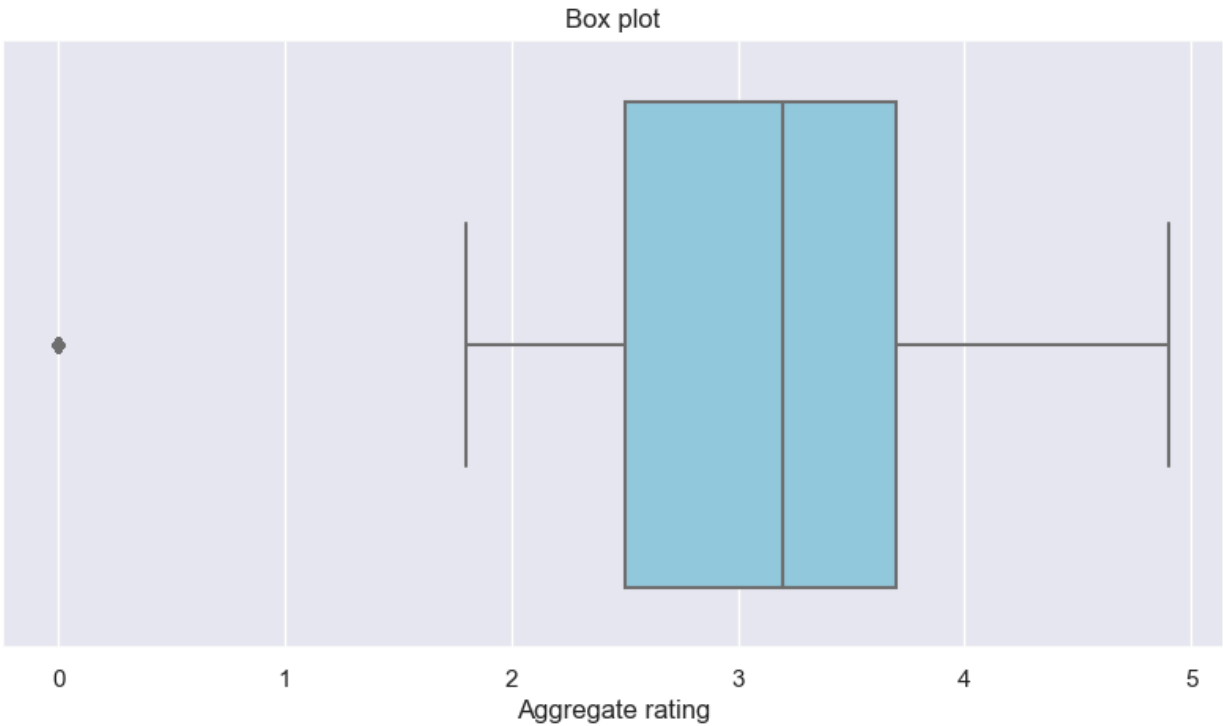
```
In [25]: df.info()

<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 9551 entries, 0 to 9550
Data columns (total 21 columns):
#   Column                Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
0   Restaurant ID          9551 non-null  int64
1   Restaurant Name        9551 non-null  object
2   Country Code           9551 non-null  int64
3   City                   9551 non-null  object
4   Address                9551 non-null  object
5   Locality               9551 non-null  object
6   Locality Verbose       9551 non-null  object
7   Longitude              9551 non-null  float64
8   Latitude               9551 non-null  float64
9   Cuisines               9551 non-null  object
10  Average Cost for two    9551 non-null  int64
11  Currency               9551 non-null  object
12  Has Table booking       9551 non-null  object
13  Has Online delivery     9551 non-null  object
14  Is delivering now       9551 non-null  object
15  Switch to order menu    9551 non-null  object
16  Price range            9551 non-null  int64
17  Aggregate rating        9551 non-null  float64
18  Rating color           9551 non-null  object
19  Rating text            9551 non-null  object
20  Votes                  9551 non-null  int64
dtypes: float64(3), int64(5), object(13)
memory usage: 1.5+ MB
```

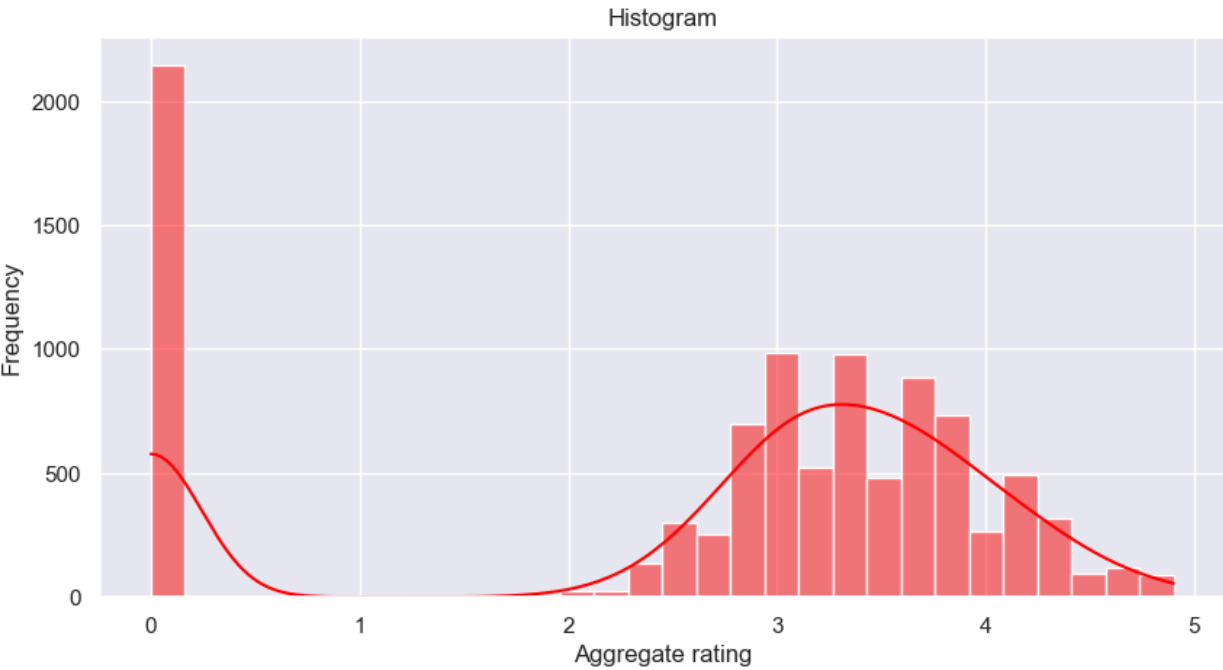
```
In [27]: target = "Aggregate rating"
print(df[target].describe())

count    9551.000000
mean      2.666370
std       1.516378
min       0.000000
25%       2.500000
50%       3.200000
75%       3.700000
max       4.900000
Name: Aggregate rating, dtype: float64
```

```
In [47]: plt.figure(figsize=(10,5))
sns.boxplot(x=df[target],color='skyblue')
plt.title('Box plot')
plt.xlabel('Aggregate rating')
plt.show()
```



```
In [44]: plt.figure(figsize=(10,5))
sns.histplot(x=df[target],bins=30, kde=True, color='red')
plt.title('Histogram')
plt.xlabel('Aggregate rating')
plt.ylabel('Frequency')
plt.show()
```



# Level 1

## Task 2 :- Descriptive Analysis

- Calculate basic statistical measures (mean,median, standard deviation, etc.) for numericalcolumns.
- Explore the distribution of categoricalvariables like "Country Code," "City," and"Cuisines."
- Identify the top cuisines and cities with thehighest number of restaurants.

```
In [40]: df.describe()
```

Out[40]:

	Restaurant ID	Country Code	Longitude	Latitude	Average Cost for two	Price range	Aggregate rating	
count	9.551000e+03	9551.000000	9551.000000	9551.000000	9551.000000	9551.000000	9551.000000	9551
mean	9.051128e+06	18.365616	64.126574	25.854381	1199.210763	1.804837	2.666370	156
std	8.791521e+06	56.750546	41.467058	11.007935	16121.183073	0.905609	1.516378	430
min	5.300000e+01	1.000000	-157.948486	-41.330428	0.000000	1.000000	0.000000	0
25%	3.019625e+05	1.000000	77.081343	28.478713	250.000000	1.000000	2.500000	5
50%	6.004089e+06	1.000000	77.191964	28.570469	400.000000	2.000000	3.200000	31
75%	1.835229e+07	1.000000	77.282006	28.642758	700.000000	2.000000	3.700000	131
max	1.850065e+07	216.000000	174.832089	55.976980	800000.000000	4.000000	4.900000	10934

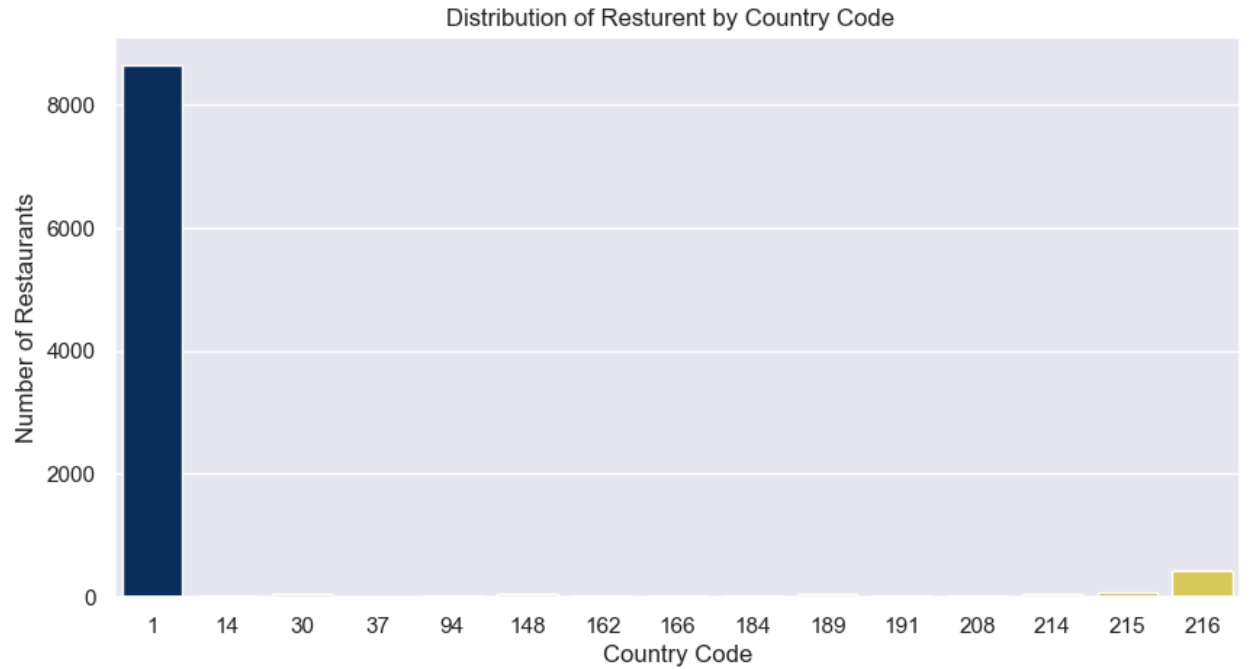


In [41]: `df[['Average Cost for two','Price range','Aggregate rating','Votes']].describe()`

Out[41]:

	Average Cost for two	Price range	Aggregate rating	Votes
count	9551.000000	9551.000000	9551.000000	9551.000000
mean	1199.210763	1.804837	2.666370	156.909748
std	16121.183073	0.905609	1.516378	430.169145
min	0.000000	1.000000	0.000000	0.000000
25%	250.000000	1.000000	2.500000	5.000000
50%	400.000000	2.000000	3.200000	31.000000
75%	700.000000	2.000000	3.700000	131.000000
max	800000.000000	4.000000	4.900000	10934.000000

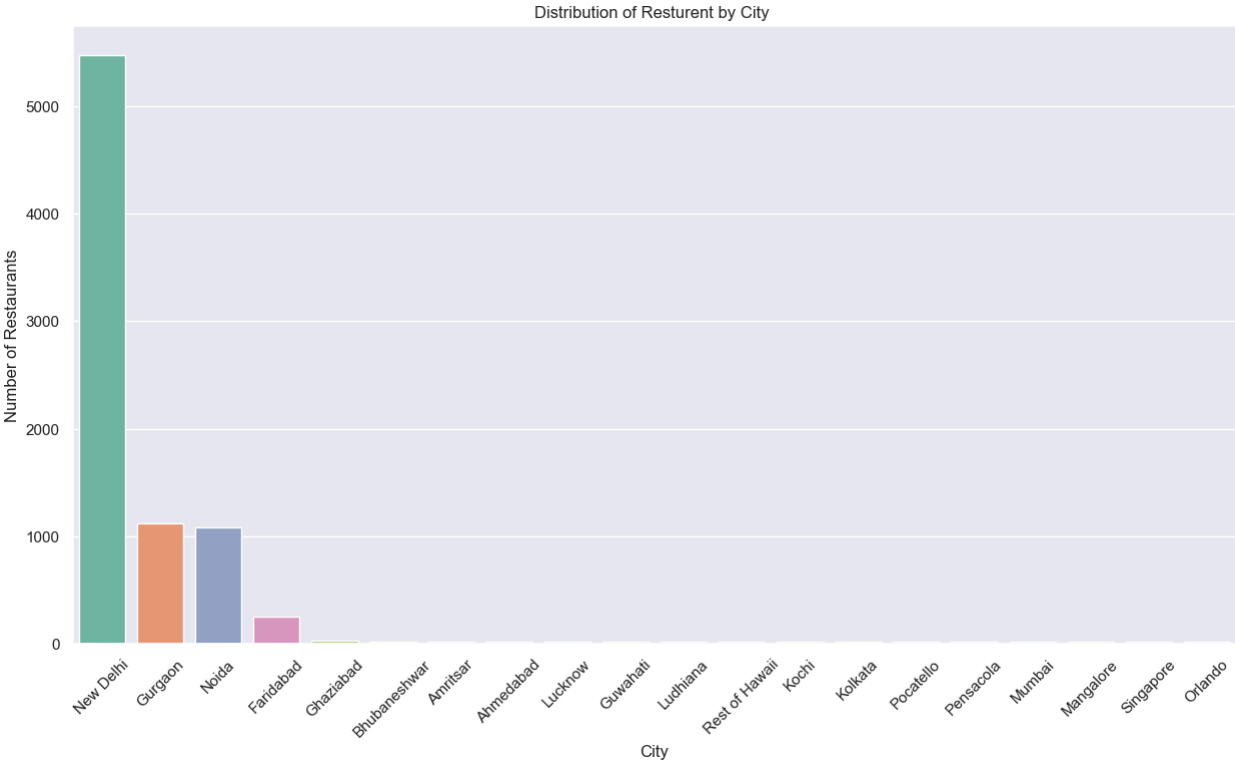
In [56]: `plt.figure(figsize=(10,5))  
sns.countplot(x='Country Code',data=df,palette='cividis')  
plt.title('Distribution of Resturent by Country Code ')  
plt.xlabel('Country Code')  
plt.ylabel('Number of Restaurants')  
plt.show()`



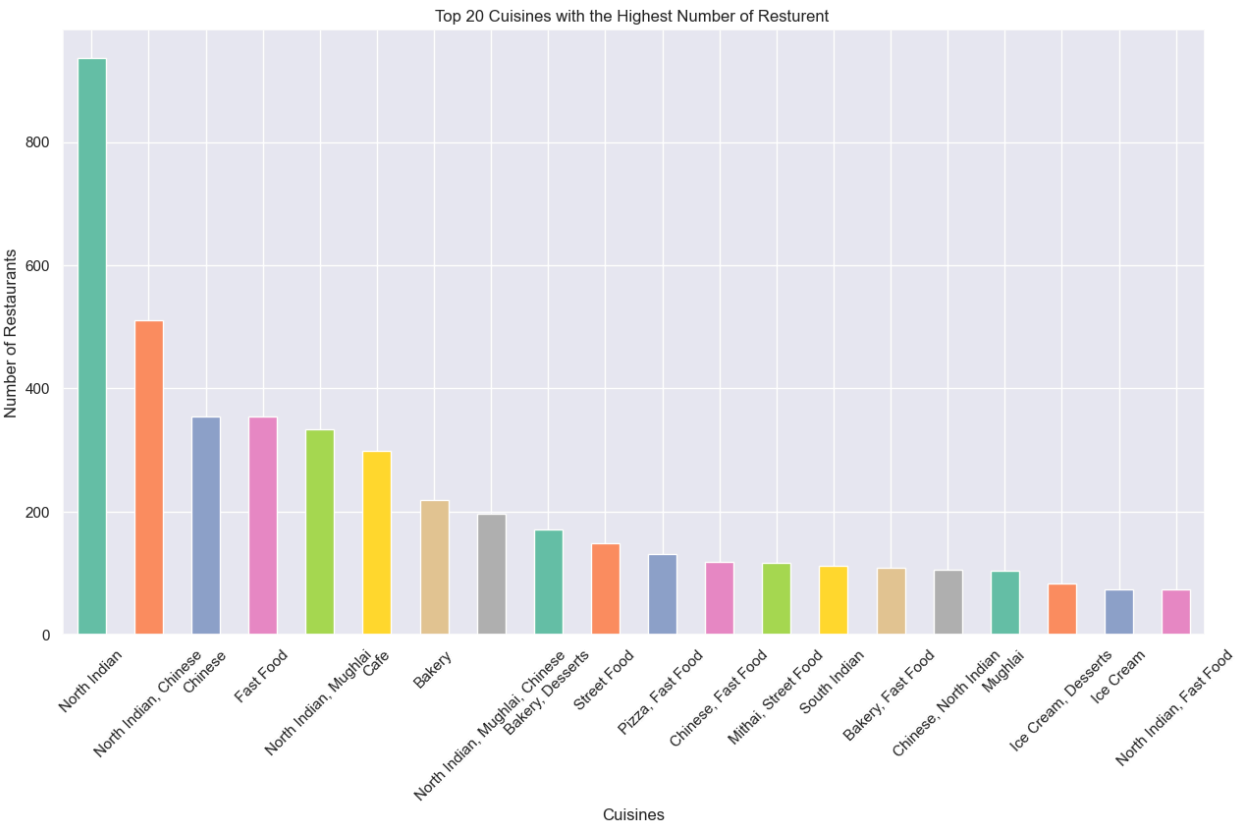
In [48]: `top_countries = df['Country Code'].value_counts().head()  
print('Top 5 Countries with the Highest Number of Resturents:')  
print(top_countries)`

Top 5 Countries with the Highest Number of Resturents:  
1 8652  
216 434  
215 80  
30 60  
214 60  
Name: Country Code, dtype: int64

```
In [57]: plt.figure(figsize=(15,8))
sns.countplot(x='City',data=df,order=df['City'].value_counts().head(20).index,palette='Set2')
plt.title('Distribution of Resturent by City ')
plt.xlabel('City')
plt.ylabel('Number of Restaurants')
plt.xticks(rotation=45)
plt.show()
```



```
In [60]: plt.figure(figsize=(15,8))
cuisines_count = df['Cuisines'].value_counts()
cuisines_count.head(20).plot(kind='bar',color=sns.color_palette('Set2'))
plt.title('Top 20 Cuisines with the Highest Number of Resturent ')
plt.xlabel('Cuisines')
plt.ylabel('Number of Restaurants')
plt.xticks(rotation=45)
plt.show()
```



```
In [61]: top_cities = df['City'].value_counts().head(10)
print('Top 10 City with the Highest Number of Resturents:')
print(top_cities)
```

Top 10 City with the Highest Number of Resturents:

New Delhi	5473
Gurgaon	1118
Noida	1080
Faridabad	251
Ghaziabad	25
Bhubaneshwar	21
Amritsar	21
Ahmedabad	21
Lucknow	21
Guwahati	21

Name: City, dtype: int64

```
In [62]: top_cuisines = df['Cuisines'].value_counts().head(10)
print('Top 10 Cuisines with the Highest Number of Resturents:')
print(top_cuisines)
```

Top 10 Cuisines with the Highest Number of Resturents:

North Indian	936
North Indian, Chinese	511
Chinese	354
Fast Food	354
North Indian, Mughlai	334
Cafe	299
Bakery	218
North Indian, Mughlai, Chinese	197
Bakery, Desserts	170
Street Food	149

Name: Cuisines, dtype: int64

# Level 1

## Task 3 :- Geospatial Analysis

- Visualize the locations of restaurants on amap using latitude and longitudeinformation.
- Analyze the distribution of restaurantsacross different cities or countries.
- Determine if there is any correlationbetween the restaurant's location and itsrating.

```
In [2]: from shapely.geometry import point
import geopandas as gpd
from geopandas import GeoDataFrame
```

```
In [11]: gf = gpd.GeoDataFrame(df,geometry=gpd.points_from_xy(df.Longitude, df.Latitude))

world = gpd.read_file(gpd.datasets.get_path('naturalearth_lowres'))

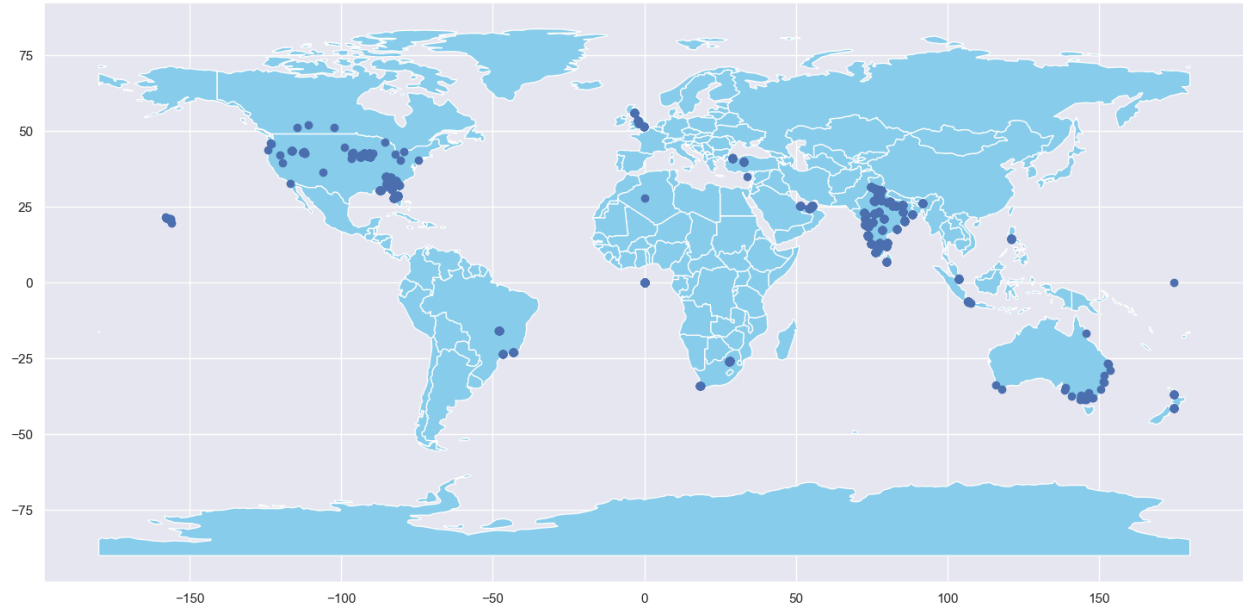
gf.plot(ax=world.plot('continent', legend="True", figsize=(18,15),marker='0', color='skyblue',markersize=10))
plt.show()
```

C:\Users\Ayush Pallaw\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel\_14296\3039822377.py:3: FutureWarning: The e geopandas.dataset module is deprecated and will be removed in GeoPandas 1.0. You can get the original 'naturalearth\_lowres' data from <https://www.naturalearthdata.com/downloads/110m-cultural-vectors/>.

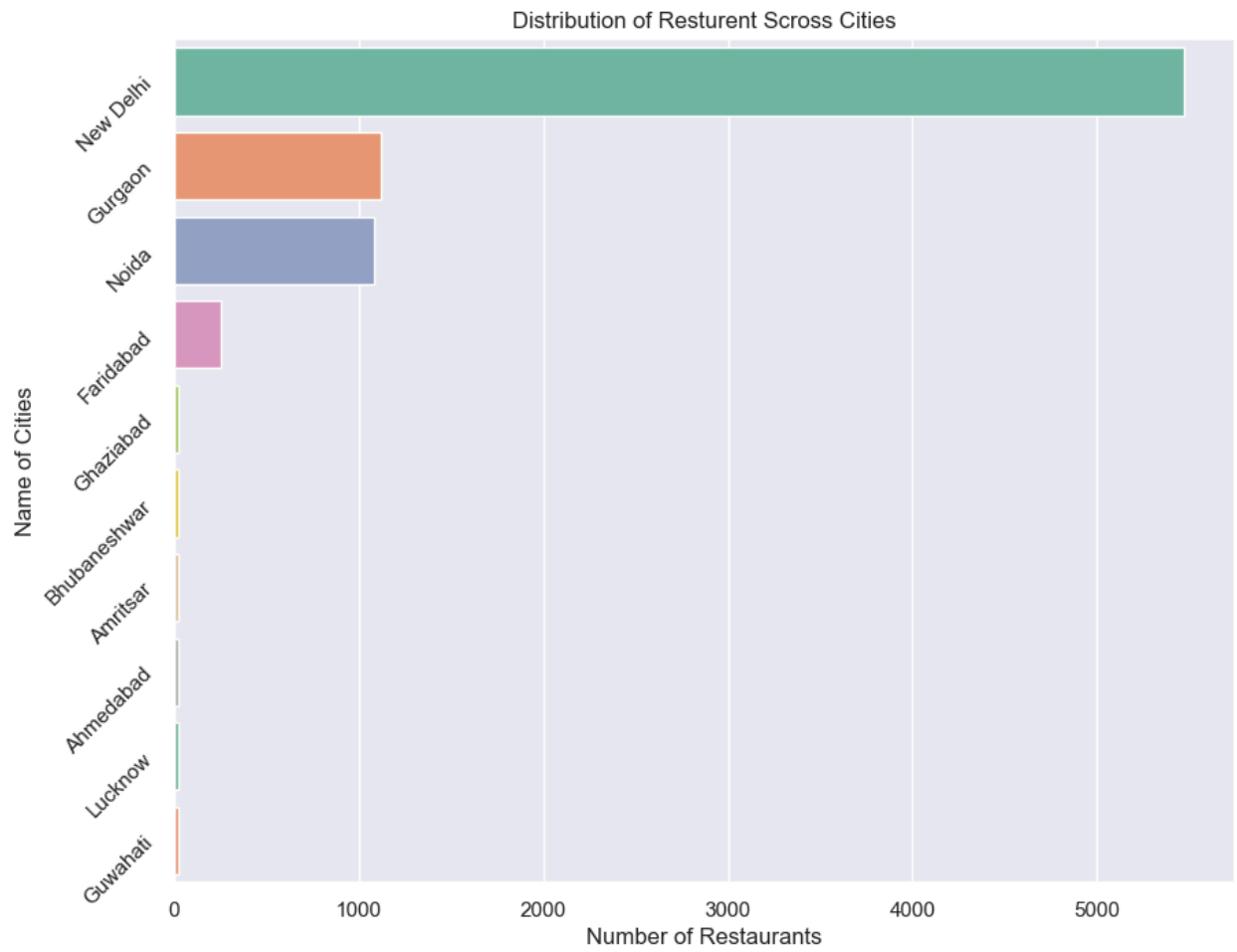
world = gpd.read\_file(gpd.datasets.get\_path('naturalearth\_lowres'))

C:\Users\Ayush Pallaw\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel\_14296\3039822377.py:5: UserWarning: Only specify one of 'column' or 'color'. Using 'color'.

gf.plot(ax=world.plot('continent', legend="True", figsize=(18,15),marker='0', color='skyblue',markersize=10))

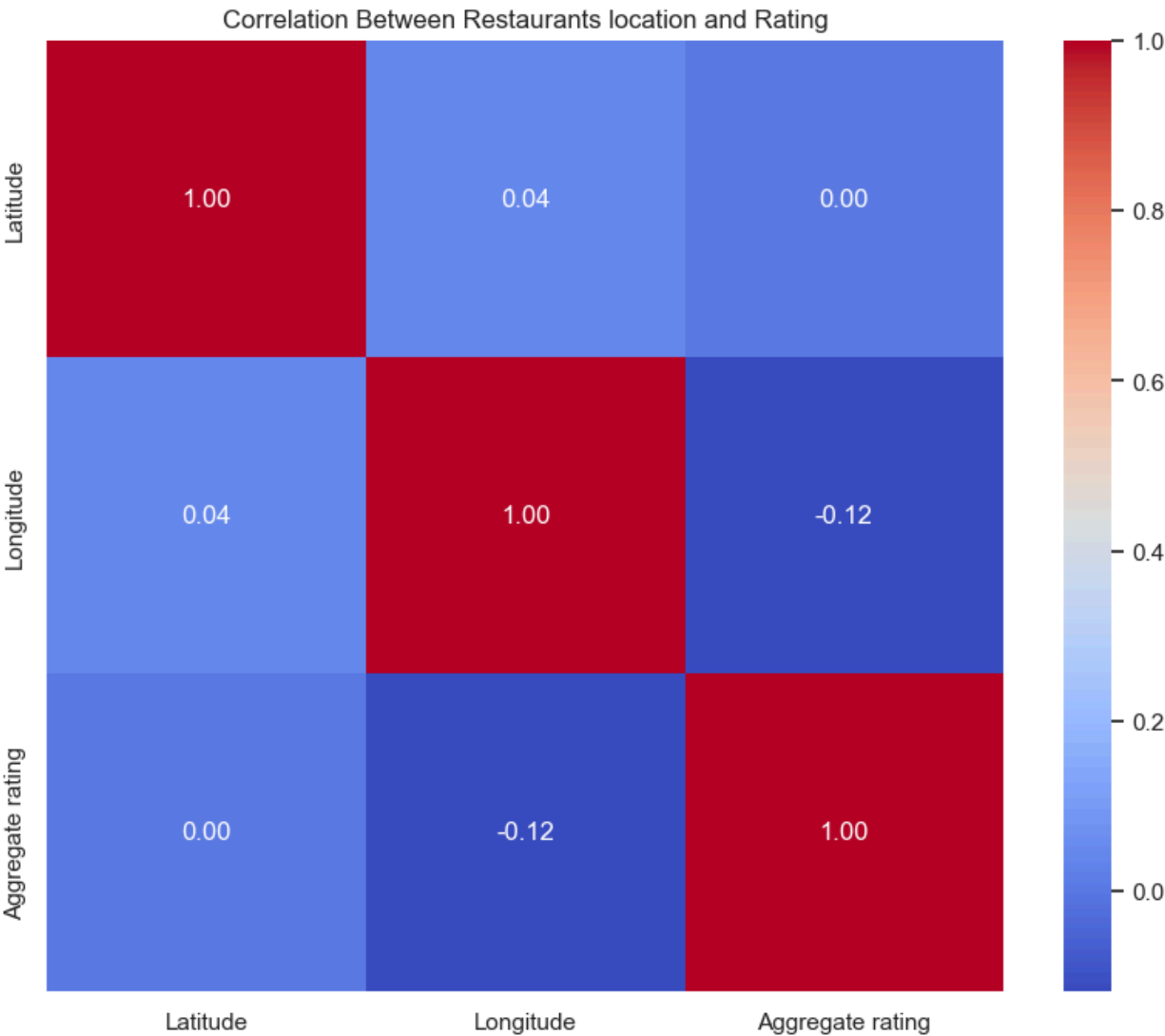


```
In [13]: plt.figure(figsize=(10,8))
sns.countplot(y = df['City'],order=df.City.value_counts().head(10).index,palette='Set2')
plt.title('Distribution of Resturent Scross Cities')
plt.xlabel('Number of Restaurants')
plt.ylabel('Name of Cities')
plt.yticks(rotation=45)
plt.show()
```



```
In [15]: plt.figure(figsize=(10,8))
corelatio_matrix = df[['Latitude','Longitude','Aggregate rating']].corr()
plt.title('Correlation Between Restaurants location and Rating')
plt.xlabel('Number of Restaurants')
sns.heatmap(corelatio_matrix, annot = True,cmap= 'coolwarm',fmt=".2f")
plt.show()
```





OBSERVATION :-

- The restaurant dataset includes information such as restaurant IDs, names, cities, countries, and types of cuisines.
- The dataset has 9561 rows and 21 columns.
- There are 9 missing values in the "Cuisines" column, which can be replaced with "Not Specified."
- There are no duplicates in the dataset.
- No data type conversion or class balancing is needed.
- Most restaurants are in Country Code 1, with the next highest number in Country Code 216. Specifically, there are 5473 restaurants in Delhi, 1118 in Gurgaon, and 1080 in Noida.
- The most common cuisines are "North Indian," "Chinese," and "Fast Food."
- The USA and India have the most restaurants in this dataset.